



KMF考满分

留学考生的在线课堂

Issue全文结构

陶睿

Content

a. 开头段

b. 正文段

c. 结尾段




- 一般功能：表达话题、表达观点
- 常见要素：Topic, Position, Reason
- 不常见要素：Example, Question...

开头段 sample 1

Issue 25

Governments should offer college and university education free of charge to all students.



The speaker claims that college and university education should be offered
free of charge by governments to all students. Basically this point of view
is valid.

开头段 sample 1

The speaker claims that college and university education should be offered

free of charge by governments to all students. It is true free education can

assuage the burden of students. However, immoderately offer free education

will eventually backfire.

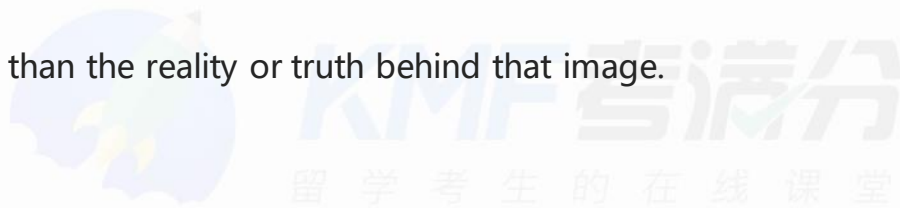
开头段 sample 1

The speaker claims that governments should offer free college and university education to all students. However, the feasibility of this statement is open to doubt: firstly, this proposal will lay a heavy financial burden on colleges and secondly, the impulse of study will weaken.

开头段 sample 2

Issue 93

Unfortunately, in contemporary society, creating an appealing image has become more important than the reality or truth behind that image.



开头段 sample 2

Has creating an image become more important in our society than the reality or truth behind the image? I agree that image has become a more central concern, at least where short-term business or political success is at stake.

Nevertheless, I think that in the longer term image ultimately yields to substance and fact.

开头段 sample 3

Issue 69

Some people believe it is often necessary, even desirable, for political leaders to withhold information from the public. Others believe that the public has a right to be fully informed.

开头段 sample 3

I agree with the speaker that it is sometimes necessary, and even desirable, for political leaders to withhold information from the public. A contrary view would reveal a naivety about the inherent nature of public politics.

Nevertheless, we must not allow our political leaders undue freedom to withhold information, otherwise, we risk undermining the underpinnings of any democratic society.

- 整体结构
- 段落结构



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- 整体结构
- 段落结构

让: $T + S + E + C$

主: $T + S + E + C$

主: $T + S + E + C$

主: $T + S + E + C$

- 整体结构
 - 3-4段
 - 若干“主要观点的段落” + 1个“让步段落” = 组合

- 段落结构
 - Topic sentence: Reason
 - Support sentence: Analysis
 - Example: Analysis
 - Conclusion (or suggestion)

正文段

让: T + S + E + C

主: T + S + E + C

主: T + S + E + C

主: T + S + E + C



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正文段 sample

Issue 69

Some people believe it is often necessary, even desirable, for political leaders to withhold information from the public. Others believe that the public has a right to be fully informed.

正文段 sample

Withholding information might be necessary to avoid public panic. While

such cases are rare, they do occur occasionally. For example, during the

first few hours of the new millennium the U.S. Pentagon's missile defense

system experienced a Y2K- related malfunction. This fact was withheld from

the public until later in the day, once the problem had been solved; and

legitimately so, since immediate disclosure would have served no useful

purpose and might even have resulted in mass hysteria.

Another reason why I essentially agree with the speaker is that fully disclosing to the public certain types of information would threaten public safety and perhaps even national security. For example, if the President were to disclose the government's strategies for thwarting specific plans of an international terrorist or a drug trafficker, those strategies would surely fail, and the public's health and safety would be compromised as a result.

结尾段

- 话题
- 观点

In sum, the speaker's claim overstates the importance of ____, at least to some extent. However, I strongly commit to the notion that ____.



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