

# Интерполационен полином на Лагранже

Стъпки за решаване:

1. Генерираме данни (съставяне на таблицата)

$$x_i = 7 + i \cdot (0.17), i = -7, 7$$

$$y_i = f(x_i)$$

$$f(x) = 3\sin(x-7)$$

$$x \quad 5.81 \quad 5.98 \quad \dots$$

$$y \quad -2.785 \quad -2.556 \quad \dots$$

2.  $f(p) \approx ?$

а)  $p = 6.18$  - интерполация

б)  $p = 5.78$  - екстраполация

в)  $p = 30$  - екстраполация

$$|R_n(x)| \leq \frac{M_{n+1}}{(n+1)!} |(x-x_0) \dots (x-x_n)|$$

$$L_n(x) = \sum \dots \prod$$

Линейна интерполация  $L_1(x) = ?$ ,  $L_1(p) = ?$  ( $n = 1$ )

$$x \quad 6.15 \quad 6.32$$

$$y \quad -2.2538 \quad -1.886$$

Интерполационни условия:

$$L_n(x_i) = y_i$$

$$L_1(x) = -2.2538 \frac{x-6.32}{6.15-6.32} - 1.886 \frac{x-6.15}{6.32-6.15}$$

## Генериране на данни

```
In[82]:= xt = Table[7 + i * 0.17, {i, -7, 7}]
```

```
Out[82]=
```

```
{5.81, 5.98, 6.15, 6.32, 6.49, 6.66, 6.83, 7., 7.17, 7.34, 7.51, 7.68, 7.85, 8.02, 8.19}
```

```
In[83]:= f[x_] := 3 Sin[x - 7]
```

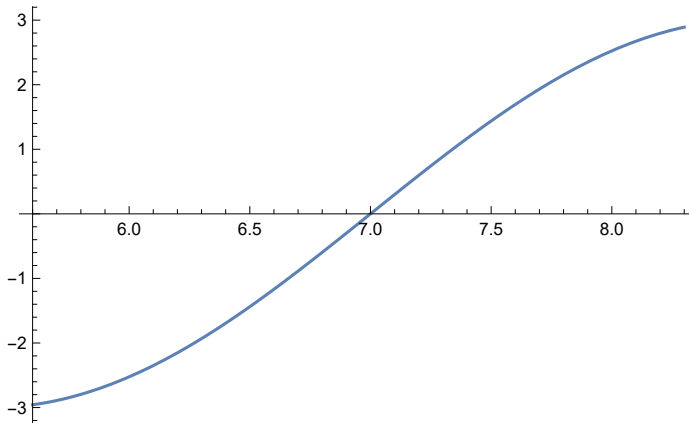
```
In[84]:= yt = f[xt]
```

```
Out[84]=
```

```
{-2.78511, -2.55632, -2.25384, -1.88638, -1.46453, -1.00046,  
-0.507547, 0., 0.507547, 1.00046, 1.46453, 1.88638, 2.25384, 2.55632, 2.78511}
```

```
In[85]:= grf = Plot[f[x], {x, 5.6, 8.3}]
```

```
Out[85]=
```



```
In[86]:= n = Length[xt]
```

```
Out[86]=
```

```
15
```

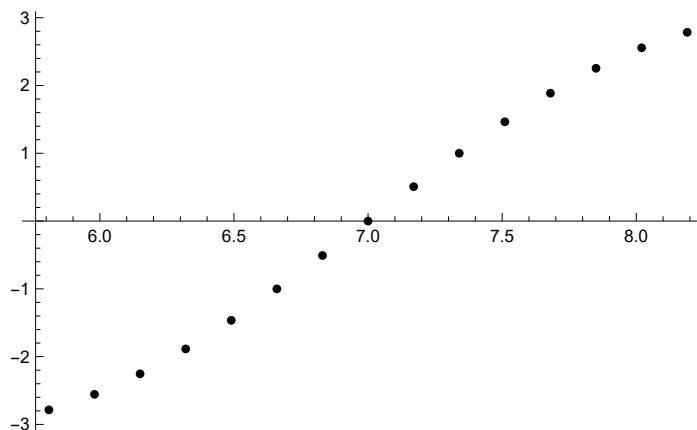
```
In[87]:= points = Table[{xt[[i]], yt[[i]]}, {i, 1, n}]
```

```
Out[87]=
```

```
{{5.81, -2.78511}, {5.98, -2.55632}, {6.15, -2.25384}, {6.32, -1.88638}, {6.49, -1.46453},  
{6.66, -1.00046}, {6.83, -0.507547}, {7., 0.}, {7.17, 0.507547}, {7.34, 1.00046},  
{7.51, 1.46453}, {7.68, 1.88638}, {7.85, 2.25384}, {8.02, 2.55632}, {8.19, 2.78511}}
```

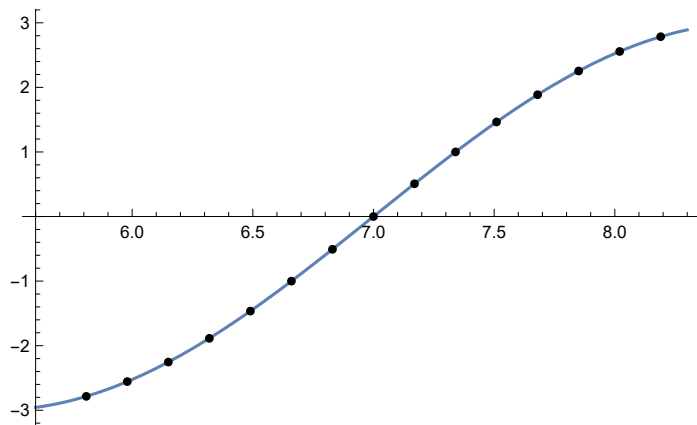
```
In[88]:= grp = ListPlot[points, PlotStyle -> Black]
```

```
Out[88]=
```



```
In[89]:= Show[grf, grp]
```

```
Out[89]=
```



## Линейна интерполация

```
In[90]:= L1[x_] := - 2.2538 *  $\frac{x - 6.32}{6.15 - 6.32}$  - 1.886 *  $\frac{x - 6.15}{6.32 - 6.15}$ 
```

```
In[91]:= Expand[L1[x]]
```

```
Out[91]=
```

```
- 15.5595 + 2.16353 x
```

## Проверка на интерполационните условия

In[92]:= **L1[6.15]**

**L1[6.32]**

Out[92]=

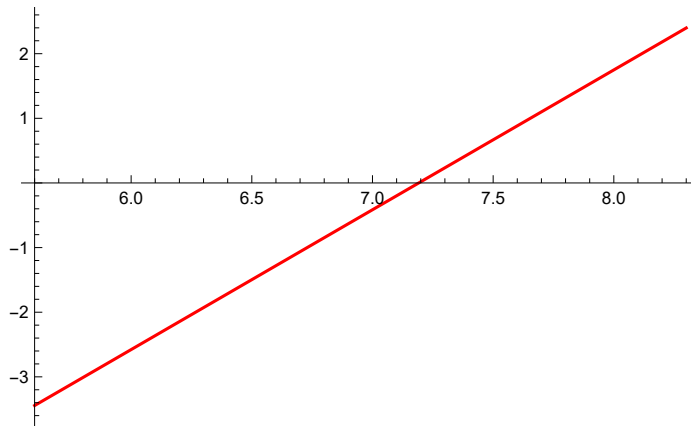
-2.2538

Out[93]=

-1.886

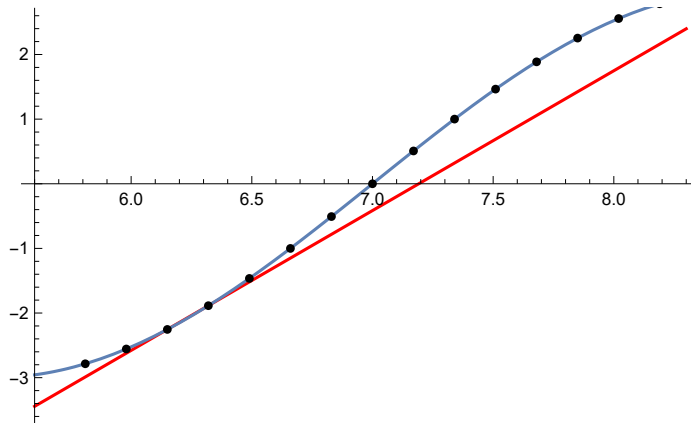
In[94]:= **grL1 = Plot[L1[x], {x, 5.6, 8.3}, PlotStyle → Red]**

Out[94]=



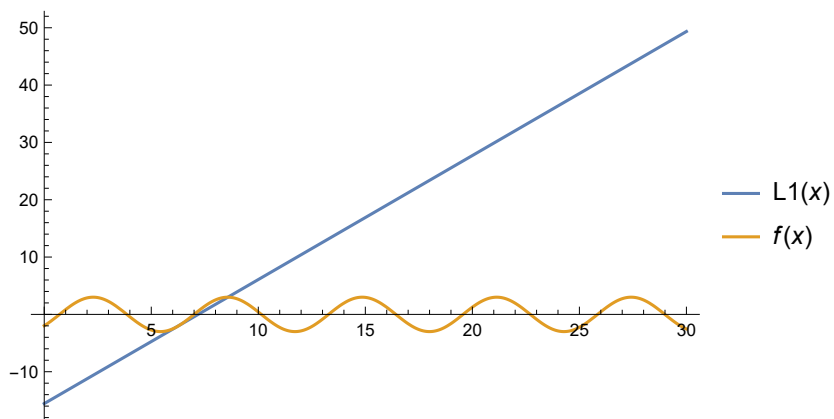
In[95]:= **Show[grL1, grf, grp]**

Out[95]=



```
In[96]:= grL1 = Plot[{L1[x], f[x]}, {x, 0, 30}, PlotLegends -> "Expressions"]
```

```
Out[96]=
```



## Пресмятане на приближена стойност

```
In[97]:= L1[6.18]
```

```
Out[97]=
```

```
- 2.18889
```

За сравнение с истинската стойност

```
In[98]:= f[6.18]
```

```
Out[98]=
```

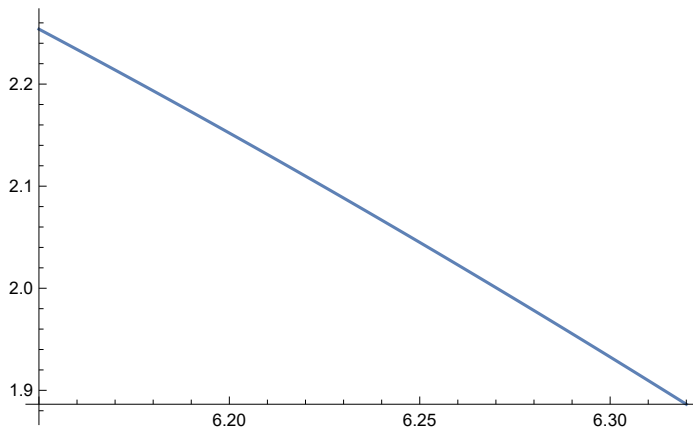
```
- 2.19344
```

## Оценка на грешката

### Теоретична грешка

```
In[99]:= Plot[Abs[f'[x]], {x, 6.15, 6.32}]
```

```
Out[99]=
```



```

In[100]:=
M2 = Abs[f''[6.15]]
Out[100]=
2.25384

In[101]:=
R1[x_] :=  $\frac{M2}{2!} \text{Abs}[(x - 6.15)(x - 6.32)]$ 
Out[101]=
R1[x_]

In[102]:=
R1[6.18]
Out[102]=
0.00473307

```

### Истинска грешка

```

In[103]:=
Abs[L1[6.18] - f[6.18]]
Out[103]=
0.00454337

```

## Квадратична интерполация

```

In[104]:=
L2[x_] := -2.556 *  $\frac{(x - 6.15)(x - 6.32)}{(5.98 - 6.15)(5.98 - 6.32)}$  -
2.2538 *  $\frac{(x - 5.98)(x - 6.32)}{(6.15 - 5.98)(6.15 - 6.32)}$  - 1.886 *  $\frac{(x - 5.98)(x - 6.15)}{(6.32 - 5.98)(6.32 - 6.15)}$ 
Out[104]=
L2[x_]

In[105]:=
Expand[L2[x]]
Out[105]=
28.5537 - 11.9893 x + 1.13495 x^2

```

### Проверка на интерполационните условия

```

In[106]:=
L2[5.98]
L2[6.15]
L2[6.32]
Out[106]=
-2.556

Out[107]=
-2.2538

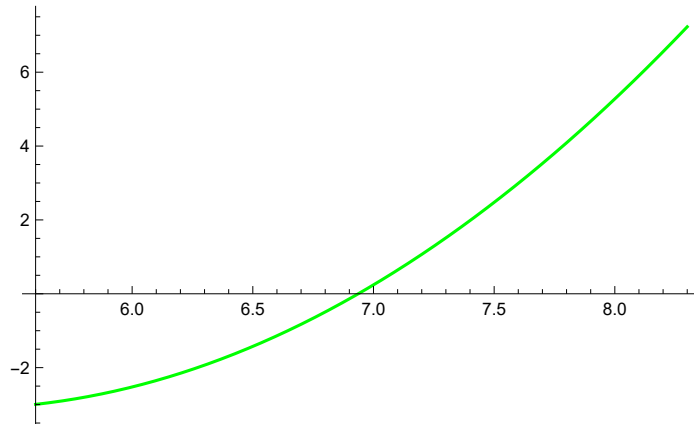
Out[108]=
-1.886

```

In[109]:=

```
grL2 = Plot[L2[x], {x, 5.6, 8.3}, PlotStyle -> Green]
```

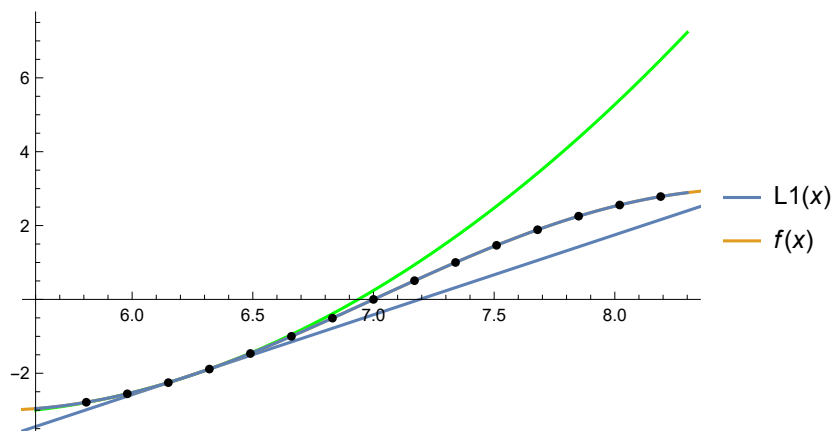
Out[109]=



In[110]:=

```
Show[grL2, grL1, grf, grp]
```

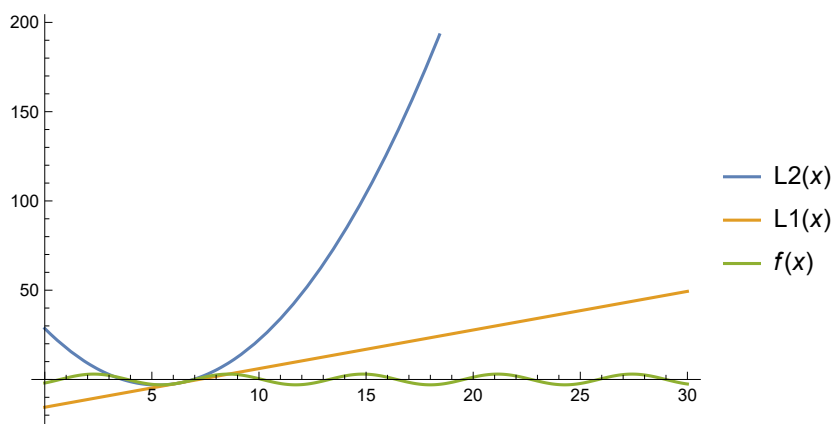
Out[110]=



In[112]:=

```
grL2 = Plot[{L2[x], L1[x], f[x]}, {x, 0, 30}, PlotLegends -> "Expressions"]
```

Out[112]=



## Пресмятане на приближена стойност

In[113]:= **L2[6.18]**

Out[113]=  
- 2.19366

За сравнение с истинската стойност

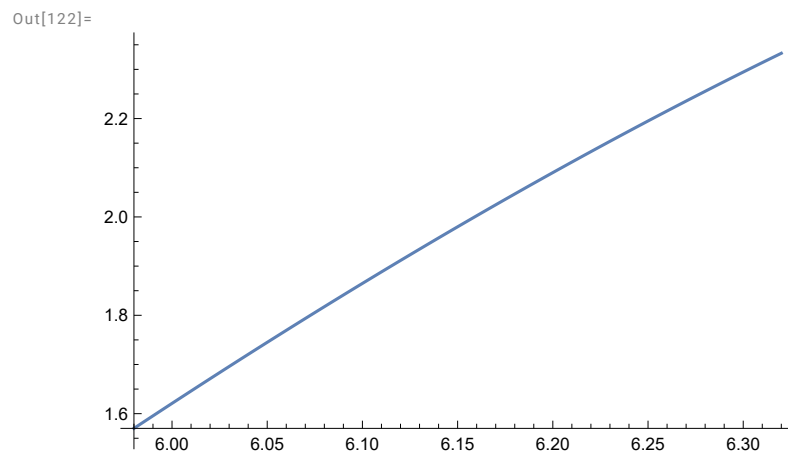
In[121]:= **f[6.18]**

Out[121]=  
- 2.19344

## Оценка на грешката

### Теоретична грешка

In[122]:= **Plot[Abs[f'''[x]], {x, 5.98, 6.32}]**



In[124]:= **M3 = Abs[f'''[6.32]]**

Out[124]=  
2.33272

In[125]:= **R2[x\_] :=  $\frac{M3}{3!} \text{Abs}[(x - 5.98)(x - 6.15)(x - 6.32)]$**

In[126]:= **R2[6.18]**

Out[126]=  
0.000326581



## Истинска грешка

```
In[127]:=
Abs[L2 [6.18] - f[6.18]]
Out[127]=
0.00022341
```

---

## Екстраполация

```
In[128]:=
L1[30]
Out[128]=
49.3464

In[129]:=
L2[30]
Out[129]=
690.329

In[131]:=
f[30.]
Out[131]=
-2.53866

In[132]:=
R1[30]
Out[132]=
636.449

In[133]:=
R2[30]
Out[133]=
5274.17
```