FINAL EXAM F24 FINAL V3

CSCI 13500: Software Analysis and Design 1 Hunter College, City University of New York

Dec 19, 2024, 1:45 PM - 3:45 PM, N118

Exam Rules

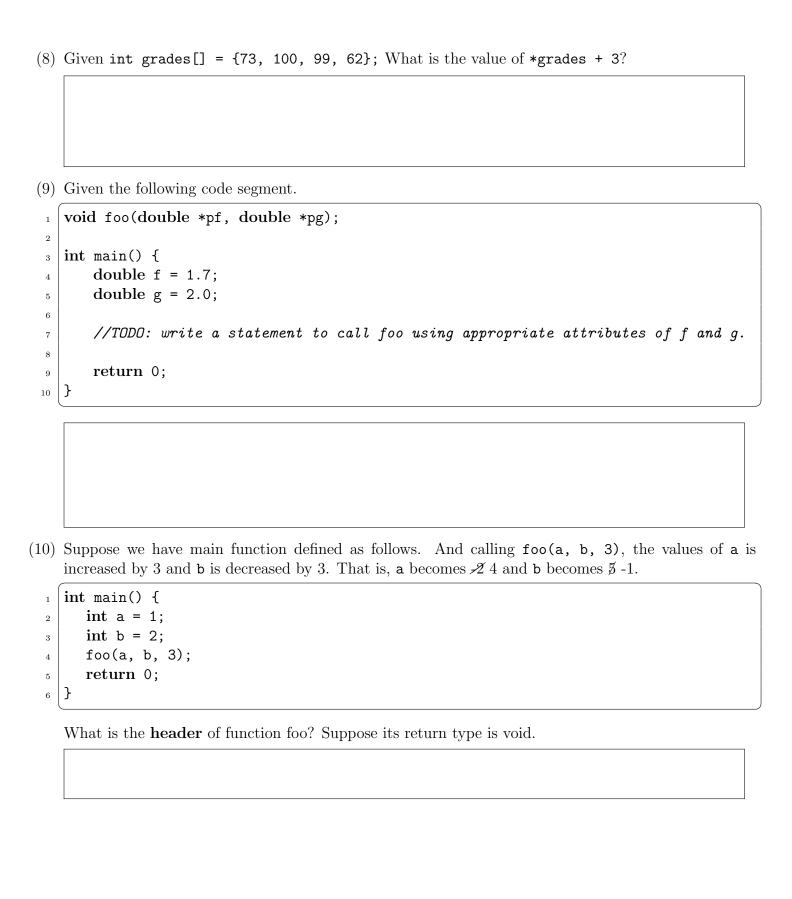
- Show all your work. Your grade will be based on the work shown.
- The exam is closed book and closed notes with the exception of a provided cheat sheet.
- When taking the exam, you may bring pens and pencils.
- Scratch paper is provided. For your convenience, you may take the scratch paper and cheat sheet off. But make sure **not** to put solutions to the scratch paper.
- You may not use a computer, calculator, tablet, phone, earbuds, or other electronic device.
- Do not open this exam until instructed to do so.

Hunter College regards acts of academic dishonesty (e.g., plagiarism, cheating on examinations, obtaining unfair advantage, and falsification of records and official documents) as serious offenses against the values of intellectual honesty. The College is committed to enforcing the CUNY Policy on Academic Integrity and will pursue cases of academic dishonesty according to the Hunter College Academic Integrity Procedures.

I understand that all cases of academic dishonesty will be reported to the									
Dean of Students and will result in sanctions.									
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1	(30 points) Answer the	following	questions.
(1)	Ci	U + U U	

.)	Given string groceries[] = {"milk", "oat", "pecan pie"}, what is groceries[2].substr(3, 4)?
2)	Given a declaration std::vector <int> v(10, 1);, what is the value of v.size()?</int>
3)	What possible numbers does code rand() % 6 - 2 generate?
1)	Given string numStr = std::to_string(10) + "25";, where to_string converts an integer to a string. What is the value for numStr?
5)	What is the value of 5 - 7 % 3 / 2 in C++?
6)	Write header of a function called <u>sum</u> , given an array of characters (type char) with <i>size</i> many elements, return the sum of ASCII code of all the elements in the array.
7)	Declare class Coord as follows.
1 2 3 4 5	<pre>class Coord { public: double x; double y; };</pre>
	Declare a Coord object point and initialize its x as 9 and y as 7.



(11) What is output for the following code?

```
int a = 1;
int* p = &a;
a *= 2;
cout << *p << endl;</pre>
```

(12) What is the output for the following code?

```
vector<int> nums = {2, 0, 2, 5};

int count = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < nums.size(); i++)
    if (nums[i] % 2 == 0)
        count++;

cout << count << endl;</pre>
```

(13) What the output of the following code?

```
#include <iostream>
  #include <string>
  using namespace std;
   int main() {
       for (int row = 0; row < 4; row++) {
6
           for (int col = 0; col < 3; col++) {</pre>
7
               if (col < 2)
8
                  cout << "*";
               else cout << "#";
10
           }
11
           cout << endl;</pre>
12
13
       return 0;
14
  }
15
```

(14)	What is panel after slide down operation?
	$oxed{1 \ 6 \ 2}$
	5 8
	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$
(15)	Suppose in Project 3, data member bins have the following values,
	{{1, 1, 2}, {3, 2, 3}, {1, 2}, {3}},
	After moving eligible element(s), according to rules listed in Project 3, from the second bin to the left to the rightmost bin, what are the elements in the second bin to the left ?

2 (15 points) Answer the following questions.

	etion, write the f				he full defini	tion of main	func
Define a cha	r array with elem	ments 'r', '	b', 'r', 'r	· · · .			

	e, suppose an a					
	of the function	is a pointer to	the second el	ement. if the	target is "wond	derful", then
return is nu	llptr.					

3 (10 points) Programming exercise on class

1. Define class for representing weight in pounds (also called lbs) and ounces. It is reasonable to define it to have two integer fields:

lb for the number of pounds, and oz for the number of ounces. Note that a pound has 16 ounces, so we need to make sure that oz is in [0, 15].

```
class Weight {
public:
    int lb;
    int oz; //value in [0, 15]
};
```

Define Weight addOzs(Weight <u>curr</u>, int <u>ozVal</u>);

The function should create and return a weight object that is $\underline{\text{ozVal}}$ ounces more than $\underline{\text{curr}}$. Note that 1 lb = 16 oz. Example:

```
addOzs({2, 8}, 23) // should return {3, 15}
```

Reason: 2 lbs 8 ounces is 2 * 16 + 8 = 40 ounces. Then 40 + 23 = 63 ounces, which equals 3 lbs and 15 ounces.

2. In main function, write the following statements. No need to define the whole main function.

• Declare and instantiate curr as a Weight object with lb equals 2 and oz equals 8.

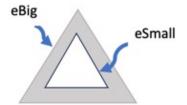
• Declare and instanitate a Weight object called heavier that are 23 ounces more than curr. You may call addOzs with appropriate parameters.

4 (10 points) Write codes of vector

Define a function called $choose$, for a vector v of characters (type char), return a vector wi	
elements from \boldsymbol{v} that are uppercase letters, in the same order. In English, uppercase letters are $\boldsymbol{\dot{r}}$	
For example, given a vector of characters with elements 'a', 'B', '#', 'D', 'c', the re	eturn is a
vector with elements 'B', 'D'.	
Hint: int isupper (int c); checks if parameter c is an uppercase alphabetic letter. Retur	
different from zero (i.e., true) if indeed c is an uppercase alphabetic letter. Zero (i.e., false) other isupper is from cctype library. However, you do not need to include library in your code.	erwise.
isupper is from ectype horary. However, you do not need to include horary in your code.	

5 (15 points) Define class for triangular ring shape.

1. Define a triangular ring as the region between two concentric equilateral triangles (aka the sides of a triangle are of same length). Call it a TriRing. It has two parameters:



- (a) edge of the inner or the smaller triangle eSmall
- (b) edge of the outer or the bigger triangle eBig
- 2. Assume that TriRing.hpp is provided where data members eSmall and eBig are declared as double types. Your job is to define TriRing.cpp with the following requirement.
- 3. Define a default constructor, set data members **eSmall** to be 1 and **eBig** to be 2.
- 4. Define a non-default constructor, which takes formal parameters <u>eSmall</u> and <u>eBig</u>, both are double types.
 - (a) If both <u>eSmall</u> and <u>eBig</u> are positive and <u>eBig</u> is larger than <u>eSmall</u>, set data member **eSmall** by given parameter <u>eSmall</u> and set data member **eBig** by given parameter eBig.
 - (b) otherwise, set data members \mathbf{eSmall} to be 1 and \mathbf{eBig} to be 2.

5. Define method **getArea**, return the value of $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}(eBig)^2 - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}(eSmall)^2$, where **sqrt** is defined as square root in **cmath** library. Note that eBig and eSmall are data members, not e * Big or e * Small.

6.	Define method getPerimeter , which returns $3(eSmall) + 3(eBig)$. Note that $eBig$ and $eSmall$ are data members, not e * Big or e * Small.
	Define TriRingTest.cpp , do the following:
7.	Create a TriRing object named tri from its default constructor.
8.	Find out and print the area of tri .
9.	Find out and print the perimeter of tri .

6 (10 points) function on vectors

Define a function called **compare**, given two vectors of strings, if they have the same number of elements, find out whether the length of **every** element in the first vector is larger than that of the same-index element in the second vector, if yes, return true, otherwise, return false. If these vectors do not have the same number of elements, return false.

For example, if the first vector is {"hello", "hi"} and the second vector is {"abcdef", "abc", "123"}, the return is false. Reason: the two vectors have different number of elements.

If the first vector is {"hellooo", "hey", "abcd"} and the second vector is {"hello", "hi", "how"}, return true. Reason: both vectors have the same number of elements. Furthermore, the length of the first element "hellooo" in the first vector is larger than the length of the first element "hello" in the second vector. The length of the second element "hey" in the first vector is larger than the length of the second element "hi" in the second vector. The length of the third element "abcd" in the first vector is larger than the length of the third element "how" in the second vector.

If the first vector is {"abcdef", "ab"} and the second vector is {"hello", "hi"}, the return is false. Reason: even though both vectors have the same number of elements, the length of the second element "ab" of the first vector is not larger than the length of the second element "hi" of the second vector.

ıb"	of the	first	vector	is not	larger	than	the	length	of the	second	element	"hi"	of th	e second	vector.

7 (10 points) Define recursive function

Define a recursiv	e function	<pre>printArray,</pre>	given an	array	of int	with	size ma	any	elements,	print a	all e	elements
from the first one	e to the las	t one, separa	ted by a	space,	in the	same	e line.					

For example, if an array with elements 1, 2, and 3, the print is

1 2 3	
Warning: If you do not use recursion, you will not get any point.	
No repetition statement, global or static variables are allowed in this function.	
Use array, not vector.	
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