CSE4001 - Parallel and Distributed Computing, Fall 2019 Vellore Institute of Technology Instructor: Prof Deebak B D - SCOPE

Lab report

Title of Lab: Beginning with MPI

Assessment #: 9 Date: 04|10|2019

Author's name: Gagan Deep Singh Registration ID: 17BCI0140

Lab section: Friday L59 + L60

AIM: Implement the given code in Ubuntu. Build and Execute Its Logical Scenario. Depict the screenshots along with proper justification.

SOURCE CODE:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "mpi.h"
int main(int argc, char* argv[]){
        int my_rank, p, source, dest, tag=0;
        char message[100];
       MPI Status status;
       MPI Init(&argc, &argv);
        MPI Comm rank (MPI COMM WORLD, &my rank);
        MPI Comm size (MPI COMM WORLD, &p);
        if (my_rank !=0) {
                sprintf(message, "Hello MPI World from process %d!", my rank);
                dest = 0;
                MPI_Send(message, strlen(message)+1, MPI_CHAR, dest, tag,
MPI COMM WORLD);
        }
        else{
                printf("Hello MPI World From process 0: Num processes: %d\n",p);
                for(source = 1; source < p; source++) {</pre>
                        MPI Recv (message, 100, MPI CHAR, source, tag,
MPI COMM WORLD, &status);
                       printf("%s\n", message);
                }
        MPI Finalize();
        return 0;
}
```

EXECUTION:

```
□ →
                                                                                                              Code Writer
                                                                 🧔 gagandeep@GAGAN: /mnt/e
PDC17BCI0140.c
     #include <stdio.h>
   2 #include <string.h>
3 #include "mpi.h"
                                                                gagandeep@GAGAN:/mnt/e$ lamboot
   4 int main(int argc, char* argv[]){
                                                               LAM 7.1.4/MPI 2 C++/ROMIO - Indiana University
          int my_rank, p, source, dest, tag=0;
                                                                 agandeep@GAGAN:/mnt/e$ mpirun -np 4 ./A
          char message[100];
          MPI_Status status;

MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);

MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &my_rank)

MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &p);

MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &p);

MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &p);

MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &p);

MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &p);

MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &p);
          MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &p);
                                                                gagandeep@GAGAN:/mnt/e$ _
           if (my_rank !=0){
                sprintf(message, "Hello MPI World
                dest = 0;
                MPI_Send(message, strlen(message)+1
                printf("Hello MPI World From proces
                for(source = 1; source < p; source+</pre>
                     MPI_Recv(message, 100, MPI_CHAR
                     printf("%s\n",message);
           MPI_Finalize();
           return 0:
```

The new MPI calls are to MPI_Send, MPI_Recv and MPI_Get_processor_name (this gets the name of the processor on which a process is running). For MPI_Send and MPI_Recv there are two requirements that must be satisfied to communicate data between two processes:

- 1. Describe the data to be sent or the location in which to receive the data
- 2. Describe the destination (for a send) or the source (for a receive) of the data.