

Задача 1:

$$a) y'' - 6y' + 8y = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 - 6\lambda + 8 = 0$$

$$D = (-6)^2 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 8$$

$$D = 4$$

$$\lambda_{1,2} = \frac{6 \pm 2}{2} \begin{matrix} 4 \\ 2 \end{matrix}$$

$$y = C_1 e^{4x} + C_2 e^{2x}$$

$$b) y''' - 2y'' + y' = 0$$

$$\lambda^3 - 2\lambda^2 + \lambda = 0 \quad : \lambda$$

$$\lambda^2 - 2\lambda + 1 = 0$$

$$D = (-2)^2 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 1$$

$$D = 0$$

$$\lambda_1 = \lambda_2 = \frac{2}{2} = 1$$

$$y = C_1 e^x + C_2 x e^x$$

Задача 2:

$$a) y'' - 2y' + 10y = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 - 2\lambda + 10 = 0$$

$$D = (-2)^2 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 10$$

$$D = -36 = 6i$$

$$\lambda_{1,2} = \frac{2 \pm 6i}{2} = \frac{2(1 \pm 3i)}{2} = 1 \pm 3i$$

$$\lambda_1 = 1 + 3i$$

$$\lambda_2 = 1 - 3i$$

$$e^{\lambda x} = e^{(1+3i)x} = e^{x+3ix} = e^x \cdot e^{3ix} =$$

$$= e^x (\cos 3x + i \sin 3x) = e^x \cos 3x + i e^x \sin 3x$$

$$y = C_1 e^x \cos 3x + C_2 e^x \sin 3x$$

$$8) y'' - 4y' + 8y = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 - 4\lambda + 8 = 0$$

$$D = (-4)^2 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 8$$

$$D = -16 = 4i$$

$$\lambda_{1,2} = \frac{4 \pm 4i}{2} = \frac{2(2 \pm 2i)}{2} = 2 \pm 2i$$

$$\lambda_1 = 2 + 2i$$

$$\lambda_2 = 2 - 2i$$

$$e^{\lambda_1 x} = e^{(2+2i)x} = e^{2x+2ix} = e^{2x} \cdot e^{2ix} =$$

$$= e^{2x} (\cos 2x + i \sin 2x) = e^{2x} \cos 2x + i e^{2x} \sin 2x$$

$$y = C_1 e^{2x} \cos 2x + C_2 e^{2x} \sin 2x$$

Задача 3:

$$r) y'' + 2y' + 2y = \frac{e^{-x}}{\cos x}$$

I этап: $\lambda^2 + 2\lambda + 2 = 0$

$$D = 2^2 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 2$$

$$D = -4 = 2i$$

$$\lambda_{1,2} = \frac{-2 \pm 2i}{2} = \underline{-1 \pm i}$$

$$\lambda_1 = -1 + i \quad \lambda_2 = -1 - i$$

$$e^{\lambda_1 x} = e^{(-1+i)x} = e^{-x+ix} = e^{-x} \cdot e^{ix} =$$
$$= e^{-x}(\cos x + i \sin x) = e^{-x} \cos x + i e^{-x} \sin x$$

$$y_{\text{общ.}} = C_1 e^{-x} \cos x + C_2 e^{-x} \sin x$$

II этап: $\eta(x) = C_1(x) e^{-x} \cos x + C_2(x) e^{-x} \sin x$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} C_1' e^{-x} \cos x + C_2' e^{-x} \sin x = 0 \\ C_1' (e^{-x} \cos x)' + C_2' (e^{-x} \sin x)' = \frac{e^{-x}}{\cos x} \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} : e^{-x} \\ : e^{-x} \end{array}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} C_1' \cos x + C_2' \sin x = 0 \\ C_1' (\cos x)' + C_2' (\sin x)' = \frac{1}{\cos x} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\begin{cases} C_1' \cos x + C_2' \sin x = 0 \\ -C_1' \sin x + C_2' \cos x = \frac{1}{\cos x} \end{cases} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \cdot \sin x \\ 1 \cdot \cos x \end{pmatrix} +$$

$$C_2' \sin^2 x + C_2' \cos^2 x = 1$$

$$C_2' (\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x) = 1$$

$$C_2' = 1 \Rightarrow C_2 = \int 1 \, dx = x$$

$$\begin{cases} C_1' \cos x + C_2' \sin x = 0 \\ -C_1' \sin x + C_2' \cos x = \frac{1}{\cos x} \end{cases} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \cdot \cos x \\ 1 \cdot -\sin x \end{pmatrix}$$

$$C_1' \cos^2 x + C_2' \sin^2 x = -\frac{\sin x}{\cos x}$$

$$C_1' (\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x) = -\frac{\sin x}{\cos x}$$

$$C_1' = -\frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \Rightarrow C_1 = \int -\frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \, dx =$$

$$= -\int \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \, dx = -\int \frac{d \cos x}{\cos x} = -\ln |\cos x|$$

$$\Rightarrow \eta = -\ln |\cos x| e^{-x} \cos x + x e^{-x} \sin x$$

III. RESULT: $y_{\text{hom}} = y_{\text{hom}} + \eta$

$$y_{\text{hom}} = C_1 e^{-x} \cos x + C_2 e^{-x} \sin x - \ln |\cos x| e^{-x} \cos x + x e^{-x} \sin x$$

Задача 4:

a) $y'' + 3y' - 4y = e^{-4x} + xe^{-x}$

I этап: $\lambda^2 + 3\lambda + 4 = 0$

$$D = 3^2 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot (-4)$$

$$D = 25$$

$$\lambda_{1,2} = \frac{-3 \pm 5}{2} \quad \begin{matrix} -4 \\ 1 \end{matrix}$$

$$y_{\text{hom}} = C_1 e^{-4x} + C_2 e^x$$

II этап: $y'' + 3y' - 4y = 1 e^{-4x}$ $q(x) \leftarrow \lambda = -4$

$$\eta_1(x) = x \cdot a \cdot e^{-4x}$$

$$\eta_1'(x) = a(e^{-4x} - 4e^{-4x} \cdot x)$$

$$\eta_1''(x) = a(16e^{-4x} \cdot x - 8e^{-4x})$$

Зак. в урав: $a(16e^{-4x} \cdot x - 8e^{-4x}) + 3a(e^{-4x} - 4e^{-4x} \cdot x) - 4(e^{-4x} \cdot a \cdot x) = e^{-4x}$
 $= e^{-4x} \cdot | e^{-4x}$

$$16ax - 8a + 3a - 12ax - 4ax = 1$$

$$-5a = 1 \quad | :(-5)$$

$$a = -\frac{1}{5}$$

$$\Rightarrow \eta_1(x) = -\frac{1}{5} x e^{-4x}$$

III этап: $y'' + 3y' - 4y = x e^{-x}$ $q(x) \leftarrow \lambda = -1$

$$\eta_2(x) = (ax + b)e^{-x}$$

$$\eta_2'(x) = e^{-x}(ax - a - b)$$

$$\eta_2''(x) = e^{-x}(ax - 2a + b)$$

Зак. в урав: $e^{-x}(ax - 2a + b) + 3e^{-x}(ax - a - b) - 4e^{-x}(ax + b) = x e^{-x}$
 $= x e^{-x} \quad | : e^{-x}$

$$ax - 2a + b + 3ax - 3a - 3b - 4ax - 4b = x$$

$$-5a - 6b = x$$

$$\begin{cases} -5a = 1 \Rightarrow a = -\frac{1}{5} \\ -6b = 0 \Rightarrow b = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \eta_2(x) = -\frac{1}{5} e^{-x}$$

IV этап: $y_{\text{нечок.}} = y_{\text{хоч.}} + \eta_1 + \eta_2$

$$y_{\text{нечок.}} = C_1 e^{-4x} + C_2 e^x - \frac{1}{5} x e^{-x} - \frac{1}{5} e^{-x}$$

$$8) y'' - 4y' + 4y = x^2 + 2e^{2x}$$

I этап: $x^2 - 4x + 4 = 0$

$$D = (-4)^2 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 4$$

$$D = 0$$

$$\lambda_1 = \lambda_2 = \frac{4}{2} = 2$$

$$y_{\text{хоч.}} = C_1 e^{2x} + C_2 x e^{2x}$$

II этап: $y'' - 4y' + 4y = x^2 \cdot e^{2x} \xrightarrow{2=0} e^{2x} \leftarrow a=0 \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \deg q(x) = 2 \\ k=0 \end{array} \right.$

$$\eta_1(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$$

$$\eta_1'(x) = 2ax + b$$

$$\eta_1''(x) = 2a$$

Закл. в урав: $2a - 4(2ax + b) + 4(ax^2 + bx + c) = x^2$

$$2a - 8ax - 4b + 4ax^2 + 4bx + 4c = x^2$$

$$\begin{cases} 2a = 1 \Rightarrow a = \frac{1}{2} \\ -4b = 0 \Rightarrow b = 0 \\ 4c = 0 \Rightarrow c = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \eta_1(x) = \frac{1}{2} x^2$$

III этап: $y'' - 4y' + 4y = 2e^{2x}$ $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \deg q(x) = 0 \\ h = 2 \end{array} \right.$

$\eta_2(x) = x^2 \cdot a \cdot e^{2x}$

$\eta_2'(x) = a(2xe^{2x} + e^{2x} \cdot 2x^2)$

$\eta_2''(x) = a(4e^{2x}x^2 + 8e^{2x}x + 2e^{2x})$

Зам. в урав: $a(4e^{2x}x^2 + 8e^{2x}x + 2e^{2x}) - 4a(2xe^{2x} + e^{2x} \cdot 2x^2) + 4(x^2 \cdot a \cdot e^{2x}) = 2e^{2x} \quad | : e^{2x}$

$a(4x^2 + 8x + 2) - 4a(2x + 2x^2) + 4(x^2 \cdot a) = 2$

$4ax^2 + 8ax + 2a - 8ax - 8ax^2 + 4ax^2 = 2$

$2a = 2 \quad | : 2$

$a = 1$

$\Rightarrow \eta_2(x) = x^2 e^{2x}$

IV этап: $y_{\text{нечок}} = y_{\text{хоч}} + \eta_1 + \eta_2$

$y_{\text{нечок}} = C_1 e^{2x} + C_2 x e^{2x} + \frac{1}{2} x^2 + x^2 e^{2x}$