Channel-Aware Low-Rank Adaptation in Time Series Forecasting

Tong Nie, Yuewen Mei, Guoyang Qin, Jian Sun, Wei Ma tong.nie@connect.polyu.hk wei.w.ma@polyu.edu.hk





KEYWORDS:

Long-Term Time Series Forecasting Low-Rank Adaptation **Channel Independence Channel Mixing**



CHANNEL-BASED LONG-TERM TIME SERIES FORECASTING ARCHITECTURE



TL/DR; We propose a mixed channel strategy to balance both robustness and capacity based on low-rank adaptation, enhancing performances in long-term series forecasting.

REAL-WORLD ISSUES

- **EXISTING SOLUTIONS** Severe distribution shift Channel Independence
- Channel heterogeneity
- Channel Dependence

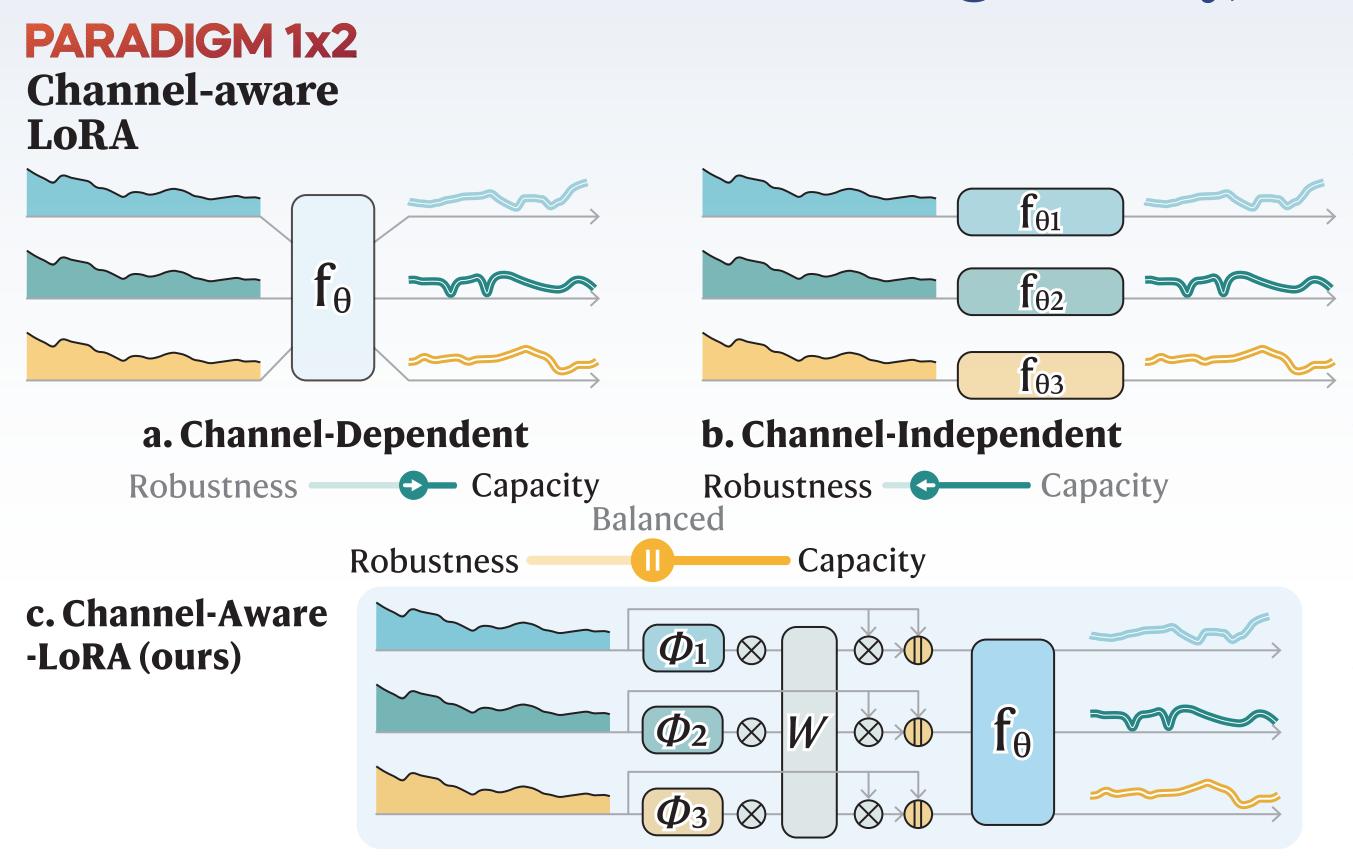
THE DILEMMA OF LTSF" Balance Between Capacity and Robustness in Architectural Design

PARADIGM 1 ~ Channel **Dependence**

$$heta^* = rg \min_{ heta} rac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N \| \mathbf{Y}^{(i)} - f_{ heta}(\mathbf{X}^{(i)}) \|_F^2,$$

- Have larger model capacities
- Prone to overfit, less flexible
- $heta_1^*, \dots, heta_C^* = rg \min_{ heta_1, \dots, heta_C} rac{1}{NC} \sum_{i=1}^N \sum_{c=1}^C \|\mathbf{Y}_{:,c}^{(i)} f_{ heta_c}(\mathbf{X}_{:,c}^{(i)})\|_F^2.$ Channel
 - Independence
- More robust for distribution shift
- Expensive hypothesis spaces

BREAKING THE TRADE-OFF Introducing C-LoRA, A Remedy Designed to Combine the Strengths of Both CI and CD in an Elegant Way, based on the Low-Rank Adaptation Method



How do we design a mixed channel strategy?

GENERAL FORECASTING BACKBONE

- Common components in LTSF architectures
- Popular Transformer- and MLP-based models
- Optional channel mixing operation

PARAMETER-EFFICIENT LOW-RANK ADAPTER

- Low-rank adapter
- Model channel-wise adaptation

CONSIDERING CHANNEL IDENTITY INFORMATION

- Aware of the channel indentity
- Data-adaptive embedding

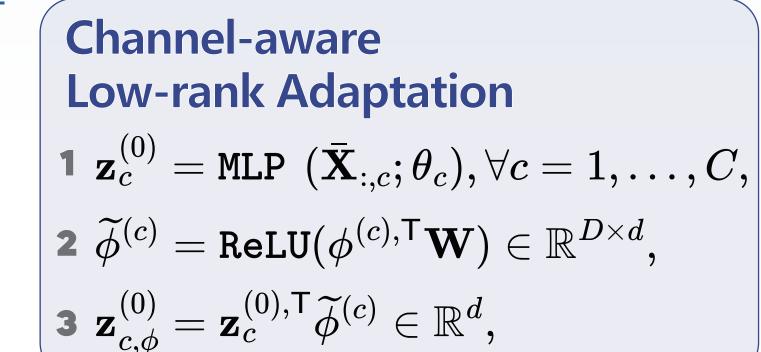
General Template for Forecasting Backbones

 $ar{\mathbf{X}} = \mathtt{Normalization}(\mathbf{X}),$

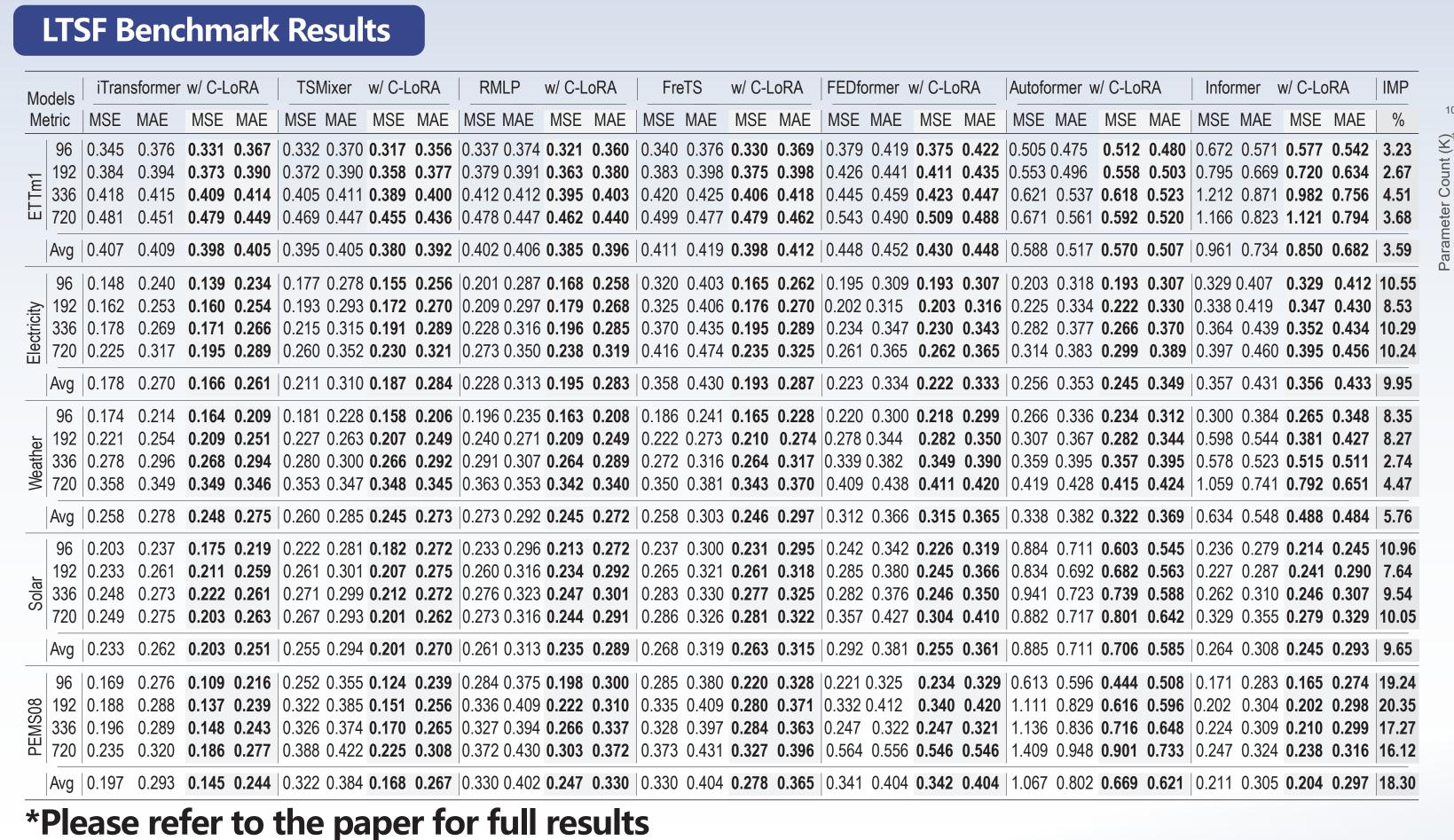
 $\mathbf{z}_c^{(0)} = exttt{TokenEmbedding}(\mathbf{ar{X}}_{:,c}), orall c = 1, \dots, C,$

 $\mathbf{Z}^{(\ell+1)} = exttt{ChannelMixing}(\mathbf{Z}^{(\ell)}), orall \ell = 0, \dots, L,$

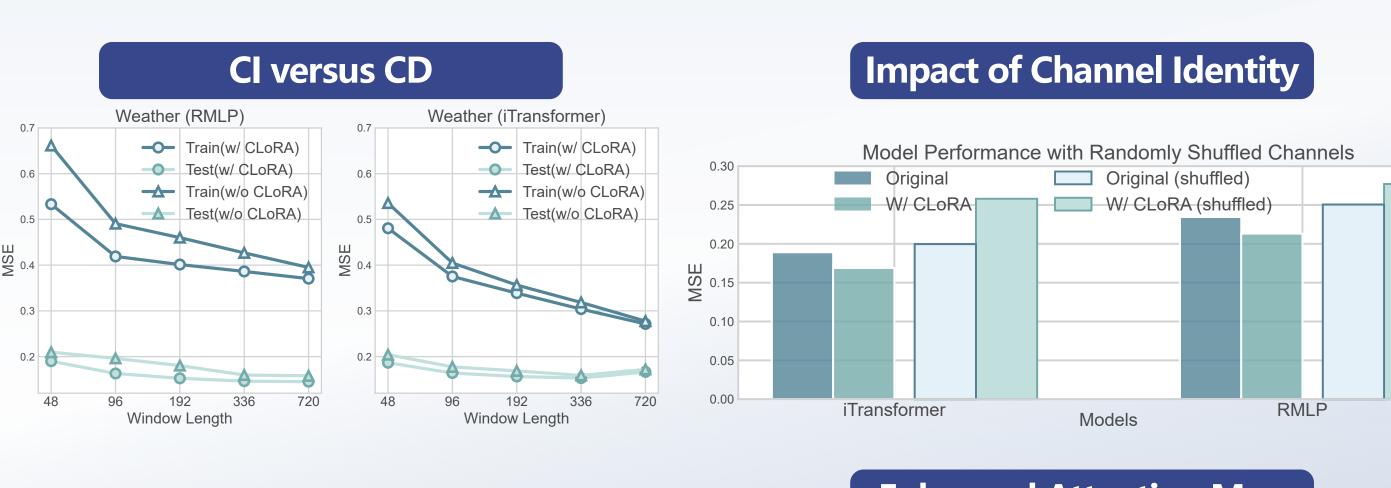
 $\widehat{\mathbf{Y}} = exttt{Projection}(\mathbf{Z}^{(L+1)}),$



A PLUG-IN ENHANCER FOR A WIDE RANGE OF BACKBONES C-LoRA is Seamlessly Adaptable to Various SOTA Time Series Forecasting Backbones, Consistently Improving Their Performances



Parameter Efficiency Fine-tune C-LoRA Parameter Comparison of TSMixer Variants Across Datasets From PEMS04 to PEMS08 From PEMS08 to PEMS04 From scratch Fine-tuning Zero-shot Impact of Channel Identity **CI versus CD**



Enhanced Attention Map

OUR FINDINGS

- C-LoRA consistently improves the performances of various popular forecasting models by a large margin.
- It is also efficient, flexible to fine-tune, and beneficial for the exploitation of channel identity.

POTENTIAL DIRECTIONS

- Integrate it into pretrained LLMs
- More tasks such as time series imputation
- Scalability in large-scale spatiotemporal data





WE ARE INTERESTED IN:

- Spatiotemporal Data
 Smart Transportation
- Urban Science Large Language Models
- **SCAN TO VIEW MORE OF OUR WORK**



