

UI CSS

_Visual Studio Code Extension

Visual Studio Code Extension

- Korean Language Pack for Visual Studio Code
- Live Server
- Prettier
- Path Intellisense

_버튼 CSS

```
button {
border: none;
width: 90px;
padding: 10px;
color: #fff;
border-radius: 5px;
.main-button {
background: #2d4373;
box-shadow: 0 0 5px rgba(28, 25, 114, 0.5);
.main-button:hover {
background: #16213a;
transition: 0.2s;
.s-btn {
border: none;
width: 70px;
height: 25px;
line-height: 15px;
padding: 0;
border-radius: 20px;
```

```
<br/>
<button class="main-button">버튼문구<br/>
</button><br/>
<br/>
<button class="main-button s-btn"> 버튼문구<br/>
</button>
```







_Inputtext CSS

```
.input-text-lable {
   font-weight: bold;
   min-width: 100px;
input[type="password"],
input[type="number"],
input[type="text"] {
   width: 50%;
   height: 38px;
   line-height: 38px;
   padding: 5px;
   border-radius: 3px;
   box-shadow: 0 0 3px rgba(40, 40, 40, 0.2);
   border: none;
   font-size: 14px;
.input-text-default-line {
   border: 1px solid #333 !important;
```

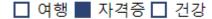
```
<label for="email" class="input-text-lable">
    Default-line</label>
<input type="text" id="email" placeholder="값 입력" />
```

Default-line 값을 입력하세요

_Checkbox CSS

```
.checkbox-label {
   position: relative;
   padding-left: 23px;
   cursor: pointer;
.checkbox-label::before {
   content: "":
   position: absolute;
   left: 0:
   top: 3px;
   width: 12px;
   height: 12px;
   border: 2px solid #2d4373;
   cursor: pointer;
input[class="checkbox"]:checked+.checkbox
-label::before {
   background-color: #2d4373;
input[class="checkbox"] {
   display: none;
```

```
<input type="checkbox" id="travel" value="travel" class="checkbox" name="checkbox" />
<label for="travel" class="checkbox-label">여행</label>
<input type="checkbox" id="study" value="study" class="checkbox" name="checkbox" />
<label for="study" class="checkbox-label">자격증</label>
<input type="checkbox" id="health" value="health" class="checkbox" />
<label for="health" class="checkbox-label">건강</label>
```





_Radio CSS

```
.radio-row {
   padding: 10px;
.radio-column {
   display: flex;
   flex-direction: column;
   padding: 10px;
   gap: 8px;
/* 배경 스타일 */
.radio-filled {
   background: #ccc;
   border: 5px;
   border-radius: 5px;
.radio-border {
   border: 1px dashed #2d4373;
   border-radius: 5px;
```

- 레벨 1
- 레벨 2
- 레벨 3

_Select CSS

```
.selectBasic {
    padding: 10px;
    border-radius: 5px;
}
```

```
edge1-e4:5f:01:70:53:50  

edge1-e4:5f:01:70:53:50  
edge1-e4:5f:01:70:53:51  
edge1-e4:5f:01:70:53:52  
edge1-e4:5f:01:70:53:53
```

_Layout - Flex

- **기본 설정 (컨테이너에 지정)** display: flex;

- 컨텐츠 배치 방향 (좌우/상하) flex-direction: column;

- 컨텐츠 영역 비율 (컴포넌트에 지정) flex:1;

- 컨텐츠 배치 기준 (배치 방향에 따라 동작)

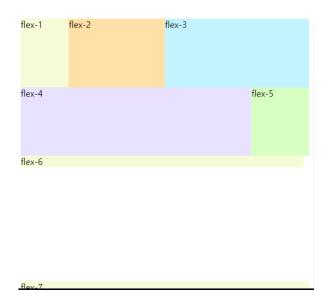
justify-content: center; justify-content: flex-start; justify-content: flex-end; justify-content: space-between; justify-content: space-evenly;

- 삐져나가는 컨텐츠 처리

flex-wrap: nowrap; flex-wrap: wrap;

https://studiomeal.com/archives/197

- **절대적 크기** px로 지정
- 화면 상대적 크기 vw 요소는 너비값의 100분의 1 vh 요소는 높이값의 100분의 1 뷰포트의 너비값이 750px이면 1vw는 7.5px 뷰포트의 높이값이 900px일때 1vh는 9px
- **부모 상대적 크기** %로 지정

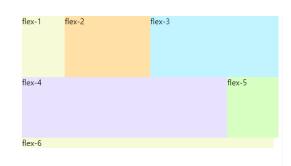




_Layout - Flex

```
.row-template {
   display: flex;
   width: 100%;
   height: 50vh;
  flex-direction: row;
.col-template {
   display: flex;
   width: 100%;
   height: 50vh;
  flex-direction: column;
.mix-template {
   display: flex;
   width: 100%:
   height: 100%;
.all-container {
   display: flex;
   flex-direction: column;
  justify-content: space-between;
   min-height: 50vh;
.center-container {
   display: block;
   background-color: #dde8ff;
```

```
<div class="col-template">
   <div class="mix-template">
      <div style="flex:1; background-color: rgb(246, 250, 215)">
         flex-1
      </div>
      <div style="flex:2;background-color: rgb(255, 224, 166)">
         flex-2
      </div>
      <div style="flex:3;background-color: rgb(194, 244, 255)">
         flex-3
      </div>
   </div>
   <div class="mix-template">
      <div style="flex:4;background-color: rgb(233, 226, 255)">
         flex-4
      </div>
      <div style="flex:1;background-color: rgb(216, 255, 194)">
         flex-5
      </div>
   </div>
</div>
<div class="all-container">
   <div class="center-container" >
     flex-6
   </div>
   <div class="center-container" >
     flex-7
   </div>
</div>
```



실습 예제

실습 문제 : 아래 그림처럼 표현되도록 CSS를 코딩하시오.

* CSS의 flex를 사용해야 함. 태그 사용 불가

```
<div class="calculator">
  <div class="display">0</div>
  <div class="buttons">
     <button>7</button>
     <button>8</button>
     <button>9</button>
     <button>+</button>
  </div>
  <div class="buttons">
     <button>6</button>
     <button>5</button>
     <button>4</button>
     <button>-</button>
  </div>
  <div class="buttons">
     <button>3</button>
     <button>2</button>
     <button>1</button>
     <button>*</button>
  </div>
  <div class="buttons">
     <button>0</button>
     <button>.</button>
     <button>/</button>
  </div>
  <div class="buttons">
     <button>=</button>
  </div>
</div>
```

