

DSECLPFDS/AIMLCPFDS

Python Exercises for Practice (Topics S1 and S2)

Instructions: Do not use any Python libraries and write the following codes from scratch for best learning/revision.

- 1. Given a number, find the sum of its digits. Take the number as an input from the user.
- 2. Given a number, check whether the given number is an Armstrong number or not. A positive integer is called an Armstrong number of order n if:

$$abcd... = a^n + b^n + c^n + d^n + ...$$

Example: 153 = 1*1*1 + 5*5*5 + 3*3*3

153 is an Armstrong number of order 3.

Inputs from the user will be number and order n.

3. Given a string, write a python function to check if it is palindrome or not. A string is said to be palindrome if the reverse of the string is the same as string. For example, "malayalam" is a palindrome, but "music" is not a palindrome.

- 4. Given an array which may contain duplicates, print all elements and their frequencies.
- 5. Given a number n, write a function to print all <u>prime factors</u> of n. For example, if the input number is 12, then output should be "2 2 3".
- 6. Given two numbers n and r, find the value of ${}^{n}C_{r}$ (binomial coefficient: ${}^{n}C_{r} = (n!) / (r! * (n-r)!)$)
- 7. Searching: Given a sorted array arr[] of n elements, write a function to search a given element x in arr[]. Do it using linear and binary search techniques.
- 8. Input a text file (containing 1 or more paragraphs of English text) from the user, parse this file to display the frequency of occurrence of each word in this text file. Find the 3 most frequent words as well.
- 9. Define a tuple with the names of three countries. Write a program that prints each country's name along with its length.
- 10. Create a program that prompts the user to enter a list of names. Then, display the list in alphabetical order.