

UiO : Universitetet i Oslo

CANDIDATE

184101

TEST

MAE4011 1 Principles of Measurement

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Grade deadline	--
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9 SR1H22

A scale to measure depression severity was developed and data were collected from a large group of students, along with the scores of an existing scale for satisfaction with life.

You observed the following covariance matrix for the scores of the two scales, where X denotes the depression severity scale scores and Y denotes the satisfaction with life scale scores:

$$\Sigma = \begin{pmatrix} 10 & -7 \\ -7 & 10 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Based on these observations, how would you characterize the relationship between depression severity and satisfaction with life?

State the assumptions made in the interpretations of the relationship.

Fill in your answer here

The relationship between depression severity and satisfaction with life is weak.

Words: 11

Answered.

11 SR3H22

X and Y are two random variables where $\text{Var}(X) = 2$, $\text{Var}(Y) = 3$ and $\text{Cov}(X, Y) = 1$.

1. Calculate $\text{Var}(Z)$, where $Z = X - Y$. Show your work.
2. Calculate $\text{Var}(U)$, where $U = X + 2Y$. Show your work.

Fill in your answer here

$\text{Var}(Z) = \text{Var}(X) + \text{Var}(Y) - 2\text{cov}(XY)$

Words: 1

Answered.

12 SR4H22

Let m be the number of items on a test. For a five-item test, the common factor loading λ was 1 and the variance of the sum score Y was 10. Compute coefficient alpha

$$\alpha = m \frac{\lambda^2}{\text{Var}(Y)}$$

and interpret it. State the assumptions underlying the interpretation.

Fill in your answer here

Coefficient alpha is 0.99. $m/m-1(1-(1)^2/10)=0.99$.

The relations between the items are very strong.

Words: 13

Answered.

13 SR5H22

The *Standards for Educational and Psychological Testing* (2014) state that it is useful to consider ways in which the test scores can be influenced by either (1) too much or (2) too little.

A three-domain test is administered for the purpose of measuring Norwegian 15-year-olds' ability to use their reading, mathematics and science knowledge and skills to meet real-life challenges. The test is a low-stakes test for the respondents since individual assessment is not of interest.

Provide **one example** of a way in which the test-scores might be influenced by too much, and **one example** of how the test-scores might be influenced by too little.

Fill in your answer here

The test-scores might be influenced by too much if there was a out of syllabus question for example if a vocabulary question was asked in the mathematic section.

The test-scores might be influenced by too little if there was question asked from only one portion of the curriculum for example if there were questions only from Algebra under mathematics or only one portion of syllabus covered under science.

Words: 68

Answered.

14 SR6H22

For two tests of reading comprehension, X and Y , the linear equating function was estimated to be $\text{eq}(Y) = 1.2X + 6$. The cut score for passing test Y was determined to be 30.

Give the cut score for pass in terms of the test X scores, based on the estimated equating function. Present and explain how the result was obtained.

Fill in your answer here

$$Y = 1.2X + 6 = 30$$

Words: 1

Answered.

15 SR7H22

Item scores on a test of mathematics and a test of interest in mathematics were given to the same group of students. A two-factor model with correlated factors (one factor measured by the mathematics test items and the other by the interest in mathematics items) was estimated, yielding the model fit indices:

GFI	0.95
RMSEA	0.05
SRMR	0.06

The correlation between the sum scores of the respective tests was 0.2 while the estimated factor correlation was 0.5. Explain why there is a difference in the factor correlation and the sum score correlation in this context.

Fill in your answer here

The factor correlation and the sum score correlation for the Women and Men differs.

Words: 14

Answered.

16 SR8H22

A bifactor model with one general factor and two subfactors (all factors independent) was estimated for an Norwegian test with two subdomains (reading and writing), yielding the following factor loading estimates:

Item	General	Reading	Writing
1	3	0.5	0
2	1	0.5	0
3	2	1	0
4	1	0	1
5	1	0	0.5
6	1	0	0.5

The model fit was judged to be satisfactory.

In a previous study, the sum score was used. Based on the estimated factor loadings, would you recommend doing this? Justify your answer.

Fill in your answer here

I would not recommend doing the two sub factors in this case.

Words: 12

Answered.

17 LR1H22

You have been asked to assist a group of teachers of Norwegian as a foreign language to find the appropriate cut-score for a test of Norwegian reading proficiency.

As part of the process, the test was piloted with a representative sample of the intended population and the results are available to you. In addition, an established framework describes the expected level of Norwegian reading proficiency.

Give a brief outline of how a standard-setting procedure could be used to find the cut-score for pass/fail on the Norwegian reading proficiency test.

Fill in your answer here

For the reading proficiency a paragraph can be given and questions can be asked from the paragraph to find if the reading ability of a person. Range can be used to categorize the pass and fail. People falling below certain percentage can be considered fail and people falling above certain percentage can be considered pass.

Words: 55

Answered.

18 LR2H22

A scale is being developed to measure satisfaction with life with the intended purpose to use the scale in national survey to identify which factors are associated with high satisfaction of life in the population. The scale consists of Likert items. According to the underlying theory of satisfaction with life, it is a unidimensional attribute. The theory also states that satisfaction with life is expected to have differences based on gender.

With this information in mind, do the following:

- Describe what evidence sources you want to consider in order to evaluate the validity of the scale scores for their intended purpose
- Describe the data you would like to collect to conduct the validity study
- Describe the analyses you would do in the validity study
- Outline what results you would consider as evidence supporting the validity of using the scale scores in the national survey

Fill in your answer here

Words: 0

Unanswered.

19 LR3H22

The following output was obtained from estimating a single factor model to five 4-category Likert scale items from a scale measuring the environmental awareness of 15-year olds in Norway.

Item	Factor loading	Error variance
1	2.00	4.00
2	3.00	2.00
3	1.00	4.00
4	2.00	5.00
5	2.00	1.00

The residual correlation matrix was

$$\Sigma_{\text{res}} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.000 & & & & \\ 0.026 & 0.000 & & & \\ 0.017 & -0.035 & 0.000 & & \\ -0.014 & 0.072 & -0.019 & 0.000 & \\ -0.025 & -0.039 & 0.020 & 0.009 & 0.000 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Address the following in your response:

1. What validity evidence categories from the Standards for Educational and Psychological Testing are relevant in this analysis? (1p)
2. Based on your appraisal, does the single factor model fit well?
3. Assume that a single factor model is appropriate for the analysis of the five item scores. Which item contributes the most to the reliability of the sum score and which item contributes the least? Justify your answers. (1p)
4. From the description of the items above and the results of the estimated model, give **one reservation** against the use of the linear factor model in this case. (1p)

Fill in your answer here

2) For a good fit the goodness of fit should be 0.095, the RMSEA should be 0.05. In this case the single factor model fits well.

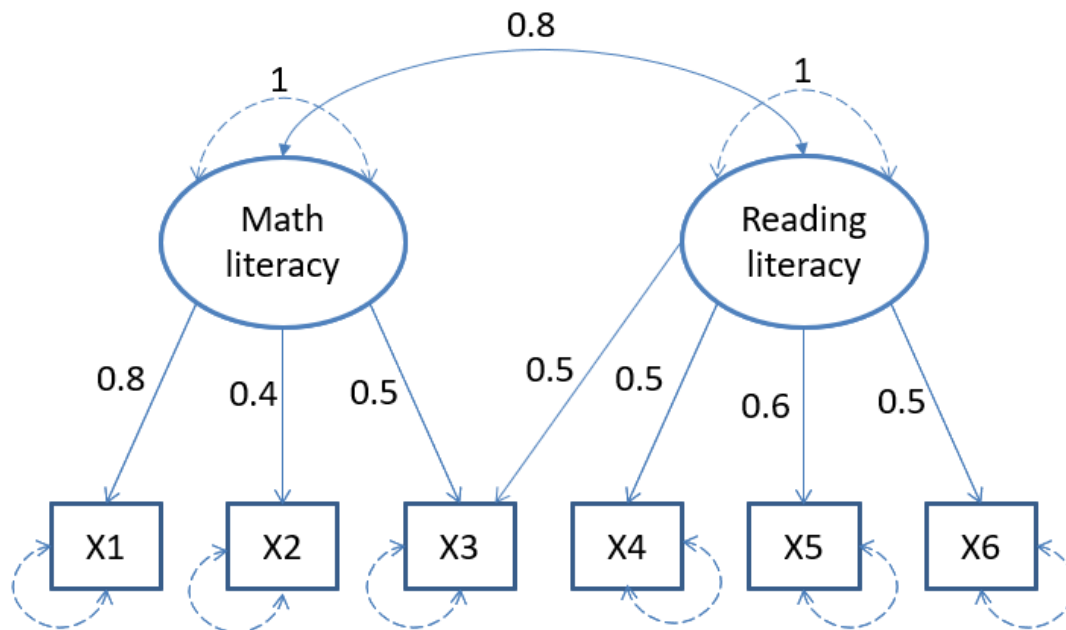
3) Item 4 contributes the most and item 5 contributes the least.

Words: 37

Answered.

20 **LR4H22**

A multiple factor model is illustrated in the graph below. The latent variables and the observed variables are all standardized.



Answer the following questions based on the graph.

1. What is the equation which describes the model for the item score **X3**? Write down the equation with an explanation of the parameters and variables included. (2p)
2. What is the covariance between item scores **X3** and **X4** according to the model? Show your work and explain the steps taken. (2p)

Fill in your answer here

X3 is the mean
 Latent variable is Math and Reading
 Observed variable is X3

$$X3 = 0.5$$

$$X4 = 0.5$$

$$\text{The covariance of X3 and X4 is } 0.5 \times 0.5 = 0.25$$

Words: 24

Answered.