

Design Document: Team Alpha

Security I

December 29, 2020

Daria Manea, Qiran (Tony) Li, Jacob Jordan

Table of Contents

Source Tree Content.....	3
System Architecture.....	4
File Layout & Permissions.....	6
Testing.....	7

Source Tree Content

1. `install-priv.sh`: the main script to install the application
2. `getcert.cpp`: a cpp file that client would use to get cert from server
3. `changepw.cpp`: a cpp file that client would use to change password
4. `sendmsg.cpp`: a cpp file that client would use to send messages
5. `recvmsg.cpp`: a cpp file that client would use to receive messages
6. `server.cpp`: a cpp file that supports all features and functionalities of a server
7. `users.txt`: a txt file that stores users' names, hash passwords and passwords
8. `Makefile`: a Makefile that compiles all the cpp files
9. `create-server-structure.sh`: a script to create server's file structure
10. `create-client-structure.sh`: a script to create client's file structure

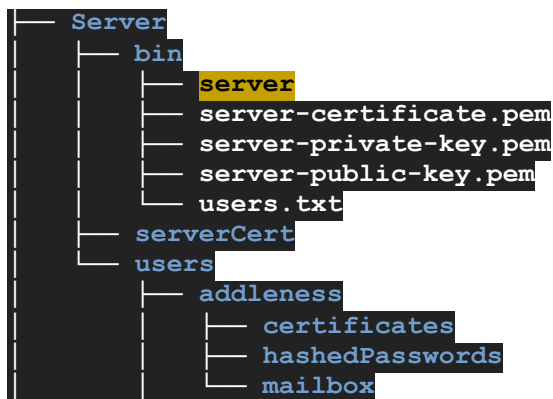
System Architecture

Operating System: Ubuntu 20.04 LTS

Development Platform: C/C++, OpenSSL

Server Side Program:

Sample tree structure:



- bin:
 - server: contains the main functionality of the server including launch the server, check password, get message, store message and send message
 - CA: store the certificates
 - scripts: a few bash scripts for creating the certificates
 - users.txt: a txt file that stores users' names, hash passwords and passwords
- users: contains username directories, each has the following directory::
 - Certificates: store user's certificate
 - hashedPasswords: store hashed passwords
 - Mailbox: user's mailbox
- serverCert: store certificates

Client Side Program:

- bin
 - getcert: A user logs in with a username and password, sends a public key, and receives a certificate. The server must also store this certificate.
 - changepw: A user logs in with a username and password, and supplies a new password. The user then receives a new certificate. Since this would render older messages unreadable, the request must be rejected if there are any messages pending for that user.
 - sendmsg: A user logs in with a client-side certificate, sends a list of recipient names, receives their certificates, encrypts the message to those certificates, digitally signs it, and uploads it.
 - recvmsg: A user logs in with a client-side certificate and receives a single encrypted message which is then deleted from the server. The signature on the message is verified and the message is displayed.
- users: contains username directories, each user has the following two directories:
 - Certificate
 - PublicKey

File Layout and Permissions

```

>Client: rwxrwx--x
  >bin: r-xr-xr-x
    >getcert: --x—x—x
    >sendmsg: --x—x—x
    >recvmsg: --x—x—x
  >Users: rwx----- user: clientcert group: clientcert
    >Certificate: rwx----- user: clientcert group: clientcert
    >PublicKey: rwx----- user: clientcert group: clientcert
>Server: rwxrwx---
  >bin: r-xr-x---
    >server: --x—x---
    >CA: rwxrwx--- user: ca group: ca
      >certs: rwxrwx--- user: ca group: ca
      >crl: rwxrwx--- user: ca group: ca
      >newcerts: rwxrwx--- user: ca group: ca
      >private: rwxrwx--- user: ca group: ca
    >server.sh:--x----- user: root group: root
    >ca.sh:--x----- user: root group: root
    >ca_interim.sh:--x----- user: root group: root
    >interim.sh:--x----- user: root group: root
    >user.txt:--x—x---
  >Users:
    >example user
      >Mailbox: mail will be read only
      >Certificates: read only

```

Testing

Functionality testing was conducted to ensure a user can send and receive messages. There was also testing to make sure that a user password could not be read by others.