Package 'broadcast'

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Title Simple Operations Broadcasted for Atomic Arrays and Multi-Threaded for Atomic Long Vectors **Version** 0.0.0.9000

Description Implements simple broadcasted operations for atomic arrays, and simple parallel computed operations for atomic long vectors.

Includes relational operators (`==`, `!=`, `<`, `>`, `<=`, `>=`), boolean combiner operations (`&`, `|`, xor(), ``not-and"), integer/double/complex arithmetic operators (`+`, `-`, `*`, `/`, `^` `%%`, pmin(), pmax()), and string concatination operators(`+`, `*`).

The broadcasted operators have about the same performance as their base 'R' counterparts.

The broadcasted operators use considerably less memory than their base 'R' counterparts.

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Encoding UTF-8

LinkingTo Rcpp

Roxygen list(markdown = TRUE)

RoxygenNote 7.3.1

Depends R (>= 4.2.0)

Imports Rcpp (>= 1.0.11)

Suggests tinytest

Contents

Index		6
	bc_pred_dim	5
	bc.d	4
	atomic_typecast	3
	array_recycle	
	aaa00_broadcast_help	1

2 array_recycle

aaa00_broadcast_help

broadcast: Subset Methods as Alternatives to the Square Brackets Operators for Programming

Description

broadcast:

Simple broadcasted infix operations for atomic arrays in 'R'.

The 'broadcast' package supports relational operators (==, !=, <, >=), logical combiners (&, |, xor, nand), arithmetic (+, -, *, /, ^)

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References

The badges shown in the documentation of this R-package were made using the services of: https://shields.io/

array_recycle

Recycle Array Dimensions

Description

The array_recycle() function recycles array dimensions until the specified dimension sizes are reached, and returns the array.

The various broadcasting functions "recycle" an array virtually, meaning little to no additional memory is needed.

The array_recycle() function, however, physically recycles an array (and thus actually occupies memory space).

Usage

```
array_recycle(x, tdim)
```

Arguments

x an atomic or recursive array or matrix.

tdim an integer vector, giving the target dimension to reach.

Value

Returns the recycled array.

atomic_typecast 3

Examples

```
x <- matrix(1:9, 3,3)
colnames(x) <- LETTERS[1:3]
rownames(x) <- letters[1:3]
names(x) <- month.abb[1:9]
print(x)
array_recycle(x, c(3,3,2)) # recycle to larger size</pre>
```

atomic_typecast

Atomic Type Casting With Names and Dimensions Preserved

Description

Atomic type casting in R is generally performed using the functions as.logical, as.integer, as.double, as.character, as.complex, and as.raw.

Converting an object between atomic types using these functions strips the object of its attributes, including (dim)names and dimensions.

The functions provided here by the 'tinycodet' package preserve the dimensions, dimnames, and names.

The functions are as follows:

- as_bool(): converts object to atomic type logical (TRUE, FALSE, NA).
- as_int(): converts object to atomic type integer.
- as_dbl(): converts object to atomic type double (AKA decimal numbers).
- as_chr(): converts object to atomic type character.
- as_cplx(): converts object to atomic type complex.
- as_raw():converts object to atomic type raw.

Usage

```
as_bool(x, ...)
as_int(x, ...)
as_dbl(x, ...)
as_chr(x, ...)
as_cplx(x, ...)
as_raw(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x vector, matrix, array (or a similar object where all elements share the same type).

... further arguments passed to or from other methods.

4 bc.d

Value

The converted object.

Examples

```
# matrix example ====
x \leftarrow matrix(sample(-1:28), ncol = 5)
colnames(x) <- month.name[1:5]</pre>
rownames(x) <- month.abb[1:6]</pre>
names(x) \leftarrow c(letters[1:20], LETTERS[1:10])
print(x)
as_bool(x)
as_int(x)
as_dbl(x)
as_chr(x)
as_cplx(x)
as_raw(x)
# factor example ====
x <- factor(month.abb, levels = month.abb)</pre>
names(x) <- month.name</pre>
print(x)
as_bool(as_int(x) > 6)
as_int(x)
as_dbl(x)
as_chr(x)
as_cplx(x)
as_raw(x)
```

bc.d

Broadcasted Decimal Arithmetic

Description

The bc.d() function performs broadcasted decimal arithmetic operations on 2 atomic arrays.

Usage

```
bc.d(x, y, op)
```

Arguments

```
x, y conformable atomic arrays of types logical, integer, or double. op a single string, giving the operator. Supported operators: +, -, *, /.
```

bc_pred_dim 5

Value

The list.

Examples

```
x.dim <- c(10:8)
x.len <- prod(x.dim)
x.data <- sample(c(NA, 1.1:1000.1), x.len, TRUE)
x <- array(x.data, x.dim)
y <- array(1:50, c(10,1,1))

bc.d(x, y, "+")
bc.d(x, y, "-")
bc.d(x, y, "*")
bc.d(x, y, "/")
bc.d(x, y, "/")</pre>
```

bc_pred_dim

Predict Broadcasted dimensions

Description

```
bc_pred_dim()
```

Usage

```
bc_pred_dim(x, y)
```

Arguments

x, y

an atomic array or matrix.

Value

Returns the recycled array.

Examples

```
x <- matrix(1:9, 3,3)
colnames(x) <- LETTERS[1:3]
rownames(x) <- letters[1:3]
names(x) <- month.abb[1:9]
print(x)
array_recycle(x, c(3,3,2)) # recycle to larger size</pre>
```

Index

```
aaa00_broadcast_help, 1
array_recycle, 2
as.character, 3
as.complex, 3
as.double, 3
as.integer, 3
as.logical, 3
as.raw,3
as_bool (atomic_typecast), 3
as_chr (atomic_typecast), 3
as_cplx (atomic_typecast), 3
as_dbl (atomic_typecast), 3
as_int(atomic_typecast), 3
as_raw(atomic_typecast), 3
atomic_typecast, 3
bc.d, 4
bc_pred_dim, 5
broadcast(aaa00_broadcast_help), 1
broadcast-package
        (aaa00_broadcast_help), 1
broadcast_help (aaa00_broadcast_help), 1
```