

EUROPEAN UNIVERSITY OF LEFKE Faculty of Engineering Department of Software Engineering

COMP 337

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Project Description

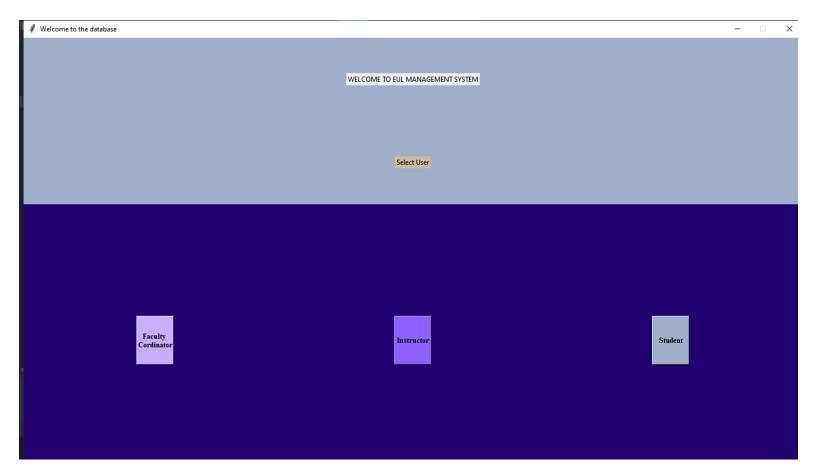
Language of program : python

Module used: tkinter

Head of logic design and implementation: Anthony Olori
UI/UX design head: Praise Adeoti

This program comprises of 4 scenes namely,

The selection scene:



the user is asked to select whether they're a faculty member, an instructor or a student, clicking on a button sets a variable to either 1, 2, or 3 respectively.

The next scene consists of a a login form

Where the user is asked to input the correct username and password.

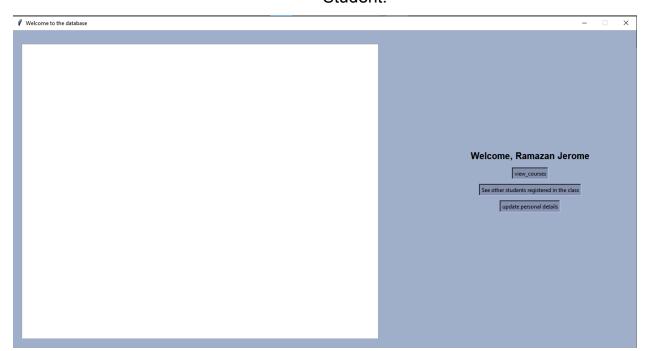
Login scene:

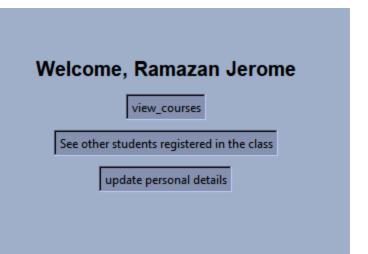


This scene is common to all users, meaning they see the same display at this step of the process. Depending on what was chosen in the selection scene the user input would be compared only with the correct credentials for the selection they made, this way the user cannot log in with the correct credentials on the wrong account.

The next scenes are:

Student:





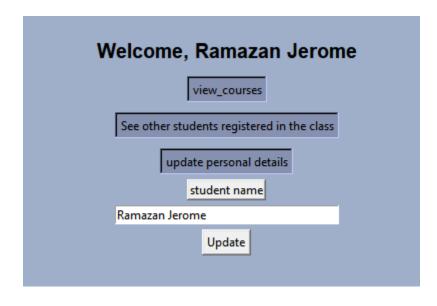
View courses:

This is what comes up when the user clicks on the view courses button, the application goes to the database and retrieves the data from the table and prints to the widget.

Courses
chem101
comp117
phy101

See other students registered in the class: This prints out students' names and numbers grouped by their courses.

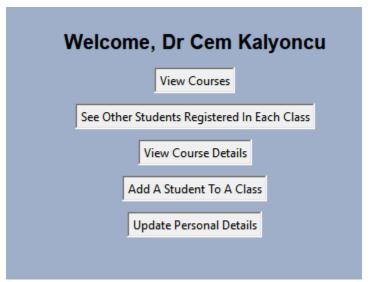
chem101	
200001	Ramazan Jerome
200002	Leola Mathewson
200003	İlhan Idowu
200004	Atalyah Uzun
200005	Hadiye Yılmaz
200006	Rhouth Balık
200008	Enos Demir
200009	Elvan Ayodele
200010	Elvan Ayodele
200011	Arieh Afolayan
200012	Oded Ayodele
200013	Medine Aksoy
200014	Alfred Olayinka
200015	Elif Kayode



Update personal details: this prints the students name and allows the user to make changes to it

Instructor:





A view of all the viable button options, clickable by the instructor for the management system.

Courses this semester comp117 comp335

View courses: This is the result that comes up when the user clicks on the view courses button, it sends a query to the database and retrieves the courses from "teaches" for the specific year and semester, namely 2021 and FALL respectively.

compl17	
200001	Ramazan Jerome
200002	Leola Mathewson
200003	İlhan Idowu
200004	Atalyah Uzun
200005	Hadiye Yılmaz
200006	Rhouth Balık
200008	Enos Demir
200009	Elvan Ayodele

See other students registered in each class: this sends the same query as the student button but this time using the courses the instructor teaches as automatic input.

Welcome, Dr Cem Kalyoncu View Courses See Other Students Registered In Each Class View Course Details Enter course code submit Add A Student To A Class Enter student number Enter course code submit Update Personal Details instructor name Dr Cem Kalyoncu Update

View course details: this takes the input from the teacher, compares with the database and prints the result, it works with any course, regardless whether the instructor is currently teaching it or not. If the details are invalid (i.e not matching with any course in the database) an error will be displayed.

```
course_id: comp217
course_title: object oriented programming
dept_name: software engineering
credits: 4
```

Add a student to A class: this takes a student number and course code and sends it to the database. All errors are directed to the screen.

Update Personal Details: this first-off displays the users name then allow the users to make and submit changes.

Faculty Coordinator







The screenshot above is the scene displayed when the faculty coordinator clicks the "add a new course" button, with the entry box for input of details.



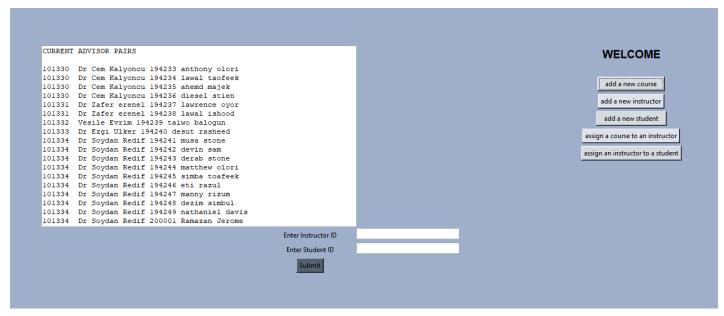
The screenshot above is the scene displayed when the faculty coordinator clicks the "add a new instructor" button, with the entry box for input of details.



The screenshot above is the scene displayed when the faculty coordinator clicks the "add a new student" button, with the entry box for input of details.



The screenshot above is the scene displayed when the faculty coordinator clicks the "assign a course to an instructor" button, with the entry box for input of details.



The screenshot above is the scene displayed when the faculty coordinator clicks the "assign an instructor to a student" button, with the entry box for input of details.

Functions

Get functions:

These are a class of functions whose purpose is to execute an sql select statement and return an object that can then be referenced/compared with,

Usage:

```
def get_student_department(student_id):
    conn = sqlite3.connect("db1.db")

    c = conn.cursor()
    c.execute("SELECT dept_name from student where id= ?", (student_id,))
    item = c.fetchone()
    conn.close()
    return item
```

Add_named functions

These are functions that receive parameters from the user input, where validation is necessary like in the last example, it is also carried out here.

```
def add_course(course_id, title, dept_name, credits):
     conn = sqlite3.connect("db1.db")
     c = conn.cursor()
     department_list = get_department_list()
      flag = 0
      # department validation
      for d in department_list:
            #this converts all letters to lowercase to avoid errors if the user provides a correct entry
            #but is inconsistent with the formatting present in the database
            if (d[0].lower()) == (dept_name.lower()):
                  flag=1
                  dept_name = d[0] #this replaces the user input with a version consistent with the database
      if flag == 0:
           clear text widget()
                "Invalid department name, Assign a valid department name")
            c.execute("INSERT INTO course(course_id,title,dept_name,credits) VALUES (?,?,?,?)",
                (course_id, title, dept_name, credits))
      except Exception as e:
           text_widget.delete("1.0", END)
            print_to_widget(e)
            clear_text_widget()
            print_to_widget("Addition successful")
```

- Here in this function we first connect to the database then we retrieve a database_list object
- We set a flag object to 0
- We loop through the department object.
 - If there is a match between the inputted department name and the department names we compare with, set flag to 1
- If flag is equal to 0 print an error message
- Next we enter a try block
- Execute the statement using the user inputted values
- All sqlite database errors are caught and displayed.
- If no errors are displayed then print an "addition successful" message
- done

This is the general flow for all functions that are prefixed with "add"

Functions of Note

These are functions that are called frequently in the application code, they are regarded as important tools that facilitate the smooth working and readability of the application.

Print_to_widget takes a string and prints it in the display box.

The clear_text_widgets is used to call the method that clears the display box without inputting parameters

Print_items_to_widget is a function that works with many types of objects, it is most commonly used to print objects that are a list of tuples(i.e " [(194234,stone),...] " It is designed to unpack these values and display them using 2 tabs as the default spacing, only between 1 and 2 tab spaces are used so the flexibility for the tab selection was kept to the minimum.

View_named Functions

```
# START OF VIEW RELATED FUNCTIONS

def view_courses_registered():
    items = get_student_courses(Username)

    clear_text_widget()
    print_to_widget("Courses")

    print_items_to_widget(items)

def view_courses_assigned():
    items = get_instructor_courses(Username)

    clear_text_widget()
    print_to_widget("Courses this semester")

    print_items_to_widget(items)
```

These functions have the task of calling the get function related to it and calling the *print_to_widget* function with the output from the get function as a parameter.

Add_named Functions(faculty)

These functions are used in the faculty section of the code to manage actions that will occur when the user clicks on the related button, for this example, when the faculty user clicks on the button, 4 labels,4 entry boxes and a submit button have to be created and printed to the screen, it also runs a special function called "bind" on the entry boxes which allows the user to fill in a detail and press enter to go to and prints out errors). This is the general structure for Add named functions in this faculty section of the code.

```
def add course button():
      set_frame3()
      print to widget("CURRENT COURSES\n")
      items= get_course list()
      print_items_to_widget(items)
      course id = Label(frame3, text="Enter Course ID", anchor="e",bg='#9fafca')
      course_id.grid(row=1, column=0, pady=(5,0), padx=(400,0))
      course_title = Label(frame3, text="Enter Course Title", anchor="e",bg='#9fafca')
      course_title.grid(row=2, column=0,pady=(5,0), padx=(400,0))
      dept_name = Label(frame3, text="Enter Department Name", anchor="e",bg='#9fafca')
      dept_name.grid(row=3, column=0,pady=(5,0), padx=(400,0))
      credits = Label(frame3, text="Enter Credit Value", anchor="e",bg='#9fafca')
      credits.grid(row=4, column=0,pady=(5,0), padx=(400,0))
      course_id_value = StringVar
      course title value = StringVar
      dept_name_value = StringVar
      credits_value = IntVar
      course_id_box = Entry(frame3, textvariable=course_id_value)
      course_title_box = Entry(frame3, textvariable=course_title_value)
      dept_name_box = Entry(frame3, textvariable=dept_name_value)
      credits_box = Entry(frame3, textvariable=credits_value)
      course_id_box.grid(row=1, column=1, ipadx="30")
      course title box.grid(row=2, column=1, ipadx="30")
```

```
end of faculty functions ###############
def manage_student_update(new_name):
      update student name(new name)
      successful = Label(frame2, text="update successful")
      successful.grid(row=7, column=0)
def update student details():
      S name = Label(frame2, text="student name", anchor="e", relief="raised")
      S_name.grid(row=4, column=0, pady=(5,5))
      S name value = StringVar
      S_name_box = Entry(frame2, textvariable=S_name_value)
      # S_name_box.delete("1.0", "end")
      # commands to print the current student name to the box
      std name = get name(Username)
      S name box.insert(END, str(std name[0]))
      S name box.grid(row=5, column=0, ipadx="50")
      Button(frame2, text="Update", relief="raised",
             command=lambda: manage_student_update(S_name_box.get())
             ).grid(row=6, column=0, pady=(5,5))
```

There are two functions responsible for managing the update_details part of the student and instructor scenes. They display a label and an entry box supplied with the users current name, taken from a get function, then it displays a submit button which takes the data in the entry box and passes it as a parameter to a function which calls an update function and displays "successful"

Set_view named Functions

These are functions responsible for placing the elements that the user will see and interact with on the screen. They are split into 3, 1 for each type of user and are customized to display the specific buttons that the user needs.

```
def set_view():
    if user_status == 1:
        set_faculty_view()
    elif user_status == 2:
        set_instructor_view()
    elif user_status == 3:
        set_student_view()
```

This is function of note whose job is to change the scene according to the *user_status* variable stated earlier. This allows the scenes to begin to diverge to satisfy the different needs of the applications users.

```
def grid_taculty_trames():
      text_widget.insert(END, "Weclome to the database")
      text_widget.grid(row=0, column=0)
      frame2.grid(row=0, column=1, padx=100, pady=10)#,rowspan=10,columnspan=3, sticky="nw"
      # frame2.grid propagate(0)
      frame3.grid(row=0, column=0, padx=0, pady=10)#,rowspan=10,columnspan=3
def set_faculty_view():
      name = Label(frame2, text="WELCOME",font="time 15 bold", anchor="n",bg="#9fafca")
      name.grid(row=0, column=0, pady=(0,25))
      Button(frame2, text="add a new course", bg="#d6dbe0",
             command=add course button).grid(row=1, column=0,pady=(0,5),ipadx=(9))
      Button(frame2, text="add a new instructor", bg="#dee3eb",
             command=add_instructor_button).grid(row=2, column=0,pady=(0,5))
      Button(frame2, text="add a new student", bg="#d6dbe0",
             command=add_student_button).grid(row=3, column=0,pady=(0,5),ipadx=(9))
      Button(frame2, text="assign a course to an instructor", bg="#dee3eb",
             command=assign course to instructor button).grid(row=4, column=0,pady=(0,5))
      Button(frame2, text="assign an instructor to a student",bg='#d6dbe0',
             command=assign_advisor_button).grid(row=5, column=0,pady=(0,200))
     grid_faculty_frames()
```

This view function creates a label and displays it, then creates and displays the buttons for the faculty user, which are linked to different *add_named* functions in the database, lastly it calls a function which is responsible for printing the necessary things to the screen.

The Beginning

```
def set_begining():
      frame0.grid(row=0,column=0,sticky="nsew")
     frm_3btn.rowconfigure([0,1,2],minsize=50,weight=1)
     frm_3btn.columnconfigure([0,1,2], minsize=50, weight=1)
      frame0.rowconfigure(0, minsize=50, weight=1)
     frame0.rowconfigure(1, minsize=200, weight=1)
     frame0.columnconfigure(0, minsize=50, weight=1)
      frm_sel_welc.columnconfigure(0, minsize=100, weight=1)
     frm_sel_welc.rowconfigure([0,1], minsize=50, weight=1)
     frm_sel_welc.grid(row=0,column=0, sticky="nsew")
     lbl_welcome.grid(row=0,column=0)
     lbl_sel_user.grid(row=1,column=0)
     btn_fc=Button(frm_3btn,text="Faculty \nCordinator",font="times 10 bold",bg="#c7afff",height=5, width=8,command = lamb
     btn_instr=Button(frm_3btn,text="Instructor",font="times 10 bold",bg="#8f60ff", height=5, width=8,command = lambda:
     btn_std=Button(frm_3btn,text="Student",font="times 10 bold",bg="#9fafca", height=5, width=8,command = lambda: [set_
     frm_3btn.grid(row=1,column=0, sticky="nsew")
     btn_fc.grid(row=1, column=0, padx=10, pady=10)
     btn_instr.grid(row=1, column=1, pady=50,)
     btn_std.grid(row=1, column=2, padx=10, pady=50)
```

This is where the first thing any user sees is printed from, and where we start using frames, these are containers for buttons and labels that we print to before displaying them on the screen, this scene and the login scene use only one frame but the final scene uses two frames to contain the labels and widget for application.

The login page

```
def set_login_page():
    frame0.grid_remove()
    welcome.grid(row=0, column=3)
    Username.grid(row=1, column=2, padx=2)
    Password.grid(row=2, column=2, padx=2)
    Username_box.grid(row=1, column=3, ipadx="100")
    Password_box.grid(row=2, column=3, ipadx="100")
    frame1.grid(row=0, column=0)
    submit.grid(row=8, column=3)
```

This is the function that displays the entities for the second scene, the login scene.

Main Function

```
# start of main function
root = Tk()
# Setting the size of the window
root.geometry("%dx%d" % (root.winfo_screenwidth(), root.winfo_screenheight())) # to make it fullpage
root.title("Welcome to the database")
root.configure(background='#9fafca')
root.rowconfigure(0, weight=1)
root.columnconfigure(0, weight=1)
# root.rowconfigure(0, minsize=50, weight=1)
# root.columnconfigure(0, minsize=50, weight=1)
frame0=Frame(root)
frm_3btn=Frame(frame0,bg="#210070")
frm_sel_welc=Frame(frame0,bg="#9fafca")
lbl_welcome=Label(frm_sel_welc, text="WELCOME TO EUL MANAGEMENT SYSTEM")
lbl_sel_user=Label(frm_sel_welc,text="Select User",bg="#caba9f")
frame1 = Frame(root, width=500, height=500, bg='#9fafca')
welcome = Label(frame1, text="WELCOME, Please Login", font="italica 15 bold", bg="#9fafca", fg="#3B2440")
error = Label(frame1, text="wrong input", bg='#9fafca')
```

```
Password = Label(frame1, text="password",bg="#9fafca", fg="white")
Username_value = StringVar
Password_value = StringVar
check_value = IntVar
Username_box = Entry(frame1, textvariable=Username_value)
Password_box = Entry(frame1, textvariable=Password_value, show="*")
# end of login page entitites
# whenever the enter key is pressed
# then call the focus function
Username_box.bind("<Return>", focus1)
Password_box.bind("<Return>", focus2)
submit = Button(frame1, text="Submit", bg="#664F59", command=authenticate)
frame2 = Frame(root, relief=RIDGE, bg='#9fafca')
#highlightbackground="black", highlightthickness=2)
frame3 = Frame(root, relief=RIDGE,bg="#9fafca")
#highlightbackground="black", highlightthickness=2
set begining()
text widget = Text(frame3, width=100, height=40, wrap="word", relief="sunken")
entry_box = Entry(frame3, relief="raised")
root.mainloop()
```

This is the main function, in here all the general/shared entities that will be used by the functions are declared, in here is a root entity where all frames for each scene are placed onto, the main program will run with the call to the mainloop method.