

Name:										
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## 1 (30 points) Answer the following questions.

- (1) Given `int arr[] = {3, 7, 1, 2}`, what is `arr[2]`?

**Answer:** `arr[2]` is 1.

- (2) Define function header for function **order**, for two double numbers `a` and `b`, if `a` is larger than `b`, swap them. Return type is `void`.

**Answer:** `void order(double& a, double& b);`

- (3) Write a statement to generate a random **floating point number** in `[0, 3]`. No need to include libraries. Hint: you may use `rand` function, which returns a random integer in `[0, RAND_MAX]`.

**Answer:** `3.0 * rand() / RAND_MAX`

- (4) Given `string greeting = "Glad to meet you"`; What is the value for `greeting.substr(3, 6)`?

**Answer:** `"d to m"`

- (5) What is the value of `2 + 76 % 10`?

**Answer:** 8

- (6) What is the value of `foo(5)`?

```
int foo(int n) {
    int sum = 0;
    for (int i = 2; i <= n; i += 2)
        sum += i;

    return sum;
}
```

**Answer:** 6

- (7) Suppose double variables `a` and `b` are properly declared and initialized. Declare a double variable `c` and initialize it to be  $\frac{\sqrt{a}}{2+b}$ . You may use `sqrt` function, see cheat sheet.

**Answer:** `double c = sqrt(a)/(2 + b);`

- (8) What is the output of the following code?

```

1  #include <iostream>
2  using namespace std;
3
4  int main() {
5      int count = 0;
6      for (int i = 8; i >= 0; i -= 2)
7          count++;
8
9      cout << count << endl;
10     return 0;
11 }

```

**Answer:** 5

(9) What is the output of the following code?

```

1  #include <iostream>
2  #include <string>
3  using namespace std;
4
5  void foo(int arr[], int size);
6  int main() {
7      int arr[] = {1, 5, 3};
8      int size = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
9      foo(arr, size);
10
11     for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
12         cout << arr[i] << " ";
13
14     return 0;
15 }
16
17 void foo(int arr[], int size) {
18     for (int j = size-1; j >= 1; j--)
19         for (int i = 0; i < j; i++)
20             if (arr[i] < arr[i+1])
21                 swap(arr[i], arr[i+1]);
22 }

```

**Answer:** 5 3 1

(10) Write a condition to represent that integer  $i$  is less than 0 **or**  $i$  is odd. An integer is odd if it cannot be divided by 2.

**Answer:**

$(i < 0 \mid\mid i \% 2 \neq 0)$

another solution is

```
(i < 0 or i % 2 != 0)
```

## 2 (20 points) Answer the following questions.

(1) What is the output of the following code?

```
1  #include <iostream>
2  using namespace std;
3
4  void show(int size);
5  int main() {
6      show(3);
7      return 0;
8  }
9
10 void show(int size) {
11     for (int row = 0; row < size; row++) {
12         for (int col = 0; col < size; col++)
13             if (row + col == size-1)
14                 cout << "-";
15             else cout << "*";
16
17         cout << endl;
18     }
19 }
```

Answer:

```
**-
*-*
-**
```

(2) Define function `no_upper`, for a string, return true if **none** of its elements is a uppercase letter, that is, one from 'A' to 'Z', otherwise, return false. For example, `no_upper("abc")` returns true and `no_upper("Ab1")` returns false. **No need to include libraries or define main function.**

Hint: you may use `int isupper(int ch)` to test whether a character is uppercase letter 'A' - 'Z' or not.

Answer:

```
1  #include <iostream>
2  #include <string>
3  #include <cctype> //isupper
4
5  using namespace std;
6
7  bool no_upper(string str);
```

```
8
9 int main() {
10     cout << boolalpha << no_upper("ab1") << endl; //true
11     cout << boolalpha << no_upper("Ab1") << endl; //false
12     return 0;
13 }
14
15 bool no_upper(string str) {
16     for (int i = 0; i < str.length(); i++)
17         if ( isupper(str[i]) )
18             return false;
19
20     return true;
21 }
```

### 3 (50 points) Programming exercises

- (1) Define function called `percentage`, for an array of ints, its size, and a target, return the percentage of integers that is **less than or equal to** the target to the size of the array.

For example, if the array has elements 3, 2, -1, and target is -1, then there is 1 integer out of 3 elements that is less than or equal to the target, so the percentage is 33.3333%. The return is 33.3333, a floating point number.

Answer:

```
1  #include <iostream>
2  #include <string>
3  using namespace std;
4
5  double percentage(int arr[], int size, int target);
6
7  int main() {
8      int arr[] = {3, 2, -1};
9      int size = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
10     int target = -1;
11     cout << percentage(arr, size, target) << "%" << endl;
12     return 0;
13 }
14
15 double percentage(int arr[], int size, int target) {
16     int count = 0;
17     for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
18         if (arr[i] <= target)
19             count++;
20
21     return 100.0 * count / size;
22 }
```

In main function, declare array `arr` with values 3, 2, -1. Call the above function on `arr` with appropriate size and target -1. Print out the return. **Just write the statements in main function, no need to include libraries.**

Answer:

```
1  int arr[] = {3, 2, -1};
2  int size = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
3  int target = -1;
4  cout << percentage(arr, size, target) << "%" << endl;
```

- (2) Write code in main to enter a series of integers until -1 is entered. Find out the number of integers that can be divided by both 2 and 5 at the same time, the number of integers that can be divided by 2 only, and the number of integers that can be divided by 5 only.

Integer num is divided by 5 means the remainder of num divided by 5 is 0.

```
Enter an int (-1 to stop): 5
Enter an int (-1 to stop): 2
Enter an int (-1 to stop): 10
Enter an int (-1 to stop): 7
Enter an int (-1 to stop): 6
Enter an int (-1 to stop): 30
Enter an int (-1 to stop): -1
number can be divided by 2 and 5: 2
number can be divided by 2 only: 2
number can be divided by 5 only: 1
```

**Answer:**

```
1  #include <iostream>
2  #include <string>
3  using namespace std;
4
5  //sample input/output:
6  //Enter an int (-1 to stop): 5
7  //Enter an int (-1 to stop): 2
8  //Enter an int (-1 to stop): 10
9  //Enter an int (-1 to stop): 7
10 //Enter an int (-1 to stop): 6
11 //Enter an int (-1 to stop): 30
12 //Enter an int (-1 to stop): -1
13 //number can be divided by 2 and 5: 2
14 //number can be divided by 2 only: 2
15 //number can be divided by 5 only: 1
16
17 int main() {
18     cout << "Enter an int (-1 to stop): ";
19     int elm;
20     cin >> elm;
21
22     int multiple_10 = 0; //divided by 2 and 5
23     int multiple_2 = 0; //divided by 2
24     int multiple_5 = 0; //divided by 5
25     while (elm != -1) {
26         if (elm % 2 == 0 && elm % 5 == 0)
27             multiple_10++;
28         else if (elm % 2 == 0)
29             multiple_2++;
30         else if (elm % 5 == 0)
```

```
31         multiple_5++;
32
33         cout << "Enter an int (-1 to stop): ";
34         cin >> elm;
35     }
36
37     cout << "number can be divided by 2 and 5: " << multiple_10 << endl;
38     cout << "number can be divided by 2 only: " << multiple_2 << endl;
39     cout << "number can be divided by 5 only: " << multiple_5 << endl;
40     return 0;
41 }
```