

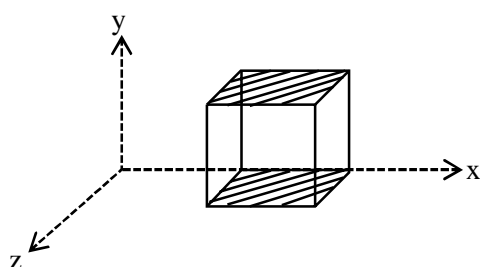
**FINAL JEE-MAIN EXAMINATION – AUGUST, 2021**(Held On Wednesday 01<sup>st</sup> September, 2021)

TIME : 3 : 00 PM to 6 : 00 PM

**PHYSICS****TEST PAPER WITH SOLUTION****SECTION-A**

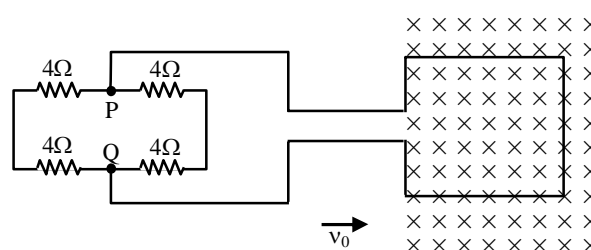
1. A cube is placed inside an electric field,  $\vec{E} = 150y^2\hat{j}$ . The side of the cube is 0.5 m and is placed in the field as shown in the given figure.

The charge inside the cube is :



- (1)  $3.8 \times 10^{-11} \text{ C}$                       (2)  $8.3 \times 10^{-11} \text{ C}$   
 (3)  $3.8 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}$                       (4)  $8.3 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}$

2. A square loop of side 20 cm and resistance  $1\Omega$  is moved towards right with a constant speed  $v_0$ . The right arm of the loop is in a uniform magnetic field of 5T. The field is perpendicular to the plane of the loop and is going into it. The loop is connected to a network of resistors each of value  $4\Omega$ . What should be the value of  $v_0$  so that a steady current of 2 mA flows in the loop ?



- (1) 1 m/s                                      (2) 1 cm/s  
 (3)  $10^2$  m/s                                (4)  $10^{-2}$  cm/s

3. The temperature of an ideal gas in 3-dimensions is 300 K. The corresponding de-Broglie wavelength of the electron approximately at 300 K, is :

$[m_e = \text{mass of electron} = 9 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}]$

$h = \text{Planck constant} = 6.6 \times 10^{-34} \text{ Js}$

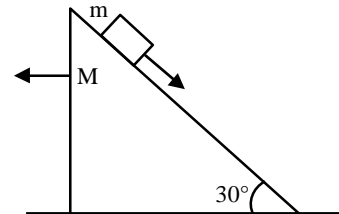
$k_B = \text{Boltzmann constant} = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ JK}^{-1}]$

- (1) 6.26 nm                                      (2) 8.46 nm  
 (3) 2.26 nm                                      (4) 3.25 nm

4. A body of mass 'm' dropped from a height 'h' reaches the ground with a speed of  $0.8\sqrt{gh}$ . The value of workdone by the air-friction is :
- (1)  $-0.68 mgh$                       (2)  $mgh$   
 (3)  $1.64 mgh$                       (4)  $0.64 mgh$

5. The ranges and heights for two projectiles projected with the same initial velocity at angles  $42^\circ$  and  $48^\circ$  with the horizontal are  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$  and  $H_1$ ,  $H_2$  respectively. Choose the correct option :
- (1)  $R_1 > R_2$  and  $H_1 = H_2$     (2)  $R_1 = R_2$  and  $H_1 < H_2$   
 (3)  $R_1 < R_2$  and  $H_1 < H_2$     (4)  $R_1 = R_2$  and  $H_1 = H_2$

6. A block of mass m slides on the wooden wedge, which in turn slides backward on the horizontal surface. The acceleration of the block with respect to the wedge is : Given  $m = 8 \text{ kg}$ ,  $M = 16 \text{ kg}$   
 Assume all the surfaces shown in the figure to be frictionless.



- (1)  $\frac{4}{3}g$                       (2)  $\frac{6}{5}g$                       (3)  $\frac{3}{5}g$                       (4)  $\frac{2}{3}g$

7. Due to cold weather a 1 m water pipe of cross-sectional area  $1 \text{ cm}^2$  is filled with ice at  $-10^\circ\text{C}$ . Resistive heating is used to melt the ice. Current of 0.5 A is passed through  $4 \text{ k}\Omega$  resistance. Assuming that all the heat produced is used for melting, what is the minimum time required ?  
(Given latent heat of fusion for water/ice  $= 3.33 \times 10^5 \text{ J kg}^{-1}$ , specific heat of ice  $= 2 \times 10^3 \text{ J kg}^{-1}$  and density of ice  $= 10^3 \text{ kg / m}^3$ )
- (1) 0.353 s (2) 35.3 s  
(3) 3.53 s (4) 70.6 s

8. A student determined Young's Modulus of elasticity using the formula  $Y = \frac{MgL^3}{4bd^3\delta}$ . The value of g is taken to be  $9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$ , without any significant error, his observation are as following.

Physical Quantity	Least count of the Equipment used for measurement	Observed value
Mass (M)	1 g	2 kg
Length of bar (L)	1 mm	1 m
Breadth of bar (b)	0.1 mm	4 cm
Thickness of bar (d)	0.01 mm	0.4 cm
Depression ( $\delta$ )	0.01 mm	5 mm

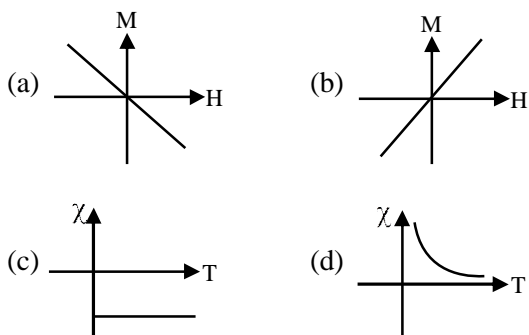
Then the fractional error in the measurement of Y is :

- (1) 0.0083 (2) 0.0155  
(3) 0.155 (4) 0.083

9. Two resistors  $R_1 = (4 \pm 0.8) \Omega$  and  $R_2 = (4 \pm 0.4) \Omega$  are connected in parallel. The equivalent resistance of their parallel combination will be :
- (1)  $(4 \pm 0.4) \Omega$   
(2)  $(2 \pm 0.4) \Omega$   
(3)  $(2 \pm 0.3) \Omega$   
(4)  $(4 \pm 0.3) \Omega$

10. The half life period of radioactive element x is same as the mean life time of another radioactive element y. Initially they have the same number of atoms. Then :
- (1) x–will decay faster than y.  
(2) y– will decay faster than x.  
(3) x and y have same decay rate initially and later on different decay rate.  
(4) x and y decay at the same rate always.

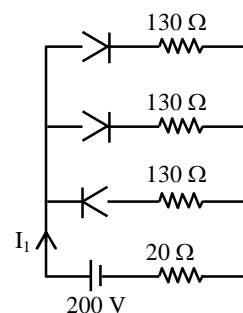
11. Following plots show Magnetization ( $M$ ) vs Magnetising field ( $H$ ) and Magnetic susceptibility ( $\chi$ ) vs temperature ( $T$ ) graph :



Which of the following combination will be represented by a diamagnetic material?

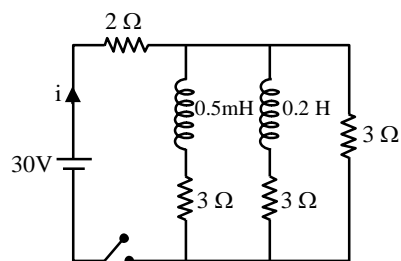
- (1) (a), (c)                      (2) (a), (d)  
 (3) (b), (d)                      (4) (b), (c)
12. A glass tumbler having inner depth of 17.5 cm is kept on a table. A student starts pouring water ( $\mu = 4/3$ ) into it while looking at the surface of water from the above. When he feels that the tumbler is half filled, he stops pouring water. Up to what height, the tumbler is actually filled ?
- (1) 11.7 cm  
 (2) 10 cm  
 (3) 7.5 cm  
 (4) 8.75 cm

13. In the given figure, each diode has a forward bias resistance of  $30\Omega$  and infinite resistance in reverse bias. The current  $I_1$  will be :



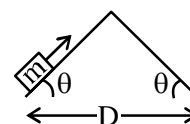
- (1) 3.75 A                      (2) 2.35 A  
 (3) 2 A                      (4) 2.73 A

14. For the given circuit the current  $i$  through the battery when the key is closed and the steady state has been reached is \_\_\_\_\_.

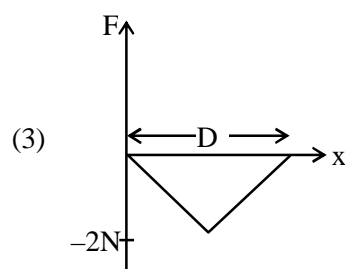
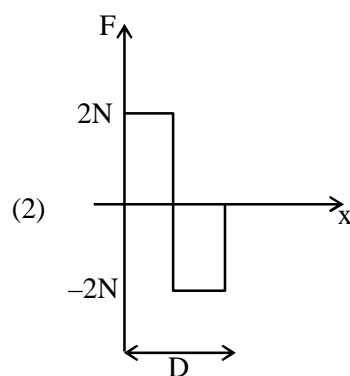
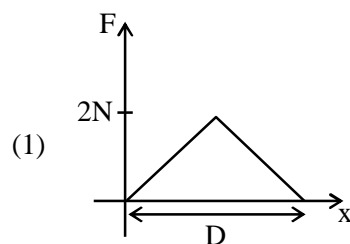


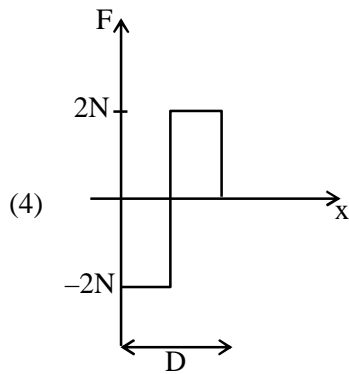
- (1) 6 A      (2) 25 A      (3) 10 A      (4) 0 A

15. An object of mass ' $m$ ' is being moved with a constant velocity under the action of an applied force of 2N along a frictionless surface with following surface profile.



The correct applied force vs distance graph will be:





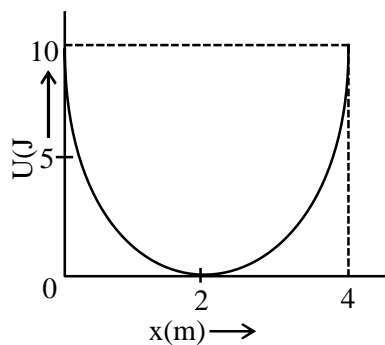
- |                        |                         |
|------------------------|-------------------------|
| (1) $10 \text{ m/s}^2$ | (2) $5 \text{ m/s}^2$   |
| (3) $4 \text{ m/s}^2$  | (4) $9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$ |

17. A capacitor is connected to a 20 V battery through a resistance of  $10\Omega$ . It is found that the potential difference across the capacitor rises to 2 V in  $1 \mu\text{s}$ . The capacitance of the capacitor is ..... $\mu\text{F}$ .

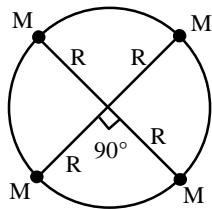
Given :  $\ln\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) = 0.105$

- |           |          |
|-----------|----------|
| (1) 9.52  | (2) 0.95 |
| (3) 0.105 | (4) 1.85 |

16. A mass of 5 kg is connected to a spring. The potential energy curve of the simple harmonic motion executed by the system is shown in the figure. A simple pendulum of length 4 m has the same period of oscillation as the spring system. What is the value of acceleration due to gravity on the planet where these experiments are performed?



18. Four particles each of mass  $M$ , move along a circle of radius  $R$  under the action of their mutual gravitational attraction as shown in figure. The speed of each particle is :



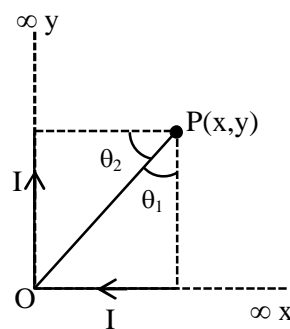
- (1)  $\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{GM}{R(2\sqrt{2}+1)}}$  (2)  $\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{GM}{R}(2\sqrt{2}+1)}$   
 (3)  $\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{GM}{R}(2\sqrt{2}-1)}$  (4)  $\sqrt{\frac{GM}{R}}$

19. Electric field of plane electromagnetic wave propagating through a non-magnetic medium is given by  $E = 20\cos(2 \times 10^{10} t - 200x)$  V/m. The dielectric constant of the medium is equal to :

(Take  $\mu_r = 1$ )

- (1) 9 (2) 2 (3)  $\frac{1}{3}$  (4) 3

20. There are two infinitely long straight current carrying conductors and they are held at right angles to each other so that their common ends meet at the origin as shown in the figure given below. The ratio of current in both conductor is 1 : 1. The magnetic field at point P is \_\_\_\_.



- (1)  $\frac{\mu_0 I}{4\pi xy} [\sqrt{x^2 + y^2} + (x + y)]$   
 (2)  $\frac{\mu_0 I}{4\pi xy} [\sqrt{x^2 + y^2} - (x + y)]$   
 (3)  $\frac{\mu_0 Ixy}{4\pi} [\sqrt{x^2 + y^2} - (x + y)]$   
 (4)  $\frac{\mu_0 Ixy}{4\pi} [\sqrt{x^2 + y^2} + (x + y)]$

2. The width of one of the two slits in a Young's double slit experiment is three times the other slit. If the amplitude of the light coming from a slit is proportional to the slit-width, the ratio of minimum to maximum intensity in the interference pattern is  $x : 4$  where  $x$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

3. Two satellites revolve around a planet in coplanar circular orbits in anticlockwise direction. Their period of revolutions are 1 hour and 8 hours respectively. The radius of the orbit of nearer satellite is  $2 \times 10^3$  km. The angular speed of the farther satellite as observed from the nearer satellite at the instant when both the satellites are closest is  $\frac{\pi}{x}$  rad  $\text{h}^{-1}$  where  $x$  is .....

### SECTION-B

1. The temperature of 3.00 mol of an ideal diatomic gas is increased by  $40.0^\circ\text{C}$  without changing the pressure of the gas. The molecules in the gas rotate but do not oscillate. If the ratio of change in internal energy of the gas to the amount of workdone by the gas is  $\frac{x}{10}$ . Then the value of  $x$  (round off to the nearest integer) is \_\_\_\_\_.  
(Given  $R = 8.31 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$ )



4. When a body slides down from rest along a smooth inclined plane making an angle of  $30^\circ$  with the horizontal, it takes time  $T$ . When the same body slides down from the rest along a rough inclined plane making the same angle and through the same distance, it takes time  $\alpha T$ , where  $\alpha$  is a constant greater than 1. The co-efficient of friction between the body and the rough plane is  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \left( \frac{\alpha^2 - 1}{\alpha^2} \right)$  where  $x = \dots\dots\dots$
5. The average translational kinetic energy of  $N_2$  gas molecules at  $\dots\dots\dots^\circ\text{C}$  becomes equal to the K.E. of an electron accelerated from rest through a potential difference of 0.1 volt.  
(Given  $k_B = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/K}$ )  
(Fill the nearest integer).

6. A uniform heating wire of resistance  $36\ \Omega$  is connected across a potential difference of  $240\text{ V}$ . The wire is then cut into half and potential difference of  $240\text{ V}$  is applied across each half separately. The ratio of power dissipation in first case to the total power dissipation in the second case would be  $1 : x$ , where  $x$  is.....
7. A steel rod with  $y = 2.0 \times 10^{11}\text{ Nm}^{-2}$  and  $\alpha = 10^{-5}\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}^{-1}$  of length  $4\text{ m}$  and area of cross-section  $10\text{ cm}^2$  is heated from  $0^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $400^{\circ}\text{C}$  without being allowed to extend. The tension produced in the rod is  $x \times 10^5\text{ N}$  where the value of  $x$  is .....
8. A  $2\text{ kg}$  steel rod of length  $0.6\text{ m}$  is clamped on a table vertically at its lower end and is free to rotate in vertical plane. The upper end is pushed so that the rod falls under gravity, Ignoring the friction due to clamping at its lower end, the speed of the free end of rod when it passes through its lowest position is ..... $\text{ms}^{-1}$ . (Take  $g = 10\text{ ms}^{-2}$ )
9. A carrier wave with amplitude of  $250\text{ V}$  is amplitude modulated by a sinusoidal base band signal of amplitude  $150\text{ V}$ . The ratio of minimum amplitude to maximum amplitude for the amplitude modulated wave is  $50 : x$ , then value of  $x$  is .....
10. An engine is attached to a wagon through a shock absorber of length  $1.5\text{ m}$ . The system with a total mass of  $40,000\text{ kg}$  is moving with a speed of  $72\text{ kmh}^{-1}$  when the brakes are applied to bring it to rest. In the process of the system being brought to rest, the spring of the shock absorber gets compressed by  $1.0\text{ m}$ . If  $90\%$  of energy of the wagon is lost due to friction, the spring constant is .....  $\times 10^5\text{ N/m}$ .

**FINAL JEE-MAIN EXAMINATION – AUGUST, 2021****(Held On Wednesday 01<sup>st</sup> September, 2021)****TIME : 3 : 00 PM to 6 : 00 PM****CHEMISTRY****TEST PAPER WITH SOLUTION****SECTION-A**

1. Water sample is called cleanest on the basis of which one of the BOD values given below

- (1) 11 ppm (2) 15 ppm  
(3) 3 ppm (4) 21 ppm

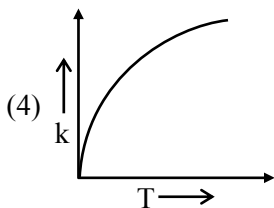
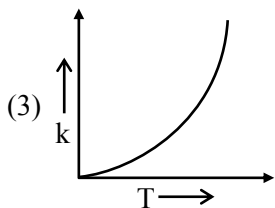
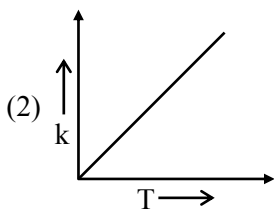
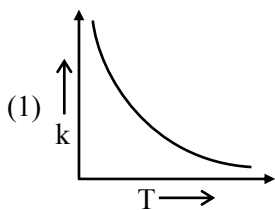
2. Calamine and Malachite, respectively, are the ores of :

- (1) Nickel and Aluminium  
(2) Zinc and Copper  
(3) Copper and Iron  
(4) Aluminium and Zinc

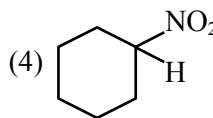
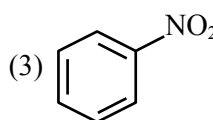
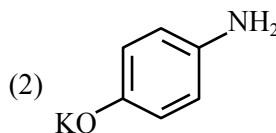
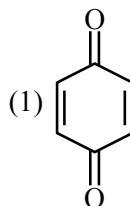
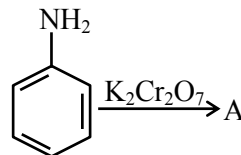
3. Experimentally reducing a functional group **cannot** be done by which one of the following reagents ?

- (1) Pt-C/H<sub>2</sub> (2) Na/H<sub>2</sub>  
(3) Pd-C/H (4) Zn/H O

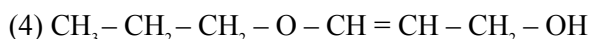
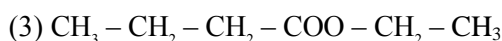
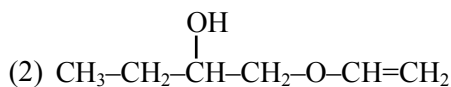
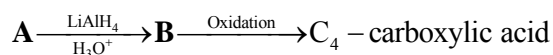
4. Which one of the following given graphs represents the variation of rate constant (k) with temperature (T) for an endothermic reaction ?



5. Identify A in the following reaction.



6. In the following sequence of reactions a compound A, (molecular formula C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O<sub>2</sub>) with a straight chain structure gives a C<sub>4</sub> carboxylic acid. A is :



7. Match List – I with List - II.

List -I (Colloid Preparation Method)		List -II (Chemical Reaction)	
(a)	Hydrolysis	(i)	$2\text{AuCl}_3 + 3\text{HCHO} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow 2\text{Au(sol)} + 3\text{HCOOH} + 6\text{HCl}$
(b)	Reduction	(ii)	$\text{As}_2\text{O}_3 + 3\text{H}_2\text{S} \rightarrow \text{As}_2\text{S}_3(\text{sol}) + 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$
(c)	Oxidation	(iii)	$\text{SO}_2 + 2\text{H}_2\text{S} \rightarrow 3\text{S(sol)} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$
(d)	Double Decomposition	(iv)	$\text{FeCl}_3 + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow \text{Fe(OH)}_3(\text{sol}) + 3\text{HCl}$

Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below.

- (1) (a)-(i), (b)-(iii), (c)-(ii), (d)-(iv)
- (2) (a)-(iv), (b)-(i), (c)-(iii), (d)-(ii)
- (3) (a)-(iv), (b)-(ii), (c)-(iii), (d)-(i)
- (4) (a)-(i), (b)-(ii), (c)-(iv), (d)-(iii)

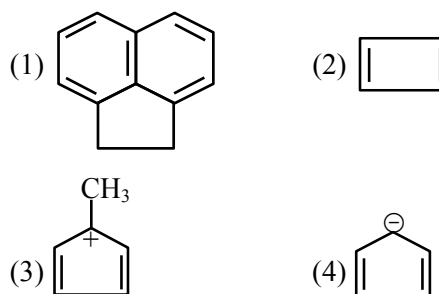
8. The Crystal Field Stabilization Energy (CFSE) and magnetic moment (spin-only) of an octahedral aqua complex of a metal ion ( $\text{M}^{Z+}$ ) are  $-0.8 \Delta_0$  and 3.87 BM, respectively. Identify ( $\text{M}^{Z+}$ ) :

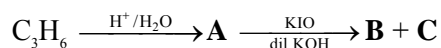
- |                      |                      |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| (1) $\text{V}^{3+}$  | (2) $\text{Cr}^{3+}$ |
| (3) $\text{Mn}^{4+}$ | (4) $\text{Co}^{2+}$ |

9. Monomer units of Dacron polymer are :

- (1) ethylene glycol and phthalic acid
- (2) ethylene glycol and terephthalic acid
- (3) glycerol and terephthalic acid
- (4) glycerol and phthalic acid

10. Which one of the following compounds is aromatic in nature ?

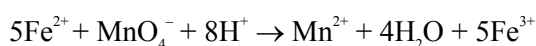




The compounds **B** and **C** respectively are :

- (1)  $\text{Cl}_3\text{COOK}$ ,  $\text{HCOOH}$     (2)  $\text{Cl}_3\text{COOK}$ ,  $\text{CH}_3\text{I}$   
 (3)  $\text{CH}_3\text{I}$ ,  $\text{HCOOK}$         (4)  $\text{CHI}_3$ ,  $\text{CH}_3\text{COOK}$

11. In the given chemical reaction, colors of the  $\text{Fe}^{2+}$  and  $\text{Fe}^{3+}$  ions, are respectively :



- (1) Yellow, Orange        (2) Yellow, Green  
 (3) Green, Orange        (4) Green, Yellow

12. The stereoisomers that are formed by electrophilic addition of bromine to trans-but-2-ene is/are :

- (1) 2 enantiomers and 2 mesomers  
 (2) 2 identical mesomers  
 (3) 2 enantiomers  
 (4) 1 racemic and 2 enantiomers

13. Hydrogen peroxide reacts with iodine in basic medium to give :

- (1)  $\text{IO}_4^-$     (2)  $\text{IO}^-$     (3)  $\text{I}^-$     (4)  $\text{IO}_3^-$

14. In the following sequence of reactions,

15. Given below are **two** statements :

**Statement I :** The nucleophilic addition of sodium hydrogen sulphite to an aldehyde or a ketone involves proton transfer to form a stable ion.

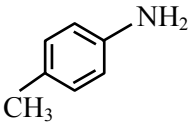
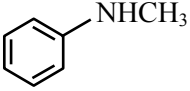
**Statement II :** The nucleophilic addition of hydrogen cyanide to an aldehyde or a ketone yields amine as final product.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **most appropriate** answer from the options given below :

- (1) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are true.  
 (2) **Statement I** is true but **Statement II** is false.  
 (3) **Statement I** is false but **Statement II** is true.  
 (4) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are false.

**Official Ans. by NTA (2)**

16. Which one of the following gives the most stable Diazonium salt ?

- (1)  $\text{CH}_3\text{--CH}_2\text{--CH}_2\text{--NH}_2$  (2) 
- (3)  $\text{CH}_3\text{--}\overset{\text{CH}_3}{\underset{\text{H}}{\text{C}}}\text{--NH}_2$  (4) 

17. The potassium ferrocyanide solution gives a Prussian blue colour, when added to :

- (1)  $\text{CoCl}_3$  (2)  $\text{FeCl}_2$   
(3)  $\text{CoCl}_2$  (4)  $\text{FeCl}_3$

18. The oxide **without** nitrogen-nitrogen bond is :

- (1)  $\text{N}_2\text{O}$  (2)  $\text{N}_2\text{O}_4$   
(3)  $\text{N}_2\text{O}_3$  (4)  $\text{N}_2\text{O}_5$

19. Number of paramagnetic oxides among the following given oxides is \_\_\_\_\_.

$\text{Li}_2\text{O}$ ,  $\text{CaO}$ ,  $\text{Na}_2\text{O}_2$ ,  $\text{KO}_2$ ,  $\text{MgO}$  and  $\text{K}_2\text{O}$

- (1) 1 (2) 2  
(3) 3 (4) 0

20. Identify the element for which electronic configuration in +3 oxidation state is  $[\text{Ar}]3d^5$ :

- (1) Ru (2) Mn  
(3) Co (4) Fe

SECTION-B

1. An empty LPG cylinder weighs 14.8 kg. When full, it weighs 29.0 kg and shows a pressure of 3.47 atm. In the course of use at ambient temperature, the mass of the cylinder is reduced to 23.0 kg. The final pressure inside of the cylinder is \_\_\_\_\_ atm.  
(Nearest integer)  
(Assume LPG of be an ideal gas)
2. The molar solubility of  $\text{Zn(OH)}_2$  in 0.1 M NaOH solution is  $x \times 10^{-18}$  M. The value of x is \_\_\_\_\_ (Nearest integer)  
(Given : The solubility product of  $\text{Zn(OH)}_2$  is  $2 \times 10^{-20}$ )
3. For the reaction  $2\text{NO}_2(\text{g}) \rightleftharpoons \text{N}_2\text{O}_4(\text{g})$ , when  $\Delta S = -176.0 \text{ JK}^{-1}$  and  $\Delta H = -57.8 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ , the magnitude of  $\Delta G$  at 298 K for the reaction is \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{kJ mol}^{-1}$ . (Nearest integer)
4. The sum of oxidation states of two silver ions in  $[\text{Ag}(\text{NH}_3)_2][\text{Ag}(\text{CN})_2]$  complex is \_\_\_\_\_.
5. The number of atoms in 8 g of sodium is  $x \times 10^{23}$ . The value of x is \_\_\_\_\_. (Nearest integer)  
[Given :  $N_A = 6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1}$   
Atomic mass of Na = 23.0 u]
6. If 80 g of copper sulphate  $\text{CuSO}_4 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$  is dissolved in deionised water to make 5 L of solution. The concentration of the copper sulphate solution is  $x \times 10^{-3} \text{ mol L}^{-1}$ . The value of x is \_\_\_\_\_.  
[Atomic masses Cu : 63.54 u, S : 32 u, O : 16 u, H : 1 u]
7. A 50 watt bulb emits monochromatic red light of wavelength of 795 nm. The number of photons emitted per second by the bulb is  $x \times 10^{20}$ . The value of x is \_\_\_\_\_.  
[Given :  $h = 6.63 \times 10^{-34} \text{ Js}$  and  $c = 3.0 \times 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ ]

8. The spin-only magnetic moment value of species is \_\_\_\_\_  $\times 10^{-2}$  BM. (Nearest integer)  
[Given :  $\sqrt{3} = 1.73$ ]
9. If the conductivity of mercury at  $0^\circ\text{C}$  is  $1.07 \times 10^6$   $\text{S m}^{-1}$  and the resistance of a cell containing mercury is  $0.243 \, \Omega$ , then the cell constant of the cell is  $x \times 10^4 \, \text{m}^{-1}$ . The value of  $x$  is \_\_\_\_\_. (Nearest integer)
10. A peptide synthesized by the reactions of one molecule each of Glycine, Leucine, Aspartic acid and Histidine will have \_\_\_\_\_ peptide linkages.



**FINAL JEE–MAIN EXAMINATION – AUGUST, 2021****(Held On Wednesday 01<sup>st</sup> September, 2021)****TIME : 3 : 00 PM to 6 : 00 PM****MATHEMATICS****TEST PAPER WITH SOLUTION****SECTION-A**

1. Let  $f : \mathbf{R} \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$  be a continuous function. Then

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{\frac{\pi}{4} \int_2^{\sec^2 x} f(x) dx}{x^2 - \frac{\pi^2}{16}} \text{ is equal to :}$$

- (1)  $f(2)$  (2)  $2f(2)$   
 (3)  $2f(\sqrt{2})$  (4)  $4f(2)$

2.  $\cos^{-1}(\cos(-5)) + \sin^{-1}(\sin(6)) - \tan^{-1}(\tan(12))$  is equal to :

(The inverse trigonometric functions take the principal values)

- (1)  $3\pi - 11$  (2)  $4\pi - 9$   
 (3)  $4\pi - 11$  (4)  $3\pi + 1$

3. Consider the system of linear equations

$$-x + y + 2z = 0$$

$$3x - ay + 5z = 1$$

$$2x - 2y - az = 7$$

Let  $S_1$  be the set of all  $a \in \mathbf{R}$  for which the system is inconsistent and  $S_2$  be the set of all  $a \in \mathbf{R}$  for which the system has infinitely many solutions. If  $n(S_1)$  and  $n(S_2)$  denote the number of elements in  $S_1$  and  $S_2$  respectively, then

- (1)  $n(S_1) = 2, n(S_2) = 2$  (2)  $n(S_1) = 1, n(S_2) = 0$   
 (3)  $n(S_1) = 2, n(S_2) = 0$  (4)  $n(S_1) = 0, n(S_2) = 2$

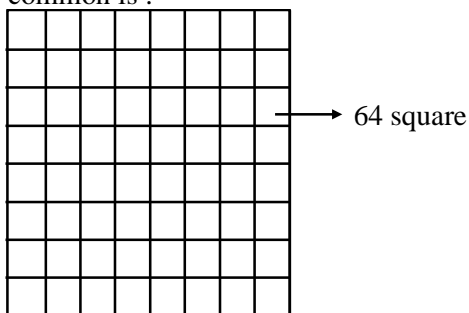
4. Let the acute angle bisector of the two planes  $x - 2y - 2z + 1 = 0$  and  $2x - 3y - 6z + 1 = 0$  be the plane P. Then which of the following points lies on P?

- (1)  $\left(3, 1, -\frac{1}{2}\right)$  (2)  $\left(-2, 0, -\frac{1}{2}\right)$   
 (3)  $(0, 2, -4)$  (4)  $(4, 0, -2)$

5. Which of the following is equivalent to the Boolean expression  $p \wedge \sim q$  ?

- (1)  $\sim (q \rightarrow p)$                       (2)  $\sim p \rightarrow \sim q$   
 (3)  $\sim (p \rightarrow \sim q)$                       (4)  $\sim (p \rightarrow q)$

6. Two squares are chosen at random on a chessboard (see figure). The probability that they have a side in common is :



- (1)  $\frac{2}{7}$                                       (2)  $\frac{1}{18}$   
 (3)  $\frac{1}{7}$                                       (4)  $\frac{1}{9}$

7. If  $y = y(x)$  is the solution curve of the differential equation  $x^2 dy + \left(y - \frac{1}{x}\right) dx = 0$  ;  $x > 0$  and

$y(1) = 1$ , then  $y\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$  is equal to :

- (1)  $\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{e}}$                                       (2)  $3 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{e}}$   
 (3)  $3 + e$                                       (4)  $3 - e$

8. If  $n$  is the number of solutions of the equation

$$2 \cos x \left( 4 \sin \left( \frac{\pi}{4} + x \right) \sin \left( \frac{\pi}{4} - x \right) - 1 \right) = 1, x \in [0, \pi]$$

and  $S$  is the sum of all these solutions, then the ordered pair  $(n, S)$  is :

(1)  $(3, 13\pi / 9)$                       (2)  $(2, 2\pi / 3)$

(3)  $(2, 8\pi / 9)$                       (4)  $(3, 5\pi / 3)$

9. The function  $f(x) = x^3 - 6x^2 + ax + b$  is such that  $f(2) = f(4) = 0$ . Consider two statements.

(S1) there exists  $x_1, x_2 \in (2, 4)$ ,  $x_1 < x_2$ , such that

$$f'(x_1) = -1 \text{ and } f'(x_2) = 0.$$

(S2) there exists  $x_3, x_4 \in (2, 4)$ ,  $x_3 < x_4$ , such that

$f$  is decreasing in  $(2, x_4)$ , increasing in  $(x_4, 4)$

$$\text{and } 2f'(x_3) = \sqrt{3}f(x_4).$$

Then

(1) both (S1) and (S2) are true

(2) (S1) is false and (S2) is true

(3) both (S1) and (S2) are false

(4) (S1) is true and (S2) is false

10. Let  $J_{n,m} = \int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{x^n}{x^m - 1} dx$ ,  $\forall n > m$  and  $n, m \in \mathbb{N}$ .

Consider a matrix  $A = [a_{ij}]_{3 \times 3}$  where

$$a_{ij} = \begin{cases} J_{6+i,3} - J_{i+3,3}, & i \leq j \\ 0, & i > j \end{cases}.$$
 Then  $|\text{adj} A^{-1}|$  is :

- (1)  $(15)^2 \times 2^{42}$                       (2)  $(15)^2 \times 2^{34}$   
 (3)  $(105)^2 \times 2^{38}$                       (4)  $(105)^2 \times 2^{36}$

11. The area, enclosed by the curves  $y = \sin x + \cos x$  and  $y = |\cos x - \sin x|$  and the lines  $x = 0$ ,  $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$ , is :

- (1)  $2\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{2}-1)$       (2)  $2(\sqrt{2}+1)$   
 (3)  $4(\sqrt{2}-1)$       (4)  $2\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{2}+1)$

12. The distance of line  $3y - 2z - 1 = 0 = 3x - z + 4$  from the point  $(2, -1, 6)$  is :

- (1)  $\sqrt{26}$       (2)  $2\sqrt{5}$   
 (3)  $2\sqrt{6}$       (4)  $4\sqrt{2}$

13. Consider the parabola with vertex  $\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right)$  and the directrix  $y = \frac{1}{2}$ . Let P be the point where the parabola meets the line  $x = -\frac{1}{2}$ . If the normal to the parabola at P intersects the parabola again at the point Q, then  $(PQ)^2$  is equal to :

- (1)  $\frac{75}{8}$       (2)  $\frac{125}{16}$   
 (3)  $\frac{25}{2}$       (4)  $\frac{15}{2}$

14. The numbers of pairs (a, b) of real numbers, such that whenever  $\alpha$  is a root of the equation  $x^2 + ax + b = 0$ ,  $\alpha^2 - 2$  is also a root of this equation, is :

- (1) 6 (2) 2  
(3) 4 (4) 8

15. Let  $S_n = 1 \cdot (n-1) + 2 \cdot (n-2) + 3 \cdot (n-3) + \dots + (n-1) \cdot 1$ ,  $n \geq 4$ .

The sum  $\sum_{n=4}^{\infty} \left( \frac{2S_n}{n!} - \frac{1}{(n-2)!} \right)$  is equal to :

- (1)  $\frac{e-1}{3}$  (2)  $\frac{e-2}{6}$   
(3)  $\frac{e}{3}$  (4)  $\frac{e}{6}$

17. The range of the function,

$$f(x) = \log_{\sqrt{5}} \left( 3 + \cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{4} + x\right) + \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + x\right) + \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4} - x\right) - \cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{4} - x\right) \right)$$

is :

- (1)  $(0, \sqrt{5})$  (2)  $[-2, 2]$   
 (3)  $\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}, \sqrt{5}\right]$  (4)  $[0, 2]$

16. Let  $P_1, P_2, \dots, P_{15}$  be 15 points on a circle. The number of distinct triangles formed by points  $P_i, P_j, P_k$  such that  $i + j + k \neq 15$ , is :

- (1) 12 (2) 419 (3) 443 (4) 455

18. Let  $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_{21}$  be an AP such that  $\sum_{n=1}^{20} \frac{1}{a_n a_{n+1}} = \frac{4}{9}$ .

If the sum of this AP is 189, then  $a_6 a_{16}$  is equal to :

- (1) 57 (2) 72  
 (3) 48 (4) 36

19. The function  $f(x)$ , that satisfies the condition

$$f(x) = x + \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin x \cdot \cos y f(y) dy, \text{ is :}$$

- (1)  $x + \frac{2}{3}(\pi - 2)\sin x$       (2)  $x + (\pi + 2)\sin x$   
 (3)  $x + \frac{\pi}{2}\sin x$       (4)  $x + (\pi - 2)\sin x$

20. Let  $\theta$  be the acute angle between the tangents to the ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{1} = 1$  and the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 3$  at their point of intersection in the first quadrant. Then  $\tan\theta$  is equal to :

- (1)  $\frac{5}{2\sqrt{3}}$       (2)  $\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$   
 (3)  $\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}}$       (4) 2

### SECTION-B

1. Let  $X$  be a random variable with distribution.

$x$	-2	-1	3	4	6
$P(X = x)$	$\frac{1}{5}$	$a$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{5}$	$b$

If the mean of  $X$  is 2.3 and variance of  $X$  is  $\sigma^2$ , then  $100 \sigma^2$  is equal to :



2. Let  $f(x) = x^6 + 2x^4 + x^3 + 2x + 3$ ,  $x \in \mathbf{R}$ . Then the natural number  $n$  for which  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^n f(1) - f(x)}{x - 1} = 44$  is\_\_\_\_\_.

3. If for the complex numbers  $z$  satisfying  $|z - 2 - 2i| \leq 1$ , the maximum value of  $|3iz + 6|$  is attained at  $a + ib$ , then  $a + b$  is equal to \_\_\_\_\_.

4. Let the points of intersections of the lines  $x - y + 1 = 0$ ,  $x - 2y + 3 = 0$  and  $2x - 5y + 11 = 0$  are the mid points of the sides of a triangle ABC. Then the area of the triangle ABC is \_\_\_\_\_.
5. Let  $f(x)$  be a polynomial of degree 3 such that  $f(k) = -\frac{2}{k}$  for  $k = 2, 3, 4, 5$ . Then the value of  $52 - 10 f(10)$  is equal to :
6. All the arrangements, with or without meaning, of the word FARMER are written excluding any word that has two R appearing together. The arrangements are listed serially in the alphabetic order as in the English dictionary. Then the serial number of the word FARMER in this list is \_\_\_\_\_.
7. If the sum of the coefficients in the expansion of  $(x + y)^n$  is 4096, then the greatest coefficient in the expansion is \_\_\_\_\_.
8. Let  $\vec{a} = 2\hat{i} - \hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$  and  $\vec{b} = \hat{i} + 2\hat{j} - \hat{k}$ . Let a vector  $\vec{v}$  be in the plane containing  $\vec{a}$  and  $\vec{b}$ . If  $\vec{v}$  is perpendicular to the vector  $3\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} - \hat{k}$  and its projection on  $\vec{a}$  is 19 units, then  $|2\vec{v}|^2$  is equal to \_\_\_\_\_.

9. Let  $[t]$  denote the greatest integer  $\leq t$ . The number of points where the function

$$f(x) = [x] \left| x^2 - 1 \right| + \sin \left( \frac{\pi}{[x] + 3} \right) - [x + 1], x \in (-2, 2)$$

is not continuous is \_\_\_\_\_.

10. A man starts walking from the point  $P(-3, 4)$ , touches the  $x$ -axis at  $R$ , and then turns to reach at the point  $Q(0, 2)$ . The man is walking at a constant speed. If the man reaches the point  $Q$  in the minimum time, then  $50((PR)^2 + (RQ)^2)$  is equal to \_\_\_\_\_.