Large Language Model Empowered City-wide Delivery Demand Joint Estimation and Prediction

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spatial representation

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KEYWORDS:

Demand estimation & prediction Large language models

Cross-city transfer



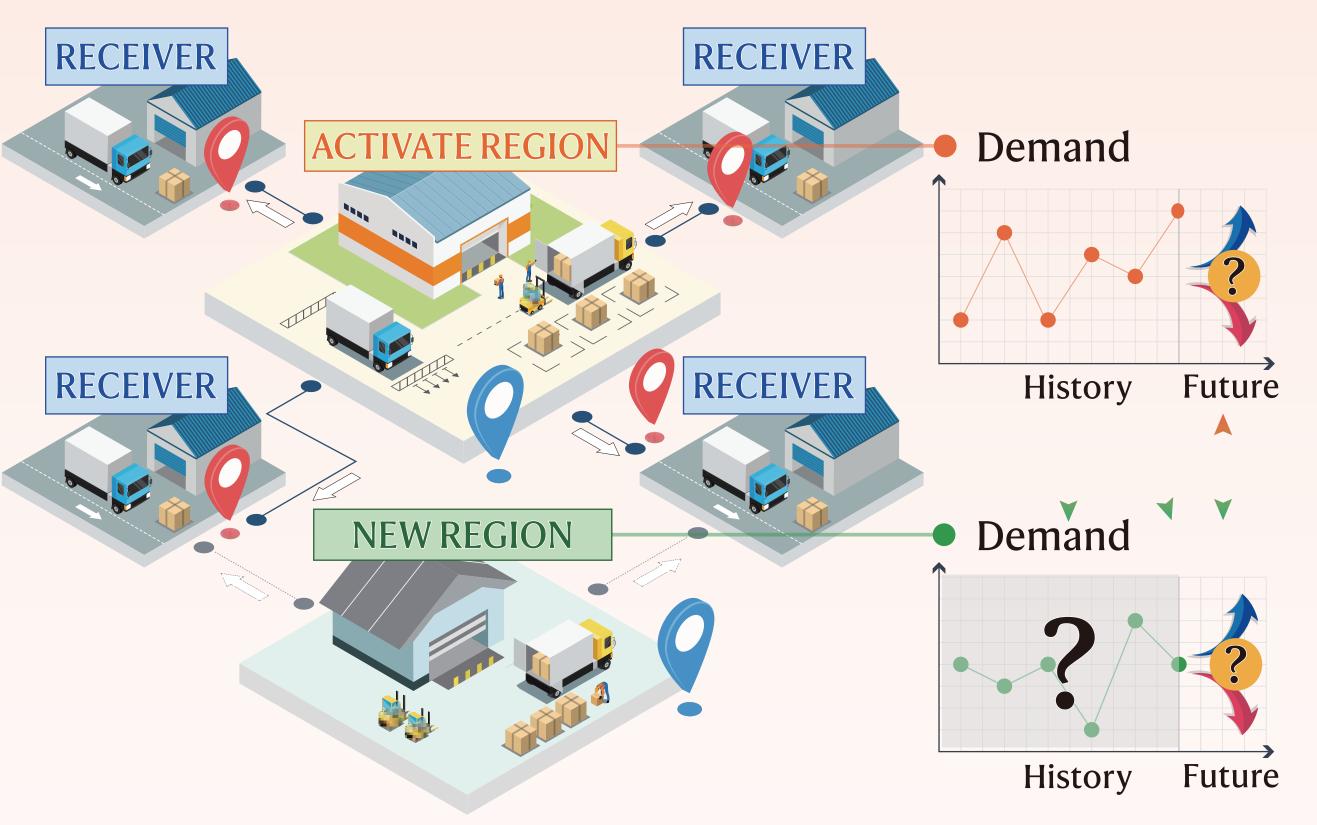


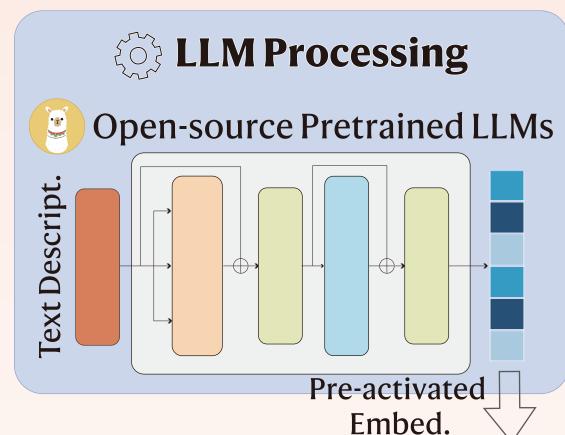
City-wide Delivery Demand Joint Estimation and Prediction

- We highlight the significance of location-based modeling in delivery demand joint estimation and prediction and develop a scheme for extracting geolocation knowledge from LLMs;
- We present a method for integrating the geolocation encoding into graph-based deep learning architectures and elicit the cross-city tranferability of the backbone model.

Knowledge-driven Geolocation Encoding Extraction from Pretrained LLMs

a. City-wide delivery demand joint estimation and prediction c. LLM-based geolocation knowledge extraction



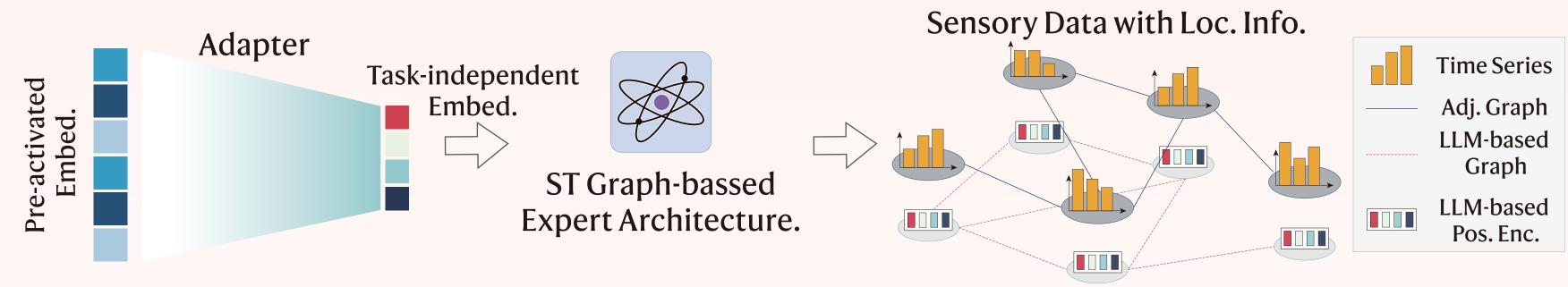




Q Geospatial Description Identify the geospatial information (Urban Environment) of the given coordinate **(29.48968, 106.46992)**:⊠ **Address:** Jiugongmiao Street, Dadukou District, Chongqing, China

Nearby Places: 0.9 km South-East: Dadukou District, 1.2 km South-East: Baqiao Town 2.2 km East: Yuejin street 3.0 km North-West: Erlang Street

d. LLM-enhanced spatiotemporal graph forecasting



b. Constructing geospatial prompt from open map data

Open Map Data

Query Coordinate

Retrieved address

Nearby POIs

Geographic distance

Geospatial Prompt

Identify the geospatial information (Urban Environment) of the given coordinate (29.48968, 106.46992):

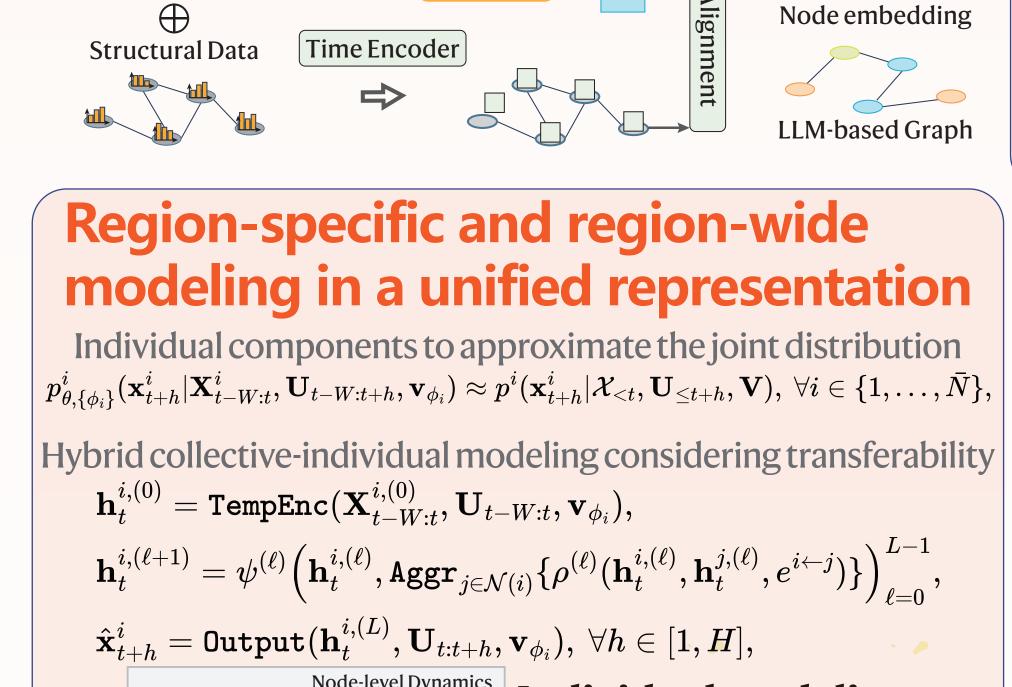
Address:

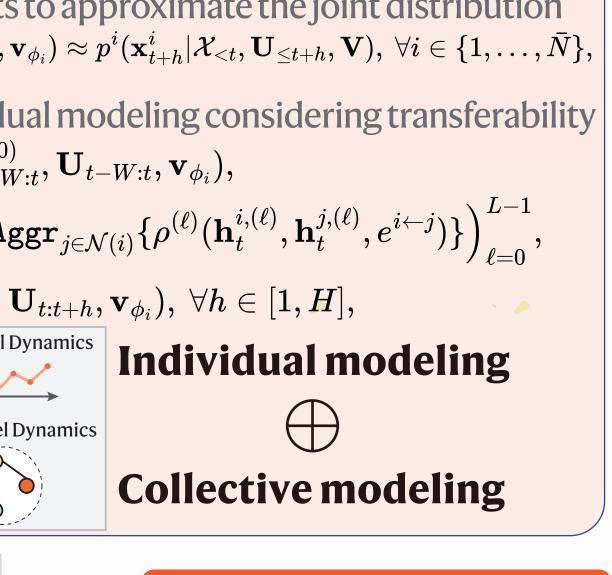
Jiugongmiao Street, Dadukou District, Chongqing, China

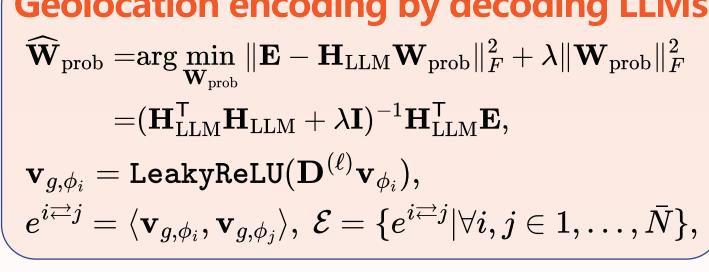
Nearby Places (POIs):

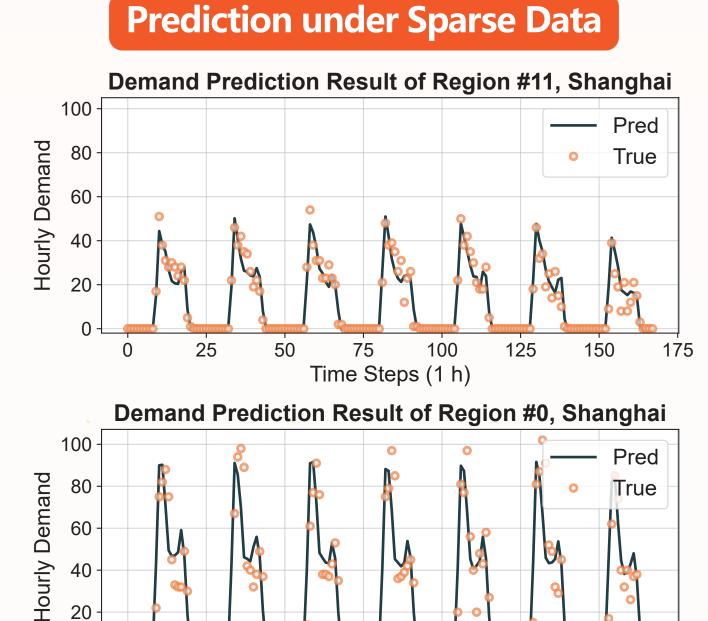
- 0.9 km South-East: Dadukou District 1.2 km South-East: Baqiao Town
- 2.2 km East: Yuejin Street
- 3.0 km North-West: Erlang Restaurant
- 3.4 km South: Chunhui Road Street
- 3.4 km North: Shiqiaopu Depot
- 3.7 km North-East: Zaoqi Village
- 3.7 km North-West: Zhangjiawan District

Preserving the Transferability across Cities Geolocation encoding by decoding LLMs Location Data Textual Data LLM Embedder

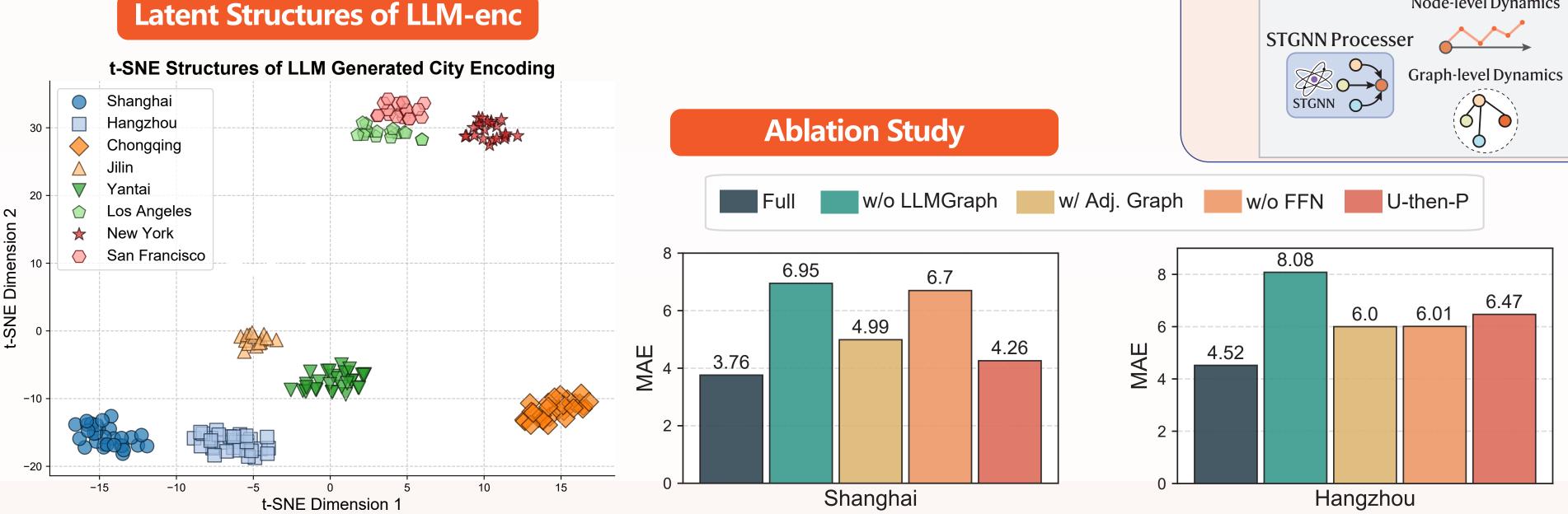








Time Steps (1 h)



Cross-city Transferability											
Models	IMPEI	L (Ours)	MTGNN IGNNK			INK	STGCN		GRIN		
Source → Target	MAE	RMSE	MAE	RMSE	MAE	RMSE	MAE	RMSE	MAE	RMSE	
Shanghai → Hangzhou	3.35	6.42	4.07	<u>7.32</u>	5.64	9.00	5.55	9.31	3.75	7.33	
Shanghai → Chongqing	2.26	4.44	2.62	4.89	3.25	5.22	2.91	4.91	<u>2.51</u>	4.86	
Shanghai → Yantai	2.21	4.14	2.52	4.68	3.47	5.66	2.79	4.77	2.56	4.87	
Hangzhou → Shanghai	2.90	6.20	3.12	6.38	3.04	<u>6.26</u>	3.09	6.54	3.11	6.53	
Hangzhou → Chongqing	2.10	4.25	2.21	4.37	2.21	4.32	2.17	4.37	2.20	4.47	
Hangzhou → Yantai	2.13	4.08	2.26	4.33	2.23	<u>4.17</u>	2.21	4.28	2.34	4.69	

HIGHLIGHTS

- A new solution to the joint demand estimation and prediction problem;
- A novel knowledge-driven scheme for extracting informative geolocation encoding;
- Cross-city transferability is encouraged to address the "cold-start" scenario.

TAKEAWAYS

- Location-based geospatial information serves as important covariates for traffic (delivery) demand estimation;
- Our encoding method is generic and applicable to various architectures, consistently improving their performances.





WE ARE INTERESTED IN:

- Spatiotemporal Data
 Smart Transportation
- Urban Science
- Large Language Models





