Middleware and Web Services

Lecture 3: Introduction to Application Server

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Overview

- Architecture
- I/O Communication
- Servlet Technology

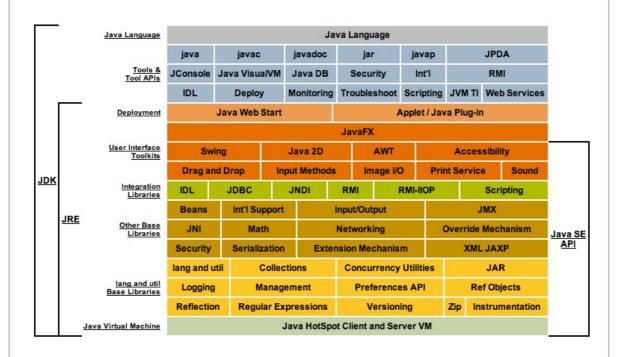
Application Server Overview

- An environment that runs an application logic
 - A client communicates with the server using an application protocol
- Application Server
 - A modular environment
 - → provides technology to realize enterprise systems
 - → JEE containers Java technology for AS components
 - → Supports a variety of objects such as Servlets, JPSs, JMS
 - Provides services such as naming and directory, performance, failover
 - Provides Web server capabilities
 - Can be a single server or multiple servers
- Web Tier HTTP Server
 - Web Server supports HTTP only
 - HTTP request/response, security, proxy, caching

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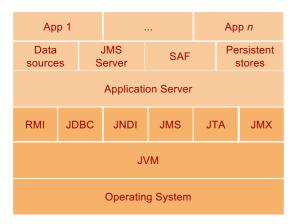
Standard Java Technology Stack



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Application Server Layers



console app, custom-built Web app, middleware apps

shared services used by applications - data sources, JMS queues, JCA adapters

Application Server core libraries, communication management, cluster communication, distributed cache

Java Technology

Java environment, memory management, garbage

OS services, I/O

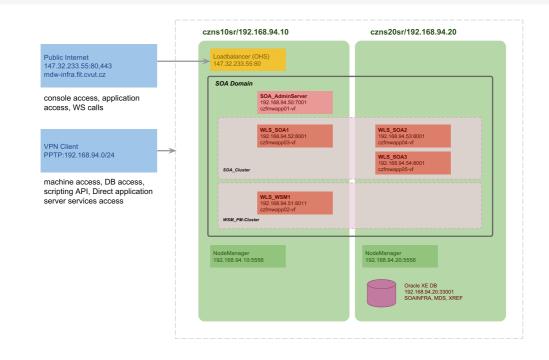
Features

- AS instance appears as a single process in the OS
 - → you can use standard OS commands to investigate its operation
 - → AS listens on a single or multipe IPs (VIPs) and a tcp port
- AS is a Java process
 - → you can use Java tools to investigate its operation
 - \rightarrow Garbage collector stats, thread dumps, memory allocations, etc.

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Example Weblogic Infrastructure



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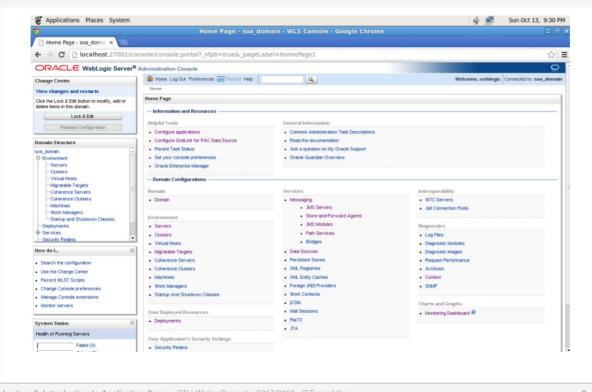
Terminology

- Domain
 - A group of servers with specific configuration of applications and objects
- Administration Server
 - An instance of application server that manages the domain
- Managed Server
 - An instance of application server running instances of applications and objects
- Cluster
 - A group of managed servers; they contain the same copy of applications and objects
- Machine
 - A physical machine and OS running one or more servers (Admin or Managed)
- Node Manager
 - A process that provides an access to admin and managed servers on the machine
- Load Balancer
 - A network element that distributes client requests to managed servers based on a specific algorithm

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Console Example – Weblogic Server



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Application Server from the OS View

• Process ID, command line arguments

Open files by the process

```
5 | $ 11 -1 /proc/1820/fd

6 | 1r-x----- 1 oracle oinstall 64 Oct 12 16:53 0 -> /dev/null

7 | 1 -w----- 1 oracle oinstall 64 Oct 12 16:53 1 -> /opt/oracle/11g/domains/soa_domain/se

8 | 1r-x----- 1 oracle oinstall 64 Oct 12 16:53 10 -> /opt/oracle/11g/fmw/oracle_common/mo

9 | 1r-x----- 1 oracle oinstall 64 Oct 12 16:53 100 -> /opt/oracle/11g/fmw/modules/com.bea

10 | ...
```

Open sockets by the process

```
5 | $ netstat -anp | grep 1820

6 | tcp 0 0 192.168.94.52:8001 | 0.0.0.0:* | LISTEN 1820/java

7 | tcp 0 0 192.168.94.10:8088 | 0.0.0.0:* | LISTEN 1820/java

8 | tcp 0 0 192.168.94.10:39763 | 192.168.94.20:33001 | ESTABLISHED 1820/java

9 | tcp 0 0 192.168.94.52:8001 | 192.168.94.20:59589 | ESTABLISHED 1820/java

10 | tcp 0 0 192.168.94.10:33498 | 192.168.94.20:33001 | ESTABLISHED 1820/java

11 | tcp 0 0 192.168.94.10:33504 | 192.168.94.20:33001 | ESTABLISHED 1820/java
```

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Application Server from the JVM View

- Thread dumps
 - All threads that the application server uses, a snapshot on all the threads
 - Prints stack trace of currently run threads
 - 5 | \$ jrockit 1820 print_threads
- Command line arguments
 - Prints all command line arguments of the JVM process
 - \rightarrow Memory settings, log file locations, etc.
 - 5 | \$ jrockit 1820 command_line
- Java flight recordings
 - Recordings of the JVM process in time (usually 5 minutes)
 - Shows memory usages, garbage collections phases, threads statuses, etc.

Overview

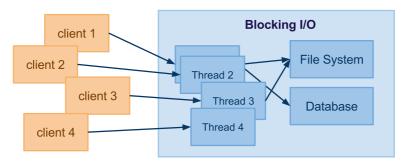
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Blocking I/O Model

- The server creates a thread for every connection
 - For example, 1K connections = 1K threads, big overhead



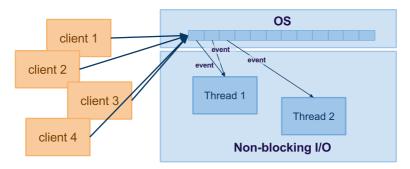
- Characteristics
 - the thread is reserved for the connection
 - When processing of the request requires other interactions with DB/FS or network communication is slow
 - \rightarrow scales very bad as the thread's execution is "blocked"

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Non-Blocking I/O Model

- Connections maintained by the OS, not the Web app
 - The Web app registers events, OS triggers events when occur

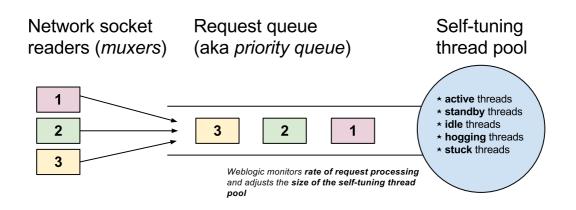


- Characteristics
 - Event examples: new connection, read, write, closed
 - The app may create working threads, but controls the number!
 - → much less number of working threads as opposed to blocking I/O

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Handling Requests in Weblogic



- Muxer component that handles communication via network sockets.
- **Request queue** queue of requests to be processed.
- **Self-tunning thread pool** a pool of threads in various states.
- Work manager a configuration of maximum threads and a capacity that can be used to handle requests for a specific application/service.

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Overview

- Technology to extend application server functionalities
 - A Java class that can respond to any type of requests
 - \rightarrow A servlet defines an interface for a specific protocol
 - \rightarrow Your application implements the servlet's interface
- Commonly used to respond to HTTP requests
 - A basis for an application running on an application server
 - HTTP Servlet Java classes
 - \rightarrow HttpServlet provides HTTP protocol interface
 - \rightarrow HttpServletRequest represents HTTP request
 - $\rightarrow \texttt{HttpServletResponse} \textit{represents HTTP response}$

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Directory Structure

- Your application
 - collection of documents and libraries your application requires
 - packaged in war or ear archive
 - → JAR that includes not only java classes but also additional resources such as .xml, .html, .js, .css, .jpg files.
- Content of war package

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Configuration in web.xml

- web.xml defines configuration for
 - list of servlets, mapping of servlets to URL paths, welcome files, filters, EJB references, authentication mechanism, etc.
 - basic configuration example:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
        xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
        xmlns="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/javaee">
5
        <servlet>
            <servlet-name>main</servlet-name>
            <servlet-class>com.vitvar.mdw.main
        </servlet>
10
11
        <servlet-mapping>
            <servlet-name>main</servlet-name>
            <url-pattern>/</url-pattern>
13
14
        </servlet-mapping>
15
16
        <welcome-file-list>
            <welcome-file>index.jsp</welcome-file>
        </welcome-file-list>
18
    </web-app>
```

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Handling HTTP Requests

HTTP Servlets

- Servlet is a class that extends capabilities of application servers via a request-response programming model
- HTTP servlets are classes that extend HTTPServlet abstract class
- Example:

```
package com.vitvar.mdw;
     import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
     import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
     public class Main extends HttpServlet {
          public doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) {
    // GET method implementation here
8
9
10
11
12
          public doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) {
13
               // POST method implementation here
14
15
          // other methods such as doPost, doDelete, doOptions
16
17
     }
```

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Support for Sessions

- HttpSession interface
 - Allows to store session data in the memory
 - Java API for HTTP State Management
 - \rightarrow Hides details from developers

```
// method doGet in a servlet
     public doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) {
    // access the session object through the request
3
4
         HttpSession session = request.getSession();
5
6
          // unique identification of the session, the value used for the cookie
         String id = session.getId();
8
9
          // get the value of the attribute
10
         Object value = session.getAttribute("data");
11
12
         // set the value of the attribute
13
         session.setAttribute("data", new String("some data"));
14
15
         // this will set a max-age of the session cookie
16
         session.setMaxInactiveInterval(3600);
     }
```

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