

# MOBILE DEVELOPMENT TYING INTERFACE BUILDER TO CLASSES

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## TYING IB TO CLASSES

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# LEARNING OBJECTIVES

- › Be able to install iOS apps onto iOS devices
- › Create hooks from interface builder to Swift code
- › Create and implement custom classes
- › Point out ability to access Xcode documentation for any external classes

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# **REVIEW LESSON 4**

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**GETTING STARTED**

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# INTRO TO FUNCTIONS

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# WHAT IS A FUNCTION?

- › A function is a series of repeatable steps that, at some point, ends
- › Optional input and output
- › Multiple inputs and outputs, as needed

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# CALLING FUNCTIONS

- ***name()*** // No parameters, no return
- ***name(parameter)*** // One parameter, no return
- ***name(parameter, parameterTwoName: parameterTwo)*** // Two parameters, no return
- `var result = name(parameter)` // One parameter, one returned value
- `let result = name() { /* code */ }` // No parameters, two returned values
  - `println("\(result.paramOneName) \ \(result.paramTwoName)")`

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# DEFINING FUNCTIONS

- › func ***name()*** { /\* code \*/ } // No parameters, no return
- › func ***name(parameterName: type)*** { /\* code \*/ } // One parameter, no return
- › func ***name(parameterName: type, parameterTwoName: type)*** { /\* code \*/ } // Two parameters, no return
- › func ***name(parameterName: type) -> returnType*** { /\* code \*/ } // One parameter, one returned value
- › func ***name()*** -> (***returnOne: valueOne, returnTwo: valueTwo***) { /\* code \*/ } // No parameters, two returned values

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**FUNCTION PROBLEM SOLVING:  
FINDING A LETTER IN AN ARRAY**



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# **FUNCTION PROBLEM SOLVING: FIBONACCI SEQUENCE**

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# **XCODE DEMO: TYING AN IB ACTION TO A FUNCTION**

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# IB'S FUNCTIONS

- Actions dragged into code from IB define **functions** (of a sort)
- Outlets dragged into code from IB define **variables** (of a sort)
- Your functions can interact with your variables
- Do you have a text field, label or text view that you've made an outlet of?
  - You can get its text by using 'var text = label.text'
  - You can set its text by using 'label.text = 'Some text''
- You can get and set other things, too!

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**DOCUMENTATION DEMO**

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# CLASSES

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**WHAT IS THIS 'CLASS' KEYWORD?**

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# WHAT IS THIS 'CLASS' KEYWORD?

- A basic building block
- A bundle of state and behavior that form an outline of a type
  - Variables (state)
  - Functions (behavior, in this case known as 'methods')
- One can create instances of classes
  - 'Human' is a class, 'Rudd' is the instance
- How does this tie into Interface builder and our code?

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## TYING IB TO CLASSES

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# HOW DOES THIS TIE INTO IB?

- › We use IB to set up various **classes** of controllers, and the **segues** that they use to connect with each other
- › Uses these storyboards to create an **instance** of the first controller **class** when your app starts. That **instance** is what's displayed on screen.
- › When you use a segue to go to a new view controller **class**, a new **instance** of it is created and navigated to
- › Multiple **instances** of the same class can exist



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# **XCODE DEMO: CREATING CLASSES**