


Home


[登录 \(http://112.126.101.92/login\)](http://112.126.101.92/login) 好评 [+31]

ICPC亚洲区域赛银川赛站网络预选赛

E. Crypto System

Time Limit: 1 s

Memory Limit: 32 MB

 统计 (/contest/1/problem/5/statistics) 描述 提交[返回比赛 \(/contest/1\)](/contest/1)

Description

RSA is a well known crypto system. It works as follows. First of all, we have to find two large prime numbers, namely, p and q . Then we set two positive integers, s and t are satisfied $st \equiv 1 \pmod{(p-1)(q-1)}$, that is, $st = (p-1)(q-1)k + 1$, with k being an integer. Now given r ($r = pq$) and s , we can encrypt all positive integers which are smaller than r . Suppose the number before encryption is n and the number after encryption is m , $m \equiv (n^s) \pmod{r}$.

Now, giving r , t and m , you are supposed to calculate n .

It is guaranteed that there is exactly one answer for each test case.

Input

Each test case has three integers on a single line. They are given in the order r ($4 \leq r < 2^{31}-1$), t ($1 \leq t \leq 3 \times 10^{10}$) and m ($1 \leq m < 3 \times 10^{11}$). The condition below is satisfied: $2 \leq p$, $q \leq 50000$, $1 \leq k \leq 100$.

There are multiple test cases. Proceed to the end of file.

Output

For each test case, print the value of n on a single line.

Examples

input :

```
851 317 32
851 233 4273
```

output :

```
2
2
```

HINT

For both test cases, the value of p and q are 37 and 23.



(<http://112.126.101.92/contest/1/problem/5?locale=zh-cn>)



(<http://112.126.101.92/contest/1/problem/5?locale=en>)

ICPC亚洲区域赛网络预选赛

服务器时间: 2019-09-09 09:58:32