Probabilistic Bounds on Best Rank-One Approximation Ratio joint work W/ Khazhgali KOZHASOV

> Josué TONELLI-CUETO Invia Paris & IMJ-PRG

> > MEGA2022 Krakow, Poland

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Tensors I: Distances (KE(R, C)

space of tensors K:= Ko ... & K i.e. of multilinear maps T: Kx...xKnd > K of the form T (x1, ..., xd) = \sum_{t_1,..., xd} x1...xd Frobenius product & norm (T,T):= I timile timile

11 T 1:= (TT) (How to measure distances between tensors Tensors II: Rank-one tensors xiES(Kni) REK $\chi^1 \otimes \cdots \otimes \chi^d := (\chi^1 \times \chi^1 \times \chi^2 \times \chi^2$ Easy to storel 1+ In: vs IIn: numbers THM. Given TEK, then
there are $\mathcal{R}_1 \times 1 \otimes \cdots \otimes \times 1, \cdots, \mathcal{R}_r \times 1 \otimes \cdots \otimes 1$

Tensors III: Best Rank-One Approximation TEKM might not be rank-one Best Rank-One Approx (T): = arg min | T - 1 x o mox d | rek Q: How good is this best rank-ine approximation?

min $\|T - \lambda x^{1} \otimes \cdots \otimes x^{d}\| = \|T\| \left(\frac{\|T\|^{2}}{\|T\|}\right)^{2}$ where $\|T\|_{\infty} = \max_{x \in S(\mathbb{R}^{n})} |T(x^{1}, x^{d})|$ Tensors IV: Best Rank-One Approx. Ratio

$$A(\mathbb{K}^m) := \min_{T \in \mathbb{K}^m} \frac{\|T\|_{\infty}^{\mathbb{K}}}{\|T\|} \in [0,1]$$

Worst Relative Error = 1-A(KI)2 of Best Rank-One Approx.

065.

$$A(K^{\prime\prime}) \leq \frac{117118}{117118}$$

lensors V. Main Theorem $d \geq 3$ $N_1, \ldots, N_d \geq 2$ $\frac{1}{\sqrt{\min_{j \neq i} N_{j}}} \leq A(\mathbb{R}^{m}) \leq \frac{32\sqrt{d \ln d}}{\sqrt{\min_{j \neq i} N_{j}}}$

> But... this was Known! What's new?

Symmetric Tensors I $T \in \mathbb{R}^n \otimes d$ $T(x^1, x^d) = T(x^{o(d)}, \dots, x^{o(d)})$

space of sym. tensors Symd(Kn) ⊆ (Kn) & d

Symmetric Tensors II: Polynomials in disguise TESymd (Kn) SEPd, N Var $\langle T_{\times} \otimes \cdots \otimes \times \rangle = \delta(x)$ $\langle g, g \rangle = \sum_{\alpha} (g^{\alpha}) g^{\alpha} g^{\alpha}$ Weyl L -norm $\frac{118118}{80} = \max_{x \in S(K^n)} \frac{18(x)}{18}$

Sym. Tensors III: Rank-One Sym Tensors

THM. Given $\& \in P_{d,n}$, then there are rank-one sym tensors $\mathcal{R}_n(\Sigma_{q_j}^{a_j}X_j)^d$, ..., $\mathcal{R}_r(\Sigma_{q_j}^{a_j}X_j)^d$ s.t.

 $g = \sum_{i=1}^{N} \lambda_i \left(\sum_{j=1}^{N} a_j^i X_j \right) \min_{j=1}^{N} \sup_{i=1}^{N} \sum_{j=1}^{N} \min_{j=1}^{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \sum_{j=1}^{N} \sum_{j=1}^{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \sum_{j=1}^{N} \sum_{j=1}^{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \sum_{j=1}^{N} \sum_{j=1}^{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \sum_{j=1}^{N} \sum_{j$

1 symvank + rank

Sym. Tensors IV:

Sym Best-One Approximation

argmin $\| S - \lambda (\sum_{i} x_{i} x_{i}) \|$ $\lambda \in \mathbb{K} \times \mathbb{K} \times \mathbb{K}$

$$\min \| \S - \chi(\Sigma \times X) \| = \| \S \| \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{\| \S \|_{\infty}^{\infty}}{\| \S \|} \right)^{2}}$$

Sym. lensors V: Sym. Best Rank-One Approx. Ratio $A(Sym^d(\mathbb{K}^n)) := min \frac{||F||_{\infty}}{||F||} \in [0,1]$

Worst Relative Error = 1-A (Symd(Kn))²
of Sym, Best Rank-One Approx.

065.

$$A(.Sym^d(\mathbb{K}^n)) \leq \frac{||f||_{\infty}}{||f||_{\infty}}$$

Sym. Tensors VI: Main Theorem R.

d > 3 n > 2

$$\max \left\{ \frac{1}{12} d \left(\frac{d+n-1}{n-1} \right)^{-\frac{1}{2}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^{d-1}}} \right\}$$

$$A \left(\frac{S_{ym}(R^n)}{N^{n-1}} \right)$$

$$Comes From Case$$

 $\frac{24}{d+\frac{1}{2}-1}$

Sym. Tensors VI: Main Theorem (I) d>3 n > 2

$$\begin{array}{c}
Max \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} d+n-1 \end{pmatrix}^{-7/2}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{nd-1}} \right\} \\
M \left(Sym \left(C^n \right) \right) \\
M \left(d+n-1 \right)
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
M \left(d+n-1 \right) \\
M \left(d+n-1 \right)
\end{array}$$

Sym Tensors VII: N>>d

 $A(.5ym^d(\mathbb{K}^n))$ 36 $\sqrt{\frac{d}{1}}$

$$\frac{(n-1)!}{2^{d} d^{n-1}} \left(1 + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{1}{d}\right)\right)$$

$$A(Sym(R^n))$$

$$48\sqrt{\frac{\binom{1}{2}! \ln d}{2^{d} d^{\frac{1}{2}-1}}} \left(1+O\left(\frac{1}{d}\right)\right)$$

$$\left(\frac{N}{2}\right)! := \Gamma\left(\frac{N}{2} + 1\right)$$

$$d >> N [Fixn, d \rightarrow \infty]$$

$$\frac{\left(N-1\right)!}{\left(N-1\right)!}\left(1+O\left(\frac{1}{d}\right)\right)$$

$$A(Sym(C^n))$$

$$36\sqrt{\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+0}}}\left(1+0\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)\right)$$

$$A(Sym(R^n)) \leq O(N^{-0.584.})$$
 (Li & Zhao, 2020)

We also have results

For partially sym. tensors

aka multihom polynomials

How do we get our results? I (real sym. case) THM. Let $n \ge 2$ and $\mathcal{T}: \mathbb{S}^{n-1} \longrightarrow (0, \infty)$ a random Lipschitz fourtion whose Lipschitz constant, Lip (7), satisfies For some L >1, $Lip(T) \leq L \max_{x \in S^{n-1}} \mathcal{F}(x)$ Then for t > 0, $\mathbb{P}\left(\max_{x \in S^{n-1}} \mathcal{F}(x) > t\right) \leq \frac{e^{2n} L^{n-1}}{\sqrt{n-1}} \max_{x \in S^{n-1}} \mathbb{P}\left(\mathcal{F}(x) > \frac{t}{2}\right)$ How do we get our results? I (real sym, case) $\mathcal{F}(X) = \frac{|f(x)|}{||f||}$ Kellogg's Thm > L = d

 $\left| \frac{||f||_{\infty}}{||f||} > t \right| \leq \frac{e^{2n} d^{n-1}}{\sqrt{n-1}} \max_{x \in S^{n-1}} \left| \frac{||f(x)||}{||f||} > \frac{t}{2} \right|$

For f Kostlan random polynomial, we can estimatel

How do we get our results? III

We reduce estimating tails of the maximum of a vaudom map to estimating tails of an arbitrary evaluation of such random map How do we get our results? IV Evaluation of fat X Prop. Let P: RM -> V be an orthogonal projection outs a K-dim subspace V = RN and X E R std. Gaussian. Then For to 0 $\mathbb{P}_{\chi}\left(\frac{\|P\chi\|_{2}}{\|\chi\|_{2}} > t\right) \leq 2 \exp\left(-\frac{\mathcal{N}t}{4e^{K+\frac{1}{4N}}}\right)$

> MIPXIIZ subgaussian 11x11z (bounds for exp)

How do we get our results? V -Lower bounds follow from norm inequalities

- For some appor bounds,

We need Frandom harmonic

hank you for your attention! DzięKuję za uwagę!

Any question?