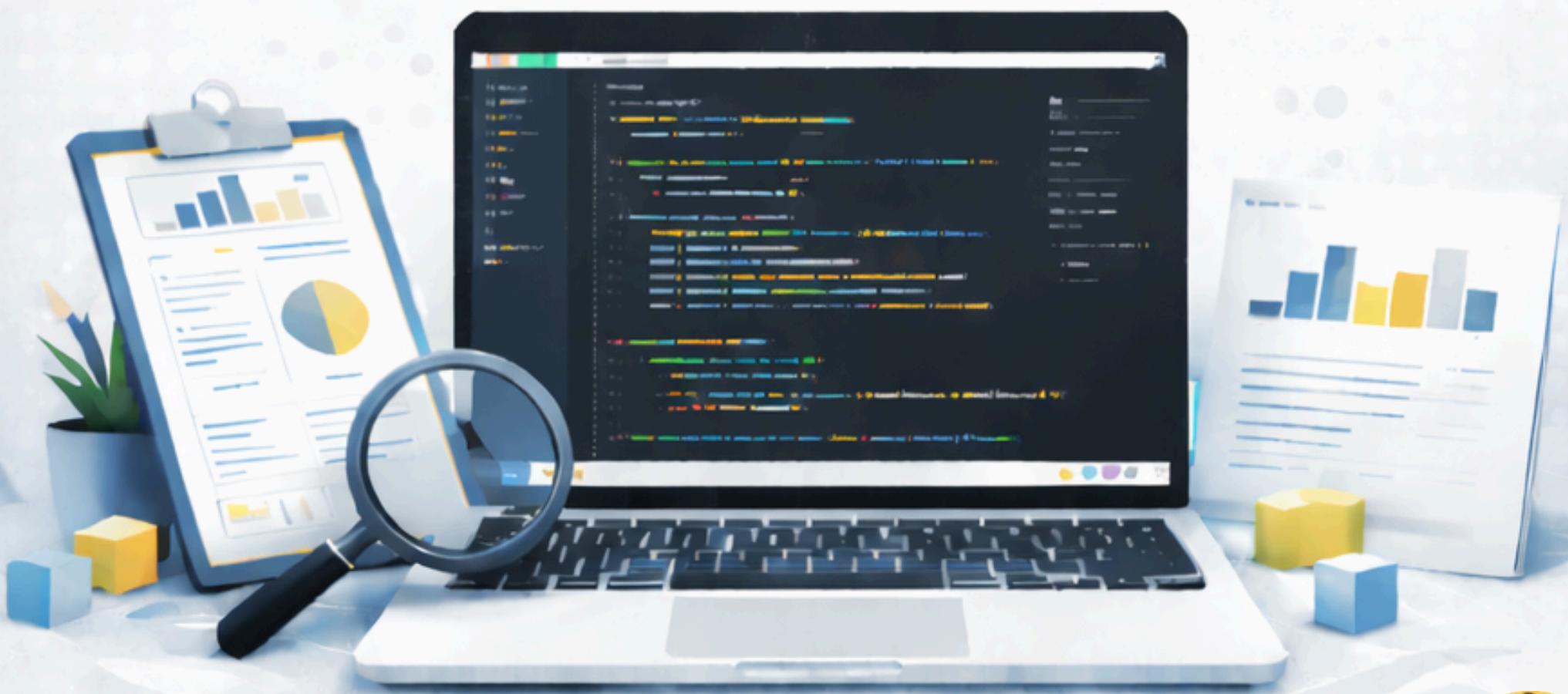




# Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) in Python

Core Techniques Every Data Professional Should Know



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# EDA Setup

Create virtual env → isolate project

```
$ python -m venv eda_env
```

Activate env → start workspace

```
$ source eda_env/bin/activate
```

Upgrade pip → avoid install errors

```
$ python -m pip install --upgrade pip
```

Install core libraries → EDA essentials

```
$ pip install pandas numpy
```

```
$ pip install matplotlib seaborn
```

Install stats tools → deeper analysis

```
$ pip install scipy
```

Install profiling → automated EDA

```
$ pip install ydata-profiling
```

Launch Jupyter → interactive analysis

```
$ jupyter notebook
```



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# Load Data & First Look

**Read CSV file** → load dataset into a DataFrame

`pd.read_csv("data.csv")`

**Read Excel file** → import spreadsheet data into

Python

`pd.read_excel("data.xlsx")`

**Head** → preview first few rows of the dataset

`df.head()`

**Tail** → inspect last rows to check data

completeness

`df.tail()`

**Shape** → check number of rows and columns

`df.shape`

**Columns** → list all feature names in the dataset

`df.columns`



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# Data Types & Columns

**Dtypes** → check column data types

`df.dtypes`

**Convert to datetime** → fix dates

`pd.to_datetime(df["date"])`

**Convert to numeric** → clean numbers

`pd.to_numeric(df["amount"], errors="coerce")`

**Astype category** → optimize memory

`df["city"].astype("category")`

**Rename columns** → consistency

`df.rename(columns={"Order Date":"order_date"})`

**Sort values** → inspect extremes

`df.sort_values("amount")`

**Unique values** → detect IDs

`df.nunique()`



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# Missing Values Handling

Is null → missing check

`df.isna().any()`

Null count → column-wise

`df.isna().sum()`

Null percentage → severity

`df.isna().mean()*100`

Drop null rows → strict cleaning

`df.dropna()`

Fill with value → simple impute

`df.fillna(0)`

Fill with median → numeric fix

`df["amount"].fillna(df["amount"].median())`

Forward fill → time series

`df.fillna(method="ffill")`



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# Duplicates & Quality Checks

**Find duplicates** → detect repeats

**df.duplicated()**

**Count duplicates** → data quality

**df.duplicated().sum()**

**Drop duplicates** → clean data

**df.drop\_duplicates()**

**Subset duplicates** → key-based

**df.duplicated(subset=["id","date"])**

**Memory usage** → dataset size

**df.memory\_usage(deep=True)**

**Sample rows** → random check

**df.sample(5)**

**Value counts** → category spread

**df["status"].value\_counts()**



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# Descriptive Statistics

**Mean** → average value

`df["amount"].mean()`

**Median** → central value

`df["amount"].median()`

**Std dev** → variation

`df["amount"].std()`

**Quantiles** → distribution cut

`df["amount"].quantile([0.25,0.5,0.75])`

**Skew** → distribution shape

`df["amount"].skew()`

**Kurtosis** → tail heaviness

`df["amount"].kurt()`

**Mode** → most frequent

`df["status"].mode()`



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# GroupBy Analysis

**Group mean** → segment average

```
df.groupby("city")["amount"].mean()
```

**Group sum** → totals

```
df.groupby("city")["amount"].sum()
```

**Multiple agg** → deeper insight

```
df.groupby("city")  
["amount"].agg(["mean","median","count"])
```

**Pivot table** → summary view

```
pd.pivot_table(df, values="amount", index="city")
```

**Crosstab** → category vs category

```
pd.crosstab(df["city"], df["status"])
```

**Rank within group** → comparison

```
df.groupby("city")["amount"].rank()
```

**Top N per group** → leaders

```
df.sort_values("amount").groupby("city").tail(3)
```



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# Correlation & Relationships

Correlation matrix → relationships

`df.select_dtypes("number").corr()`

Target correlation → drivers

`df.corr()["amount"]`

Covariance → joint variation

`df.cov()`

Scatter plot → relation view

`plt.scatter(df["x"], df["y"])`

Pairplot → multi-feature view

`sns.pairplot(df)`

Heatmap → correlation visual

`sns.heatmap(df.corr())`

Line fit → trend check

`np.polyfit(x, y, 1)`



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# Visual EDA

**Histogram** → distribution

`df["amount"].hist()`

**Boxplot** → outliers

`df.boxplot(column="amount")`

**Bar plot** → category counts

`df["city"].value_counts().plot.bar()`

**Line plot** → trends

`df.plot.line(x="date", y="amount")`

**Countplot** → frequency

`sns.countplot(x="status", data=df)`

**Violin plot** → density

`sns.violinplot(x="status", y="amount", data=df)`

**Save plot** → reuse

`plt.savefig("plot.png")`



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# Automated EDA & Export

Profile report → full EDA

```
from ydata_profiling import ProfileReport  
ProfileReport(df).to_file("eda.html")
```

Minimal profile → large data

```
ProfileReport(df, minimal=True)
```

Sweetviz → instant report

```
sv.analyze(df).show_html()
```

Missingno matrix → null pattern

```
msno.matrix(df)
```

Export CSV → cleaned data

```
df.to_csv("clean.csv", index=False)
```

Export Parquet → analytics-ready

```
df.to_parquet("data.parquet")
```

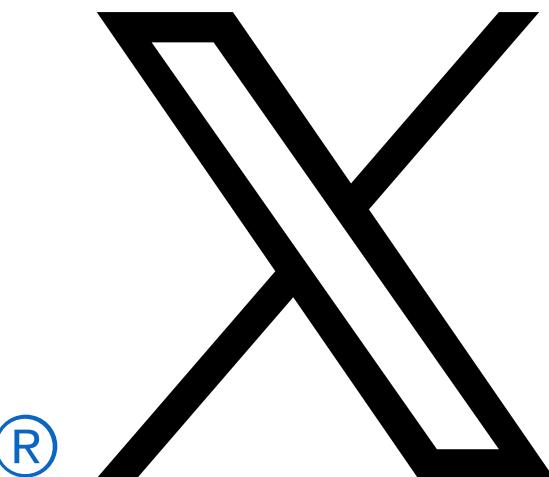
Save stats → share insights

```
df.describe().to_csv("stats.csv")
```



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