



GRE阅读

感觉自己酷酷的【胡菁】老师

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举例目的题

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句子的功能 & 句间句内关系



题型

举例目的题

句子作用题

信息目的题



观察题干里的单词



- 1. The author of the passage mentions "Earth" primarily in order to
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- 3. Which of the following best describes the function of the highlighted sentence?





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S1:生物课本中探讨道鸟类属不属于哺乳动物的问 题。

S2:李雷说, 鸟类不是哺乳动物。比如...;并

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▶ GRE阅读

短文章 1





Astronomers have had difficulty accounting for certain planets discovered outside our solar system. // They are called hot Jupiters because each is similar in mass to Jupiter, the largest solar-system planet, but orbits its parent star at a fraction of the distance at which Earth, let alone Jupiter, orbits the Sun. // In the standard, solar-system-based theory of planetary formation, such as a massive planet could not form so close to a star. // So most attempts to explain a hot Jupiter's existence envision it forming farther away, then migrating inward. // According to one hypothesis, the planet's gravitational field tugs on the protoplanetary disk of dust and gas from which it formed. // The disk exerts its own gravitational tug, and this interplay of forces robs the planet of momentum in its orbital path, forcing it to spiral in toward the star. // According to another hypothesis, the planet's gravitational field is so strong that it creates a groove in the disk, partitioning it into inner and outer regions; the resulting gravitational interactions between the planet and these regions cause the planet to lose orbital momentum and spiral inward. // Another question remains: what prevents the planet from continuing its spiral until it collides with the star?

- 1. The author of the passage mentions "Earth" primarily in order to
- A. stress the massive size of a hot Jupiter
- B. emphasize the proximity of a hot Jupiter to its parent star
- C. imply that hot Jupiters are unlikely to harbor extraterrestrial life
- D. point out differences between Earth and Jupiter with regard to their orbital distance from the Sun
- E. illustrate how hot Jupiters might fit into the standard theory of planetary formation

试一试

计时1分钟





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hot Jupiter



E1



E2

Question?





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句子的功能

论点 VS. 论据

并列递进

因果关系

类比关系

转折让步

对立对比











句子的功能

论点 VS. 论据

并列递进

Writing from experiences like madness, despair, and lust, their aim was to make effective art, not to cure themselves.

Pests often target specific tree species and, if they become established, they usually remain as permanent components of the ecosystem.

And the data he compiled yielded a mathematical formula for the relationship between a room's echo duration, its quantity and quality of sound-absorbing materials, and its spatial volume.











句子的功能

论点 vs. 论据

因果关系

Since no one believes the Moon ever had glaciers, that leaves but one possible cause: impacts.











句子的功能

论点 VS. 论据

类比关系

They are called hot Jupiters because each is similar in mass to Jupiter.

Similarly, in the next century, the emphasis on shading and corporeal density in Baroque painting mirrored the use of Roman travertine marble in Baroque architecture to create broad shadow and powerful masses.











句子的功能

论点 VS. 论据

转折让步

However, the workforces of all three were drawn primarily from the same population: young, mostly rural women aged 10 to 25.

Although the idea that apes experience an adolescent growth has received some support, most biologists remain unconvinced.











句子的功能

论点 VS. 论据

对立对比

Writing about nineteenth-century women's travel writing, Lila Harper notes that the four women she discussed used their own names, in contrast with the nineteenth-century female novelists who either published anonymously or used male pseudonyms.

Compared to Germany, however, Norway has a comparatively recent history of industrially based social classes and a much longer history of rather egalitarian class relations.











句子的功能

论点 VS. 论据

并列递进

因果关系

解释说明

支持论证

反驳论证

类比关系

转折让步

对立对比

句子的语义

句内关系

句间关系





短文章 2





Hotter and more massive than the Sun, stars called "stragglers" are puzzling to astronomers because such rapidly burning stars would not be expected to persist in ancient star clusters. // Some researchers believe that the typical blue stragglers formed when two ancient, lower-mass stars collide and merge form more massive, hotter star. // Peter Leonard theorizes alternatively that in low density globular clusters, where mergers between single stars occur too infrequently to account for the observed quantity of blue stragglers, these stragglers are created instead by a group of stars. // He suggests that a pair of stars already orbiting each other presents a larger target for a third star or another pair. // Once this new grouping forms, close encounters between the stars could prompt any two to merge as a blue straggler. // Leonard's model predicts that each blue straggler has a distant orbiting companion —as appears true of many blue stragglers in the M67 cluster of the Milky Way galaxy.

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- A. blue straggler would be more likely to collide and merge with another star than would be a lower-mass star.
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- D. blue straggler would be more likely to interact with a pair of stars than it would with a third star.
- E. third star would be more likely to encounter a pair than it would to encounter a blue straggler.

试一试

计时1分钟





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blue straggler?

some researcher: V 1



Peter: E1 反驳 V1



Peter: V2





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短文章 3





Archaeologists studying Bonito phase (ca. A.D. 900-1140) Native American ceramics from Chaco Canyon, New Mexico, observed that many pots had been altered after firing to revise their decorative designs-usually, intricate geometric patterns painted in black on white slipped surfaces. // In some cases, a new design was imposed over an earlier one; less often, the original design was simply covered with white slip. // Crown and Wills doubt that the alterations were made to correct design errors. // Many Chaco pots with design errors were left unaltered. // Furthermore, when errors were corrected, revisions were made prior to firing—either by painting directly over the error or by scraping off designs and applying new slip and paint, which is a less time-consuming method than repainting and refiring flawed pots.

计时1分钟

- 1. The author of the passage mentions Crown and Wills primarily in order to
- A. Distinguish among different factors that might have caused Chaco potters to alter their pots' decorative designs.
- B. Introduce new evidence related to the question of why Chaco potters altered their pots' decorative designs.
- C. Show how one potential explanation for the alteration of Chaco pots has been discounted.
- D. Present a hypothesis about why Chaco pots were altered to revise their decorative designs.
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many pots

E1 & E2

Crown and Wills: V1 质疑

E3 & E4





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短文章 4





Biologist know that some marine algae can create clouds by producing the gas dimethyl sulphide (DMS), which reacts with oxygen in air above the sea to form solid particles. // These particles provide a surface on which water vapor can condense to form clouds. // Lovelock contends that this process is part of global climatic-control system. // According to Lovelock, Earth acts like a super organism, with all its biological and physical systems cooperating to keep it healthy. // He hypothesized that warmer conditions increase algal activity and DMS output, seeding more clouds, which cool the planet by blocking out the Sun. // Then, as the climate cools, algal activity and DMS level decrease and the cycle continues. // In response to biologists who question how organisms presumably working for their own selfish ends could have evolved to behave in a way that benefits not only the planet but the organisms as well, Lovelock points out that cooling benefits the algae, which remain at the ocean surface, because it allows the cooled upper layers of the ocean to sink, and then the circulating water carries nutrients upward from the depths below. // Algae may also benefit from nitrogen raining down from clouds they have helped to form.

3. The passage mentions the possible benefit to algae of nitrogen falling down in the rain most likely in order to

A. provide support for Lovelock's response to an objection mentioned in the passage.

B. suggest that the climatic effects of DMS production have been underestimated.

C. acknowledge that Lovelock's hypothesis is based in part on speculation.

D. demonstrate that DMS production alters the planet in more than one way.

E. assert that algae are the sole beneficiaries of DMS production.

试一试

计时1分钟





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marine algae

Lovelock V1

In response to biologist

E1 & E2





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- A. provide support for Lovelock's response to an objection mentioned in the passage.
- B. suggest that the climatic effects of DMS production have been underestimated.
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短文章 5





Benjamin Franklin is portrayed in American history as the quintessential self-made man. // In "Selfreliance", Emerson asks, "Where is the master who could have instructed Franklin...?" // In fact, Franklin took instruction widely, and his scientific work was highly collaborative. // Friends in England sent equipment needed for his electrical experiments, others, in Philadelphia, helped him set up his workshop there. // Philip Syng constructed a device for generating electrical charges, while Tomas Hopkinson demonstrated the potential of pointed conductors. // Franklin, in addition to being the group's theoretician, wrote and published its results. // His fame as an individual researcher is partly a consequence of the shorthand by which when one person writes about a group's discoveries, history sometimes grants singular credit for collective effort.

- 1. Which of the following best describes the function of the highlighted sentence?
- A. It states a viewpoint about Franklin with which the author disagrees.
- B. It introduces new evidence about Franklin's role in the collaborative process.
- C. It explains Franklin's reputation in terms of a broad scholarly phenomenon.
- D. It emphasizes the extent to which Franklin relied on others in his workshop.
- E. It describes Franklin's approach to writing scientific results.

试一试

计时1分钟





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Benjamin

Emerson: V1

Author: V2 反驳 V1

E1 & E2 & E3





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2. Emerson is mentioned in the passage primarily to

A. identify the origin of a particular understanding of Franklin

B. elaborate on a view of Franklin that the author takes issue with

C. point to a controversial claim about Franklin's historical legacy

D. introduce the question of who Franklin's main scientific influences were

E. suggest that Franklin was resistant to collaboration with other scientists

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短文章 6





In 1755 British writer Samuel Johnson published an acerbic letter to Lord Chesterfield rebuking his patron for neglect and declining further support. Johnson's rejection of his patron's belated assistance has often been identified as a key moment in the history of publishing, marking the end of the culture of patronage. However, patronage had been in decline for 50 years, yet would survive, in attenuated form, for another 50. Indeed, Johnson was in 1762 awarded a pension by the Crown—a subtle form of sponsorship, tantamount to state patronage. The importance of Johnson's letter is not so much historical as emotional; it would become a touchstone for all who repudiated patrons and for all who embraced the laws of the marketplace.

1. The author of the passage mentions Johnson's 1762 pension award in order to

A. reveal that Johnson remained consistent in his rebuke of Lord Chesterfield well after 1755

B. provide evidence for a general trend in the latter half of the eighteenth century of private patronage's being replaced by state sponsorship

C. situate the debate over the end of patronage within the wider realm of eighteenth-century economic history

D. suggest that Johnson's letter to Chesterfield was noticed by the Crown only years after it was published

E. emphasize that patronage still helped support Johnson's writing after his letter to Chesterfield

试一试

计时1分钟





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Johnson's letter

the end

survival





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试一试

- 2. Which of the following best describes the function of the highlighted phrase in the context of the passage as a whole? (patronage had been in decline for 50 years, yet would survive, in attenuated form, for another 50)
- A. It points out the most obvious implications of Johnson's letter to his patron.
- B. It suggests a motivation for Johnson's rejection of Chesterfield's patronage.
- C. It provides information that qualifies the assertion that Johnson's letter sharply defined of the end of a publishing era.
- D. It provides a possible defense for Chesterfield's alleged neglect of Johnson.
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特殊考点

作用题

态度题

Qualify:限定 (大部分是正确答案)

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▶ 直播二







