

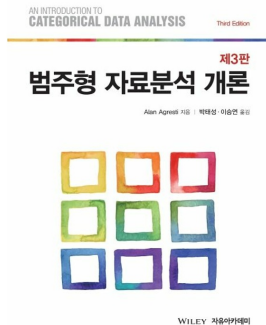
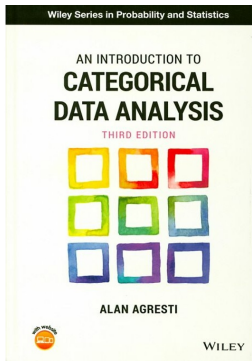
STS3016: Categorical Data Analysis

1. Introduction

Fall 2025

Syllabus

- mcho@inha.ac.kr (office hour) / 5N441
- *An Introduction to Categorical Data Analysis*, Agresti Alan (2018), 3rd edition, Wiley.



Syllabus

- Prerequisites : statistical inference, linear regression, matrix algebra & R
- Midterm exam (35%), Final exam (40%), Homework (20%), and Attendance (5%)

- **Class**

Review : 10 minutes

Lecture, Exercise & Lab

Summary & Preview : 5 minutes

Solve homework assignment questions (after submission)

Categorical Data Analysis

Tentative Course Schedule

1. Introduction – categorical response data, probability distributions, statistical inference
2. Analyzing Contingency Tables – probability structure, odds ratio, Chi-squared tests
3. Generalized Linear Models (GLMs) – components, data type
4. Logistic Regression – statistical inference, predictors, effect, prediction

Tentative Course Schedule

- 5. Multicategory Logit Models – nominal / ordinal
- 6. Loglinear Models for Counts – contingency tables
- 7. Marginal Modeling – Generalized Estimating Equations (GEE)
- 8. Random Effects – Generalized Linear Mixed Models (GLMMs)

- 1 Categorical Response Data
- 2 Probability Distributions for Categorical Data
- 3 Statistical Inference for a Proportion
- 4 Statistical Inference for Discrete Data

Categorical Response Data

A **categorical** variable has a measurement scale consisting of

Quantitative vs. Qualitative

Response vs. Explanatory variables

Binary – Nominal – Ordinal scale distinction

Probability Distributions for Categorical Data

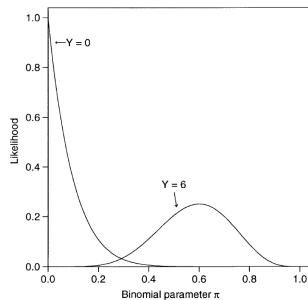
1.

e.g.

2.

Likelihood Function and MLE

Likelihood function:



Maximum likelihood estimator (MLE)

Significance Test About a Binomial Parameter

For binomial, the ML estimator for π

e.g.

Confidence Intervals for a Binomial Parameter

Wald, Likelihood-Ratio, and Score Tests

1. Wald test
2. Score test
3. Likelihood-ratio test

Example

Small-Sample Binomial Inference

Exercise 1.8

When asked to accept cuts in their standard of living to protect the environment, 486 of 1374 subjects said yes.

- (a) Estimate the population proportion who would say yes. Construct and interpret a 99% confidence interval for this proportion.

- (b) Conduct a significance test to determine whether a majority or minority of the population would say yes. Report and interpret the p -value.

Exercise 1.13

Consider $H_0 : \pi = 0.5$ and $H_1 : \pi \neq 0.5$. With $y = 0$ in $n = 25$ trials,

(a) Find l_0 and l_1 , the maximized likelihood under H_0, H_1 , respectively.

(b) Find the likelihood-ratio test statistic and report the p -value.

(c) Find the likelihood-ratio test statistic and p -value for testing $H_0 : \pi = 0.074$ and $H_1 : \pi \neq 0.074$.

Summary

1. Introduction to CDA

- Categorical Response Data
- Probability Distributions
- Statistical Inference for a Proportion
- Statistical Inference for Discrete Data

Next Class

2. Analyzing Contingency Tables

- Probability Structure for Contingency Tables
- Comparing Proportions in 2×2 Contingency Tables
- The Odds Ratio
- Chi-Squared Tests of Independence
- Testing Independence for Ordinal Variables
- Association in Three-Way Tables