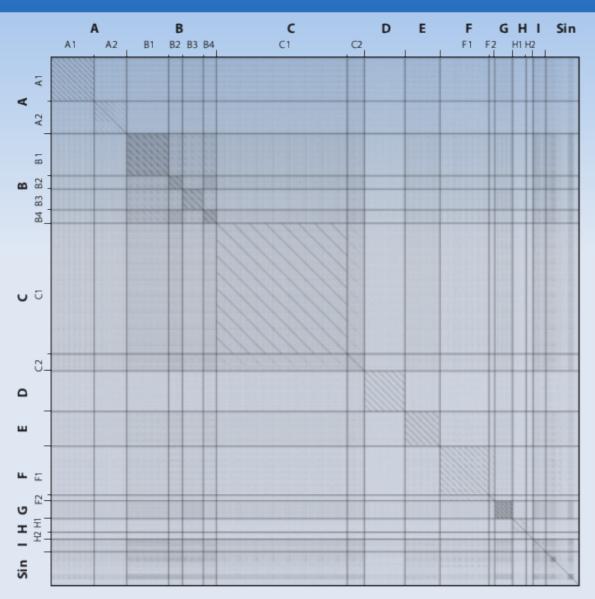
# Topic 5 – Sequence Alignment



#### Figure 1

Dotplot comparison of 70 sequenced mycobacteriophage genomes. Each of the 70 sequenced mycobacteriophages was concatenated into a single ~5-Mbp sequence and compared with itself using Gepard (62). The genome order is the same as in **Table 1** and the Cluster and Subcluster designations are

# BIOT-CSIS 373 Sequence Alignment I

The sequence alignment problem:

- you have 2 strings (sequences)
- find the "best match" between the two

Ex:

leaf ATCCA MPPDNE

please TCGA PADQE

# **Quick Look at NCBI BLAST**

BLAST = Basic Local Alignment Search Tool

Allows researchers (like you) to search a database of sequences – e.g. I want to find all genes in a database that have a sequence "xyz".

Local Alignment => a good way to compare two sequences that are very different in lengths.

#### Identification

#### **Examples**:

You are a forensics investigator and you have a DNA sequence – is it human? How likely?

- You want an exact match.

You have a protein sequence – what is it? Is its function known?

#### **Gene Discovery**

You have found a new gene – DNA and protein Are there any known genes in a database that are similar to the new gene

Are there other organisms with similar genes?

 you don't need exact matches & there may not be any

#### mRNA Analysis

You have an mRNA sequence

Where in the genome did it come from? What else is near the genomic location?

Could there be splice variants?

#### **Related Organisms**

You have an DNA sequence

What are its closest ancestors?

What are its possible functions?

# **Built-in Assumptions**

Protein structure determines function

Protein sequence determines structure

Evolution preserves function by preserving protein sequence.

Codon degeneracy => Evolution is more likely to preserve protein rather than DNA sequences.

# 3 Components of a BLAST search

Query – usually a fully known sequence

 Database – many possibilities including nucleotide, protein, translated nucleotide

 Program – different programs are used depending on query and database and other factors

# **Programs**

#### **Basic BLAST**

Choose a BLAST program to run.

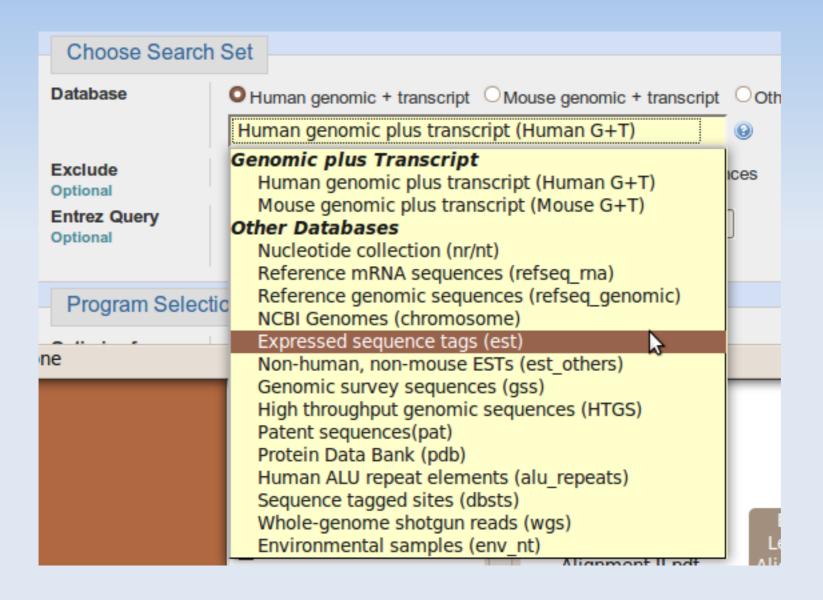
nucleotide blast	Search a <b>nucleotide</b> database using a <b>nucleotide</b> query  Algorithms: blastn, megablast, discontiguous megablast
protein blast	Search <b>protein</b> database using a <b>protein</b> query  Algorithms: blastp, psi-blast, phi-blast, delta-blast
blastx	Search protein database using a translated nucleotide query
tblastn	Search translated nucleotide database using a protein query
tblastx	Search translated nucleotide database using a translated nucleotide query

#### Specialized BLAST

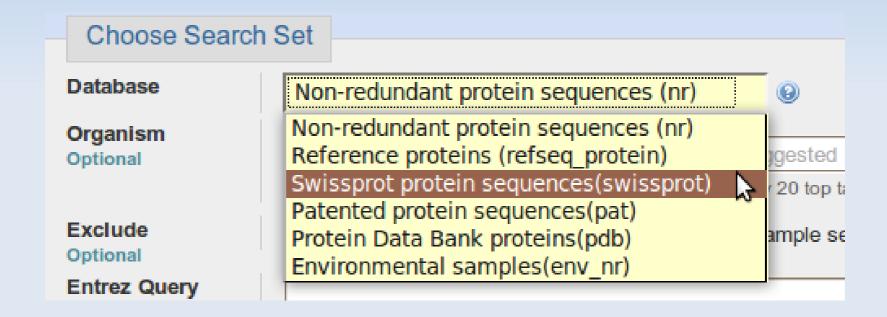
Choose a type of specialized search (or database name in parentheses.)

- Get faster protein results with a graphical view using <u>SmartBLAST</u>
- Make specific primers with <u>Primer-BLAST</u>
- Cluster multiple sequences together with their database neighbors using MOLE-BLAST
- Find conserved domains in your sequence (cds)
- Find sequences with similar conserved domain architecture (cdart)
- Search sequences that have gene expression profiles (GEO)
- Search immunoglobulins and T cell receptor sequences (IgBLAST)
- Screen sequence for <u>vector contamination</u> (vecscreen)
- Align two (or more) sequences using BLAST (bl2seq)
- Search <u>protein</u> or <u>nucleotide</u> targets in PubChem BioAssay

### **Nucleotide Database**

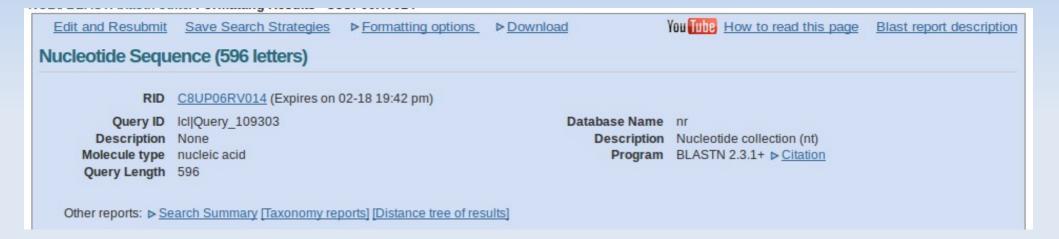


## **Protein Databases**



### **BLAST Results**

#### Part 1: Header



RID – good for 24 hours

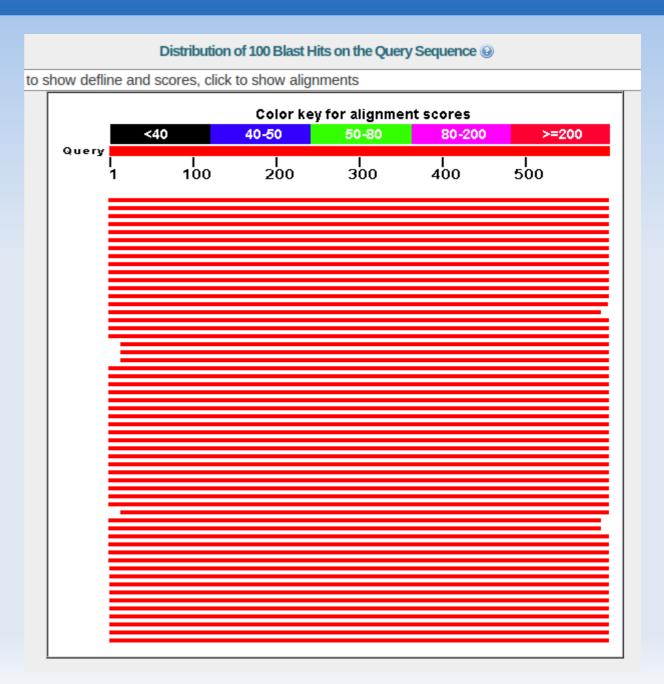
Type and length of query

**DB** searched

Taxonomy of results

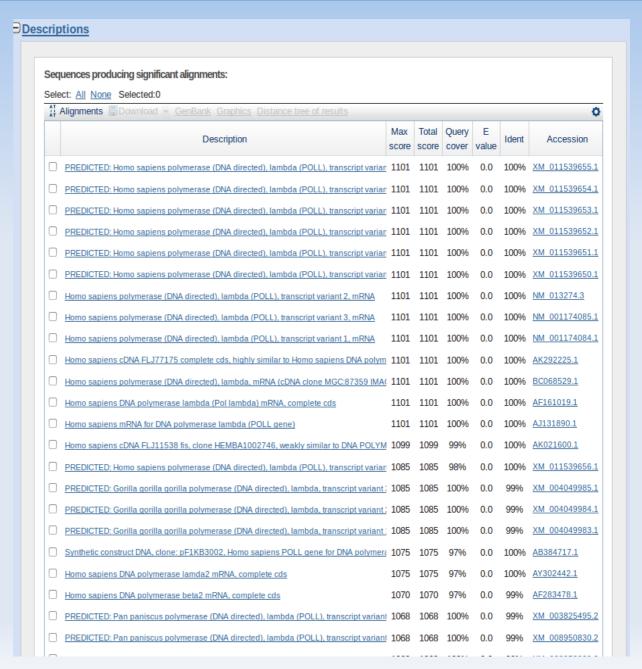
## **BLAST Results Part 2**

Part 2: Graphical display of "hits" and links to alignments:



## **BLAST Results Part 3**

Text summary of "hits" with scores (higher is better), "Expect" values (lower is better) and links to alignments and GenBank records:



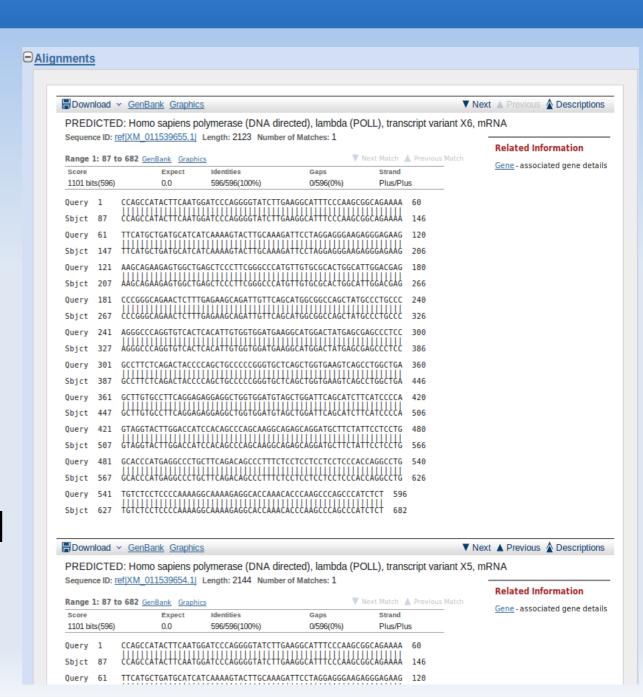
### **BLAST Results Part 4**

#### Alignments

Upper sequence is the one we used to search

Lower ones are the ones BLAST found

HSP – **H**igh-scoring **S**egment **P**air – local alignment



# **BLAST Results Summary**

#### Search Summary:

Program used, search parameters

Match reward is 1

Mismatch penalty is -2

Database searched – 35 million sequences!

Stats: Lambda, K, & H are used to compute E value: probability of a false positive sequence similarity

Other reports: 

▼ Search Summary [Taxonomy reports] [Distance tree of results]

Search Parameters		
Program	blastn	
Word size	28	
Expect value	10	
Hitlist size	100	
Match/Mismatch scores	1,-2	
Gapcosts	0,0	
Low Complexity Filter	Yes	
Filter string	L;m;	
Genetic Code	1	

Database			
Posted date Feb 8, 2016 1:49 AM			
Number of letters	111,527,859,682		
Number of sequences	34,665,943		
Entrez query	none		

Karlin-Altschul statistics			
Lambda	1.33271	1.28	
K	0.620991	0.46	
Н	1.12409	0.85	

Results Statistics			
Length adjustment 34			
Effective length of query	562		
Effective length of database	110349217620		
Effective search space	62016260302440		
Effective search space used	62016260302440		

# **BLAST Results Taxonomy Report**

#### Hits organized by species

Lineage Report	Organism R
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Organism	Blast Name	Score	Number of Hits	Description
root			<u>101</u>	
Catarrhini	<u>primates</u>		<u>100</u>	
- <u>Hominoidea</u>	<u>primates</u>		<u>45</u>	
<u>Homininae</u>	<u>primates</u>		<u>41</u>	
• • • Homo sapiens	<u>primates</u>	1101	<u>17</u>	Homo sapiens hits
Gorilla gorilla gorilla	<u>primates</u>	1085	<u>3</u>	Gorilla gorilla porilla hits
Pan paniscus	<u>primates</u>	1068	<u>10</u>	Pan paniscus hits
Pan troglodytes	<u>primates</u>	1068	<u>10</u>	Pan troglodytes hits
• • • Gorilla gorilla	<u>primates</u>	1059	<u>1</u>	Gorilla gorilla hits
<ul> <li>Nomascus leucogenys</li> </ul>	<u>primates</u>	1003	<u>4</u>	Nomascus leucogenys hits
<ul> <li>Colobus angolensis palliatus</li> </ul>	<u>primates</u>	1013	<u>4</u>	Colobus angolensis palliatus hits
<ul> <li>Macaca fascicularis</li> </ul>	<u>primates</u>	1005	<u>11</u>	Macaca fascicularis hits
<ul> <li>Macaca mulatta</li> </ul>	<u>primates</u>	1005	<u>13</u>	Macaca mulatta hits
<ul> <li>Colobus guereza</li> </ul>	<u>primates</u>	1003	<u>1</u>	Colobus guereza hits
<ul> <li>Rhinopithecus roxellana</li> </ul>	<u>primates</u>	1002	<u>1</u>	Rhinopithecus roxellana hits
<ul> <li>Papio anubis</li> </ul>	<u>primates</u>	1002	<u>5</u>	Papio anubis hits
<ul> <li>Mandrillus leucophaeus</li> </ul>	<u>primates</u>	996	<u>3</u>	Mandrillus leucophaeus hits
<ul> <li>Chlorocebus sabaeus</li> </ul>	<u>primates</u>	996	<u>11</u>	Chlorocebus sabaeus hits
<ul> <li>Macaca nemestrina</li> </ul>	primates	994	<u>6</u>	Macaca nemestrina hits
<ul> <li>synthetic construct</li> </ul>	other sequences	1075	<u>1</u>	synthetic construct hits

# **BLAST Results Taxonomy Report**

# Hits organized by species

Organism Report Lineage Report Taxonomy Report

Description	Score	E value	Accession
Homo sapiens (human) [primates] ▼ Next	Previous	▲ First	
PREDICTED: Homo sapiens polymerase (DNA directed), lambda (POLL), transcript variant X6, mRNA	1101	0.0	XM 01153965
PREDICTED: Homo sapiens polymerase (DNA directed), lambda (POLL), transcript variant X5, mRNA	1101	0.0	XM 01153965
PREDICTED: Homo sapiens polymerase (DNA directed), lambda (POLL), transcript variant X4, mRNA	1101	0.0	XM 01153965
PREDICTED: Homo sapiens polymerase (DNA directed), lambda (POLL), transcript variant X3, mRNA	1101	0.0	XM 01153965
PREDICTED: Homo sapiens polymerase (DNA directed), lambda (POLL), transcript variant X2, mRNA	1101	0.0	XM 01153965
PREDICTED: Homo sapiens polymerase (DNA directed), lambda (POLL), transcript variant X1, mRNA	1101	0.0	XM 0115396
Homo sapiens polymerase (DNA directed), lambda (POLL), transcript variant 2, mRNA	1101	0.0	NM 013274
Homo sapiens polymerase (DNA directed), lambda (POLL), transcript variant 3, mRNA	1101	0.0	NM 0011740
Homo sapiens polymerase (DNA directed), lambda (POLL), transcript variant 1, mRNA	1101	0.0	NM 0011740
Homo sapiens cDNA FLJ77175 complete cds, highly similar to Homo sapiens DNA polymerase lamda2 mRNA	1101	0.0	AK292225
Homo sapiens polymerase (DNA directed), lambda, mRNA (cDNA clone MGC:87359 IMAGE:5267859), comple	1101	0.0	BC068529
Homo sapiens DNA polymerase lambda (Pol lambda) mRNA, complete cds	1101	0.0	AF161019
Homo sapiens mRNA for DNA polymerase lambda (POLL gene)	1101	0.0	<u>AJ131890</u>
Homo sapiens cDNA FLJ11538 fis, clone HEMBA1002746, weakly similar to DNA POLYMERASE BETA (EC 2.	1099	0.0	AK021600
PREDICTED: Homo sapiens polymerase (DNA directed), lambda (POLL), transcript variant X7, mRNA	1085	0.0	XM 0115396
Homo sapiens DNA polymerase lamda2 mRNA, complete cds	1075	0.0	AY302442
Homo sapiens DNA polymerase beta2 mRNA, complete cds	1070	0.0	AF283478
Gorilla gorilla (western lowland gorilla) [primates] ▼ Next	▲ Previous	▲ First	
PREDICTED: Gorilla gorilla gorilla polymerase (DNA directed), lambda, transcript variant 3 (POLL), mRNA	1085	0.0	XM 0040499
PREDICTED: Gorilla gorilla gorilla polymerase (DNA directed), lambda, transcript variant 2 (POLL), mRNA	1085	0.0	XM 0040499
PREDICTED: Gorilla gorilla gorilla polymerase (DNA directed), lambda, transcript variant 1 (POLL), mRNA	1085	0.0	XM 0040499
<u>synthetic construct [other sequences]</u> ▼ Next	Previous	▲ First	
Synthetic construct DNA, clone: pF1KB3002, Homo sapiens POLL gene for DNA polymerase lambda, complete	1075	0.0	AB384717
Pan paniscus (pygmy chimpanzee) [primates]  ▼ Next	▲ Previous	▲ First	
PREDICTED: Pan paniscus polymerase (DNA directed), lambda (POLL), transcript variant X10, mRNA	1068	0.0	XM 0038254

# **BLAST Results Taxonomy Report**

#### Hits organized by taxonomy

Taxonomy Report

Organism Report Lineage Report

Taxonomy	Number of hits	Number of Organisms	Description
∃ <u>root</u>	<u>101</u>	16	
■ <u>Catarrhini</u>	<u>100</u>	15	
□ <u>Hominoidea</u>	<u>45</u>	6	
⊟ <u>Homininae</u>	<u>41</u>	5	
Homo sapiens	<u>17</u>	1	Homo sapiens hits
⊟ <u>Gorilla</u>	<u>4</u>	2	
□ Gorilla gorilla	<u>1</u>	2	Gorilla gorilla hits
Gorilla gorilla gorilla	<u>3</u>	1	Gorilla gorilla hits
⊟ <u>Pan</u>	<u>20</u>	2	
Pan paniscus	<u>10</u>	1	Pan paniscus hits
Pan troglodytes	<u>10</u>	1	Pan troglodytes hits
Nomascus leucogenys	<u>4</u>	1	Nomascus leucogenys hits
■ Cercopithecidae	<u>55</u>	9	
⊟ Colobinae	<u>6</u>	3	
⊟ <u>Colobus</u>	<u>5</u>	2	
Colobus angolensis palliatus	<u>4</u>	1	Colobus angolensis palliatus hits
Colobus guereza	<u>1</u>	1	Colobus guereza hits
Rhinopithecus roxellana	<u>1</u>	1	Rhinopithecus roxellana hits
□ Cercopithecinae	<u>49</u>	6	
□ <u>Macaca</u>	<u>30</u>	3	
Macaca fascicularis	<u>11</u>	1	Macaca fascicularis hits
Macaca mulatta	<u>13</u>	1	Macaca mulatta hits
Macaca nemestrina	<u>6</u>	1	Macaca nemestrina hits
Papio anubis	<u>5</u>	1	Papio anubis hits
Mandrillus leucophaeus	<u>3</u>	1	Mandrillus leucophaeus hits
Chlorocebus sabaeus	<u>11</u>	1	Chlorocebus sabaeus hits
<ul> <li>synthetic construct</li> </ul>	<u>1</u>	1	synthetic construct hits

## **Protein BLAST**

A protein BLAST search has as input, a protein query sequence which is compared to each protein sequence in a chosen database.

Use BLOSUM62 for a wider range of sequence hits Use BLOSUM90 for a smaller range of higher similarity hits