Experiment 3: FTP

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AIM:

To create and configure FTP Server

DESCRIPTION:

File Transfer Protocol (FTP) is a TCP protocol for downloading files between computers. In the past, it has also been used for uploading but, as that method does not use encryption, user credentials as well as data transferred in the clear and are easily intercepted. So if you are here looking for a way to upload and download files securely,

FTP works on a client/server model. The server component is called an *FTP daemon*.

It continuously listens for FTP requests from remote clients. When a request is received, it manages the login and sets up the connection. For the duration of the session it executes any of commands sent by the FTP client

Port No: 21

Package name: vsftpd

Configuration file: /etc/vsftpd.conf

PROCEDURE:

- 1. Install the vsftpd FTP Server Installation in the ubuntu operating system \$sudo apt install vsftpd
- 2. By default vsftpd is *not* configured to allow anonymous download. If you wish to enable anonymous download edit /etc/vsftpd.conf by changing:

\$anonymous enable=YES

3. During installation a *ftp* user is created with a home directory of /srv/ftp. This is the default FTP directory.

If you wish to change this location, to /srv/files/ftp for example, simply create a directory in another location and change the *ftp* user's home directory:

\$sudo mkdir -p /srv/files/ftp

\$sudo usermod -d /srv/files/ftp ftp

4. After making the change restart vsftpd:

\$ sudo service vsftpd restart

5. User Authenticated FTP Configuration

By default vsftpd is configured to authenticate system users and allow them to download files. If you want users to be able to upload files, edit /etc/vsftpd.conf

\$write enable=YES

6. Now restart vsftpd:

\$ sudo service vsftpd restart

7. Securing FTP

There are options in /etc/vsftpd.conf to help make vsftpd more secure.

\$chroot_local_user=YES

\$chroot list enable=YES

\$chroot list file=/etc/vsftpd.chroot list

- 8. After uncommenting the above options, create a /etc/vsftpd.chroot_list containing a list of users one per line.
- 9. Then restart vsftpd:

\$sudo service vsftpd restart

10. To configure FTPS, edit /etc/vsftpd.conf and at the bottom add:

\$ssl enable=YES

11. Then check the vsftpd status

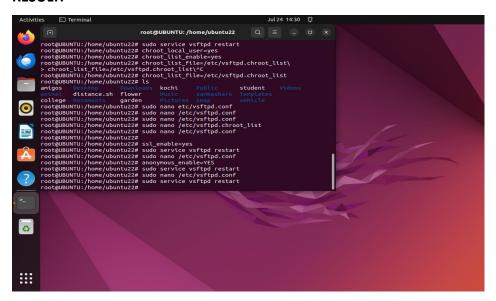
\$sudo service vsftpd status

12. Now connect to ftp by the command

\$ftp -p 192.168.234.128

13. Now install filezilla in ubuntu and open the filezilla and specify the ip address and port number of the ftp server then click connect

RESULT:



```
GNU nano 6.2 /etc/vsftpd.conf

listen_ipv6=YES

#

# Allow anonymous FTP? (Disabled by default).
anonymous_enable=NO

#

# Uncomment this to allow local users to log in.
local_enable=YES

#vsftpd.chroot_list

# Uncomment this to enable any form of FTP write command.
write_enable=YES

#

# Default umask for local users is 077. You may wish to change this to 02

# if your users expect that (022 is used by most other ftpd's)

#local_umask=022

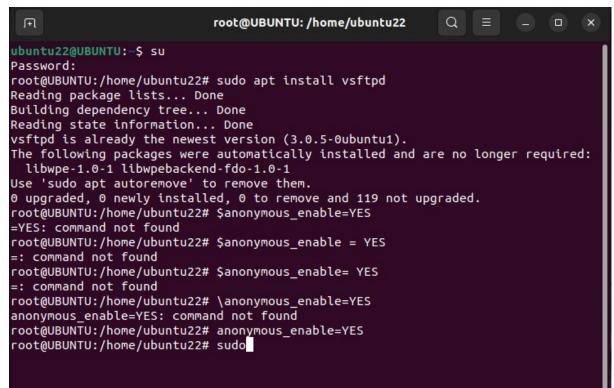
#

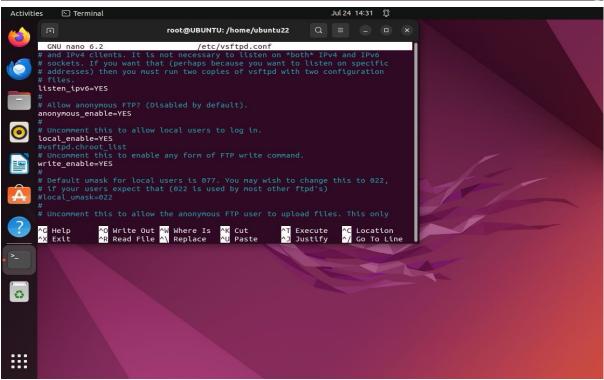
# Uncomment this to allow the anonymous FTP user to upload files. This on
# has an effect if the above global write enable is activated. Also, you
# obviously need to create a directory writable by the FTP user.
#anon_upload_enable=YES

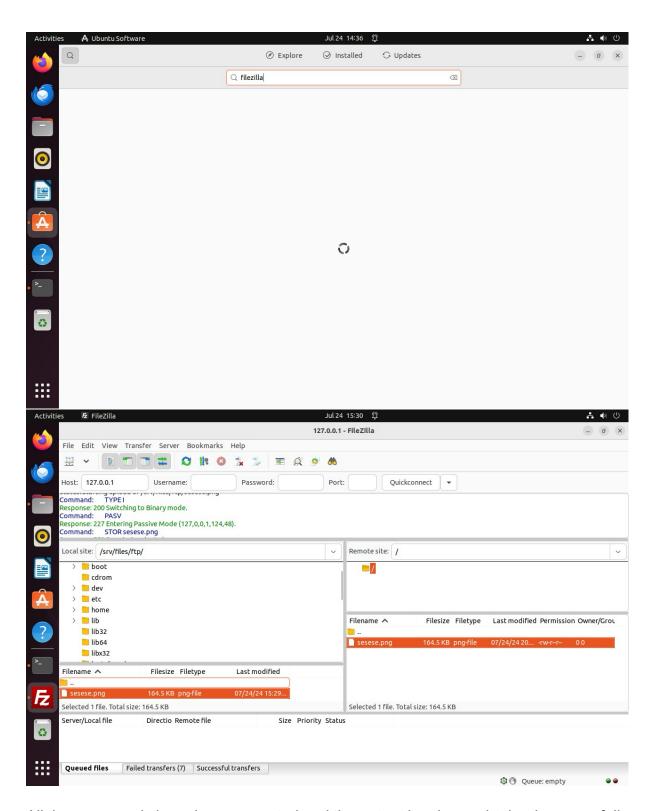
# OF Help

# OF Write Out ON Where Is ON Cut
# OT Execute
# Of Locat
# OF
```

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root@UBUNTU: /home/ubuntu22
                                                            Q
 FI.
es
 -s, --shell SHELL
                                new login shell for the user account
 -u, --uid UID
                                new UID for the user account
 -U, --unlock
                                unlock the user account
 -v, --add-subuids FIRST-LAST
                                add range of subordinate uids
 -V, --del-subuids FIRST-LAST
                                remove range of subordinate uids
 -w, --add-subgids FIRST-LAST
                                add range of subordinate gids
 -W, --del-subgids FIRST-LAST
                                remove range of subordinate gids
 -Z, --selinux-user SEUSER
                                new SELinux user mapping for the user account
oot@UBUNTU:/home/ubuntu22# sudo usermod -d /srv/files/ftp ftp
oot@UBUNTU:/home/ubuntu22# sudo service vsftpd restart
oot@UBUNTU:/home/ubuntu22# write__enable=YES
oot@UBUNTU:/home/ubuntu22# sudo service vsftpd restart
oot@UBUNTU:/home/ubuntu22# chroot_local_user=yes
oot@UBUNTU:/home/ubuntu22# chroot_list_enable=yes
oot@UBUNTU:/home/ubuntu22# chroot_list_file=/etc/vsftpd.chroot_list\
chroot_list_file=/etc/vsftpd.chroot_list\^C
oot@UBUNTU:/home/ubuntu22# chroot_list_file=/etc/vsftpd.chroot_list
oot@UBUNTU:/home/ubuntu22# ls
amigos
                                 kochi
                                                       student
        distance.sh flower
college Documents
                     garden
oot@UBUNTU:/home/ubuntu22#
root@UBUNTU:/home/ubuntu22# sudo usermod -d /srv/files/ftp ftp
root@UBUNTU:/home/ubuntu22# sudo service vsftpd restart
root@UBUNTU:/home/ubuntu22# write enable=YES
root@UBUNTU:/home/ubuntu22# sudo service vsftpd restart
root@UBUNTU:/home/ubuntu22#
 Ħ.
                           root@UBUNTU: /home/ubuntu22
=YES: command not found
root@UBUNTU:/home/ubuntu22# $anonymous enable = YES
=: command not found
root@UBUNTU:/home/ubuntu22# $anonymous_enable= YES
=: command not found
root@UBUNTU:/home/ubuntu22# \anonymous_enable=YES
anonymous enable=YES: command not found
root@UBUNTU:/home/ubuntu22# anonymous enable=YES
root@UBUNTU:/home/ubuntu22# sudo mkdir -p/srv/files/ftp
mkdir: invalid option -- '/'
Try 'mkdir --help' for more information.
root@UBUNTU:/home/ubuntu22# sudo mkdir-p/srv/files/ftp
sudo: mkdir-p/srv/files/ftp: command not found
root@UBUNTU:/home/ubuntu22# mkdir-p/srv/files/ftp
bash: mkdir-p/srv/files/ftp: No such file or directory
root@UBUNTU:/home/ubuntu22# mkdir -p/srv/files/ftp
mkdir: invalid option -- '/'
Try 'mkdir --help' for more information.
root@UBUNTU:/home/ubuntu22# mkdir p/srv/files/ftp
mkdir: cannot create directory 'p/srv/files/ftp': No such file or directory
root@UBUNTU:/home/ubuntu22# sudo mkdir -p /srv/files/ftp
root@UBUNTU:/home/ubuntu22# sudo usermod -d /srv/files/ftp
Usage: usermod [options] LOGIN
```







All the commands have been executed and the output has been obtained successfully.