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Cybercrime Act 2016

Offenses and Punishments

- ① Gaining unauthorized access to an information system or data is punishable (up to 3 months imprisonment and a fine of up to \$5000/- Rs).
- ② Copying or Transmission of Data without authorization with dishonest intention can lead up to 6 months imprisonment and a fine up to 100,000/-).
- ③ Intentionally interfering with or damaging an information system or data is punishable with up to 12 years imprisonment and a fine up to 500,000/-).
- ④ Unauthorized access to critical infrastructure information systems or data carries a higher penalty of up to 3 - years imprisonment and a fine of up to 4 million rupees.
- ⑤ Preparing or disseminating information through any information system with the intent to glorify terrorism-related offenses, convicted terrorists can lead to 7 years imprisonment and a fine up to 10-million rupees.

⑥ Preparing or disseminating information that advances or is likely to advance inter-faith sectarian or racial hatred is punishable with upto 7 years imprisonment.

⑦ Funding and planning of terrorism is punishable upto 7-years imprisonment.

⑧ Making, obtaining or supplying Device for use in offence or with the intent or belief that it will be used to commit or assist in committing an offence under this Act is punishable with upto 6-months imprisonment or fine upto 50,000 /-

⑨ ~~Eng~~ Unlawfully altering or re-programming a unique device identifier of communication equipment is punishable upto 3-years imprisonment or fine upto 1 million rupees.

⑩ willfully and without authorization writing, distributing or transmitting malicious code with intent to harm information systems or data is punishable with upto two years imprisonment or fine upto 1 million rupees.