# Middleware and Web Services

## **Lecture 3: Introduction to Application Server**

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Modified: Tue Oct 03 2017, 19:43:13 Humla v0.3

## **Overview**

- Architecture
- Servlet Technology

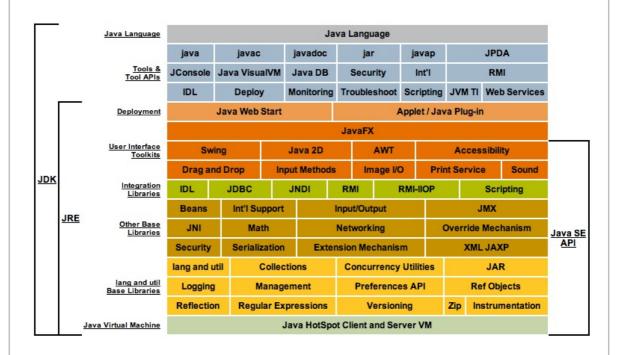
## **Application Server Overview**

- An environment that runs an application logic
  - A client communicates with the server using an application protocol
- Application Server
  - A modular environment
    - → provides technology to realize enterprise systems
    - → JEE containers Java technology for AS components
    - → Supports a variety of objects such as Servlets, JPSs, JMS
  - Provides services such as naming and directory, performance, failover
  - Provides Web server capabilities
  - Can be a single server or multiple servers
- Web Tier HTTP Server
  - Web Server supports HTTP only
  - HTTP request/response, security, proxy, caching

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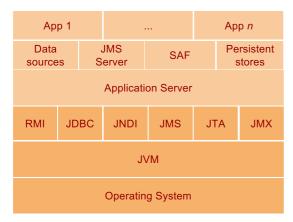
## **Standard Java Technology Stack**



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## **Application Server Layers**



console app, custom-built Web app, middleware apps

shared services used by applications - data sources, JMS queues, JCA adapters

Application Server core libraries, communication management, cluster communication, distributed cache

Java Technology

Java environment, memory management, garbage collection

OS services, I/O

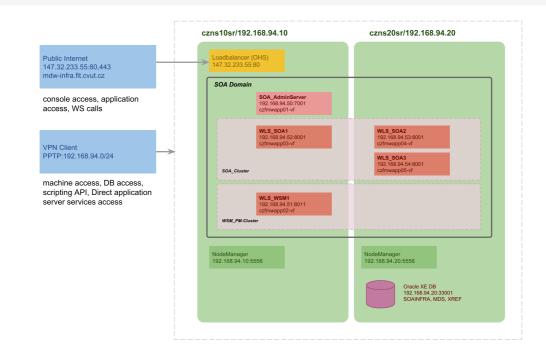
#### Features

- AS instance appears as a single process in the OS
  - → you can use standard OS commands to investigate its operation
  - → AS listens on a single or multipe IPs (VIPs) and a tcp port
- AS is a Java process
  - → you can use Java tools to investigate its operation
  - $\rightarrow$  Garbage collector stats, thread dumps, memory allocations, etc.

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# **Example Weblogic Infrastructure**



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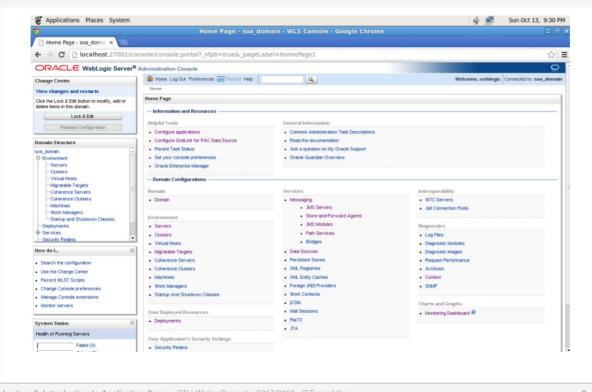
## **Terminology**

- Domain
  - A group of servers with specific configuration of applications and objects
- Administration Server
  - An instance of application server that manages the domain
- Managed Server
  - An instance of application server running instances of applications and objects
- Cluster
  - A group of managed servers; they contain the same copy of applications and objects
- Machine
  - A physical machine and OS running one or more servers (Admin or Managed)
- Node Manager
  - A process that provides an access to admin and managed servers on the machine
- Load Balancer
  - A network element that distributes client requests to managed servers based on a specific algorithm

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# **Console Example – Weblogic Server**



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## **Application Server from the OS View**

• Process ID, command line arguments

Open files by the process

```
5 | $ 11 -1 /proc/1820/fd | 1r-x----- 1 oracle oinstall 64 Oct 12 16:53 0 -> /dev/null | 1-wx----- 1 oracle oinstall 64 Oct 12 16:53 1 -> /opt/oracle/11g/domains/soa_domain/se | 1r-x----- 1 oracle oinstall 64 Oct 12 16:53 10 -> /opt/oracle/11g/fmw/oracle_common/mo | 1r-x----- 1 oracle oinstall 64 Oct 12 16:53 100 -> /opt/oracle/11g/fmw/modules/com.bea | ...
```

Open sockets by the process

```
5 | $ netstat -anp | grep 1820
6 | tcp 0 0 192.168.94.52:8001 | 0.0.0.0:* | LISTEN 1820/java
7 | tcp 0 0 192.168.94.10:8088 | 0.0.0.0:* | LISTEN 1820/java
8 | tcp 0 0 192.168.94.10:39763 | 192.168.94.20:33001 | ESTABLISHED 1820/java
9 | tcp 0 0 192.168.94.52:8001 | 192.168.94.20:59589 | ESTABLISHED 1820/java
10 | tcp 0 0 192.168.94.10:33498 | 192.168.94.20:33001 | ESTABLISHED 1820/java
11 | tcp 0 0 192.168.94.10:33504 | 192.168.94.20:33001 | ESTABLISHED 1820/java
12 | ...
```

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## **Application Server from the JVM View**

- Thread dumps
  - All threads that the application server uses, a snapshot on all the threads
  - Prints stack trace of currently run threads
    - 5 | \$ jrockit 1820 print\_threads
- Command line arguments
  - Prints all command line arguments of the JVM process
    - $\rightarrow$  Memory settings, log file locations, etc.
    - 5 | \$ jrockit 1820 command\_line
- Java flight recordings
  - Recordings of the JVM process in time (usually 5 minutes)
  - Shows memory usages, garbage collections phases, threads statuses, etc.

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### Overview

- Architecture
- Servlet Technology

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### **Overview**

- Technology to extend application server functionalities
  - A Java class that can respond to any type of requests
    - $\rightarrow$  A servlet defines an interface for a specific protocol
    - → Your application implements the servlet's interface
- Commonly used to respond to HTTP requests
  - A basis for an application running on an application server
  - HTTP Servlet Java classes
    - $\rightarrow$  HttpServlet provides HTTP protocol interface
    - $\rightarrow$  HttpServletRequest represents HTTP request
    - $\rightarrow \texttt{HttpServletResponse} \textit{represents HTTP response}$

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## **Directory Structure**

- Your application
  - collection of documents and libraries your application requires
  - packaged in war or ear archive
    - → JAR that includes not only java classes but also additional resources such as .xml, .html, .js, .css, .jpg files.
- Content of war package

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## Configuration in web.xml

- web.xml defines configuration for
  - list of servlets, mapping of servlets to URL paths, welcome files, filters, EJB references, authentication mechanism, etc.
  - basic configuration example:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
        xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
        xmlns="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/javaee">
5
        <servlet>
            <servlet-name>main</servlet-name>
            <servlet-class>com.vitvar.mdw.main
        </servlet>
10
11
        <servlet-mapping>
            <servlet-name>main</servlet-name>
            <url-pattern>/</url-pattern>
13
14
        </servlet-mapping>
15
16
        <welcome-file-list>
            <welcome-file>index.jsp</welcome-file>
        </welcome-file-list>
18
    </web-app>
```

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## **Handling HTTP Requests**

#### HTTP Servlets

- Servlet is a class that extends capabilities of application servers via a request-response programming model
- HTTP servlets are classes that extend HTTPServlet abstract class
- Example:

```
package com.vitvar.mdw;
     import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
     import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
     public class Main extends HttpServlet {
          public doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) {
    // GET method implementation here
8
9
10
11
12
          public doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) {
13
               // POST method implementation here
14
15
          // other methods such as doPost, doDelete, doOptions
16
17
     }
```

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## **Support for Sessions**

- HttpSession interface
  - Allows to store session data in the memory
  - Java API for HTTP State Management
    - $\rightarrow$  Hides details from developers

```
// method doGet in a servlet
     public doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) {
    // access the session object through the request
3
4
         HttpSession session = request.getSession();
5
6
          // unique identification of the session, the value used for the cookie
         String id = session.getId();
8
9
          // get the value of the attribute
10
         Object value = session.getAttribute("data");
11
12
         // set the value of the attribute
13
         session.setAttribute("data", new String("some data"));
14
15
         // this will set a max-age of the session cookie
16
         session.setMaxInactiveInterval(3600);
     }
```

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