

MOBILE DEVELOPMENT NETWORKING: PART 1

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LEARNING OBJECTIVES

- Recognize the benefits of JSON and REST
- Identify the benefits of using NSURLSession
- Evaluate and parse data returned in JSON format
- Integrate cocoa pods into our projects and use SwiftyJSON for better parsing

REVIEW OF PERSISTENCE

INTRO TO NETWORKING

SOME TERMINOLOGY

- Request: The concept of what is sent to some remote server somewhere. Has a method, may include parameters
 - E.g. Get http://google.com
 - Get the contents of google.com
- Response: The response that the web server gives back. Includes a status code and, possibly, content
- HTTP: A very common protocol for making network requests
- JSON: A way we format data to make it machine readable
 - → e.g. {"name": "rudd"} is a simple blob of JSON

WHAT CAN GO WRONG?

WHAT CAN GO WRONG?

- No network connection (client-side)
- Destination offline (server-side)
- The network can be slow
- The request can not be authorized
- Lost network connection mid-request/response
- Lots more...

HANDLE ERRORS

If you make network connections in your app, it's a best practice to handle errors when possible, and communicate errors to the customer when not

BEST PRACTICES

- Users get charged for data: Use only what you must
 - They do not share a filesystem
- Allow users to cancel lengthy downloads
- When something fails, either handle it or message the user
- Cache when needed (this is a little more advanced)

IOS NETWORKING

NSURLSESSION

- A shared context in which our requests are made
 - Configurable way to share state among connections
 - e.g. "All my connections should use a cookie..."
 - Can queue up several types of connections
 - Download: For downloading files
 - Upload: For uploading files
 - Data: For small bits of data transfer, what we'll use today

NSURLSESSION SYNTAX

```
if let url = NSURL(string: "http://somewebsite.com/params") {
    let task = NSURLSession.sharedSession().dataTaskWithURL(url,
completionHandler: { (data, response, error) -> Void in
        println(response)
        println(data)
        println(error)
        var stringOfData = NSString(data: data, encoding:
NSUTF8StringEncoding)
         println(stringOfData)
    task.resume()
```

NETWORKING CODE-ALONG

GROUP ASSIGNMENT

- Add the display of networking errors to this project.
- Display an error message to the user, along with the error that gets returned from the call.
- Bonus: Display the HTML content of the request in a web view

JSON

JSON

- JSON is a data-interchange format
 - i.e. A way of formatting text so it's easily machine-readable and network-transferable
- Similar to the Plists we've been working with, it can store:
 - Arrays
 - Dictionaries
 - Strings
 - Numbers
 - And any combination of the above

JSON

Does not specify anything about formatting, like HTML does

JSON EXAMPLES

- + {"name": "rudd"} // A 'dictionary'-esque data structure
- ["rudd", "travis", "sean"] // An array of strings
- + ("response": "ok", content: {message: "hello world!"}} // A complex structure
- [1, 2, "rudd"] // Note that JSON does not specify type information

JSON CODE WALKTHROUGH

GROUP ASSIGNMENT

- Change the app to display recent Mashable headlines, using:
 - http://mashable.com/stories.json
- Bonus 1: Display author in home screen table view
- Bonus 2: Print the titles along with the webview
- Bonus 3: Make larger table view cells that display the content of the article, in text format