

LAB FILE

8086 ASSEMBLY PROGRAMMING

Q.1 Write a program to display output in LED.

Ans:

```
#start=led_display.exe#
```

```
#make_bin#
```

```
name "led"
```

```
mov ax,5
```

```
out 199,ax
```

```
hlt
```

Q.2 Program to add two number and display output in LED.

Ans:

```
#start=led_display.exe#
```

```
#make_bin#
```

```
name "led"
```

```
mov al,10
```

```
out 199, ax
```

```
mov bl, 20
```

```
add al,bl
```

```
out 199,ax
```

```
hlt
```

Q.3 Program to find avg of 3 number.

Ans:

DATA SEGMENT

NUM1 DB

NUM2 DB 10

NUM3 DB 10

AVG DB ?

ENDS

CODE SEGMENT

ASSUME DS:DATA CS:CODE

START:

MOV AX,DATA

MOV DS,AX

MOV AL,NUM1

ADD AL,NUM2

ADD AL,NUM3

MOV AH,0

MOV DL,3

DIV DL

MOV AVG,AL

#start=led_display.exe#

out 199,ax

MOV AH,4CH

INT 21H

ENDS

END START

Q4.write a program to swap two numbers

Ans:

DATA SEGMENT

NUM1 DB 5

NUM2 DB 10

ENDS

CODE SEGMENT

ASSUME DS:DATA CS:CODE

START:

#start=led_display.exe#

MOV AX,@DATA

MOV DS,AX

MOV AL,NUM1

MOV BL,NUM2

MOV NUM1,BL

MOV NUM2,AL

MOV AH,4CH

INT 21H

ENDS

END START

Q5 – write a program to subtract 16 bit number

data segment

a db 2Ah

b db 13h

c dw ?

data ends

code segment

assume cs:code,ds:data

start:

mov ax,data

mov ds,ax

mov al,a

mov bl,b

sub al,bl

mov c,ax

int 3

code ends

end start

Q6-program to arrange numbers in accending order

DATA SEGMENT

STRING1 DB 99H,12H,56H,45H,36H

DATA ENDS

CODE SEGMENT

ASSUME CS:CODE,DS:DATA

START: MOV AX,DATA

MOV DS,AX

MOV CH,04H

UP2: MOV CL,04H

LEA SI,STRING1

UP1: MOV AL,[SI]

MOV BL,[SI+1]

CMP AL,BL

JC DOWN

MOV DL,[SI+1]

XCHG [SI],DL

MOV [SI+1],DL

DOWN: INC SI

DEC CL

JNZ UP1

DEC CH

JNZ UP2

INT 3

CODE ENDS

END START

Q-7 Write a program to input a string from user and display the string on the center of the screen

PRNT MACRO MSG

MOV AH,09h

LEA DX,MSG

INT 21H

ENDM

DATA SEGMENT

MSG1 DB "ABC PQR XYZ\$"

DATA ENDS

CODE SEGMENT

ASSUME CS:CODE,DS:DATA

START:

MOV AX,DATA

MOV DS,AX

MOV AX,0600H

MOV BH,71H

MOV CX,0000H ;UPPER LEFT ROW,COLUMN

MOV DX,0184H ;LOWER RIGHT ROW,COLUMN

INT 10H

MOV AH,02H

MOV BH,00H

MOV DH,0CH

MOV DL,23H

```
INT 10H
PRNT MSG1
MOV AH,4CH
INT 21H
CODE ENDS
END START
```

Q8- Write a program to reverse a string entered by the user.

Data Segment

```
str1 db 'String_Reverse','$'
      strlen1 dw $-str1
strrev db 20 dup(' ')
```

Data Ends

Code Segment

Assume cs:code, ds:data

Begin:

```
mov ax, data
mov ds, ax
mov es, ax
mov cx, strlen1
add cx, -2
lea si, str1
lea di, strrev
add si, strlen1
add si, -2
L1:
```

```
mov al, [si]
mov [di], al
dec si
inc di
loop L1
mov al, [si]
mov [di], al
inc di
mov dl, '$'
mov [di], dl
```

Print:

```
mov ah, 09h
lea dx, strrev
int 21h
```

Exit:

```
mov ax, 4c00h
int 21h
```

Code Ends

End Begin

Q9. Write a program to count number of 1's in the number

DATA SEGMENT

NO DW 5648H

Z DW ?

O DW ?

DATA ENDS

CODE SEGMENT

ASSUME CS:CODE, DS:DATA

START:

MOV AX, DATA

MOV DS, AX

MOV AX, NO

MOV BX, 00H

MOV CX, 10H

MOV DX, 00H

UP:

ROL AX,1

JC ONE

INC BX

JMP NXT

ONE:

INC DX

NXT:

DEC CX

JNZ UP

MOV Z, BX

MOV O, DX

INT 3

CODE ENDS

END START

Q10 write a program to check wheather the string is palindrome or not

DATA SEGMENT

STRING DB 'abba', '\$' #STRING TO BE CHECKED, DOLLAR SYM TO INDICATE THE END OF THE STRING

STRING1 DB 'STRING IS A PALINDROME', '\$'

STRING2 DB 'STRING IS NOT A PALINDROME', '\$'

DATA ENDS

CODE SEGMENT

ASSUME CS:CODE, DS:DATA

START:

MAIN PROC FAR # MAIN FUNCTION KEY WORD FAR IS USED BECAUSE IT WILL BE IN ANOTHER SEGMENT

MOV AX, DATA #INITIALIZATION OF THE DS REGISTER

MOV DS, AX

CALL PALINDROME # PROCEDURE CALLED AS PALINDROME FUNCTION WILL BE CALLED

MOV AH,4CH # TERMINATION OF THE PROGRAM AND THE CONTROL WILL BE RETURNED

INT21H

MAIN ENDP

CODE ENDS

END START

PALINDROME PROC

MOV SI, OFFSET STRING # THE OFFSET ADDRESS OF THE STRING 'ABBA' WILL BE ASSIGNED TO SI

LOOP1:

MOV AL, [SI] # [SI] MEANS THE CONTENT OF SI IS MOVED TO AL, AL='A'

JE LABEL1 #JUMP IF EQUAL TO LABEL1, BUT THEY ARE NOT EQUAL THUS SI IS INCREMENTED

INC SI

JMP LOOP1 # CONTINUE WITH THE LOOP TILL EOS '\$' IS ENCOUNTERED

LABEL1:

MOV DI, OFFSET STRING # DI INITIALISED TO THE FIRST ADDRESS OF THE STRING

DEC SI # SI IS POINTING TO DOLLAR THUS DECREMENT SI

LOOP2:

CMP SI,DI

JL OUTPUT1 #JUMP IF LESS TO OUTPUT1 THAT IS WHEN THEY CROSS MIDPOINT

MOV AL, [SI]

MOV BL, [DI]

CMP AL, BL # COMPARE AL AND BL

JNE OUTPUT2 # JUMP IF NOT EQUAL TO OUTPUT2

DEC SI

INC DI

JMP LOOP2

OUTPUT1:

LEA DX, STRING1 #LOAD EFFECTIVE ADDRESS OF STRING1 TO DX USED TO LOAD THE OFFSET
VALUE TO A REGISTER

MOV AH, 09H 3 TO DISPLAY THE MESSAGE OF STRING 1 ON THE DISPLAY

INT 21H

RET

OUTPUT2:

LEA DX, STRING2

MOV AH, 09H

INT 21H

RET

PALINDROME ENDP

END MAIN