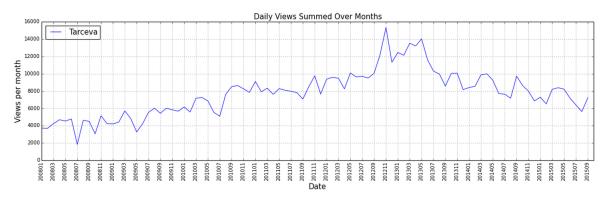
Wikipedia_Views As A Proxy For Social Engagement

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1 Wikidpedia Page Views and Signal Processing of Time Series



This notebook uses Wikipedia page views as a souce of time series data. The reason I'm so interested in WP, is that it may be a proxy for other other media channel interest.

For instance, what has been the national interest on the cancer treatment drug Tarceva. It's difficult to get a long history consumer of content from Twitter, Youtube, Facebook, etc. Wikipedia offers a full seven years of basic usage stats.

I have three goals with this notebook:

- Show how to pull view data from Wikipedia
- Provide examples of signal processing of time series
- Understand the behavior of Wikipedia users (content viewers)

In addition, the contributor's stats on edits is available. That also might yield some interesting analysis. For instance the page maintainers for a drug, might well be a key influencer in the field. Or, the time series data which belongs to an editor, might be used as a co-variate to be removed. Perhaps the amount of time a competitor company puts into their WP article will provide insight for a client.

For now, let's restrict ourselves to page views.

1.1 Version Information

https://github.com/rasbt/watermark

1.2 Core Logic For Downloading the Data

```
In [1]: %matplotlib inline
        # this sets up the default fig size
        from matplotlib import rcParams
        rcParams['figure.figsize'] = (20, 5)
        import urllib2
        import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
        import scipy.signal
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import json
        from time import sleep
        class WikiViews (object):
            def __init__(self, url, start_date, end_date):
                self.url = url
                self.url base = "http://stats.grok.se/json/en/%(date)s/%(url)s"
                self.date_range = pd.date_range(start=start_date, end=end_date, freq='m')
                self.try max = 3
                self.show_url_fails = False
            def _get_data(self, url, try_num):
                if try_num > self.try_max:
                    print "reached max try's"
                    return None
                try:
                    response = urllib2.urlopen(url)
                    out = response.read()
                    return out
                except urllib2.HTTPError:
                    sleep(5)
                    try_num += 1
                    if self.show_url_fails:
                        print "try again:%i:%s" %(try num, url)
                    self._get_data(url, try_num)
            def loop_over_dates(self):
                DF = pd.DataFrame()
                for date in self.date_range:
                    date_string = date.strftime("%Y%m")
                    url = self.url_base %{'date':date_string,
                                           'url':self.url
                    try:
                        try_num = 0
                        out = self._get_data(url, try_num)
                        if out is None:
                            continue
                    except Exception, err: # modicum of trouble shooting
                        print err
                                           # mystery failures
                        continue
```

```
#raise Exception
        out = json.loads(out) # first column happens to be a date string, whic.
        df = pd.DataFrame(out)
        DF = DF.append(df)
        DF = DF.reindex(fill value=0) # make sure that all days are filled for
    DF['date'] = DF.index # useful when loading the data from csv file
    return DF
@classmethod # shouldn't need class instance for this but it nice to keep orga.
def plot_time_series(self, df, norm=False):
    ""Plot time series average per month and print labels ""
    grp = df.groupby('month')
    y = grp.sum()
    if 'daily_views' in y.keys(): # case when df is a single output of loop_ov.
        y = y['daily_views']
                                   # case for df concatenation
    else:
        pass
    if norm:
        y /= np.std(y)
    plt.plot(y)
   plt.grid(True)
   plt.title("Daily Views Summed Over Months", fontsize=15)
   plt.ylabel("Views per month", fontsize=15)
   plt.xlabel("Date", fontsize=15)
   plt.xlim(0, y.shape[0])
    interval = 2
    labels = df.month.unique()
    labels = labels[0::interval]
    n = np.arange(len(y))[0::interval]
   plt.xticks(n, labels, rotation='vertical')
@classmethod
def fft(self, data):
    '''Plot FFT using Welch's method, daily resolution '''
    #plt.figure(figsize=(13, 7))
    f, y = scipy.signal.welch(data, fs=1.0, nperseg=256, noverlap=128, nfft=51:
    interval = 3 # days
   periods = np.round(1/f[0::interval], 1)
    # clean up frequency of 0 Hz
   periods[0] = 0
    frqs = f[0::interval]
    plt.xticks(frqs, periods, rotation="vertical")
    plt.plot(f, y)
```

```
plt.grid(True) # not working likely b/c of conflict with seaborn artist
plt.title("Welch FFT: Wiki Views")
plt.ylabel("Relative ratio of spectrum")
plt.xlabel("Number of days in a period")
return f, y, frqs
```

1.3 Getting the Tarceva Stats

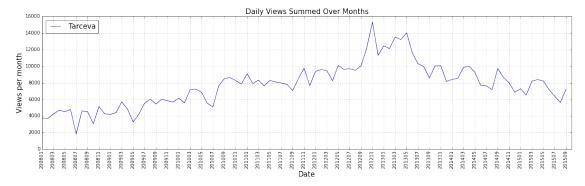
This will take a while. You may wish to change the *start* and *end* dates in the next cell to move through faster. Later in the notebook I save all the pulls to csv which causes some annoyance in the form of extra code. You may wish to selectively run each cell rather than *run all*.

It's important to note, that Tarceva is the trade name for *Erlotinib Hydrochloride*. The Wikipedia page view stats do not always use the original article name. This is true in the case of the Tarceva page, where the page view stats use the *Erlotinib* name in the URL. This occurs again with *Iressa*, which is described below.

```
In [ ]: # setup constants for dates of the query
        start = '1/1/2008'
        end = '10/1/2015'
In [280]: wv = WikiViews("Erlotinib", start, end)
          tar = wv.loop over dates()
In [281]: tar.head()
Out [281]:
                       daily_views
                                      month project
                                                      rank
                                                                 title
                                                                               date
          2008-04-01
                                167
                                     200804
                                                             Erlotinib
                                                                        2008-04-01
                                                  en
                                                         -1
          2008-04-02
                                192
                                     200804
                                                  en
                                                        -1
                                                             Erlotinib
                                                                         2008-04-02
          2008-04-03
                                188
                                     200804
                                                                        2008-04-03
                                                        -1
                                                             Erlotinib
          2008-04-04
                                163
                                     200804
                                                             Erlotinib
                                                                        2008-04-04
                                                        -1
                                                  en
          2008-04-05
                                                                        2008-04-05
                                 95
                                     200804
                                                         -1
                                                             Erlotinib
```

1.4 Time Series

The data is returned on a daily basis. I don't think that is very useful for a first look. Most people want to see the trend. We should keep in mind, that WP's user's have grown over the years and that may account for some trending. We'll use signal processing techniques later that will account for that.



1.5 Covariates

We'd like to be able to know what high level topics influence the interest in the drug Tarceva. We'll look for covariates and try to come up with some entry point ideas that we would present to a domain export or analyst.

We would want to talk to a domain expert about that. Of course we and o some Google searches of our own and try to find covariates.

Google search about Tarceva turns up:

- Tarvcea acts on, "Epidermal growth factor receptor"
- Tarceva is also used to treat
- Non small cell lung cancer

2008-01-05

87

53

- Pancreatic cancer
- Older drug named Iressa is the predecessor

Might as well do some more Wikipedia pulls, because it will be hard to find source to cross reference in the news that covers a span of time. Let's try more topics.

```
In [34]: wv = WikiViews("Epidermal_growth_factor_receptor", start, end )
         egfr = wv.loop_over_dates()
In [35]: wv = WikiViews("Lung_cancer", start, end)
         lung = wv.loop_over_dates()
In [36]: wv = WikiViews("Gefitinib", start, end)
         iressa = wv.loop_over_dates()
In [37]: tar['date'] = df.index
         df = pd.concat({'date':tar.date,
                          'month':tar.month,
                         'tar':tar.daily_views,
                         'egfr':egfr.daily views,
                         'lung':lung.daily_views,
                          'iressa':iressa.daily_views
                        }, axis=1)
         df.to_csv("/home/daniel/git/Python2.7/DataScience/notebooks/wikipedia_views/wiki_
In [39]: df.head()
         dfcopy = df.copy()
```

I kept coming back to this notebook for work on it and didn't want to wait for the data to download. Below I'm loading it back from a csv file.

```
In [2]: df = pd.read_csv("/home/daniel/git/Python2.7/DataScience/notebooks/wikipedia_views
        df.set_index("date", drop=True, inplace=True)
        df.head()
Out [2]:
                     eafr
                           iressa
                                    lung
                                           month
                                                  tar
        date
        2008-01-01
                       64
                                40
                                    1357
                                          200801
                                                    47
        2008-01-02
                      156
                                81
                                    2205
                                          200801
                                                   133
                              100
                                    2728
        2008-01-03
                      213
                                          200801
                                                   118
        2008-01-04
                      174
                                89
                                    2582
                                          200801
                                                   108
```

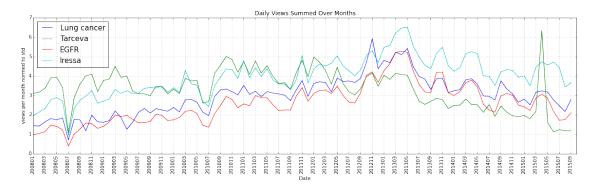
200801

72

Examine for correlation by eye. We need to normalize to correct for scale. Note, the y label units will not be applicable for this plot.

1885

Out[291]: <matplotlib.text.Text at 0x7f193a23c650>



1.6 Correlation

Recall, this is just a very basic exercise. We are using really obviously connected information to form a quick and dirty report suitable for an analysis to look at on day one of a project. We will need to search more for data which could be used to predict.

Examination by eye of the above plots, looks like all 4 topics are roughly correlated in time. It's good to get a quantifier though. Tarceva and Lung Cancer have a relatively small correlation compared to EGFR.

```
In [292]: df[['tar', 'egfr', 'lung', 'iressa']].corr()
Out [292]:
                                                    iressa
                                           lung
                        tar
                                 egfr
                  1.000000
                             0.821299
                                       0.210851
                                                  0.774580
          tar
                  0.821299 1.000000
          egfr
                                      0.227172
                                                 0.872449
                  0.210851
                             0.227172
                                       1.000000
                                                 0.235276
          lung
                  0.774580 0.872449
                                       0.235276
          iressa
                                                 1.000000
```

1.7 GLM with statsmodels

Dep. Variable:

```
In [293]: import statsmodels.api as sm
    signal = df['tar']
    cov = df[['egfr','iressa','lung']]
    cov = np.asarray(cov.astype(np.float32))

signal = np.asarray(df['tar'].astype(np.float32))

# GLM
    model = sm.GLM(signal, cov, family=sm.families.Gaussian())
    res = model.fit()

print(res.summary())
Generalized Linear Model Regression Results
```

No. Observations:

2860

Model:				GLM	Df Re	esiduals:		2857
Model Family:			Gaus	sian	Df Model: Scale:	odel:		
Link Function:			iden	tity		:	5785.60	152446
Method:				IRLS	Log-I	Likelihood:	=	16445.
Date:	Sa	t, 10	Oct	2015	Devia	ance:	1.65	29e+07
Time:			22:3	7:47	Pears	son chi2:	1.	65e+07
No. Iterations	:			4				
==========	coef	std	err	=====	z	P> z	[95.0% Conf.	Int.]
x1	0.3221	0 .	.011	28	3.216	0.000	0.300	0.344
x2	0.4569	0 .	.032	14	.358	0.000	0.394	0.519
x 3	0.0014	0.	.001	2	2.490	0.013	0.000	0.002

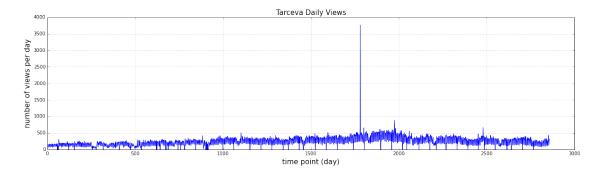
2 Moving on with numerical analysis technics

2.1 Filtering and FFT

Now we'd like to see some frequency analysis. The FFT won't tell us what day(s) the cycles repeat on, but it will show if any periodicity exists.

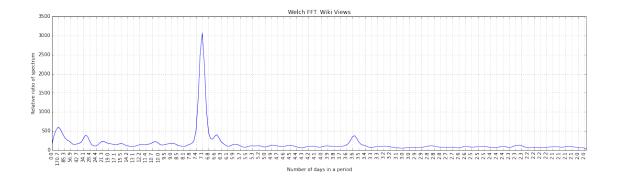
Below is the time series by day, rather than by monthly sum as it was above.

Out[295]: <matplotlib.text.Text at 0x7f1938bd9a10>



Now the frequency analysis. Note that in the Welch's function which produces this plot, the detending feature is set to linear.

```
In [296]: f, y, frq = WikiViews.fft(tar)
```

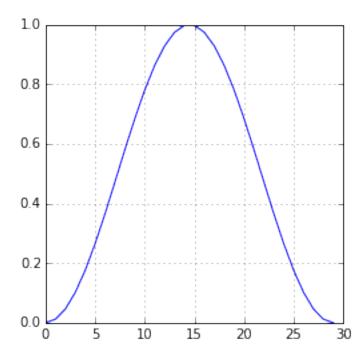


There's a clear weekly frequency that I've seen in other social media channels. People may look use Wikipedia on the weekends more so than weekdays. The longer periods are interesting at about a month and three months.

The next step would be to look for covarites to explain the time series and the periodicity.

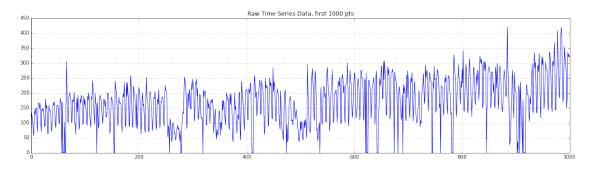
2.1.1 Filtering via Convolution

With straight numeric data from sensors (typically voltages), it's a lot more straight forward to process the signals. There's sample rates, signal to noise ratios, published bandwidths. We have none of those helpful physical insights in this case.



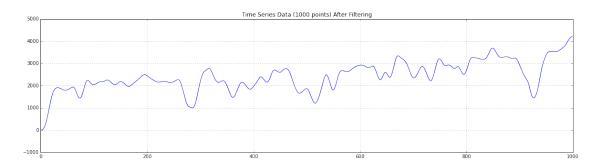
2.1.2 Before the Filter

Out[299]: <matplotlib.text.Text at 0x7f193874d190>



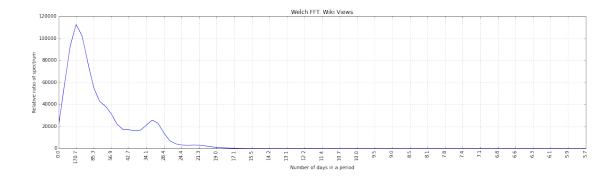
2.1.3 After the Filter

Out[300]: <matplotlib.text.Text at 0x7f193860f2d0>



2.1.4 FFT After Filtering

Out[301]: (0.0, 0.17578125)



Although the peak looks bigger, there is no straight forward way to scale the y axis so we need to not be too impressed with that. Really, the same two peaks are present as in the original FFT. This plot is simply cleaner. This might seem dumb, but if we where writing a peak-detector, then we'd want a simpler data set.

2.2 Find peaks

2.2.1 The Savitzky-Golay filer was taken from here:

http://wiki.scipy.org/Cookbook/SavitzkyGolay

```
In [6]: from math import factorial
        def savitzky_golay(y, window_size, order, deriv=0, rate=1):
            # usage and comments removed for brevity see the cookbook link for details
            try:
                window_size = np.abs(np.int(window_size))
                order = np.abs(np.int(order))
            except ValueError, msq:
                raise ValueError ("window_size and order have to be of type int")
            if window size % 2 != 1 or window size < 1:</pre>
                raise TypeError ("window_size size must be a positive odd number")
            if window size < order + 2:</pre>
                raise TypeError ("window_size is too small for the polynomials order")
            order_range = range(order+1)
            half_window = (window_size -1) // 2
            # precompute coefficients
            b = np.mat([[k**i for i in order_range] for k in range(-half_window, half_window)
            m = np.linalg.pinv(b).A[deriv] * rate**deriv * factorial(deriv)
            # pad the signal at the extremes with
            # values taken from the signal itself
            firstvals = y[0] - np.abs(y[1:half_window+1][::-1] - y[0])
            lastvals = y[-1] + np.abs(y[-half_window-1:-1][::-1] - y[-1])
            y = np.concatenate((firstvals, y, lastvals))
            return np.convolve( m[::-1], y, mode='valid')
```

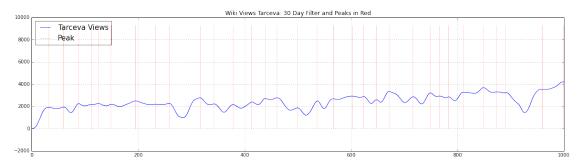
This function is just an implementation of the first and second derivative tests.

```
In [7]: def peak_detection(data):
    der1 = savitzky_golay(data, window_size=3, order=1, deriv=1)
    der2 = savitzky_golay(data, window_size=5, order=2, deriv=2)
    zero_crossings_test = der1[0:-1] * der1[1:]
    peaks = np.where((der2[0:-1] < 0) & (zero_crossings_test < 0))[0]
    return peaks</pre>
```

```
In [304]: peaks = peak_detection(data_filt_30)
```

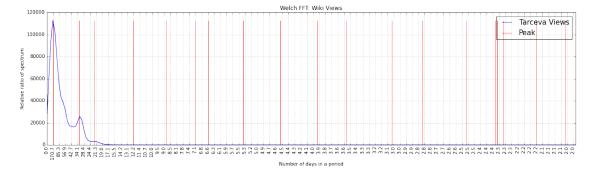
I find the peaks in the time series just to make sure it works.

Out[305]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7f19382d46d0>



Finding peaks is more useful when analyzing an FFT output.

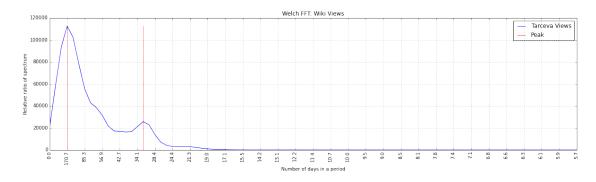
Out[306]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7f193846e350>



2.2.2 Threshold the Peaks

That ripple is most likely just noise from the convolution of delta function during sampling with the actual signal.

The odd harmonics are carried over by the Convolution-Theorm. Using Welch's method helps but does not elleviate the issue.



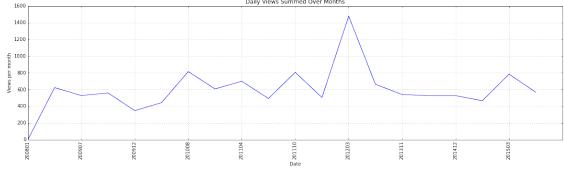
2.3 Print the periods of interest

2.4 Get Random Pages

I'd like to see if there's a general viewing trend with Wikipedia. To do that, I'll need to select pages at random. Mediawiki has an api for that and there's a button on the Wikipedia homepage.

I didn't realize there is a rest api for Wikipedia before I wrote this. I'm leaving it in place since it's a decent regex hack.

```
In [238]: import re
          obj = re.compile(r'"wgPageName":"(?P<name>\w.*?")')
          def get_random_name():
              random = 'https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Special:Random'
              response = urllib2.urlopen(random)
              src_out = response.read()
              response.close()
              match = obj.search(src_out)
              #"wgPageName":"foo_bar_bash"
              if match:
                  page_name = match.group('name')
                  return page_name.replace('"','') # hack to fix above hack
              else:
                  return None # handles the case when the page name is not the same as the
In [241]: rand_page = get_random_name()
          print rand_page
          wv = WikiViews(rand_page, start, end)
          test_df = wv.loop_over_dates()
Shah_Alam_Circuit
In [242]: WikiViews.plot_time_series(test_df)
```



We can see, that not all pages have the same length of history. That will cause problems. Let's build a collection of random page though and deal with it. In fact I think a linear weight will handle that bias.

The other bias I know for certain, is that not all the Wikipedia page view stat pages are named after the normal article page. I'll wager that will bias this experiment in some messed up way.

This is still really a first iteration so I'm not going to try and fix everything.

I tried 20 to test things out. 100 or more would be better.

```
In [214]: for i in range(20):
                                       try:
                                                  df = get_random_data(df)
                                       except KeyboardInterrupt:
                                                   # killing the loop saves the data we have already
                                                   df.to_csv("/home/daniel/git/Python2.7/DataScience/wiki_views_random_data
                                                  raise KeyboardInterrupt
                            df.to_csv("/home/daniel/git/Python2.7/DataScience/notebooks/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wikipedia_views/wi
In [419]: df.head()
Out [419]:
                                                             egfr iressa lung
                                                                                                                         month tar Evergreen, Edmonton \
                            date
                            2008-01-01
                                                                   64
                                                                                          40 1357
                                                                                                                      200801
                                                                                                                                               47
                                                                                                                                                                                                              0
                            2008-01-02
                                                                156
                                                                                          81
                                                                                                     2205
                                                                                                                      200801
                                                                                                                                            133
                                                                                                                                                                                                              0
                                                                                                                                                                                                              0
                            2008-01-03
                                                                213
                                                                                       100 2728 200801 118
                            2008-01-04
                                                                174
                                                                                          89 2582 200801 108
                                                                                                                                                                                                              0
                            2008-01-05
                                                                87
                                                                                          53 1885 200801
                                                                                                                                            72
                                                                                                                                                                                                              0
                                                              Donkey_Punch_(pornographic_film)
                                                                                                                                                          Bagarmossen_Kärrtorp_BK
                            date
                            2008-01-01
                                                                                                                                                     0
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                            2008-01-02
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                            2008-01-03
                                                                                                                                                     0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                            0
                            2008-01-04
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                            2008-01-05
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                            date
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                                                                                    4
                                                                                                                                                                                        0
                                                                                                                                                                                        0
                            2008-01-02
                                                                                    4
                            2008-01-03
                                                                                    3
                                                                                                                                                                                        0
                            2008-01-04
                                                                                                                                                                                        0
                            2008-01-05
                                                                                                                                          Penny_capitalism Qormi_F.C. \
                            date
                            2008-01-01
                                                                                                                                                                                    0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       0
                            2008-01-02
                                                                                                                                                                                    0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       0
                            2008-01-03
                                                                                                                                                                                    1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       0
                            2008-01-04
                                                                                                                                                                                    0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       0
                            2008-01-05
                                                                                                                                                                                     2
                                                              Lopez, Quezon Little Wilson and Big God Young Ace \
                            date
                            2008-01-01
                                                                                                                                                                            0
                                                                                                                                                                                                           0
                                                                                            16
                            2008-01-02
                                                                                            13
                                                                                                                                                                            0
                                                                                                                                                                                                           0
                                                                                             2.2
                                                                                                                                                                            0
                                                                                                                                                                                                           2
                            2008-01-03
                            2008-01-04
                                                                                             31
                                                                                                                                                                            0
                                                                                                                                                                                                           0
                            2008-01-05
                                                                                                                                                                                                           0
                                                                                            12
                                                              Toyota_Automobile_Museum 1974_Currie_Cup Stephanie_Daley \
```

date				
2008-01-01		3	0	30
2008-01-02		1	0	39
2008-01-03		3	0	35
2008-01-04		8	0	28
2008-01-05		4	0	39
	Joyce_Vincent_Wilson	Albert_C	Julius_Otto_Penzig	
date	Joyce_Vincent_Wilson	Albert_C	Julius_Otto_Penzig	
date 2008-01-01	Joyce_Vincent_Wilson 43	Albert_J	Julius_Otto_Penzig	0
	-	Albert_0	Julius_Otto_Penzig	0 0
2008-01-01	43	Albert_C	Julius_Otto_Penzig	0 0 0
2008-01-01 2008-01-02	43	Albert.	Julius_Otto_Penzig	0 0 0 0

[5 rows x 27 columns]

3 Averaging Time Series

I'm interested in the periodic viewership in general, per article. So instead of averaging I'm only normalizing. I know that our data has holes from failed HTTP requests, and those will show up as NaN's. Also, some time series are shorter than others. A simple mean will bias the samples b/c of the zeros.

Also, zeros add odd harmonics in the FFT.

For a first iteration, I'm going to normalize by the range of each time series and set all NaN's to zero. Then I'll interpolate the zeros in the mean to reduce ripple in the FFT.

```
In [9]: df = pd.read_csv("/home/daniel/git/Python2.7/DataScience/notebooks/wikipedia_views
    df.shape
Out[9]: (2860, 27)
In [90]: arr = df.drop("month", axis=1,inplace=False).as_matrix()
    arr = arr.astype(np.float32)
    arr.shape
Out[90]: (2860, 26)
In [91]: range_ = arr.max(axis=0, keepdims=True) - arr.min(axis=0, keepdims=True)
    arr /= range_
    arr = np.nan_to_num(arr) # handle NaN's created above
In [92]: plt.plot(arr.mean(1))
    plt.grid()
```

3.1 Interpolate

Now we'll use linear interpolation to avoid the arteficial periodicity we'd get from the zeros.

1000

3.2 Weighted Average

We still would prefer a method that will deal with the different lengths of the time series. For that will use a linear weight. The more points, the higher the weight in the average.

1500

2000

We'll need to interpolate the missing points first. This won't affect the long leading zeros much.

```
In [10]: def interp(col):
             z = np.where(col == 0)[0]
             num = np.nonzero(col)[0]
             if len(z) < 1 or len(num) < 1:
                 return col
             col[z] = np.interp(z, num, col[num])
             return col
         def process_for_ave_fft (df):
             arr = df.drop("month", axis=1, inplace=False).as_matrix()
             arr = arr.astype(np.float32)
             range_ = arr.max(axis=0, keepdims=True) - arr.min(axis=0, keepdims=True)
             arr /= range_
             arr = np.nan_to_num(arr)
             num non zeros = map(lambda x:len(np.where(x != 0)[0]), arr.T) # map iterates
             total_points = np.sum(num_non_zeros)
             for i in range(arr.shape[1]):
                 arr[:,i] = interp(arr[:,i])
```

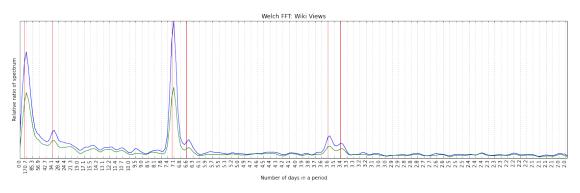
```
w = num_non_zeros / np.float32(total_points)
ave_arr = np.average(arr, axis=1, weights=w)

return ave_arr

In [101]: ave_arr = process_for_ave_fft(df)
    plt.plot(ave_arr)
    plt.plot(ave_arr_test)
    plt.legend(("unweighted mean", "weighted mean"), loc="upper left", fontsize=15)

Out[101]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7fadd5d43590>
Out[101]: <metplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7fadd5d43590>
```

The Welch FFT has an option to linearily detrend the data which is being used.



```
In [70]: print_fft_periods(fp)
The periods of interest are:
256.0 days
34.1 days
7.2 days
6.6 days
3.6 days
3.4 days
```

3.3 Mediawiki API

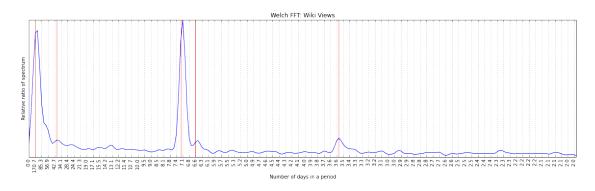
We now attemp to grab all page titles in a category

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Special:ApiSandbox#action=query&list=categorymembers&format=json&cmtitle=Categorymembers&format=json&cmtitle

```
In [252]: cate_url = "http://en.wikipedia.org//w/api.php?action=query&list=categorymembers
          response = urllib2.urlopen(cate_url)
          out = response.read()
          json_out = json.loads(out)
          #json_out['query']['categorymembers']
In [253]: titles = map(lambda x:x['title'], json_out['query']['categorymembers'])
          print titles[0:10]
[u'Abscopal effect', u'Addiction medicine', u'Aquamiel', u'Alqlucosidase alfa', u'Alternat.
In [254]: np.random.shuffle(titles)
          print titles[0:10]
[u'Interventionism (medicine)', u'Intraosseous infusion', u'Bcr-Abl tyrosine-kinase inhibi-
In [123]: titles = titles[0:10]
          title = titles.pop()
          tot = len(titles)
          start = "1/1/2008"
          end = "10/1/2015"
          # start with a df filled in for month and date columns
          wv = WikiViews(title, start, end)
          df_pages = wv.loop_over_dates()
          df_pages['date'] = df_pages.index
                                                     # required later, when re-loading from
          df_pages[title] = df_pages['daily_views'] # reformat cols a little
          df_pages.drop(['title','daily_views','project', 'rank'], inplace=True, axis=1)
          for i, page in enumerate(titles):
              # on long job it's nice to keep track of how far you've gone
              print "%s: %i of %i" %(page, i, tot)
              try:
                  wv = WikiViews(page, start, end)
                  data = wv.loop_over_dates()
                  df_pages[page] = data['daily_views']
              except KeyboardInterrupt:
                  # killing the loop saves the data we have already
                  df_pages.to_csv("/home/daniel/git/Python2.7/DataScience/wiki_views_categories-
                  raise KeyboardInterrupt
          df_pages.to_csv("/home/daniel/git/Python2.7/DataScience/wiki_views_category_data
EBOO: 0 of 8
Celacade: 1 of 8
Chronotherapy (sleep phase): 2 of 8
```

```
Bed rest: 3 of 8
Anthrax immune globulin: 4 of 8
Intraperitoneal injection: 5 of 8
Graded exercise therapy: 6 of 8
Heliox: 7 of 8
```

I typically re-load the csv file everytime so that I know it works. I don't want to wait for the data to be acquired when presenting or hacking on this.



```
In [105]: print_fft_periods(fp)
The periods of interest are:
170.7 days
39.4 days
7.2 days
6.6 days
3.5 days
```

3.4 Detrend The Original Tarceva Data

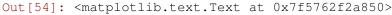
In order to see what is really happening in the Tarceva time series, we need to remove the global trend of Wikipedia page views. We will use the average of the random data collected above.

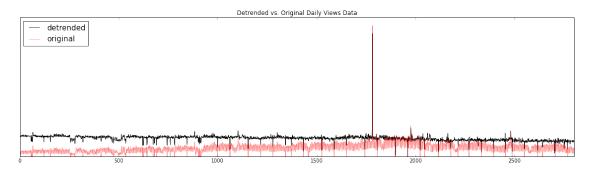
```
from SignalProcessTools import SignalProcessTools
sigtools = SignalProcessTools()

tar = np.squeeze(df['tar'])
tar_detrend = np.squeeze(sigtools.regress_out_confounds(tar, ave_arr))
# the detrending will center the data, therefore we need to transform back to postar_detrend -= tar_detrend.min()
```

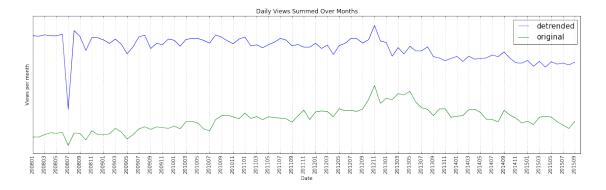
After we detrend, we can't really say what the y axis means anymore. It's not views, because that data is the original plot. We could say the y axis is the estimated views after removing the global trend.

```
In [54]: plt.plot(tar_detrend, color='k');
    plt.plot(df['tar'], alpha=0.5, color='r')
    plt.legend(('detrended', 'original'), loc='upper left', fontsize=15)
    plt.xlim(0, 2800)
    plt.yticks([])
    plt.title("Detrended vs. Original Daily Views Data")
```





Notice I normed the y axis so that we can think about the curve shapes in relation to each other.



3.5 I couln't get the sink out of my kitchen but there's always the next presentation.