Pointed Sets

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006W This chapter contains some foundational material on pointed sets.

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906X 1 Pointed Sets

- 006Y 1.1 Foundations
- **Definition 1.1.1.1.** A **pointed set**¹ is equivalently
 - · An \mathbb{E}_0 -monoid in (N_•(Sets), pt);
 - · A pointed object in (Sets, pt).
- **Remark 1.1.1.2.** In detail, a **pointed set** is a pair (X, x_0) consisting of
 - · The Underlying Set. A set X, called the **underlying set of** (X, x_0) ;
 - · The Basepoint. A morphism

$$[x_0]: \mathsf{pt} \to X$$

in Sets, determining an element $x_0 \in X$, called the **basepoint of** X.

- **Example 1.1.1.3.** The 0-sphere² is the pointed set $(S^0, 0)^3$ consisting of
 - · The Underlying Set. The set S^0 defined by

$$S^0 \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{0, 1\};$$

- The Basepoint. The element 0 of S^0 .
- **Example 1.1.1.4.** The **trivial pointed set** is the pointed set (pt, \star) consisting of
 - · The Underlying Set. The punctual set pt $\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ \star \};$
 - · The Basepoint. The element ★ of pt.
- **Example 1.1.1.5.** The **underlying pointed set** of a semimodule (M, α_M) is the pointed set $(M, 0_M)$.
- **Example 1.1.1.6.** The **underlying pointed set** of a module (M, α_M) is the pointed set $(M, 0_M)$.

¹Further Terminology: Also called an \mathbb{F}_1 -module.

² Further Terminology: Also called the **underlying pointed set of the field with one element**.

³ Further Notation: Also denoted (\mathbb{F}_1 , 0).

0075 1.2 Morphisms of Pointed Sets

- 0076 **Definition 1.2.1.1.** A morphism of pointed sets⁴ is equivalently
 - · A morphism of \mathbb{E}_0 -monoids in $(N_{\bullet}(Sets), pt)$.
 - · A morphism of pointed objects in (Sets, pt).
- **Remark 1.2.1.2.** In detail, a **morphism of pointed sets** $f:(X,x_0)\to (Y,y_0)$ is a morphism of sets $f:X\to Y$ such that the diagram



commutes, i.e. such that

$$f(x_0) = y_0.$$

0078 1.3 The Category of Pointed Sets

- **Definition 1.3.1.1.** The **category of pointed sets** is the category Sets* defined equivalently as
 - The homotopy category of the ∞ -category $\mathsf{Mon}_{\mathbb{E}_0}(\mathsf{N}_{\bullet}(\mathsf{Sets}),\mathsf{pt})$ of Monoids in Monoidal ∞ -Categories, $\ref{eq:Monoidal}$;
 - · The category Sets, of Categories, ??.
- **Remark 1.3.1.2.** In detail, the category of pointed sets is the category Sets, where
 - · Objects. The objects of Sets* are pointed sets;
 - · Morphisms. The morphisms of Sets* are morphisms of pointed sets;
 - · *Identities.* For each $(X, x_0) \in \mathsf{Obj}(\mathsf{Sets}_*)$, the unit map

$$\mathbb{F}_{(X,x_0)}^{\mathsf{Sets}_*}$$
: pt $\to \mathsf{Sets}_*((X,x_0),(X,x_0))$

of Sets_{*} at (X, x_0) is defined by⁵

$$id_{(X,x_0)}^{\mathsf{Sets}_*} \stackrel{\mathsf{def}}{=} id_X;$$

⁴ Further Terminology: Also called a **pointed function** or a **morphism of** \mathbb{F}_1 **-modules**.

⁵Note that id_X is indeed a morphism of pointed sets, as we have $id_X(x_0) = x_0$.

- Composition. For each $(X,x_0),(Y,y_0),(Z,z_0)\in {\sf Obj}({\sf Sets}_*),$ the composition map

$$\circ_{(X,x_0),(Y,y_0),(Z,z_0)}^{\mathsf{Sets}_*} \colon \mathsf{Sets}_*((Y,y_0),(Z,z_0)) \times \mathsf{Sets}_*((X,x_0),(Y,y_0)) \to \mathsf{Sets}_*((X,x_0),(Z,z_0))$$

of Sets_{*} at $((X, x_0), (Y, y_0), (Z, z_0))$ is defined by⁶

$$g \circ_{(X,x_0),(Y,y_0),(Z,z_0)}^{\mathsf{Sets}_*} f \stackrel{\mathsf{def}}{=} g \circ f.$$

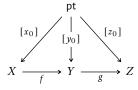
007B 1.4 Elementary Properties of Pointed Sets

- **Proposition 1.4.1.1.** Let (X, x_0) be a pointed set.
- Completeness. The category Sets* of pointed sets and morphisms between them is complete, having in particular products (Definition 2.1.1.1), pullbacks (Definition 2.3.1.1), and equalisers (Definition 2.2.1.1).
- 2. Cocompleteness. The category Sets_{*} of pointed sets and morphisms between them is cocomplete, having in particular coproducts (Definition 3.1.1.1), pushouts (Definition 3.2.1.1), and coequalisers (Definition 3.3.1.1).
- 3. Failure To Be Cartesian Closed. The category Sets, is not Cartesian closed.
- 007G 4. Relation to Partial Functions. We have an equivalence of categories⁷

between the category of pointed sets and pointed functions between them and the category of sets and partial functions between them.

$$g(f(x_0)) = g(y_0)$$
$$= z_0,$$

or



in terms of diagrams.

⁷ Warning: This is not an isomorphism of categories, only an equivalence.

 $^{^6}$ Note that the composition of two morphisms of pointed sets is indeed a morphism of pointed sets, as we have

Proof. Item 1, Completeness: Omitted.

Item 2, Cocompleteness: Omitted.

Item 3, Failure To Be Cartesian Closed: See [MSE2855868].

Item 4, Relation to Partial Functions: Omitted.

2 Limits of Pointed Sets

007J 2.1 Products

Let (X, x_0) and (Y, y_0) be pointed sets.

Definition 2.1.1.1. The **product of** (X, x_0) and (Y, y_0) is the pointed set $(X \times Y, (x_0, y_0))$.

007L 2.2 Equalisers

Let $f, g: (X, x_0) \Rightarrow (Y, y_0)$ be morphisms of pointed sets.

- **Definition 2.2.1.1.** The **equaliser of** (f,g) is the pointed set $(Eq_*(f,g),x_0)$ consisting of
 - · The Underlying Set. The set $Eq_*(f,g)$ defined by

$$Eq_*(f,g) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{x \in X \mid f(x) = y_0 = g(x)\};$$

• The Basepoint. The element x_0 of Eq $_*(f,g)$.

007N 2.3 Pullbacks

Let (X, x_0) , (Y, y_0) , and (Z, z_0) be pointed sets and let $f: (X, x_0) \to (Z, z_0)$ and $g: (Y, y_0) \to (Z, z_0)$ be morphisms of pointed sets.

- 007P **Definition 2.3.1.1.** The **pullback of** (X, x_0) **and** (Y, y_0) **over** (Z, z_0) **along** (f, g) is the pointed set $((X, x_0) \times_{(z, z_0)} (Y, y_0), p_0)$ consisting of
 - · The Underlying Set. The set $(X, x_0) \times_{(z,z_0)} (Y, y_0)$ defined by

$$(X, x_0) \times_{(z, z_0)} (Y, y_0) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{(x, y) \in X \times Y \mid f(x) = z_0 = g(y)\};$$

· The Basepoint. The element (x_0, y_0) of $(X, x_0) \times_{(z,z_0)} (Y, y_0)$.

0070 3 Colimits of Pointed Sets

007R 3.1 Coproducts

Let (X, x_0) and (Y, y_0) be pointed sets.

- **Definition 3.1.1.1.** The **coproduct of** (X, x_0) **and** (Y, y_0) is their wedge sum $(X \vee Y, p_0)$ of Definition 4.3.1.1.
- 007T 3.2 Pushouts

Let (X, x_0) , (Y, y_0) , and (Z, z_0) be pointed sets and let $f: (Z, z_0) \to (X, x_0)$ and $g: (Z, z_0) \to (Y, y_0)$ be morphisms of pointed sets.

- **Definition 3.2.1.1.** The **pushout of** (X, x_0) **and** (Y, y_0) **over** (Z, z_0) **along** (f, g) is the pointed set $(X \coprod_{f,Z,g} Y, p_0)$, where $p_0 = [x_0] = [y_0]$.
- 007V 3.3 Coequalisers

Let $f, g: (X, x_0) \Rightarrow (Y, y_0)$ be morphisms of pointed sets.

- **Definition 3.3.1.1.** The **coequaliser of** (f, g) is the pointed set $(CoEq(f, g), x_0)$.
- **007X** 4 Constructions With Pointed Sets
- 007Y 4.1 Internal Homs

Let (X, x_0) and (Y, y_0) be pointed sets.

- OO7Z **Definition 4.1.1.1.** The **pointed set of morphisms of pointed sets from** (X, x_0) **to** (Y, y_0) is the pointed set **Sets** $_*(X, Y)$ consisting of
 - The Underlying Set. The set $\mathbf{Sets}_*((X, x_0), (Y, y_0))$ of morphisms of pointed sets from (X, x_0) to (Y, y_0) ;
 - · The Basepoint. The element

$$\Delta_{y_0}: (X, x_0) \rightarrow (Y, y_0)$$

of **Sets** $_*((X, x_0), (Y, y_0)).$

4.2 Free Pointed Sets

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0080 4.2 Free Pointed Sets

Let X be a set.

Definition 4.2.1.1. The **free pointed set on** X is the pointed set X^+ consisting of

• The Underlying Set. The set X^+ defined by

$$X^+ \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} X \prod \mathsf{pt};$$

· The Basepoint. The element \star of X^+ .

Proposition 4.2.1.2. Let X be a set.

0083 1. Functoriality. The assignment $X \mapsto X^+$ defines a functor

$$(-)^+$$
: Sets \rightarrow Sets_{*},

where

· Action on Objects. For each $X \in Obj(Sets)$, we have

$$[(-)^+](X) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} X_+,$$

where X_+ is the pointed set of Definition 4.2.1.1;

· Action on Morphisms. For each morphism $f: X \to Y$ of Sets, the image

$$f_+\colon X_+\to Y_+$$

of f by $(-)^+$ is the map of pointed sets defined by

$$f^+(x) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \begin{cases} f(x) & \text{if } x \in X, \\ \star & \text{if } x = \star. \end{cases}$$

2. Adjointness. We have an adjunction

$$((-)^+ \dashv \overline{\bowtie}):$$
 Sets $\underbrace{\overset{(-)^+}{}}_{\overline{\bowtie}}$ Sets_{*},

witnessed by a bijection of sets

$$\mathsf{Sets}_*((X_+, \star), (Y, y_0)) \cong \mathsf{Sets}(X, Y),$$

natural in $X \in \text{Obj}(\mathsf{Sets})$ and $(Y, y_0) \in \text{Obj}(\mathsf{Sets}_*)$.

3. Symmetric Strong Monoidality With Respect to Wedge Sums. The free pointed set functor of Item 1 has a symmetric strong monoidal structure

$$\left((-)^+,(-)^{+,\coprod},(-)_{\mathbb{F}}^{+,\coprod}\right)\colon (\mathsf{Sets},\coprod,\emptyset)\to (\mathsf{Sets}_*,\vee,\mathsf{pt}),$$

being equipped with isomorphisms of pointed sets

$$(-)_{X,Y}^{+,\coprod}: X^{+} \vee Y^{+} \xrightarrow{\cong} (X \coprod Y)^{+},$$
$$(-)_{\mathbb{F}}^{+,\coprod}: \mathsf{pt} \xrightarrow{\cong} \emptyset^{+},$$

natural in $X, Y \in Obj(Sets)$.

4. Symmetric Strong Monoidality With Respect to Smash Products. The free pointed set functor of Item 1 has a symmetric strong monoidal structure

$$\left((-)^+,(-)^{+,\times},(-)^{+,\times}_{\mathbb{F}}\right)\colon (\mathsf{Sets},\times,\mathsf{pt}) \to \left(\mathsf{Sets}_*,\wedge,S^0\right)\!,$$

being equipped with isomorphisms of pointed sets

$$(-)_{X,Y}^{+,\times} \colon X^{+} \wedge Y^{+} \xrightarrow{\cong} (X \times Y)^{+},$$
$$(-)_{\mathbb{F}}^{+,\times} \colon S^{0} \xrightarrow{\cong} \mathsf{pt}^{+},$$

natural in $X, Y \in Obj(Sets)$.

Proof. Item 1, Functoriality: Clear.

Item 2, Adjointness: Clear.

Item 3, Symmetric Strong Monoidality With Respect to Wedge Sums: Omitted.

Item 4, Symmetric Strong Monoidality With Respect to Smash Products: Omitted.

0087 4.3 Wedge Sums of Pointed Sets

Let (X, x_0) and (Y, y_0) be pointed sets.

- **Definition 4.3.1.1.** The **wedge sum of** X **and** Y is the pointed set $(X \lor Y, p_0)$ consisting of
 - The Underlying Set. The set $X \vee Y$ defined by⁸

$$(X \lor Y, p_0) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (X, x_0) \coprod (Y, y_0) \qquad X \lor Y \longleftarrow Y$$

$$\cong (X \coprod_{\text{pt}} Y, p_0) \qquad \uparrow \qquad \uparrow \qquad \downarrow [y_0]$$

$$\cong (X \coprod Y/\sim, p_0), \qquad X \longleftarrow_{[x_0]} \text{pt,}$$

⁸Here $(X, x_0) \coprod (Y, y_0)$ is the coproduct of (X, x_0) and (Y, y_0) in Sets_{*}.

where \sim is the equivalence relation on $X \coprod Y$ given by $x_0 \sim y_0$;

· The Basepoint. The element p_0 of $X \vee Y$ defined by

$$p_0 \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} [x_0]$$
$$= [y_0].$$

Proposition 4.3.1.2. Let (X, x_0) and (Y, y_0) be pointed sets.

008A 1. Functoriality. The assignments $(X, x_0), (Y, y_0), ((X, x_0), (Y, y_0)) \mapsto (X \vee Y, p_0)$ define functors

$$X \lor -: \mathsf{Sets}_* \to \mathsf{Sets}_*,$$

 $- \lor Y : \mathsf{Sets}_* \to \mathsf{Sets}_*,$
 $-_1 \lor -_2 : \mathsf{Sets}_* \times \mathsf{Sets}_* \to \mathsf{Sets}_*.$

008B 2. Associativity. We have an isomorphism of pointed sets

$$(X \lor Y) \lor Z \cong X \lor (Y \lor Z),$$

natural in $(X, x_0), (Y, y_0), (Z, z_0) \in Sets_*$.

008C 3. Unitality. We have isomorphisms of pointed sets

$$\mathsf{pt} \vee X \cong X,$$

$$X \vee \mathsf{pt} \cong X,$$

natural in $(X, x_0) \in \mathsf{Sets}_*$.

4. Commutativity. We have an isomorphism of pointed sets

$$X \vee Y \cong Y \vee X$$
.

natural in $(X, x_0), (Y, y_0) \in \mathsf{Sets}_*$.

008E 5. Symmetric Monoidality. The triple (Sets_{*}, \vee , pt) is a symmetric monoidal category.

6. Symmetric Strong Monoidality With Respect to Free Pointed Sets. The free pointed set functor of Item 1 of Proposition 4.2.1.2 has a symmetric strong monoidal structure

$$\left((-)^+,(-)^{+,\coprod},(-)_{\mathbb{F}}^{+,\coprod}\right)\colon (\mathsf{Sets},\coprod,\emptyset)\to (\mathsf{Sets}_*,\vee,\mathsf{pt}),$$

being equipped with isomorphisms of pointed sets

$$(-)_{X,Y}^{+,\coprod}: X^{+} \vee Y^{+} \xrightarrow{\cong} (X \coprod Y)^{+},$$
$$(-)_{\mathbb{F}}^{+,\coprod}: \operatorname{pt} \xrightarrow{\cong} \emptyset^{+},$$

natural in $X, Y \in Obj(Sets)$.

7. The Fold Map. We have a natural transformation



called the **fold map**, whose component

$$\nabla_X \colon X \vee X \to X$$

at X is given by the composition

$$X \xrightarrow{\Delta_X} X \times X$$

$$\longrightarrow X \times X/\sim$$

$$\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} X \vee X.$$

Proof. Item 1, Functoriality: Omitted.

Item 2, Associativity: Omitted.

Item 3, Unitality: Omitted.

Item 4, Commutativity: Omitted.

Item 5, Symmetric Monoidality: Omitted.

Item 6, Symmetric Strong Monoidality With Respect to Free Pointed Sets: Omitted.

Item 7, The Fold Map: Omitted.

Appendices

A Other Chapters

Set Theory

- 1. Sets
- 2. Constructions With Sets
- 3. Pointed Sets
- 4. Tensor Products of Pointed Sets
- 5. Indexed and Fibred Sets
- 6. Relations
- 7. Spans
- 8. Posets

Category Theory

- 9. Categories
- 10. Constructions With Categories
- 11. Kan Extensions

Bicategories

- 12. Bicategories
- 13. Internal Adjunctions

Internal Category Theory

14. Internal Categories

Cyclic Stuff

15. The Cycle Category

Cubical Stuff

16. The Cube Category

Globular Stuff

17. The Globe Category

Cellular Stuff

18. The Cell Category

Monoids

- 19. Monoids
- 20. Constructions With Monoids

Monoids With Zero

- 21. Monoids With Zero
- 22. Constructions With Monoids With Zero

Groups

- 23. Groups
- 24. Constructions With Groups

Hyper Algebra

- 25. Hypermonoids
- 26. Hypergroups
- 27. Hypersemirings and Hyperrings
- 28. Quantales

Near-Rings

- 29. Near-Semirings
- 30. Near-Rings

Real Analysis

- 31. Real Analysis in One Variable
- 32. Real Analysis in Several Variables

Measure Theory

33. Measurable Spaces

34. Measures and Integration

Probability Theory

34. Probability Theory

Stochastic Analysis

35. Stochastic Processes, Martingales, and Brownian Motion

- 36. Itô Calculus
- 37. Stochastic Differential Equations

Differential Geometry

38. Topological and Smooth Manifolds

Schemes

39. Schemes