2 b) Var [x]= E[x2]-E[x]2 $E[\lambda(t)] = \int_{0}^{2} \lambda_{max} (t-1)^{2} v_{2} dt = \frac{1}{2} \lambda_{max} v_{3} [(t-1)^{3}]_{0}^{2}$ $= \frac{\lambda_{max}}{6} \left[(2-1)^3 - 1^3 \right] = \frac{\lambda_{max}}{6} \cdot 2 = \frac{\lambda_{max}}{3}$ $E[\lambda(t)]^2 = \frac{\lambda_{max}^2}{3}$ E[x(+)] = \int (\lambda_{max} (t-1)^2)^2 \lambda_2 dt = \lambda_{max}^2 \lambda_2 \int (t-1)^4 dt $= \lambda_{max}^{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{5} \left[(2-1)^{5} - (0-1)^{5} \right] = \frac{\lambda_{max}^{2}}{40} \left[1+1 \right] = \frac{2}{10} \lambda_{mox}^{2}$ $U_{ar}(\lambda) = \lambda_{max}^{L}(\frac{1}{9} - \frac{2}{6}) = \lambda_{max}^{L}(\frac{18}{90} - \frac{10}{90}) = \lambda_{max}^{L}\frac{4}{45}$