2019/3/19 XX1072078 hw1

- 1. 程式概念
- ・下方為file tree

• 使用方式

\$ cd

- \$ git clone https://github.com/tony92151/algorithm_homework.git
- \$ cd ~/algorithm homework/hw1
- \$ g++ hw1.cpp && ./a.out
- Input & output 格式(以空格隔開)

10 68 12 19 53 0 11 4 67 79 32

其中第一個數字定義這個資料的長度

- 在main中
 - A. 定義輸入及輸出文件
 - B. 讀取第一個數值length,再定義一個int array,長度為length
 - C. 顯示長度及原始array
 - D. 進行MergeSort
 - E. 顯示新array,並儲存進output.txt (以空格隔開)

• 在MergeSort 及 Merge中,架構與講義相同

```
MERGE-SORT(A, p, r)

1 if p < r

2 q = \lfloor (p+r)/2 \rfloor

3 MERGE-SORT(A, p, q)

4 MERGE-SORT(A, q+1, r)

5 MERGE(A, p, q, r)
```

```
MERGE(A, p, q, r)
1 n_1 = q - p + 1
2 n_2 = r - q
3 create arrays L[1 ... n_1+1] and R[1 ... n_2+1]
4 for i = 1 to n_1
5
      L[i] = A[p+i-1]
6 for j = 1 to n_2
7
      R[j] = A[q+j]
8 L[n_1 + 1] = \infty
9 R[n_2 + 1] = \infty
10 i = 1
11 j = 1
12 for k = p to r
13
       if L[i] \leq R[j]
            then A[k] = L[i]
14
15
                 i = i + 1
16
            else A[k] = R[j]
17
                 j = j + 1
```

2. Code

```
1. /**
2. * Name : hw1
3.
4. * Author : Tony Guo
5.
6. * Country : Taiwan
7.
8. * Date : 18 Mar, 2019
9.
10. * github : https://github.com/tony92151/algorithm homework
11. */
12.
13.
14. #include <stdio.h>
15. #include <iostream>
16. #include <fstream>
17. #include <string>
18. using namespace std;
19.
20.
21. void MergeSort(int A[],int p,int r);
22. void Merge(int A[], int p, int q, int r);
23.
24.
25. int main(){
26.
       ifstream input( "input.txt" );
27.
     ofstream output( "output.txt" );
28.
29.
30.
     int leagth;
31.
       int array;
32.
33.
       if (input.is_open()){
          bool first = true;
34.
35.
36.
          //read first line to get length
37.
           input >> leagth;
```

```
cout<<"Length:" << leagth <<"\n";</pre>
38.
39.
40.
            //define array length
            int *array = new int [leagth];
41.
42.
            //read each number in array
43.
44.
            int count = 0;
            while (count < leagth && input >> array[count]) count++;
45.
46.
            //display array
47.
            cout<<"old array : ";</pre>
48.
            for(int i = 0; i < leagth; i++) cout<<array[i]<<" ";</pre>
49.
50.
            cout<<"\n";
51.
52.
            //sort
53.
            MergeSort(array, 0, 10);
54.
55.
            //display new array
            cout<<"new array : ";</pre>
56.
57.
            for(int i = 0; i < leagth; i++) cout<<array[i]<<" ";</pre>
            cout<<"\n";
58.
59.
60.
            //store new array in optput.txt
            cout<<"store new array in optput.txt\n";</pre>
61.
62.
            count = 0;
            output << leagth <<"\n";</pre>
63.
            while (count < leagth && output<<array[count]<<"\n") count+</pre>
64.
   +;
65.
            cout<<"Done\n";</pre>
66.
67.
68.
        }
69.
70.}
71.
72. void MergeSort(int A[], int p, int r) {
      if (p < r) {
            int h = (p+r)/2;//half
74.
            MergeSort(A, p, h);
75.
76.
            MergeSort(A, h+1, r);
77.
            Merge(A, p, r, h);
78.
        }
79.}
80.
81. void Merge(int A[], int p, int q, int r) {
        int n1 = r - p + 1;
82.
83.
      int n2 = q - r;
84.
85.
      //new array
86.
        int *L = new int[n1];
87.
        int *R = new int[n2];
88.
```

```
89. for (int i = 0; i < n1; i++) {
90.
           L[i] = A[p+i];
91.
92.
       for (int i = 0; i < n2; i++) {</pre>
       R[i] = A[i+r+1];
93.
94.
95.
       L[n1] = 2147483647; //INF
96.
97.
       R[n2] = 2147483647; //INF
98.
99.
       int i = 0, j = 0;
       for (int k = p; k <= q; k++) {</pre>
100.
           if (L[i] <= R[j]) {
101.
102.
               A[k] = L[i];
103.
               i++;
           }
104.
105.
           else {
106.
               A[k] = R[j];
               j++;
107.
108.
109.
110.}
111.
```