

Properties of Algorithms: True or False Activity

This activity will help you assess your knowledge regarding the five properties that an algorithm must satisfy.

Directions

Based on the given pseudocode, determine whether the following statements are TRUE or FALSE. To do this, print or copy this page on a blank paper and underline or circle the answer.

The Gerchberg-Saxton (GS) approach is an iterative/cyclic process employed for laser beam shaping applications. There are two planes wherein the phase is measured: the image plane and diffraction plane, respectively.

- (1) In the pseudocode below, the process sets an initial phase for the image plane and source amplitude*
- (2) The phase and source amplitude undergo Fourier transform.*
- (3) The phase value is linked with the target amplitude to match the diffraction plane.*
- (4) If the value does meet the condition, another Fourier transform is applied.*
- (5) The program repeats until the desired phase is obtained.*

```
1  #Gerchberg-Saxton
2  algorithm Gerchberg-Saxton(Source, Target, Retrieved_Phase) is
3      A = IFT(Target)
4      while error criterion is not satisfied
5          B = Amplitude(Source) × exp(i × Phase(A))
6          C = FT(B)
7          D = Amplitude(Target) × exp(i × Phase(C))
8          A = IFT(D)
9      end while
10     Retrieved_Phase = Phase(A)
11
```

True | False 1. The GS approach is an example of a well-established algorithm.

True | False 2. The retrieved phase in line 10 is known as an input.

True | False 3. An Iterative process, such as above, ensures that the code is efficient.

True | False 4. The GS algorithm outlined above shows definiteness.

True | False 5. Line 10 of the pseudocode indicates that the program must come to an end after meeting the criterion.

True | False 6. The target amplitude is classified as an output.

True | False 7. An algorithm is effective when its steps are defined and detailed.

True / False 8. The algorithm is finite since it stops after meeting the given condition.

Answer Key

1. True
2. False, because the correct statement is: The retrieved phase in line 10 is known as an **output**.
3. True
4. True
5. False, because the correct statement is: **Line 9** of the pseudocode indicates that the program must come to an end after meeting the criterion.
6. False, because the correct statement is: The target amplitude is classified as an **input**.
7. False, because the correct statement is: An algorithm is effective when its steps are **doable**.
8. True

Course Navigator Take Notes

MTEL Mathematics (09): Practice & Study Guide

68 chapters | 610 lessons | 26 flashcard sets

- Ch 1. MTEL Math: Basic Arithmetic...
- Ch 2. MTEL Math: Absolute Value &...
- Ch 3. MTEL Math: Fractions
- Ch 4. MTEL Math: Decimals
- Ch 5. MTEL Math: Percents
- Ch 6. MTEL Math: Rates & Ratios
- Ch 7. MTEL Math: Proportions
- Ch 8. MTEL Math: Estimation
- Ch 9. MTEL Math: Origins of Math
- Ch 10. MTEL Math: Rational & Irrational...
- Ch 11. MTEL Math: Complex Numbers
- Ch 12. MTEL Math: Properties of Numbers
- Ch 13. MTEL Math: Exponents & Exponential...
- Ch 14. MTEL Math: Roots & Radical...
- Ch 15. MTEL Math: Scientific Notation
- Ch 16. MTEL Math: Number Theory
- Ch 17. MTEL Math: Number Patterns &...
- Ch 18. MTEL Math: Number Patterns &...
- Ch 19. MTEL Math: Properties of...
- Ch 20. MTEL Math: Graphing Functions
- Ch 21. MTEL Math: Factoring
- Ch 22. MTEL Math: The Coordinate Graph &...
- Ch 23. MTEL Math: Linear Equations
- Ch 24. MTEL Math: Systems of Linear...
- Ch 25. MTEL Math: Vectors, Matrices &...
- Ch 26. MTEL Math: Introduction to...
- Ch 27. MTEL Math: Working with Quadratic...
- Ch 28. MTEL Math: Polynomial Functions...
- Ch 29. MTEL Math: Higher-Degree Polynomial...
- Ch 30. MTEL Math: Piecewise, Absolute Value &...
- Ch 31. MTEL Math: Rational Expressions,...
- Ch 32. MTEL Math: Exponential & Logarithmic...

Ch 33. MTEL Math: Measurement
Ch 34. MTEL Math: Perimeter & Area
Ch 35. MTEL Math: Polyhedrons & Geometric...
Ch 36. MTEL Math: Symmetry, Similarity &...
Ch 37. MTEL Math: Properties of Lines
Ch 38. MTEL Math: Angles
Ch 39. MTEL Math: Triangles
Ch 40. MTEL Math: Triangle Theorems &...
Ch 41. MTEL Math: Similar Polygons
Ch 42. MTEL Math: The Pythagorean...
Ch 43. MTEL Math: Quadrilaterals
Ch 44. MTEL Math: Circles
Ch 45. MTEL Math: Circular Arcs &...
Ch 46. MTEL Math: Analytic Geometry & Conic...
Ch 47. MTEL Math: Polar Coordinates &...
Ch 48. MTEL Math: Transformations
Ch 49. MTEL Math: Data & Graphs
Ch 50. MTEL Math: Statistics
Ch 51. MTEL Math: Data Collection
Ch 52. MTEL Math: Samples &...
Ch 53. MTEL Math: Probability
Ch 54. MTEL Math: Trigonometric...
Ch 55. MTEL Math: Graphs of Trigonometric...
Ch 56. MTEL Math: Trigonometric...
Ch 57. MTEL Math: Applications of...
Ch 58. MTEL Math: Limits
Ch 59. MTEL Math: Continuity
Ch 60. MTEL Math: Rate of Change
Ch 61. MTEL Math: Derivative Calculations &...
Ch 62. MTEL Math: Graphing Derivatives &...
Ch 63. MTEL Math: Area Under the Curve &...
Ch 64. MTEL Math: Integration...
Ch 65. MTEL Math: Integration...
Ch 66. MTEL Math: Differential...
Ch 67. MTEL Math: Discrete & Finite Math

- **Mathematical Sets: Elements, Intersections & Unions**3:02
- **Cardinality & Types of Subsets (Infinite, Finite, Equal, Empty)**4:13
- **How to Find the Cartesian Product**3:57
- **Venn Diagrams: Subset, Disjoint, Overlap, Intersection & Union**6:01
- **Categorical Propositions: Subject, Predicate, Equivalent & Infinite Sets**4:24
- **How to Change Categorical Propositions to Standard Form**3:28
- **Compounding Interest Formulas: Calculations & Examples**7:45
- **How to Find the Value of an Annuity**4:49
- **Matching Principle in Accounting: Definition & Examples**
- **Recursive Sequence: Formula & Overview**5:44
- **Properties of Algorithms**5:13

- **Practice Chapter Exam**

30 questions

Ch 68. MTEL Mathematics Flashcards

-

Next Set



Flashcards - MTEL Math: Basic Arithmetic Operations

- [Flashcards - MTEL Math: Rates & Ratios](#)
- [Flashcards - MTEL Math: Proportions](#)
- [Flashcards - MTEL Math: Origins of Math](#)
- [Flashcards - MTEL Math: Roots & Radical Expressions](#)
- [Flashcards - MTEL Math: Number Patterns & Sequences](#)
- [Flashcards - MTEL Math: Properties of Functions](#)
- [Flashcards - MTEL Math: Factoring](#)
- [Flashcards - MTEL Math: The Coordinate Graph & Symmetry](#)
- [Flashcards - MTEL Math: Linear Equations](#)
- [Flashcards - MTEL Math: Systems of Linear Equations](#)
- [Flashcards - MTEL Math: Vectors, Matrices & Determinants](#)
- [Flashcards - MTEL Math: Introduction to Quadratics](#)
- [Flashcards - MTEL Math: Exponential & Logarithmic Functions](#)
- [Flashcards - MTEL Math: Measurement](#)
- [Flashcards - MTEL Math: Perimeter & Area](#)
- [Flashcards - MTEL Math: Properties of Lines](#)
- [Flashcards - MTEL Math: Circles](#)
- [Flashcards - MTEL Math: Statistics](#)
- [Flashcards - MTEL Math: Data Collection](#)
- [Flashcards - MTEL Math: Samples & Populations](#)
- [Flashcards - MTEL Math: Probability](#)
- [Flashcards - MTEL Math: Limits](#)
- [Flashcards - MTEL Math: Derivative Calculations & Rules](#)
- [Flashcards - MTEL Math: Integration Techniques](#)
- [Flashcards - MTEL Math: Discrete & Finite Math](#)

-
- [Go to MTEL Mathematics Flashcards](#)

Explore