

DRMAA: Distributed Resource Management Application API

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on behalf of

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Scope: Run a Job API

(Steps from: Ten Actions when SuperScheduling", GGF SchedWD 8.5, J.M. Schopf, July 2001)

• Phase 1: Resource Discovery

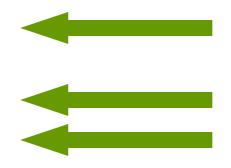
- Step 1 Authorization Filtering
- Step 2 Application requirement definition
- Step 3 Minimal requirement filtering

• Phase 2 System Selection

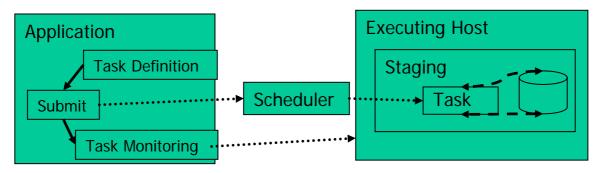
- Step 4 Gathering information (query)
- Step 5 Select the system(s) to run on

• Phase 3 Run job

- Step 6 (optional) Make an advance reservation
- Step 7 Submit job to resources
- Step 8 Preparation Tasks
- Step 9 Monitor progress (maybe go back to 4)
- Step 10 Find out Job is done
- Step 11 Completion tasks



Resource Management Systems Differ Across Each Component



| | Interface Format | Execution Environment |
|-------------|---|---|
| LSF | Has API plus Batch Utilities via "LSF Scripts" | User: Local disk exported System: Remote initialized (option) |
| Grid Engine | GDI API Interface plus Command line interface | System: Remote initialized, with SGE local variables exported |
| PBS | API (script option) Batch Utilities via "PBS Scripts" | System: Remote initialized, with PBS local variables exported |
| DataSynapse | Proprietary API. | User: Remote initialized |

DRMAA Charter

- Develop an API specification for the submission and control of jobs to one or more Distributed Resource Management (DRM) systems.
- The scope of this specification is all the high level functionality which is necessary for an application to consign a job to a DRM system including **common operations on jobs** like termination or suspension.
- The objective is to facilitate the direct interfacing of applications to today's DRM systems by application's builders, portal builders, and Independent Software Vendors (ISVs).

DRMAA History

- BOF at GGF 3 in Frascati, Oct 2001
- WG status at GGF 4, Toronto, February 2002
- Participation from Altair (PBS), Sun Microsystems (SGE), Intel, IBM (LoadLeveler), University of Wisconsin (Condor), Cadence (Rocks system), Globus project
- Sideline engagement from EnFuzion, Entropia, Platform (LSF),
 GridIron project, United Devices
- June 2004: DRMAA 1.0 document accepted as *proposed* recommendation by GFSC
- Until today: Work on implementations and integration of userprovided feedback, new DRMAA compliance test suite

What have been the Issues?

General features

- Session concept
- Asynchronous job monitoring
- Scalability
- Native features

Language bindings

- **–** C/C++
- Perl, Python
- Fortran, Java

Libraries

- Serial / thread safe
- Tracing / diagnosis

Advanced features

- Debugging support
- File staging
- Security
- Job categories

Submit, control & monitor, and query status of jobs

DRMAA API Function Groups

- - Init / Exit
- - Job template handling
 - Allocation / Deletion
 - Job template parameter setter/getter routines
- Job submission
 - Individual jobs
 - —- One time
 - —- Multiple times just re-adjust the job template (parameter sweep)
 - Bulk jobs implicit parameterization
- Job monitoring and control
- - Auxiliary or system routines
 - Error message routines
 - Informational interfaces

Job Template

- - Description of all job requirements / parameters
- Mandatory and optional parameters
- - Same intention as JSDL, but designed as 'smallest
- common denominator' between possible backend's
- - Functions to create/delete job templates

```
job_template *drmaa_allocate_job_template (void)void drmaa_delete_job_template (job_template *jt)
```

• - Setter/getter job template routines (scalar/vector)

```
- int drmaa_set_attribute (job_template *jt,
- char *name,
- char *value);
- char* drmaa_get_attribute (job_template *jt,
- char *name);
```

Job Submission

- Jobs submitted to the DRM system are
- identified via an opaque job identifier (char*)
- - Single job identifiers are returned by

```
- int drmaa_run_job (job_template *jt,
  char *job_id )
```

- - Bulk job submissions return multiple job
- identifiers

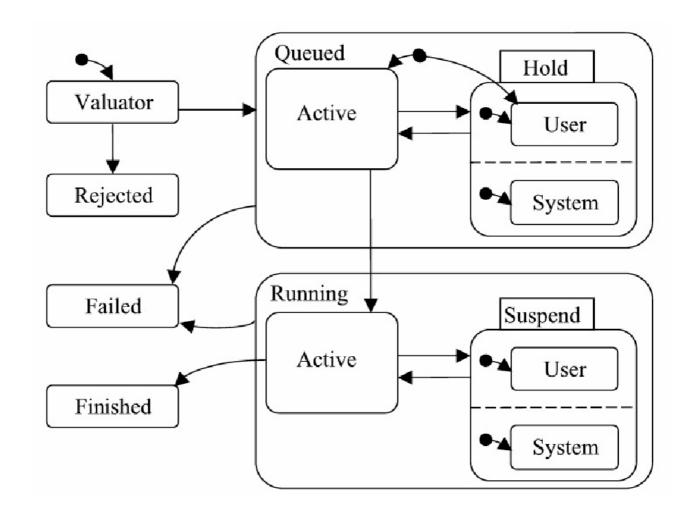
Job Monitoring, Control, and Status

• - Monitoring/Control functions

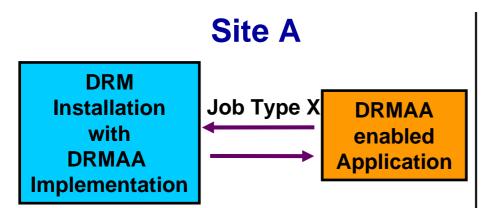
```
- int drmaa_control (char *job_id,
- int action);
- int drmaa_synchronize(char **job_ids);
- int drmaa_job_ps (char *job_id,
- int *remote_ps);
```

- Blocking and non-blocking waiting for one or
- more jobs to finish (like POSIX wait4(2))
 - char *drmaa_wait(char *jobid, int *status,
 int timeout, char **rusage);
 - drmaa_wif[exited|signaled|aborted] and friends to get more information about failed jobs

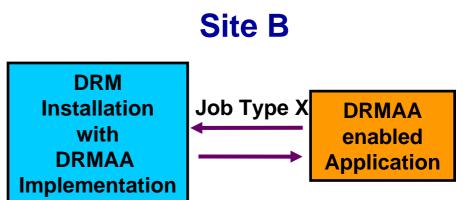
Job State Transition



Job Categories



 Cluster consists of machines where X jobs run and others where they don't run



• X jobs run at all machines in cluster

Native DRMS Options

- The end user interacts with the DRMS via
- native_specification parameter
 - Simple solution
 - DRMAA implementation ignores the DRMAA DRMS
 - implicitly used and disallowed options
 - Dist. Appls. Developers and DRMS vendors are not involved
 - in the local environment spec.
 - The burden is on the end users to define the execution
 - environment
 - —- Need to know DRM
 - —- Need to know the remote application installation

DRMAA Placement

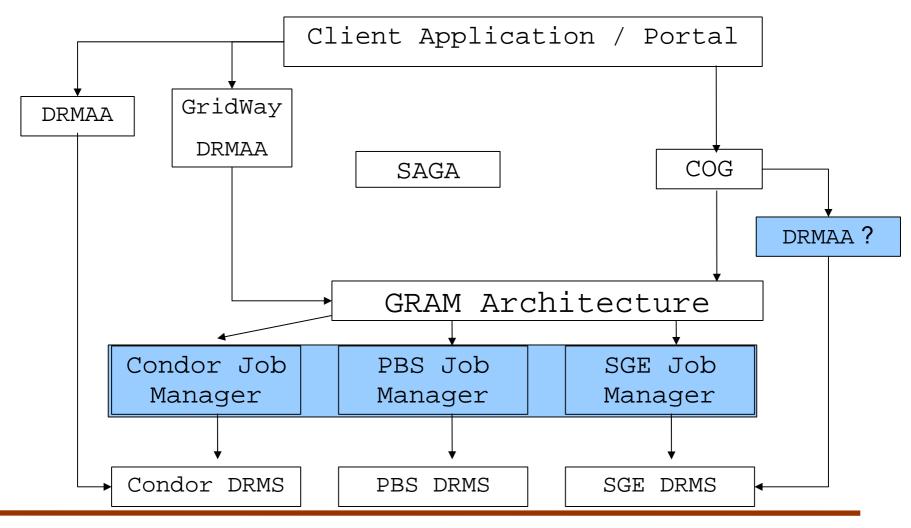
• - Realized:

- On top of DRM systems
- On top of Globus
- Beneath GRAM
- Interfaced by a Portal, application, shell

• - Also possible:

- UNICORE TSI interface to DRMSs
- CoG adapter
- On top of CoG
- Portable command line utilities (qsub, qstat)

A World of Submission API's



DRMAA in Practice

- - Multiple implementations since 2004
 - Product implementation in Sun Grid Engine 6
 - —- C- and Java-binding implementation
 - Complete implementation in Condor 6.7 series
 - —- C-binding implementation
 - CPAN Perl DRMAA module (Tim Harsch)
 - —- On-top-of DRMAA C-library
 - Complete implementation in GridWay
 - —- Allows DRMAA on-top-of Globus
 - Prototype for Globus 3 DRMAA job manager (HPI)
 - —- Based on DRMAA Perl implementation
- - Tutorials, programming examples, test suites
 - http://gridengine.sunsource.net
 - http://www.dcl.hpi.uni-potsdam.de/research/drmaa
 - - GGF12 tutorial, JavaOne 05 tutorial materials

Latest Improvements

- - Feedback from practical usage of available
- implementation(s) went back into spec
 - Just look at the GridForge tracker and the SGE / Condor
 - mailing lists
- Some details were under-specified
 - Behavior in multi-threaded environments
- - C-centric style makes it hard to develop conformant
- object-oriented bindings
 - Massive feedback from Java and .NET language binding
 - specification work
- - Several missing error codes fixed
- - But: Keep the API as small as it is !!!

The Future - DRMAA IDL Spec

- - Started work in early 2005
- Based on Java- and .NET-binding experiences
- - Specification through standardized OMG Interface
- Definition Language (IDL)
 - No, that does not mean CORBA ;-)
 - Example: W3C DOM specification
 - DRMAA language bindings will (and should) not rely on IDL
 - language bindings from OMG
 - —- Complicated, weired semantics
 - —- Simple custom binding by specifying consistent mapping rules
 - —- Examples for Java in the IDL-spec
 - Usage of IDL avoids wording issues (i.e., attribute' vs., property')
 - Allows for true language-independent description of
 - namespaces, enumerations, constants, and time values

The Future - DRMAA IDL Spec (contd.)

- - Improved, more consistent description text for all
- functions
 - More details regarding advanced OO-specific features
 - (multiple session objects, exception hierarchies)
 - Consider languages with introspection functionalities
 - Some details about RPC-DRMAA scenarios (SOAP, RMI, ...)
- - More parameter placeholders (e.g. for job ID)
- A lot more possible error codes for the operations

The Future - Backward Compatibility

- C- and Java bindings in their current state can be mostly
- derived also from the IDL spec
 - Demand for consistent name mapping might change one or two
 - method names in the C-binding
 - Introduction of new job state / error codes does not break
 - existing applications
 - DRMAA has already a notion of versioning
- - .NET binding will be re-designed based on the IDL spec
- - No official binding documents for Perl and Python so far

DRMAA Documents and Tools

- Updated DRMAA GFD-P-R

- Will be submitted to GFSG during the next weeks
- Three additional experience reports for Sun's N1GE, Condor and GridWay

DRMAA GFD-P-R or GFD.22 document

- Since June 2004
- - C binding v1.0
 - Ready for submission to GFSG
- - Java binding 0.6.1
 - Fairly complete
- - .NET binding v0.2
 - Needs a sync
- - IDL document v0.35
 - Nearly feature complete, needs to be augmented with latest DRMAA spec
 - Will be submitted as a new, standalone GFD-P-R doc (might become DRMAA 2.0)
- - DRMAA Test Suite
 - Hosted by Condor DRMAA CVS at Sourceforge: http://sf.net/projects/condor-ext
- DRMAA Wiki
 - Share your experience : http://drmaa.org/wiki

Next Steps

- - Submitting final document + experience reports
- - Continuous improvement of the test suite
- Start work on next DRMAA version,
- based on IDL spec
- Collaboration with SAGA, JSDL, and OGSA-BES for
- identifying synergy effects
- - More implementations, more languages, more
- applications ...

Conclusion

- Please take part in the discussion
 - Bi-weekly con calls
 - Toll Free: (866)545-5198 Code: 6898552
 - Regular: (865)521-8904
 - GridForge tracker
 - E-mail: drmaa-wg@gridforum.org
 - Archive: Use the link at http://drmaa.org
- Please implement DRMAA and tell us your
- experience
 - It's easy, Dan did it 4 times ;-) ...

Thank you!