```
SUPPLIER (<u>Sno</u>, Sname, address, City
PARTS (<u>Pno</u>, Pname, Color, Weight, price)
PROJECT (<u>Jno</u>, Jname, City)
SPJ (<u>Sno</u>, <u>Pno</u>, <u>Jno</u>, Qty)
```

## **Integrity Constraints:**

- The values of any attributes should not be null.
- Legal cities are London, Paris, Rome, New York and Amsterdam.
- SUPPLIER Number must start with 'S' followed by a decimal integer in the range of 0 to 9999.

```
create table SUPPLIER
    sno varchar(10) primary key check(sno between 'S0' and 'S9999'),
   sname varchar(10) not null,
   address varchar(50) not null,
    city varchar(15) not null check(city in('london', 'paris', 'new york', 'amsterdam', 'rome'))
   );
insert into SUPPLIER values('&sno','&sname','&address','&city');
Enter value for sno: S1
Enter value for sname: vaishnavi
Enter value for address: karvand naka
Enter value for city: london
SQL>/
Enter value for sno: S2
Enter value for sname: ankita
Enter value for address: Shindhkheda
Enter value for city: rome
old 1: insert into SUPPLIER2 values('&sno','&sname','&address','&city')
new 1: insert into SUPPLIER2 values('S2','ankita','Shindhkheda','rome')
1 row created.
```

```
SQL>/
Enter value for sno: $3
Enter value for sname: harshda
Enter value for address: shirpur
Enter value for city: paris
1 row created.
SQL> select * from SUPPLIER;
SNO
       SNAME ADDRESS
                               CITY
S1
      vaishnavi karvand naka
                                Iondon
S2
      ankita Shindhkheda
                                rome
S3
      harshda shirpur
                                 paris
Table created.
create table PARTS
2 (
3
   pno number(5) primary key,
4 pname varchar(15) not null,
    color varchar(10) not null,
    weight varchar(5) not null,
    price number(5) not null
8 );
```

Table created.

SQL> insert into PARTS values(&pno,'&pname','&color','&weight', price);

Enter value for pno: 1

Enter value for pname: Mouse

Enter value for color: black

Enter value for weight: 2 kg

Enter value for price: 100

1 row created.

SQL> insert into PARTS values(&pno,'&pname','&color',&weight,&price);

Enter value for pno: 2

Enter value for pname: Keyboard

Enter value for color: black

Enter value for weight: 2 kg

Enter value for price: 150

1 row created.

SQL> insert into PARTS values(&pno,'&pname','&color',&weight,&price);

Enter value for pno: 3

Enter value for pname: Monitoe

Enter value for color: white

Enter value for weight: 2 kg

Enter value for price: 450

1 row created.

# SQL> select \* from PARTS;

| PNO PNAME   | COLOR | WEIGHT | PRICE |
|-------------|-------|--------|-------|
| <br>1 Mouse | black | 2 kg   | 100   |
| 2 Keyboard  | black | 2 kg   | 150   |
| 3 Monitoe   | white | 2kg    | 450   |

### create table **PROJECT**

- 2 (
- 3 jno int primary key,
- 4 jname varchar(10) not null,
- 5 city varchar(15) not null check(city in('landon','paris','new yark','amsterdam'))
- 6 );

Table created.

```
insert into PROJECT values(&jno,'&jname','&city');
       Enter value for jno: 1
       Enter value for jname: proj1
       Enter value for city: landon
       1 row created.
       SQL> insert into PROJECT values(&jno,'&jname','&city');
       Enter value for jno: 2
       Enter value for jname: proj2
       Enter value for city: paris
       1 row created.
       SQL> insert into PROJECT values(&jno,'&jname','&city');
       Enter value for jno: 3
       Enter value for jname: proj3
       Enter value for city: amsterdam
       1 row created.
       create table SPJ (
           sno varchar(10) references SUPPLIER (sno),
           pno number(5) references PARTS (pno),
           jno int references PROJECT (jno),
          qty int not null );
 1) Find all the projects which are provided 3 or more PARTS.
       select Jno,count(*) as Part_count from SPJ group by Jno having count(*)>3;
2) Find full details of all projects in London.
       SELECT * FROM projects WHERE city = 'London';
3) Find all the projects which are provided 2 or more PARTS.
       select Jno,count(*) as Part_count from SPJ group by Jno having count(*)>2;
4) Find full details of all PROJECTs in Paris.
       SELECT * FROM projects WHERE city = 'Paris'
```

DOCTOR (<u>Did</u>, Dname, Daddress, qualification)
 PATIENTMASTER (<u>Pcode</u>, Pname, Padd, age, gender, bloodgroup, <u>Did</u>)
 ADMITTEDPATIENT (<u>Pcode</u>, Entry\_date, Discharge\_date, wardno, disease)

#### **Integrity Constraints:**

The values of any attributes should not be null. Gender value should be M (male) or F(female). Wardno should be less than 6.

```
create table DOCTOR(
```

```
did int primary key,

dname varchar(20) not null,

dadd varchar(20) not null,

qual varchar(20) not null

);

SQL> insert into DOCTOR values(1,'kalpesh','nasik','mbbs');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into DOCTOR values(2,'vaishnavi','nagpur','bhms');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into DOCTOR values(3,'karina','pune','bams');

1 row created.
```

# SQL> select \* from DOCTOR;

| DID DNAME                            | DADD                    | QUAL                 |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 1 kalpesh<br>2 vaishnavi<br>3 karina | nasik<br>nagpur<br>pune | mbbs<br>bhms<br>bams |  |  |  |  |
| SQL> create table PA                 | ATIENTMAST              | ER                   |  |  |  |  |
| (                                    |                         |                      |  |  |  |  |
| pcode int primary key,               |                         |                      |  |  |  |  |
| pname varchar(20) not null,          |                         |                      |  |  |  |  |
| padd varchar(20) not null,           |                         |                      |  |  |  |  |
| age int not null,                    |                         |                      |  |  |  |  |

```
gender varchar(20) check(gender in ('m','f')),
bg varchar(10) not null,
did int references DOCTOR(did)
);
```

Table created.

SQL> insert into PATIENTMASTER values(1,'dipak','pune',19,'m','ab',1);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into PATIENTMASTER values(23,'divya','dhule',20,'f','b',2);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into PATIENTMASTER values(3,'anita','shirpur',20,'f','a',3);

1 row created.

## **SQL> select \* from PATIENTMASTER;**

|     | PCODE PNAM                             | 1E PA   | .DD                                   | AGE   |
|-----|--|---|---------------------------------------|---|
| GE  | NDER                                   | BG I  | <br>DID                               |   |
| m   |  | pune  | 19                                    |   |
| f   | 23 divya<br>b                          | dhule<br>2  | 20                                    |   |
| f   | 3 anita<br>a                           | shirpur<br>3                                      | 20                                    |   |
| SQ  | entry_date<br>disch_date<br>ward_no in | eferences PAT<br>date not null,<br>date not null, | IENTMASTER(po<br>_<br>_no<6) not null |   |
| Tal | ole created.<br>insert into A          | DMITTEDPATI                                       | ENT values(&po                        | ode,'&entry_date','&disch_date',&ward_no,'&dis'); |

SQL>/

Enter value for pcode: 3

Enter value for entry\_date: 3-mar-2003 Enter value for disch\_date: 6-mar-2003

Enter value for ward\_no: 3 Enter value for disease: tb

old 1: insert into ADMITTEDPATIENT values(&pcode, '&entry\_date', '&disch\_date', &ward\_no, '&

```
disease)
new 1: insert into ADMITTEDPATIENT values(3,'3-mar-2003','6-mar-2003',3,'tb')
1 row created.
SQL>/
Enter value for pcode: 3
Enter value for entry_date: 6-mar-2008
Enter value for disch date: 12-mar-2008
Enter value for ward no: 3
Enter value for disease: corona
old 1: insert into ADMITTEDPATIENT
values(&pcode,'&entry_date','&disch_date',&ward_no,'&dis')
new 1: insert into ADMITTEDPATIENT values(3,'6-mar-2008','12-mar-2008',3,'corona')
SQL>/
Enter value for pcode: 23
Enter value for entry date: 26-mar-2008
Enter value for disch date: 29-mar-2008
Enter value for ward no: 3
Enter value for dis: typhoid
old 1: insert into ADMITTEDPATIENT
values(&pcode,'&entry date','&disch date',&ward no,'&dis')
new 1: insert into ADMITTEDPATIENT values(23,'26-mar-2008','29-mar-2008',3,'typhoid')
1 row created.
SQL>/
Enter value for pcode: 1
Enter value for entry_date: 22-mar-2008
Enter value for disch date: 26-mar-2008
Enter value for ward no: 2
Enter value for dis: corona
old 1: insert into ADMITTEDPATIENT
values(&pcode,'&entry_date','&disch_date',&ward_no,'&dis')
new 1: insert into ADMITTEDPATIENT values(1,'22-mar-2008','26-mar-2008',2,'corona')
1 row created.
SQL>/
Enter value for pcode: 3
Enter value for entry_date: 3-mar-2008
Enter value for disch_date: 4-mar-2012
Enter value for ward no: 2
Enter value for dis: blood cancer
old 1: insert into ADMITTEDPATIENT
values(&pcode,'&entry_date','&disch_date',&ward_no,'&dis')
new 1: insert into ADMITTEDPATIENT values(3,'3-mar-2008','4-mar-2012',2,'blood cancer')
1 row created.
SQL> select *from ADMITTEDPATIENT;
```

# PCODE ENTRY\_DAT DISCH\_DAT WARD\_NO DIS

-----

| 3 03-MAR-03 06-MAR-03  | 3 tb      |
|------------------------|-----------|
| 3 06-MAR-08 12-MAR-08  | 3 corona  |
| 23 26-MAR-08 29-MAR-08 | 3 typhoid |
| 1 22-MAR-08 26-MAR-08  | 2 corona  |

#### Table created.

#### Queries:

1) Find the details of patient who are admitted within the period 03/03/08 to 25/03/08. select p.pcode,p.pname,p.age,p.gender,a.entry\_date from PATIENTMASTER p,ADMITTEDPATIENT a where p.pcode=a.pcode and entry\_date between '3-mar-2008'and'25-mar-2008';

| PCODE | PNAME | AGE | GENDER | ENTRY_DAT |
|-------|-------|-----|--------|-----------|
| 1     | dipak | 19  | m      | 22-MAR-08 |
| 3     | anita | 20  | f      | 06-MAR-08 |

2) Find the names of doctors who are treating TB patients.

select d.dname,a.dis from DOCTOR d,PATIENTMASTER p,ADMITTEDPATIENT a where d.did=p.did and p.pcode=a.pcode and a.dis='tb';

| DNAME  | DIS |
|--------|-----|
|        |     |
| karina | tb  |

3) Find the details of the doctors who are treating the patients of ward no 3 & display the result along with patient name & disease.

select d.dname,a.dis,p.pname,a.ward\_no from DOCTOR d,PATIENTMASTER p,ADMITTEDPATIENT a where d.did=p.did and p.pcode=a.pcode and a.ward\_no=3;

| DNAME                         | DIS                     | PNAME                            | WARD_NO     |  |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------|--|
| karina<br>karina<br>vaishnavi | tb<br>corona<br>typhoid | anita<br>anita<br>anita<br>divya | 3<br>3<br>3 |  |

4) Find the name of the disease by which maximum patients are suffering.

select dis from (select dis,count(\*) as c from ADMITTEDPATIENT group by dis )where c=(select max (count (\*)) from ADMITTEDPATIENT group by dis);

| DIS |   |
|-----|---|
|     |   |
|     | Corona                                    |
|     | or  |
|     | SELECT disease, COUNT(*) as patient_count |

FROM ADMITTEDPATIENT

**GROUP BY disease** 

ORDER BY patient\_count DESC

LIMIT 1;

5) Find details of the patients who are treated by M.B.B.S. doctors.

select p.pcode,p.pname,p.padd,p.age,d.qual from PATIENTMASTER p,DOCTOR d where p.did=d.did and d.qual='mbbs';

| PCODE | PNAME | PADD | AGE | QUAL |
|-------|-------|------|-----|------|
| 1     | dipak | pune | 19  | mbbs |

6) Find the details of patient who is suffered from blood cancer having age less than 50 years & blood group is A

select p.pcode,p.pname,p.padd,p.age,p.bg,p.did,a.dis from PATIENTMASTER p,ADMITTEDPATIENT a where p.pcode=a.pcode and p.bg='A' and age<50 and a.dis='Blood cancer';

| PCODE | PNAME  | PADD | AGE | BG | DID | DIS          |
|-------|--------|------|-----|----|-----|--------------|
| 5     | dipika | pune | 50  | Α  | 1   | Blood cancet |

7) Find the name of doctor who is treating maximum number of patients.

SELECT Dname, COUNT(\*) as patient\_count

FROM PATIENTMASTER

JOIN DOCTOR ON PATIENTMASTER.Did = DOCTOR.Did

**GROUP BY Dname** 

ORDER BY patient\_count DESC

LIMIT 1;

- 8) Find the details of patient who are discharge d within the period 03/03/12 to 25/03/12 select p.pcode,p.pname,p.age,p.gender,a.disch\_date from PATIENTMASTER p,ADMITTEDPATIENT a where p.pcode=a.pcode and disch\_date between '3-mar-2008'and'25-mar-2008';
  - 9) Find the details of doctors who are treating the patient of ward no 2. Select d.did,d.dname,d.dadd,d.qual,a.ward\_no from DOCTOR d,ADMITTEDPATIENT a,PATIENTMASTER p where d.did=p.did and p.pcode=a.pcode and a.ward\_no=2;

| DID | DNAME  | DADD | QUAL | WARD_NO |
|-----|--------|------|------|---------|
| 3   | karina | nune | hams | 2       |

10) Find the details of the doctors who are treating the patients of ward no 2 & display the result along with patient name & disease.

Select d.did,d.dname,d.dadd,d.qual,a.ward\_no,p.pname,a.dis from DOCTOR d,ADMITTEDPATIENT a,PATIENTMASTER p where d.did=p.did and p.pcode=a.pcode and a.ward no=2

| DID | DNAME  | DADD | QUAL WARD_NO | ) PNAME | DIS          |
|-----|--------|------|--------------|---------|--------------|
| 3   | karina | pune | bams 2       | anita   | blood cancer |

```
SQL> create table product (
2 Maker VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL,
 3 Modelno INT NOT NULL,
 4 Type VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL CHECK (Type IN('PC','Laptop','Printer')),
 5 PRIMARY KEY (Modelno)
6);
Table created.
SQL> create table PC(
  2 Modelno INT REFERENCES product(Modelno) NOT NULL,
 3 Speed Real NOT NULL,
 4 RAM INT NOT NULL,
 5 HD INT NOT NULL,
 6 CD VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL,
7 Price INT NOT NULL
8 );
Table created.
SQL> create table Laptop(
```

Modelno INT REFERENCES product(Modelno) NOT NULL,

```
2 Speed REAL NOT NULL,
 3 RAM INT NOT NULL,
 4 HD INT NOT NULL,
 5 Price INT NOT NULL
 6);
Table created.
SQL> create table Printer (
  2 modelno INT REFERENCES product(Modelno) NOT NULL,
  3 Color VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL,
  4 Price INT NOT NULL,
 5 Type VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL
6 );
Table created.
SQL> INSERT INTO product values ('&maker','&modelno','&type');
Enter value for maker: HP
Enter value for modelno: 1001
Enter value for type: PC
old 1: INSERT INTO product values ('&maker','&modelno','&type')
new 1: INSERT INTO product values ('HP','1001','PC')
1 row created.
SQL>/
Enter value for maker: Dell
Enter value for modelno: 1002
Enter value for type: PC
old 1: INSERT INTO product values ('&maker','&modelno','&type')
new 1: INSERT INTO product values ('Dell','1002','PC')
1 row created.
SQL>/
Enter value for maker: Lenovo
Enter value for modelno: 1003
```

```
Enter value for type: PC
old 1: INSERT INTO product values ('&maker','&modelno','&type')
new 1: INSERT INTO product values ('Lenovo','1003','PC')
1 row created.
SQL>/
Enter value for maker: Apple
Enter value for modelno: 1004
Enter value for type: Laptop
old 1: INSERT INTO product values ('&maker','&modelno','&type')
new 1: INSERT INTO product values ('Apple','1004','Laptop')
1 row created.
SQL>/
Enter value for maker: Hp
Enter value for modelno: 1005
Enter value for type: Laptop
old 1: INSERT INTO product values ('&maker','&modelno','&type')
new 1: INSERT INTO product values ('Hp','1005','Laptop')
1 row created.
SQL>/
Enter value for maker: Dell
Enter value for modelno: 1006
Enter value for type: Laptop
old 1: INSERT INTO product values ('&maker','&modelno','&type')
new 1: INSERT INTO product values ('Dell','1006','Laptop')
1 row created.
SQL>/
Enter value for maker: HP
Enter value for modelno: 1007
Enter value for type: Printer
old 1: INSERT INTO product values ('&maker','&modelno','&type')
new 1: INSERT INTO product values ('HP','1007','Printer')
1 row created.
```

```
SQL>/
```

Enter value for maker: Epson Enter value for modelno: 1008 Enter value for type: Printer

old 1: INSERT INTO product values ('&maker','&modelno','&type') new 1: INSERT INTO product values ('Epson','1008','Printer')

#### 1 row created.

### SQL>/

Enter value for maker: Canon Enter value for modelno: 1009 Enter value for type: Printer

old 1: INSERT INTO product values ('&maker','&modelno','&type') new 1: INSERT INTO product values ('Canon','1009','Printer')

### 1 row created.

## SQL>

SQL>/

Enter value for maker: Brother Enter value for modelno: 1010 Enter value for type: Printer

old 1: INSERT INTO product values ('&maker','&modelno','&type') new 1: INSERT INTO product values ('Brother','1010','Printer')

## 1 row created.

SQL> Insert into PC Values('&Modelno','&speed','&RAM','&HD','&CD','&Price');

Enter value for modelno: 1001 Enter value for speed: 100 Enter value for ram: 8 Enter value for hd: 1000 Enter value for cd: DVD Enter value for price: 1200

old 1: Insert into PC Values('&Modelno','&speed','&RAM','&HD','&CD','&Price')

new 1: Insert into PC Values('1001','3.2','8','1000','DVD','1200')

## 1 row created.

#### SQL>/

Enter value for modelno: 1002 Enter value for speed: 90 Enter value for ram: 16 Enter value for hd: 500 Enter value for cd: CD Enter value for price: 900

old 1: Insert into PC Values('&Modelno','&speed','&RAM','&HD','&CD','&Price')

new 1: Insert into PC Values('1002','2.8','16','500','CD','900')

### 1 row created.

## SQL>/

Enter value for modelno: 1003 Enter value for speed: 130 Enter value for ram: 16 Enter value for hd: 1000 Enter value for cd: DVD Enter value for price: 1500

old 1: Insert into PC Values('&Modelno','&speed','&RAM','&HD','&CD','&Price')

new 1: Insert into PC Values('1003','3.5','16','1000','DVD','1500')

## 1 row created.

#### SQL>/

Enter value for modelno: 1004 Enter value for speed: 140 Enter value for ram: 8 Enter value for hd: 500 Enter value for cd: CD Enter value for price: 800

old 1: Insert into PC Values('&Modelno','&speed','&RAM','&HD','&CD','&Price')

new 1: Insert into PC Values('1004','2.4','8','500','CD','800')

#### 1 row created.

#### SQL>/

Enter value for modelno: 1005 Enter value for speed: 150 Enter value for ram: 16 Enter value for hd: 1000 Enter value for cd: DVD Enter value for price: 1300

old 1: Insert into PC Values('&Modelno','&speed','&RAM','&HD','&CD','&Price')

new 1: Insert into PC Values('1005','2.6','16','1000','DVD','1300')

#### 1 row created.

## SQL>/

Enter value for modelno: 1006
Enter value for speed: 170
Enter value for ram: 16
Enter value for hd: 1000
Enter value for cd: DVD
Enter value for price: 1100

old 1: Insert into PC Values('&Modelno','&speed','&RAM','&HD','&CD','&Price')

new 1: Insert into PC Values('1006','3.0','16','1000','DVD','1100')

### 1 row created.

## SQL>/

Enter value for modelno: 1007 Enter value for speed: 160 Enter value for ram: 8 Enter value for hd: 1000 Enter value for cd: CD Enter value for price: 900

old 1: Insert into PC Values('&Modelno','&speed','&RAM','&HD','&CD','&Price')

new 1: Insert into PC Values('1007','2.8','8','1000','CD','900')

#### 1 row created.

SQL> /

Enter value for modelno: 1008
Enter value for speed: 120
Enter value for ram: 32
Enter value for hd: 2000
Enter value for cd: Blu-ray
Enter value for price: 2500

old 1: Insert into PC Values('&Modelno','&speed','&RAM','&HD','&CD','&Price')

new 1: Insert into PC Values('1008','3.5','32','2000','Blu-ray','2500')

#### 1 row created.

SQL>/

Enter value for modelno: 1009 Enter value for speed: 150 Enter value for ram: 16 Enter value for hd: 1000 Enter value for cd: DVD Enter value for price: 1400

old 1: Insert into PC Values('&Modelno','&speed','&RAM','&HD','&CD','&Price')

new 1: Insert into PC Values('1009','3.0','16','1000','DVD','1400')

#### 1 row created.

SQL>/

Enter value for modelno: 1010 Enter value for speed: 130 Enter value for ram: 8 Enter value for hd: 500 Enter value for cd: CD Enter value for price: 700

old 1: Insert into PC Values('&Modelno','&speed','&RAM','&HD','&CD','&Price')

new 1: Insert into PC Values('1010','2.6','8','500','CD','700')

## 1 row created.

SQL> insert into Printer values ('&Modelno','&Color','&Price','&type');

Enter value for modelno: 1001 Enter value for color: Black Enter value for price: 300 Enter value for type: Laser

old 1: insert into Printer values ('&Modelno','&Color','&Price','&type')

new 1: insert into Printer values ('1001', 'Black', '300', 'Laser')

#### 1 row created.

## SQL>/

Enter value for modelno: 1007 Enter value for color: White Enter value for price: 200 Enter value for type: Inkjet

old 1: insert into Printer values ('&Modelno','&Color','&Price','&type')

new 1: insert into Printer values ('1007','White','200','Inkjet')

## 1 row created.

# SQL>

SQL>/

Enter value for modelno: 1009 Enter value for color: Black Enter value for price: 250 Enter value for type: Laser

old 1: insert into Printer values ('&Modelno','&Color','&Price','&type')

new 1: insert into Printer values ('1009', 'Black', '250', 'Laser')

#### 1 row created.

### SQL>/

Enter value for modelno: 1008 Enter value for color: White Enter value for price: 150 Enter value for type: Inkjet

old 1: insert into Printer values ('&Modelno','&Color','&Price','&type')

new 1: insert into Printer values ('1008','White','150','Inkjet')

#### 1 row created.

## SQL>/

Enter value for modelno: 1007 Enter value for color: Black Enter value for price: 100 Enter value for type: Dot Matrix

old 1: insert into Printer values ('&Modelno','&Color','&Price','&type') new 1: insert into Printer values ('1007','Black','100','Dot Matrix')

#### 1 row created.

#### SQL>/

Enter value for modelno: 1010 Enter value for color: White Enter value for price: 180 Enter value for type: Inkjet

old 1: insert into Printer values ('&Modelno','&Color','&Price','&type')

new 1: insert into Printer values ('1010','White','180','Inkjet')

## 1 row created.

### SQL>/

Enter value for modelno: 1008 Enter value for color: Black Enter value for price: 180 Enter value for type: Laser

old 1: insert into Printer values ('&Modelno','&Color','&Price','&type')

new 1: insert into Printer values ('1008', 'Black', '180', 'Laser')

1 row created.

#### SQL>/

Enter value for modelno: 1009 Enter value for color: Black Enter value for price: 350 Enter value for type: Laser

old 1: insert into Printer values ('&Modelno','&Color','&Price','&type')

new 1: insert into Printer values ('1009', 'Black', '350', 'Laser')

1 row created.

## SQL>/

Enter value for modelno: 1008 Enter value for color: White Enter value for price: 200 Enter value for type: Inkjet

old 1: insert into Printer values ('&Modelno','&Color','&Price','&type')

new 1: insert into Printer values ('1008','White','200','Inkjet')

1 row created.

# SQL>/

Enter value for modelno: 1010 Enter value for color: White Enter value for price: 250 Enter value for type: Laser

old 1: insert into Printer values ('&Modelno','&Color','&Price','&type')

new 1: insert into Printer values ('1010','White','250','Laser')

1 row created.

#### SQL>/

Enter value for modelno: 1007 Enter value for color: Black Enter value for price: 400 Enter value for type: Laser

old 1: insert into Printer values ('&Modelno','&Color','&Price','&type')

new 1: insert into Printer values ('1007', 'Black', '400', 'Laser')

1 row created.

## **SQL> select \* from Printer;**

| PRICE TYPE     |
|----------------|
| 300 Laser      |
| 200 Inkjet     |
| 250 Laser      |
| 150 Inkjet     |
| 100 Dot Matrix |
| 180 Inkjet     |
| 180 Laser      |
| 350 Laser      |
| 200 Inkjet     |
| 250 Laser      |
| 400 Laser      |
|                |

#### 11 rows selected.

SQL> insert into Laptop values('&modelno','&Speed','&RAM','&HD','&Price');

Enter value for modelno: 1004 Enter value for speed: 2.6 Enter value for ram: 8 Enter value for hd: 256 Enter value for price: 1700

old 1: insert into Laptop values('&modelno','&Speed','&RAM','&HD','&Price')

new 1: insert into Laptop values('1004','2.6','8','256','1700')

## 1 row created.

SQL>/

Enter value for modelno: 1002 Enter value for speed: 2.8 Enter value for ram: 16 Enter value for hd: 512 Enter value for price: 2000

old 1: insert into Laptop values('&modelno','&Speed','&RAM','&HD','&Price')

new 1: insert into Laptop values('1002','2.8','16','512','2000')

# 1 row created.

SQL> 1/

SP2-0042: unknown command "1/" - rest of line ignored.

SQL>/

Enter value for modelno: 1001 Enter value for speed: 2.4 Enter value for ram: 8 Enter value for hd: 512 Enter value for price: 1500

old 1: insert into Laptop values('&modelno','&Speed','&RAM','&HD','&Price')

new 1: insert into Laptop values('1001','2.4','8','512','1500')

### 1 row created.

SQL>/

Enter value for modelno: 1003 Enter value for speed: 2.2 Enter value for ram: 8 Enter value for hd: 256 Enter value for price: 1200

old 1: insert into Laptop values('&modelno','&Speed','&RAM','&HD','&Price')

new 1: insert into Laptop values('1003','2.2','8','256','1200')

1 row created.

SQL> /

Enter value for modelno: 1005 Enter value for speed: 2.8 Enter value for ram: 16 Enter value for hd: 1000 Enter value for price: 1700

old 1: insert into Laptop values('&modelno','&Speed','&RAM','&HD','&Price')

new 1: insert into Laptop values('1005','2.8','16','1000','1700')

1 row created.

SQL>/

Enter value for modelno: 1006 Enter value for speed: 2.2 Enter value for ram: 4 Enter value for hd: 256 Enter value for price: 800

old 1: insert into Laptop values('&modelno','&Speed','&RAM','&HD','&Price')

new 1: insert into Laptop values('1006','2.2','4','256','800')

1 row created.

SQL>/

Enter value for modelno: 1007 Enter value for speed: 2.6 Enter value for ram: 88 Enter value for hd: 512 Enter value for price: 1200

old 1: insert into Laptop values('&modelno','&Speed','&RAM','&HD','&Price')

new 1: insert into Laptop values('1007','2.6','88','512','1200')

1 row created.

SQL>/

Enter value for modelno: 1008
Enter value for speed: 3.0
Enter value for ram: 16
Enter value for hd: 1000
Enter value for price: 1500

old 1: insert into Laptop values('&modelno','&Speed','&RAM','&HD','&Price')

new 1: insert into Laptop values('1008','3.0','16','1000','1500')

```
1 row created.
SQL>/
Enter value for modelno: 1009
Enter value for speed: 2.4
Enter value for ram: 8
Enter value for hd: 256
Enter value for price: 1000
old 1: insert into Laptop values('&modelno','&Speed','&RAM','&HD','&Price')
new 1: insert into Laptop values('1009','2.4','8','256','1000')
1 row created.
SQL>/
Enter value for modelno: 1010
Enter value for speed: 2.2
Enter value for ram: 4
Enter value for hd: 128
Enter value for price: 700
old 1: insert into Laptop values('&modelno','&Speed','&RAM','&HD','&Price')
new 1: insert into Laptop values('1010','2.2','4','128','700')
1 row created.
```

## 1) Find the manufacturers of Black printers.

**QUERIES** 

```
select DISTINCT Maker
FROM product p
join printer pr ON p.Modelno = pr.Modelno
WHERE pr.Color = 'Black';

MAKER
------
Epson
Canon
HP
```

## 2) Find the Laptop Whose Speed is Slower Than That of any PC.

```
Select *
FROM Laptop
WHERE Speed < (Select MAX(Speed) From PC);</pre>
```

## 3) Find the Different types of printers produced by Epson.

```
select DISTINCT pr. Type
2 FROM product p
3 JOIN Printer pr ON p.Modelno = pr.Modelno
4 WHERE p.Maker = 'Epson';
```

4) Find those hard disk Sizes which occur in two or more PC's.

```
select HD
2 FROM PC
3 GROUP BY HD
4 HAVING COUNT(*) > 1;
```

5) Find PC models having a speed of at least 150 MHz.

```
SELECT *

FROM PC

WHERE speed >= 150;
```

6) Find those manufacturers that sell Laptops, but not PC's

```
SELECT DISTINCT Maker
FROM product
WHERE Type = 'Laptop'
AND Maker NOT IN (
SELECT DISTINCT Maker
FROM product
WHERE Type = 'PC'
);
```

```
bid int primary key,
title varchar(20) not null,
auother varchar(20) not null,
price int not null
);
```

create table **BOOKMASTER** 

Table created

```
SQL> insert into BOOKMASTER values(100,'xyz','john',120); SQL> insert into BOOKMASTER values(101,'pqr','mohan',150); SQL> insert into BOOKMASTER values(103,'rst','vikas',250); SQL> insert into BOOKMASTER values(104,'mnq','ritesh',350); SQL> insert into BOOKMASTER values(105,'def','mahesh',150); SQL> insert into BOOKMASTER values(106,'lmn','chayya',200); SQL> insert into BOOKMASTER values(107,'sat','ritu',230); SQL> insert into BOOKMASTER values(108,'opt','situ',230); SQL> insert into BOOKMASTER values(109,'opt','tinu',290); SQL> insert into BOOKMASTER values(110,'apt','sinu',290);
```

SQL> select \*from **BOOKMASTER**;

| BID TITLE | AUOTHER | PRICE |
|-----------|---------|-------|
| 100 xyz   | john    | 120   |
| 101 pqr   | mohan   | 150   |
| 103 rst   | vikas   | 250   |
| 104 mnq   | ritesh  | 350   |
| 105 def   | mahesh  | 150   |
| 106 lmn   | chayya  | 200   |
| 107 sat   | ritu    | 230   |
| 108 opt   | situ    | 230   |
| 109 opt   | tinu    | 290   |
| 110 apt   | sinu    | 290   |
|           |         |       |

#### SQL> create table **STUDENTMASTER**

- 2 (
- 3 stud\_rno int primary key,
- 4 sname varchar(20) not null,
- 5 class varchar(20) not null,
- 6 dept varchar(10) not null
- 7 );

#### Table created.

- SQL> insert into STUDENTMASTER values(1, 'jagruti', 'imca', 'it');
- SQL> insert into STUDENTMASTER values(2,'unnati','mca','it');
- SQL> insert into STUDENTMASTER values(3,'darp','mca','teacher');
- SQL> insert into STUDENTMASTER values(4, 'harshda', 'mca', 'bussiness');
- SQL> insert into STUDENTMASTER values(5,'dhanii','imca','bussiness');
- SQL> insert into STUDENTMASTER values(6, 'ankita', 'imca', 'bussiness');
- SQL> insert into STUDENTMASTER values(7,'desale','mca','it');
- SQL> insert into STUDENTMASTER values(8,'arpita','mca','it');
- SQL> insert into STUDENTMASTER values(9, 'rupali', 'imca', 'it');
- SQL> insert into STUDENTMASTER values(10,'khushi','mca','it');

## SQL> select \*from **STUDENTMASTER**;

| STUD_RNO SNAM | E    | CLASS  | DEPT |
|---------------|------|--------|------|
| 1 jagruti     | imca | it     |      |
| 2 unnati      | mca  | it     |      |
| 3 darp        | mca  | teache | r    |
| 4 harshda     | mca  | bussi  | ness |
| 5 dhanii      | imca | bussin | ess  |
| 6 ankita      | imca | bussin | ess  |
| 7 desale      | mca  | it     |      |
| 8 arpita      | mca  | it     |      |
| 9 rupali      | imca | it     |      |
| 10 khushi     | mca  | it     |      |

## create table ACCESSIONTABLE

- 2 (
- 3 bid int references BOOKMASTER(bid),

```
4 ac_no int primary key,5 avail varchar(10) check(avail in ('t','f')) not null6 );
```

#### Table created.

```
SQL> insert into ACCESSIONTABLE values(100,123,'t'); SQL> insert into ACCESSIONTABLE values(101,124,'f'); SQL> insert into ACCESSIONTABLE values(103,125,'f'); SQL> insert into ACCESSIONTABLE values(104,127,'t'); SQL> insert into ACCESSIONTABLE values(105,128,'f'); SQL> insert into ACCESSIONTABLE values(106,129,'f'); SQL> insert into ACCESSIONTABLE values(107,130,'t'); SQL> insert into ACCESSIONTABLE values(109,132,'f'); SQL> insert into ACCESSIONTABLE values(108,131,'t'); SQL> insert into ACCESSIONTABLE values(110,133,'t');
```

#### SQL> select \*from ACCESSIONTABLE;

| BID | AC_NO AVAI |
|-----|------------|
|     |            |
| 100 | 123 t      |
| 101 | 124 f      |
| 103 | 125 f      |
| 104 | 127 t      |
| 105 | 128 f      |
| 106 | 129 f      |
| 107 | 130 t      |
| 109 | 132 f      |
| 108 | 131 t      |
| 110 | 133 t      |

## SQL> create table ISSUETABLE

```
2 (
```

- 3 is\_id int primary key,
- 4 ac\_no int references ACCESSIONTABLE(ac\_no),
- 5 stud\_rno int references STUDENTMASTER(stud\_rno) not null,
- 6 isdate date not null,
- 7 duedate date not null,
- 8 ret\_date date not null,
- 9 bid int references BOOKMASTER(bid) not null
- 10 );

#### Table created.

```
SQL> insert into ISSUETABLE values(10,123,1,'15-mar-23','20-mar-23','19-mar-23',100); SQL> insert into ISSUETABLE values(11,124,2,'1-mar-23','10-mar-23','9-mar-23',101); SQL> insert into ISSUETABLE values(12,125,3,'11-mar-23','20-mar-23','14-mar-23',103); SQL> insert into ISSUETABLE values(13,127,4,'21-mar-23','16-mar-23','18-mar-23',104); SQL> insert into ISSUETABLE values(14,128,5,'12-mar-23','16-mar-23','18-mar-23',105); SQL> insert into ISSUETABLE values(15,129,5,'22-mar-23','24-mar-23','18-mar-23',106); SQL> insert into ISSUETABLE values(16,130,6,'30-mar-23','11-apr-23','10-mar-23',106);
```

```
SQL> insert into ISSUETABLE values(17,130,7,'30-mar-23','1-apr-23','10-apr-23',106); SQL> insert into ISSUETABLE values(18,131,8,'1-apr-23','11-apr-23','10-apr-23',107); SQL> insert into ISSUETABLE values(19,132,9,'11-apr-23','21-apr-23','20-apr-23',108); SQL> insert into ISSUETABLE values(20,133,10,'21-apr-23','26-apr-23','23-apr-23',109);
```

## SQL> select \*from **ISSUETABLE**;

| IS_ID  | AC_NO | STUD_RNO ISDATE DUEDATE RET_D    | ATE | BID |
|--------|-------|----------------------------------|-----|-----|
| <br>10 | 123   | 1 15-MAR-23 20-MAR-23 19-MAR-23  | 100 |     |
| 11     | 124   | 2 01-MAR-23 10-MAR-23 09-MAR-23  | 101 |     |
| 12     | 125   | 3 11-MAR-23 20-MAR-23 14-MAR-23  | 103 |     |
| 13     | 127   | 4 21-MAR-23 16-MAR-23 18-MAR-23  | 104 |     |
| 14     | 128   | 5 12-MAR-23 16-MAR-23 18-MAR-23  | 105 |     |
| 15     | 129   | 5 22-MAR-23 24-MAR-23 18-MAR-23  | 106 |     |
| 16     | 130   | 6 30-MAR-23 11-APR-23 10-MAR-23  | 106 |     |
| 17     | 130   | 7 30-MAR-23 01-APR-23 10-APR-23  | 106 |     |
| 18     | 131   | 8 01-APR-23 11-APR-23 10-APR-23  | 107 |     |
| 19     | 132   | 9 11-APR-23 21-APR-23 20-APR-23  | 108 |     |
| 20     | 133   | 10 21-APR-23 26-APR-23 23-APR-23 | 109 |     |
|        |       |                                  |     |     |

11 rows selected.

## 1) Find the name of books which is issued maximum times.

SQL> select title from BOOKMASTER where bid=(select bid from ISSUETABLE group by bid having count(bid)=(select max (count(bid)) from ISSUETABLE group by bid));

| TITLE |  |
|-------|--|
|       |  |
| lmn   |  |

2) Find the detail information of books that are issued by computer department students select b.bid,b.title,b.auother,b.price,s.dept from BOOKMASTER b,STUDENTMASTER s,ISSUETABLE i where b.bid=i.bid and i.stud\_rno=s.stud\_rno and dept='it';

| BID TITLE   | AUOTHER | PRICE DEPT |
|-------------|---------|------------|
| <br>100 xyz | john    | 120 it     |
| 101 pqr     | mohan   | 150 it     |
| 106 lmn     | chayya  | 200 it     |
| 107 sat     | ritu    | 230 it     |
| 108 opt     | situ    | 230 it     |
| 109 opt     | tinu    | 290 it     |
|             |         |            |

3) Create a view that display all the accession information for a book having bid = 100

create view view1 as select \* from ACCESSIONTABLE where bid=100;

View created.

SQL> select \* from view1;

BID AC\_NO AVAIL 100 123 t

## 4) Find the information of books issued by MCA students.

select i.is id,i.ac no,i.stud rno,i.isdate,i.duedate,i.ret date,i.bid,s.class from STUDENTMASTER s,ISSUETABLE i where i.stud\_rno=s.stud\_rno and class='mca';

| IS_ID        | AC_N | O STU | D_RNO    | ISDATE   | DUEDATE     | RET_D    | ATE I   | BID |
|--------------|------|-------|----------|----------|-------------|----------|---------|-----|
| CLASS<br>mca | 11   | 124   | 2        | 01-MAR   | 1-23 10-MAF | R-23 09- | ·MAR-23 | 101 |
| 12<br>mca    | 125  | 3 1:  | 1-MAR-23 | 3 20-MAR | -23 14-MAF  | R-23     | 103     |     |
| 13<br>mca    | 127  | 4 2:  | 1-MAR-23 | 3 16-MAR | -23 18-MAF  | R-23     | 104     |     |

| IS_ID     | AC_NO | STUD_RNO ISDATE DUEDATE RET_DATE     | BID |
|-----------|-------|--------------------------------------|-----|
| CLASS     |       |                                      |     |
| 17<br>mca | 130   | 7 30-MAR-23 01-APR-23 10-APR-23 106  |     |
| 18<br>mca | 131   | 8 01-APR-23 11-APR-23 10-APR-23 107  |     |
| 20<br>Mca | 133   | 10 21-APR-23 26-APR-23 23-APR-23 109 |     |

## 5) Find the detail information of the students who have issued books between two given dates.

SELECT sm.stud\_enrollno, sm.sname, sm.class, sm.dept, it.issuedate, it.duedate, it.ret\_date, bt.title FROM STUDENTMASTER sm, ISSUETABLE it, ACCESSIONTABLE at, BOOKMASTER bt ON sm.stud\_enrollno = it.stud\_enrollno

AND it.accession\_no = at.accession\_no

AND ON at.bid = bt.bid

WHERE it.issuedate BETWEEN '30-MAR-23' AND '21-APR-23'

# 6) Find the number of books issued by each student.

SELECT sm.stud\_enrollno, sm.sname, COUNT(\*) as num\_books\_issued

FROM STUDENTMASTER sm

JOIN ISSUETABLE it ON sm.stud\_enrollno = it.stud\_enrollno

7) Find the number of books available in the library & written by "Henry Korth".

```
SELECT COUNT(*) as num_books_available
FROM BOOKMASTER bm
JOIN ACCESSIONTABLE at ON bm.bid = at.bid
WHERE bm.author = 'Henry Korth' AND at.avail = 'Y'
```

```
ACCOUNT (accno, open_date. Acctype, balance)
TRANSACTION (trans_id, trans_date, accno, trans_type, amount)
CUSTOMER (cust_id, name, address, accno)
```

## **Integrity Constraints:**

- The values of any attributes should not be null.
- acctype value should be P(Personal) or J(Joint).
- According should be less than 3 digits.
- Trans type should be C(Credit) or D(Debit)

```
SQL> create table account
     (
   accno int primary key check(accno<9999),
    open date date not null,
   acctype varchar(20) check(acctype in('P','J')) not null
  );
Table created.
SQL> create table transaction
 (
 trans_id int primary key,
 trans date date not null,
 accno int references account(accno),
 trans type varchar(20) not null check(trans type in('C','D')),
 amount int not null
  )
Table created.
SQL> create table customer
  cust id int,
  name varchar(20),
  address varchar(20),
  accno int references account(accno)
```

```
)
```

Table created.

SQL> insert into account values(&accno, '&open\_date', '&acctype'):

Enter value for accno: 1

Enter value for open date: 2 march 2012

Enter value for acctype: P

old 1: insert into account values(&accno, '&open date', '&acctype')

new 1: insert into account values(1,'2 march 2012','P')

1 row created.

SQL>/

Enter value for accno: 101

Enter value for open\_date: 25 march 2012

Enter value for acctype: J

old 1: insert into account values(&accno, '&open\_date', '&acctype')

new 1: insert into account values(101,'25 march 2012','J')

1 row created.

SQL>/

Enter value for accno: 102

Enter value for open date: 26 march 2012

Enter value for acctype: P

old 1: insert into account values(&accno, '&open\_date', '&acctype')

new 1: insert into account values(102,'26 march 2012','P')

1 row created.

<u> SQL> /</u>

Enter value for accno: 103

Enter value for open date: 27 march 2012

Enter value for acctype: J

old 1: insert into account values(&accno,'&open\_date','&acctype')

```
new 1: insert into account values(103,'27 march 2012','J')
```

1 row created.

SQL>/

Enter value for accno: 104

Enter value for open date: 28 march 2012

Enter value for acctype: P

old 1: insert into account values(&accno,'&open\_date','&acctype')

new 1: insert into account values(104,'28 march 2012','P')

1 row created.

### **Queries:**

1) Find the details of all transactions performed on account number 101. Also specify the name/names of customers who own that account.

```
SELECT t.trans_id, t.trans_date, t.amount, c.name, c.address
FROM transaction t
JOIN customer c ON t.accno = c.accno
WHERE t.accno = 101;
```

2) Find the details of amount credited within the period 15 -3-2012 to 18 -3 -2012.

```
SELECT * FROM transaction WHERE trans_type = 'C' AND trans_date BETWEEN '2012-03-15' AND '2012-03-18';
```

3) Find the details of customers who have opened the accounts within the period 25-3-2012 to 28-3-2012.

```
SELECT *
FROM customer
WHERE accno IN (
SELECT accno
FROM account
WHERE open_date BETWEEN '2012-03-25' AND '2012-03-28'
);
```

4) Find the details of customers who have joint accounts & balance is less than 2 lakhs.

```
SELECT *
FROM customer c
JOIN account a ON c.accno = a.accno
WHERE a.acctype = 'J'
AND a.balance < 200000;
```

5) Find the details of customers whose minimum balance is 1 lakhs.

SELECT \*
FROM customer c
JOIN account a ON c.accno = a.accno
WHERE a.acctype = 'J'
AND a.balance <= 100000;

# 6) Find the details of customers who have joint accounts.

SELECT \*
FROM customer c
JOIN account a ON c.accno = a.accno
WHERE a.acctype = 'J'