

3D LUT

Tips: the project is based on Ubuntu 22.04.

Dependencies

Miniconda

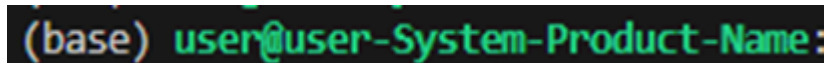
Use the following commands to install Miniconda:

```
mkdir -p ~/miniconda3
wget https://repo.anaconda.com/miniconda/Miniconda3-latest-Linux-x86_64.sh -O
~/miniconda3/miniconda.sh
bash ~/miniconda3/miniconda.sh -b -u -p ~/miniconda3
rm -rf ~/miniconda3/miniconda.sh
```

After installing, use the following commands to initialize your newly-installed Miniconda:

```
~/miniconda3/bin/conda init bash
~/miniconda3/bin/conda init zsh
```

Restart a terminal. If Miniconda is installed successfully, '(base)' will appear in front of the username as shown below:



```
(base) user@user-System-Product-Name:
```

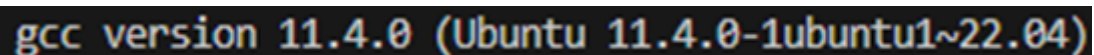
GCC/C++

Use the following commands to install GCC/C++:

```
sudo apt update
sudo apt install gcc g++
```

Use the following command to check if GCC is installed on your system. The last line of the result indicates the GCC version, as shown in the following figure:

```
gcc -v
```



```
gcc version 11.4.0 (Ubuntu 11.4.0-1ubuntu1~22.04)
```

CUDA

Use the following command to check the highest version of CUDA supported by your system, as shown in the following figure:

```
nvidia-smi
```

NVIDIA-SMI 535.161.07			Driver Version: 535.161.07		CUDA Version: 12.2	
GPU	Name	Perf	Persistence-M	Bus-Id	Disp.A	Volatile Uncorr. ECC
Fan	Temp	Perf	Pwr:Usage/Cap	Memory-Usage	GPU-Util	Compute M. MIG M.
0	NVIDIA GeForce RTX 4090	Off	Off	00000000:31:00:0	Off	Off
30%	49C	P2	179W / 450W	24095MiB / 24564MiB	15%	Default N/A

Go to the CUDA official website (<https://developer.nvidia.com/cuda-toolkit-archive>) and choose the appropriate CUDA version (the CUDA version must be higher than the version of CUDA in the subsequently created virtual environment), then select multiple options as shown below:

Operating System	Linux	Windows
Architecture	x86_64	ppc64le arm64-sbsa
Distribution	CentOS Debian Fedora OpenSUSE RHEL Rocky SLES	Ubuntu WSL-Ubuntu
Version	18.04	20.04 22.04
Installer Type	deb (local)	deb (network) runfile (local)

After selection, follow the Installation Instructions given at the bottom of the website to install CUDA.

Download Installer for Linux Ubuntu 20.04 x86_64

The base installer is available for download below.

> Base Installer

Installation Instructions:

```
$ wget https://developer.download.nvidia.com/compute/cuda/repos/ubuntu2004/x86_64/cuda-ubuntu2004.pin
$ sudo mv cuda-ubuntu2004.pin /etc/apt/preferences.d/cuda-repository-pin-600
$ wget https://developer.download.nvidia.com/compute/cuda/11.7.0/local_installers/cuda-repo-ubuntu2004-11-7-local_11.7.0-515.43.04-1_amd64.deb
$ sudo dpkg -i cuda-repo-ubuntu2004-11-7-local_11.7.0-515.43.04-1_amd64.deb
$ sudo cp /var/cuda-repo-ubuntu2004-11-7-local/cuda-*-keyring.gpg /usr/share/keyrings/
$ sudo apt-get update
$ sudo apt-get -y install cuda
```

Use the following commands to add environment variables (Replace 'your_cuda_folder' with the actual CUDA folder name on your system):

```
export PATH=/usr/local/your_cuda_folder/bin${PATH:+:${PATH}}
export
LD_LIBRARY_PATH=/usr/local/your_cuda_folder/lib64${LD_LIBRARY_PATH:+:${LD_LIBRARY_PATH}}
source ~/.bashrc
```

Use the following command to check if CUDA is installed on your system. The result indicates the GCC version, as shown in the following figure:

```
nvcc: NVIDIA (R) Cuda compiler driver
Copyright (c) 2005-2023 NVIDIA Corporation
Built on Tue Feb 7 19:32:13 PST 2023
Cuda compilation tools, release 12.1, V12.1.66
Build cuda_12.1.r12.1/compiler.32415258_0
```

Environment

Create a virtual Environment

You should run the project in a suitable virtual environment. Use the following command to create a virtual environment with Python 3.9.0:

```
conda create -n LUT python=3.9
```

Use the following command to activate the created virtual environment:

```
conda activate LUT
```

Use the following command to install PyTorch 1.11.0 after activation:

```
pip install torch==1.11.0+cu113 torchvision==0.12.0+cu113 torchaudio==0.11.0 --extra-index-url https://download.pytorch.org/whl/cu113
```

If you need to exit the virtual environment, use the following command:

```
conda deactivate
```

Install libraries

First, you should make sure the current directory is the root of the project.

Use the following command to install the required libraries for the project:

```
pip install -r requirements.txt
```

The proposed LUT Transform is implemented as a PyTorch CUDA extension. You should install the extension in the following way:

```
python models/LUT/ailut_transform/setup.py install
```

Usage

Datasets

You can download the LOL datasets from the [baidu pan \(code: vwdp\)](#).

If you want to use your own custom dataset, you should note that the dataset used for this model is required to have a folder organization similar to the following:

```
dataset_name/  
  train/  
    input/  
      image0001.png # PNG is just an example, it does not mean that the  
format has to be PNG.  
      image0002.png  
      ...
```

```

        image1234.png
    gt/
        image0001.png
        image0002.png
        ...
        image1234.png
test/
    input/
        image0001.png
        image0002.png
        ...
        image0050.png
    gt/
        image0001.png
        image0002.png
        ...
        image0050.png

```

Settings

All configuration YML files of training are in `./options/train/`. The configuration file of training for the model has the following structure, and sections that can be customized are followed by comments:

```

name: LUT_lol_syn_rank3 # The name of this training
use_tb_logger: true
model: image_base
distortion: llie
gpu_ids: [0] # The id of the GPU used for this training. Multiple GPUs can be
used.

datasets:
  train:
    name: train
    mode: LOL
    interval_list: [1]
    random_reverse: false
    border_mode: false
    dataroot_GT: /home/user/Datasets/LOL-v2/Synthetic/Train/Normal # Path of the
ground truths of your training dataset
    dataroot_LQ: /home/user/Datasets/LOL-v2/Synthetic/Train/Low # Path of the
input images of your training dataset
    cache_keys: ~
    cache_data: true

    use_shuffle: true
    n_workers: 4
    batch_size: 8
    GT_size: 256
    LQ_size: 256
    use_flip: true
    use_rot: true
  val:
    name: val
    mode: LOL

```

```

    dataroot_GT: /home/user/Datasets/LOL-v2/Synthetic/Test/Normal # Path of the
ground truths of your validation dataset
    dataroot_LQ: /home/user/Datasets/LOL-v2/Synthetic/Test/Low # Path of the
input images of your validation dataset
    cache_data: true

network_G:
    which_model_G: LUT_LLIE
    if_train: false
    n_ranks: 3 # The number of basis LUTs in the model
    n_vertices_3d: 33 # The number of sampling points on each dimension of each LUT
in the model
    n_base_feats: 8
    smooth_factor: 0
    monotonicity_factor: 10

path:
    root: ./
    ## pretrain_model_G: experiments/LUT_lol_syn_rank3/models/xxxx_G.pth
    ## resume_state: experiments/LUT_lol_syn_rank3/training_state/xxxx.state
    strict_load: false

train:
    lr_G: !!float 1e-4
    lr_scheme: CosineAnnealingLR_Restart
    beta1: 0.9
    beta2: 0.999
    niter: 600000
    sparse_factor: 0.0001
    warmup_iter: -1
    T_period: [50000, 100000, 150000, 150000, 150000]
    restarts: [50000, 150000, 300000, 450000]
    restart_weights: [1, 1, 1, 1]
    eta_min: !!float 1e-7

    pixel_criterion: Charbonnier
    val_freq: !!float 5e3

    manual_seed: 100

logger:
    print_freq: 100
    save_checkpoint_freq: !!float 5000

```

All configuration YML files of testing are in `./options/test/`. The configuration file of testing for the model has the following structure, and sections that can be customized are followed by comments:

```

name: LUT_lol_syn_rank3 # The name of this test
model: image_base
distortion: llie
gpu_ids: [0] # The id of the GPU used for this test. Multiple GPUs can be used.

datasets:
    test:

```

```
name: test
mode: LOL
dataroot_GT: /home/user/Datasets/LOL-v2/Synthetic/Test/Normal # Path of the
ground truths of your testing dataset
dataroot_LQ: /home/user/Datasets/LOL-v2/Synthetic/Test/Low # Path of the
input images of your testing dataset
cache_data: true

network_G:
  which_model_G: LUT_LLIE
  if_train: false
  n_ranks: 3 # The number of basis LUTs in the trained model.
  n_vertices_3d: 33 # The number of sampling points on each dimension of each LUT
in the trained model
  n_base_feats: 8
  smooth_factor: 0
  monotonicity_factor: 10

path:
  root: ./
  pretrain_model_G: pretrain/LUT3D_syn_rank3.pth # The path of the trained model
for the test
```

Training

Before starting the training, you must change the configuration file of training according to the path of dataset on your system.

The training on the synthetic dataset of LOL-v2:

```
python train.py -opt options/train/train_lol.yml
```

The training on the real dataset of LOL-v2:

```
python train.py -opt options/train/train_lol_real.yml
```

The training on other dataset (You should create new configuration files for other datasets):

```
python train.py -opt options/train/xxxx.yml
```

Testing

Before starting the evaluation, you must change the configuration file of testing according to the path of dataset on your system.

The test on the synthetic dataset of LOL-v2:

```
python quantitative_test.py -opt options/test/test_lol.yml
python qualitative_test.py -opt options/test/test_lol.yml
```

The test on the real dataset of LOL-v2:

```
python quantitative_test.py -opt options/test/test_lol_real.yml  
python qualitative_test.py -opt options/test/test_lol_real.yml
```

The test on other dataset (You should create new configuration files for other datasets):

```
python quantitative_test.py -opt options/test/xxxx.yml  
python qualitative_test.py -opt options/test/xxxx.yml
```

License

This codebase is released under the [Apache 2.0 license](#).