Middleware Architectures 1

Lecture 4: Application Server Architecture

doc. Ing. Tomáš Vitvar, Ph.D.

tomas@vitvar.com • @TomasVitvar • https://vitvar.com



Czech Technical University in Prague
Faculty of Information Technologies • Software and Web Engineering • https://vitvar.com/lectures





Modified: Mon Nov 01 2021, 13:16:18 Humla v0.3

Overview

- Application Server Architecture
- Distribution of Objects

Application Server Overview

• An environment that runs an application logic

- A client communicates with the server using an application protocol

Application Server

- A modular environment
 - → provides technology to realize enterprise systems
 - → JEE containers Java technology for AS components
 - → Supports a variety of objects such as Servlets, JSPs, JMS
- Provides services such as naming and directory, performance, failover
- Provides Web server capabilities
- Can be a single server or multiple servers

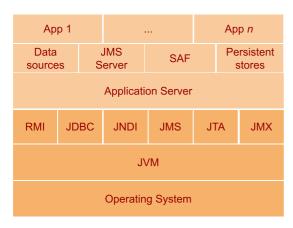
• Web Tier – HTTP Server

- Web Server supports HTTP only
- HTTP request/response, security, proxy, caching

Lecture 4: Application Server Architecture, CTU Winter Semester 2021/2022, @TomasVitvar

- 3 -

Application Server Layers



console app, custom-built Web app, middleware apps

shared services used by applications - data sources, JMS queues, JCA adapters

Application Server core libraries, communication management, cluster communication, distributed cache

Java Technology

Java environment, memory management, garbage collection

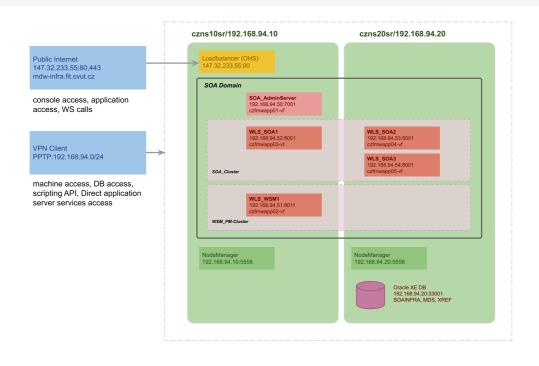
OS services, I/O

Features

- AS instance appears as a single process in the OS
 - → you can use standard OS commands to investigate its operation
 - → AS listens on a single or multipe IPs (VIPs) and a tcp port
- AS is a Java process
 - → you can use Java tools to investigate its operation
 - → Garbage collector stats, thread dumps, memory allocations, etc.

Lecture 4: Application Server Architecture, CTU Winter Semester 2021/2022, @TomasVitvar

Example Weblogic Infrastructure



Lecture 4: Application Server Architecture, CTU Winter Semester 2021/2022, @TomasVitvar

- 5 -

Terminology

- Domain
 - A group of servers with specific configuration of applications and objects
- Administration Server
 - An instance of application server that manages the domain
- Managed Server
 - An instance of application server running instances of applications and objects
- Cluster
 - A group of managed servers; they contain the same copy of applications and objects
- Machine
 - A physical machine and OS running one or more servers (Admin or Managed)
- Node Manager
 - A process that provides an access to admin and managed servers on the machine
- Load Balancer
 - A network element that distributes client requests to managed servers based on a specific algorithm

Lecture 4: Application Server Architecture, CTU Winter Semester 2021/2022, @TomasVitvar

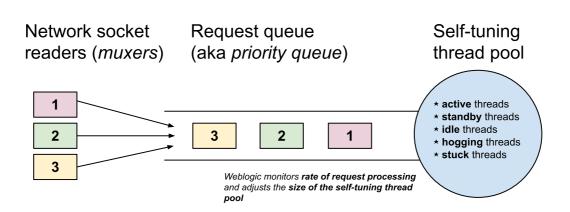
Servlet Technology

- Technology to extend application server functionalities
 - A Java class that can respond to any type of requests
 - \rightarrow A servlet defines an interface for a specific protocol
 - → Your application implements the servlet's interface
- Commonly used to respond to HTTP requests
 - A basis for an application running on an application server
 - HTTP Servlet Java classes
 - \rightarrow HttpServlet provides HTTP protocol interface
 - → HttpServletRequest represents HTTP request
 - → HttpServletResponse represents HTTP response

Lecture 4: Application Server Architecture, CTU Winter Semester 2021/2022, @TomasVitvar

-7-

Handling Requests in Weblogic



- Muxer component that handles communication via network sockets.
- Request queue queue of requests to be processed.
- **Self-tunning thread pool** a pool of threads in various states.
- Work manager a configuration of maximum threads and a capacity that can be used to handle requests for a specific application/service.

Lecture 4: Application Server Architecture, CTU Winter Semester 2021/2022, @TomasVitvar

Overview

- Application Server Architecture
- Distribution of Objects

Lecture 4: Application Server Architecture, CTU Winter Semester 2021/2022, @TomasVitvar

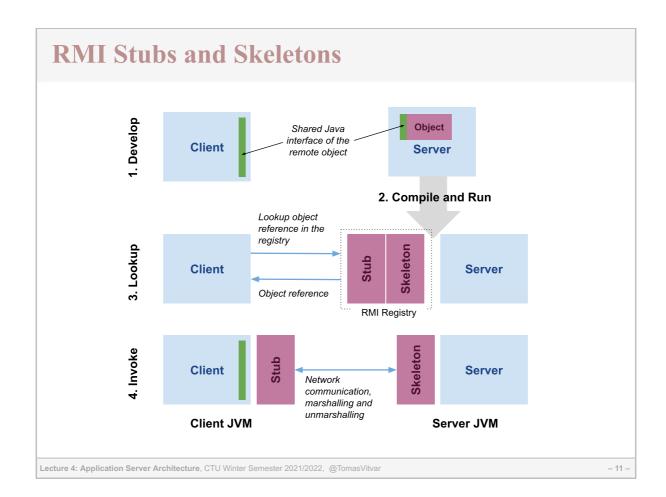
- 9 -

Remote Method Invocation

- Communication among Java-based applications
 - Methods of a Java class can be invoked by other Java class remotely
 - Uses Java Remote Method Protocol (JRMP)
 - → Java-specific application protocol over TCP/IP
 - Basis for JEE technologies, such as JMS
- Terminology
 - Client a program that invokes a remote method
 - Server a program that exports a remote object
 - Stub a representation of the client-side object for communication
 - − *Skeleton* − a representation of the server-side object for communication
 - Registry a component that holds a stub
 - Marshalling/Unmarshalling a process of transforming memory representation of the object to a form suitable for network transmittion and vice-cersa

Lecture 4: Application Server Architecture, CTU Winter Semester 2021/2022, @TomasVitvar

– 10 –



Java Naming and Directory Interface

Objectives

- Allows to access objects by names in various directory systems and their attributes
- Independent of any specific directory service implementation
- Enables to distribute Java objects across various systems in the environment

Terminology

- Binding association between a name and a object
- − Context − a set of bindings

JNDI Provides:

- a mechanism to bind an object to a name.
- a directory lookup interface
- a pluggable service provider interface (SPI) any directory service implmentation can be plugged in

Lecture 4: Application Server Architecture, CTU Winter Semester 2021/2022, @TomasVitvar

Application Server and JNDI

• Distribution of objects

- Application Server provides central directory for various kinds of objects
 - → Datasources, JMS queues and topics, etc.
- Clients store objects in the central directory
 - → Administrator configures objects using Application Server Console or via AS API
- Clients retrieve objects from the central directory

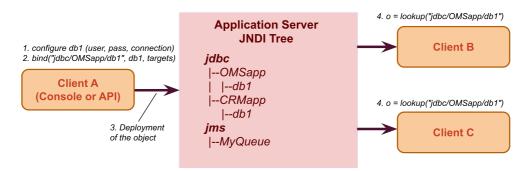
Benefits

- replication of objects across clients
- central configuration of objects' parameters
- scalability allowing/disabling connections as required

Lecture 4: Application Server Architecture, CTU Winter Semester 2021/2022, @TomasVitvar

- 13 -

JNDI Example



• Example Scenario

- Client A creates a datasource, configures it and registeres it in the JNDI tree
 → Client A is a Admin server console app
- Client B and C lookup the object under specific JNDI name and retrieves the object from the tree
 - \rightarrow They get the object from the tree and use it to connect to the DB
 - → They do not need to know any DB specific details
 - \rightarrow The object is pre-configured from the server

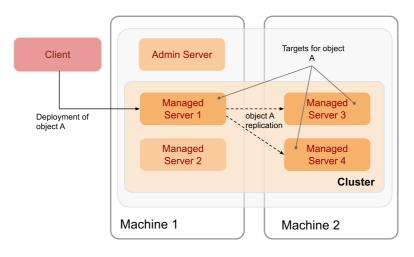
Lecture 4: Application Server Architecture, CTU Winter Semester 2021/2022, @TomasVitvar

– 14 -

Deployment to Cluster

• Deployment of an object

- Client deploys to one managed server in the cluster
- Object gets replicated to its targets
 - → Targets can be configured for the object, usually all servers but can be selected servers



Lecture 4: Application Server Architecture, CTU Winter Semester 2021/2022, @TomasVitvar

- 15 -

Cluster-wide JNDI Tree

Cluster

- Every managed server has its own JNDI tree
- Servers in a cluster sync up their JNDI trees as per the target configuration
 - \rightarrow A stub of the object appears in every managed server's JNDI tree
 - → They use JNDI replication service

When a client retrieves an object from the tree

- 1. Client connects to the cluster using the cluster address
- 2. Client creates an initial context (represents a naming service)
- 3. Client uses the initial context to lookup objects
- 4. Client uses the stub of the object to call the service

Lecture 4: Application Server Architecture, CTU Winter Semester 2021/2022, @TomasVitvar

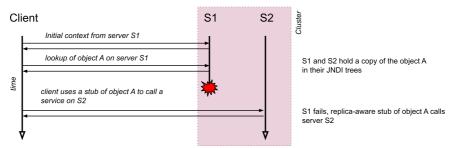
– 16 -

Object Failover

• Failover

- Failover = ability to locate an object on another server that holds a copy of the object without impact on the performace and configuration

Replica-aware stub of object A, failover in cluster



- A client gets a stub of the object by calling lookup on the context
- A client uses the stub of the object to access the object on the server
- When a server fails, **replicate-aware stub** calls the next server that holds the object copy

Lecture 4: Application Server Architecture, CTU Winter Semester 2021/2022, @TomasVitvar

- 17 -