Review Management Component Specification

1. Design

Reviews are produced based on scorecards. A review holds a collection of items which address each of the questions on the scorecard. It also consists of the author that produced the review, the submission it addresses and the scorecard template it is based on. Various types of comments can be attached to the review or to each review item. A committed review must address all questions on the corresponding scorecard, and will have its overall score available.

The component provides the management functionalities to create, update or search reviews. The review persistence logic is pluggable.

1.1 Design Patterns

DefaultReviewManager and ReviewPersistence implement the strategy pattern.

1.2 Industry Standards

JDBC

Informix

1.3 Required Algorithms

1.3.1 Transaction of InformixReviewPersistence

All the methods of InformixReviewPersistence that involve in the database operations, should put the database queries in one transaction. Take the createReview(Review,String) method for instance, in order to create Review, this method will also be responsible for creating the associated Item and Comment. All these database operations should be put in one transaction. The connection is retrieved from DBConnectionFactory, and it should be closed after operation to release to connection pool.

Note that searchReview method will fall into two transactions. One transaction is used to retrieve an array of review ids, and the other to initialize the review array.

1.3.2 Create the Review in the persistence

This algorithm is also responsible for creating the associated Comment, and Item, but not for CommentType. Please note that the comment_type_lu table is simply a look-up table.

This method is responsible for setting the creation user and modification user for the review instance. The creation user and modification user is identical to the passed in operation.

Before creating the review instance in the database, all the associated review properties should be validated.

Please see the Review Data Structure component about which properties should be validated, and the corresponding valid values. Review class in the Review Data Structure component might add validate() method to perform the data validation. If that, the

validate() method will be called before inserting the instance into the database.

Impl note:

- 1. Get the review id and check that if it exists in the database. If exist, throw DuplicateReviewEntityException.
- 2. get id from reviewIDGenerator, set it on review, and insert the review properties into the review table
- 3. get all comments from review, generate id for each comment(using reviewCommentIDGenerator), and insert the comment into the table.
- 4. get all the items from review, generate id for each item(using reviewItemIDGenerator), and insert the item into the table.
- 5. for each item in the step 4, get all the item comments, and generate the id for them(using reviewItemCommentIDGenerator), and insert them into the item comment table.
- 6. if any exception occurred, reset the review properties to their initial values, and roll back.

Note that: the source id field represents the author id

1.3.3 Update Review in the persistence

This algorithm is also responsible for creating, deleting, updating the associated Items, Comments, and Item Comments. The algorithm is also responsible for set operator on Review#modifictionUser.

Before updating the review instance in the database, all the associated review properties should be validated.

Please see the Review Data Structure component about which properties should be validated, and the corresponding valid values. Review class in the Review Data Structure component might add validate() method to perform the data validation. If that, the validate() method will be called before inserting the instance into the database.

Impl note:

- get the review id, and check that it exists in the database. otherwise, throw ReviewEntityNotFoundException.
- 2. get the Review bean properties, and update them on "review" table.
- 3. select all the comment id from review_comment table which belong to the given review. Assume that idSet keeps the comment ids retrieved in this step.
- 4. get the review comments, for each comment, get the comment id,
- if the id exists in idSet, update the comment, and remove the id from idSet.
- if not exists, get the id(using reviewCommentIDGenerator), set the id on comment, and create the comment.
- 5. If idSet is not empty, iterate through the set, and remove the comment from review comment table for each comment id
- 7. select all the review item ids from review_item table which belong to the given review.. Assume that itemIdSet keeps the items ids retrieved in this step.
- 8. get the review items, for each item id:
- if the id exists in the itemIdSet, update the item, and remove the id from itemIdSet. Note that update the item involve creating, updating and deleting the item comments. t
- If the id not exists, get the id from reviewItemIDGenerator, and create the item. Note that creating item will involve creating all the associated item comments.

- if itemIdSet is not empty, iterate through the set, for each id, remove it from review_item table.
- 10. If any error occurred, roll back, and reset the review properties to their initial statuses..

1.3.3 Get Review from the persistence

Get the Review instance from the persistence with given id

Impl note:

- 1. if id is not positive, throw IllegalArgumentException
- 2. check that id exists in the database, if not exists, throw ReviewEntityNotFoundException
- 3. get all comment types from comment type lu table.
- 4. create a Review isntance, select all the Review properties and Comments from the review, review_comment and set them on the instance.

Notice that the source id represents Review#author.

The step 4 must be done in one SQL query

5. select all the review item and item comments from review_item and review_item_comment tables where review_id is equal to given id,

and create the Item instance for each row,

Note that the Item#getDocument() is identical review_item.upload_id
The step 5 must also be done in one SQL query.

1.3.4 Search for the review in the persistence

Search the persistence with given filter. If complete is false, the associated items and comments of the matching review will not be retrieved.

In the version 1.0, the filter supports at most five fields:

scorecardType --- the score card type, must be java.Long type

submission --- the review submission id, must be java.Long type

reviewer --- the author of the review, must be java.Long type

project --- the project id of the review, must be java.Long type

committed --- indicate if the review has been committed, must be java.lang.Integer type.

Either new Integer(1), representing committed, or new Integer(0), represent not committed

Impl note:

- 1. get an array of review ids by calling this.searchBundle.search(filter). If the returned CustomResultSet is empty, simply return empty array.
- 2. if complete is false, select all the review properties from review table:

```
select * from review where review_id IN (,,,,,) // the (,,,) is an array
of review ids retrieved in step 1
Initialize an array of review with data retrieved in the above sql and
return it.
Review#getAhtor() is identical to review.resource id
2. if complete is true get all comment types from comment_type_lu table
2.1 retrieve review properties and review comments from review ,
review_comment tables
where review.review id=review comment.review id and
review_id IN (....) order by review_id, review_comments.review_comment_id
Initialize the array of review with the data retrieved in the above sql
and the comment types retrieved in step 2
2.2 retrieve review items and item comments from review item:
select review id, item properties (document, question, etc), item comment
properties from review_item, reiview_item_comment where
review_item.review_id IN (....) and
review item.review item id=review item comment.review item id
order by review_id, reivew_item_id, review_item_comment_id
Initiliaze the reviews with items retrieved in the above sql and the
comment types retrieved in step 2.
```

1.4 Component Class Overview

ReviewManagement:

This interface defines the contract of managing the review entities the datastore. It provides the management functionalities to create, update and search reviews. Additionally, application users can also add comment for review and item, and get all the comment types from the manager.

The implementation of this interface is not required to be thread safe.

DefaultReviewManagement:

This class is the default implementation of ReviewManager. It actually delegates the work to the pluggable persistence to create, update and search reviews. Additionally, application users can also add comment for review and item, and get all the comment types from the manager.

This class is not thread safe.

ReviewPersistence:

This interface defines the contract of managing the review entities in the persistence. It provides the persistence functionalities to create, update and search reviews. Additionally, application users can also add comment for review and item, and get all the comment types from the persistence.

This class is not thread safe since it's mutable.

InformixReviewPersistence:

This class is responsible for creating, updating, searching the review entities stored in the Informix database. Additionally, application users can also add comment for review and item, and get all the comment types from the persistence.

This class is not thread safe.

ChainFilter:

The ChainFilter class provides the convenient methods to constructor composite filter with "chain" operation.

For instance, if the search condition is that " search for the reviews which have been committed, reviewer id is 10000, or project id is greater than 10001",

we can construct the filter in this way

ChainFilter cf = new ChainFilter(new EqualToFilter("committed", new Integer(1)));

cf.and(new EqualToFilter("reviewer", new Long(10000))).or(new GreaterThanFilter("project", new Long(10001)));

This class does not implement the Filter interface from Search Builder since DatabaseSearchStringBuilder hardcodes all the filter types, which

make it impossible to add new Filter without modifying the source code of DatabaseSearchStringBuilder.

This class is thread safe since it's immutable.

1.5 Component Exception Definitions

IllegalArgumentException

This exception is thrown in various methods if null object is not allowed, or the given string argument is empty. Refer to the documentation in Poseidon for more details.

NOTE: Empty string means string of zero length or string full of whitespaces.

ConfigurationException

This exception is thrown from the constructor taking a namespace argument, if failed to load configuration values from the ConfigManager or the configuration values are invalid.

ReviewManagementException

This exception will be thrown by ReviewManager, ReviewPersistence and their implementations if any error occurs during the management of review entities

ReviewPersistenceException

This exception will be thrown by ReviewPersistence and its implementation if any error occurred during persisting the review entity.

ReviewEntitiyNotFoundException

This exception will be thrown by InformixReviewPersistence if application tries to get or update a non-existing review entity

DuplicateReviewEntityException

This exception will be thrown by InformixReviewPersistence if application tries to create a

duplicated review entity.

1.6 Thread Safety

Thread safety is not required, and this component is not thread safe.

The ReviewPersistence and its implementation are not thread safe. InformixReviewPersistence are not thread safe since its inner states like DBConnectionFactory makes no guarantee of thread safety. ReviewManager and its implementation also not thread safe. DefaultReviewManger is simply a wrapper of ReviewPersistence. ChainFilter is thread safe since it's immutable.

2. Environment Requirements

2.1 Environment

Java 1.4 or higher.

2.2 TopCoder Software Components

Base Exception 1.0

The custom exception extends BaseException in this component.

Configuration Manager 2.1.4

It will be used by InformixReviewPersistence to load the configuration values.

DB Connection Factory 1.0

It will be used by InformixReviewPersistence to get named connection.

Search Builder 1.3

It's used by InformixReviewPersistence to generate the complicated search conditions..

ID Generator 3.0

It is used by InformixReviewPersistence to get the long id for review entities

2.3 Third Party Components

None.

3. Installation and Configuration

3.1 Package Name

com.topcoder.management.review com.topcoder.management.review.persistence

3.2 Configuration Parameters

Configuration values for InformixReviewPersistence

Parameter	Description	Values
connection.name	The connection name to retrieve connection from DB Connection Factory . Required.	review_manager_c onnection.
connection.factory_ namespace	The namespace used in DB Connection Factory component, Required .	com.topcoder.db.co nnectionfactory.DB ConnectionFactoryI mpl
connection.factory_ class	The DBConnectionFactory class name used to create DB Connection Factory , Required.	com.topcoder.db.co nnectionfactory.DB ConnectionFactoryI mpl
search_bundle_ma nager_namespace	The namespace of SearchBundleManager	com.topcoder.mana gement.review.pers istence.InformixRev iewPersistence.Sea rchBundleManager
Search_bundle_na me	The name of the SearchBundle. Required	databaseName

Configureation values for DefaultReviewManager

Parameter	Description	Values
persistence_class	The persistence class name. Required .	com.topcoder.mana gement.review.pers istence.InformixRev iewPersistence
persistence_names pace	The namespace used to create the persistence via reflection, Optional .	com.topcoder.mana gement.review.pers istence.InformixRev iewPersistence

Here is an example of the configuration file.

```
<!-- The DBConnectionFactory class name used to create DB Connection Factory, required -->
       <Property name="factory_namespace">
         <Value>com.topcoder.db.connectionfactory.DBConnectionFactoryImpl</Value>
       </Property>
       <Property name="factory_class">
         <Value>com.topcoder.db.connectionfactory.DBConnectionFactoryImpl</Value>
       </Property>
    </Property>
    <Property name="search_bundle_manager_namespace">
com.topcoder.management.review.persistence.InformixReviewPersistence.SearchBundleManager </Value>
    </Property>
    <Property name="search_bundle_name">
       <Value>databaseName</Value>
    </Property>
    </Config>
  <Config name="com.topcoder.management.review.DefaultReviewManager">
    <Property name="persistence">
       <Property name="persistence_namespace">
         <Value>com.topcoder.management.review.persistence.InformixReviewPersistence</Value>
      </Property>
      <Property name="persistence_class">
         <Value> com.topcoder.management.review.persistence.InformixReviewPersistence</Value>
       </Property>
    </Property>
  </Config>
</CMConfig>
```

3.3 Dependencies Configuration

ConfigurationManager,DBConnectionFactory and IDGenerator should be properly configured to make this component work.

4. Usage Notes

4.1 Required steps to test the component

- Extract the component distribution.
- > Follow <u>Dependencies Configuration</u>.
- Execute 'ant test' within the directory that the distribution was extracted to.

4.2 Required steps to use the component

Preload the configuration file into Configuration Manager. Follow demo.

4.3 Demo

```
The configuration file is here:
```

```
<CMConfig>
         <Config name="com.topcoder.management.review.DefaultReviewManager">
             <Property name="persistence">
                 <Property name="persistence_namespace">
     <Value>com.topcoder.management.review.MockReviewPersistence</Value>
                 </Property>
                 <Property name="persistence_class">
     <Value>com.topcoder.management.review.MockReviewPersistence</Value>
                 </Property>
             </Property>
         </Config>
     </CMConfig>
4.3.1
       Create instance of ReviewManagement
      // create a manager instance from default namespace.
      manager = new DefaultReviewManager();
      // create a manager instance from specified namespace.
      manager = new DefaultReviewManager(NAMESPACE);
      // create a manager instance from given persistence.
      manager = new DefaultReviewManager(persistence);
4.3.2
       Manage Review
       // create a review into the manager.
       manager.createReview(review, "createReviewer");
       // create another review into the manager.
       manager.createReview(new Review(2), "createReviewer");
        // update the review with id = 2 in the manager.
        Review updatedReview = new Review(2);
        updatedReview.addItem(new Item(1));
        manager.updateReview(updatedReview, "updateReviewer");
```

```
// update this review again in the manager.
    updatedReview.addItem(new Item(2));
    manager.updateReview(updatedReview, "updateReviewer");
    // get the review from manager with its id.
    Review getReview = manager.getReview(1);
    // get all comment types from manager.
    CommentType[] commentTypes = manager.getAllCommentTypes();
    // add comment for review in manager.
    Comment reviewComment = new Comment(1, 10001, "good");
    manager.addReviewComment(review.getId(), reviewComment,
"someReviewer");
    // add comment for item in manager.
    Comment itemComment = new Comment(1, 10001, "ok");
    manager.addReviewComment(1, itemComment, "someReviewer");
    // search the review from manager with simple filter.
    // search for the reviews which have been committed.
    Review[] reviews = manager.searchReviews(equalFilter, true);
    // search the review from manager with 'chain' filter.
    // search for the reviews which have been committed and
    // project is greater than 10001, or reviewer id is less than 10000.
    ChainFilter cf = new ChainFilter(equalFilter);
    cf = cf.and(greaterThanFilter).or(lessThanFilter);
    reviews = manager.searchReviews(cf.getFilter(), true);
```

5. Future Enhancements

More ReviewPersistence implementations could be added.