



$$\frac{\partial R}{\partial N_2} = 2 \times N_2$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial S} = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{N} (P_{i,j} - 1), j = y_i \\ \frac{1}{N} (P_{i,j}), j \neq y_i \end{cases} \in \mathbb{R}^{N \times C}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial h} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial s} \times \frac{\partial L}{\partial s} \times$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial z} = \begin{cases} \left[\frac{\partial L}{\partial H}\right]_{i,j} & Z_{i,j} > 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \in \mathbb{R}^{N \times H}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial b_{1}} = 1_{N}^{T} \cdot \frac{\partial L}{\partial z} \in \mathbb{R}^{1 \times H}$$

$$\frac{\partial R}{\partial w_{1}} = 2w_{1}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{\partial L}{\partial z} + 2\chi w_{1}} \in \mathbb{R}^{D \times H}$$

$$gt = V Lt$$

$$Mt = \beta \cdot M_{t-1} + (1-\beta)g_t$$

 $M_0 = 0$

$$M_{I} = \beta \cdot M_{0} + (I - \beta) \cdot g_{I}$$

$$= (I - \beta) \cdot g_{I}$$

$$\stackrel{*}{M_{I}} = \frac{M_{I}}{I - \beta}$$

$$= (1-\beta) \cdot \beta_1 \qquad |M| = 1$$

$$M_2 = \beta \cdot M_1 + (1-\beta) g_2$$

= $\beta(1-\beta) g_1 + (1-\beta) g_2$

$$M_3 = \beta \cdot M_2 + (1-\beta) \cdot g_3$$

= $\beta^2 (1-\beta) \cdot g_1 + \beta \cdot (1-\beta) \cdot g_2 + (1-\beta) \cdot g_3$

$$M_t = (1-\beta) \sum_{i=1}^{t} \beta^{t-i} g_i$$

$$E[M_{t}] = (1-\beta) \underset{i=1}{\overset{t}{\geq}} \beta^{t-i} \cdot E[g]$$

$$= (1-\beta) \cdot \frac{1-\beta^{t}}{1-\beta} E[g]$$

$$= (1-\beta^{t}) \cdot E[g]$$

$$\hat{M}_{t} = \frac{M_{t}}{1 - \beta^{t}}$$