

Hlutapróf 3 - programming assignments.

There are two assignment descriptions on the next two pages.

Implement both of them in the file ***solutions.py*** that you can find in a **ZIP** archive in the assignment description on *Canvas*.

Hand in only the **PY** file ***solutions.py***

1. LRMap (25%)
2. HashMap (25%)

There are multiple choice questions in a quiz in *Canvas*.

3. Multiple choice (50%)

1. Make a tree in the class **LRCMap** (25%)

The tree node can have *references to other tree nodes* and a single data variable, **nothing else**. The tree node can **not** hold the key value itself. The key must be represented only by the placement of the node in the tree. *There can be data in any node, not only leaves*.

The keys are strings which only have three possible characters, but as many of those as needed. The characters are '**l**' (*left*), '**r**' (*right*) and '**c**' (*center*), so an example is: "llrcrlclrl".

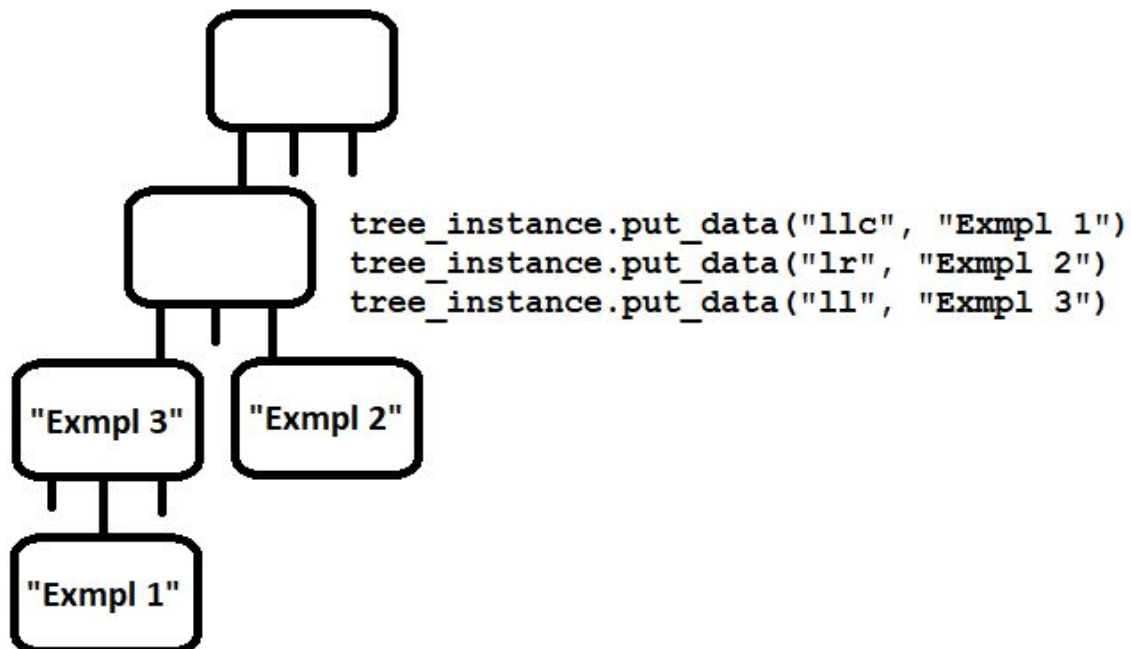
The tree class has two operations:

- `put_data(key, data)`
 - Places this **data** in the tree corresponding to this **key**
 - Overwrite/update if data is already there.
- `get_data(key)`
 - returns **data** for that **key**
 - returns **None** if non-existent
 - Returns as soon as it is evident the key is not there
 - Does not initialize any new nodes while searching

The constructor takes a boolean parameter.

- `__init__(self, build = False)`
 - If **build** is set to True, build a tree that can be used for strings of length up to 8 characters, without adding new nodes after the initialization.
 - If **build** is set to false, initialize an empty tree, or root only.

Example input and tree:



2. The class **HashMap** with is given with an implemented **__init__** function.

Two of the lines are commented out and students can choose between these two lines.

Uncomment the one you choose. **You can not change __init__ in any other way.** You can add helper functions, but must use either **list** or **dict** as buckets, as per the line you choose.

```
def __init__(self):  
    self.array_length = 16
```

Choose one of these:

```
# self.hash_table = [ [ ] for _ in range(self.array_length) ]  
# self.hash_table = [ { } for _ in range(self.array_length) ]  
self.item_count = 0
```

Finish these implementations:

- def **__setitem__**(self, key, data)
 - Adds this data connected to this key
 - *overwrites/updates if already there*
- def **__getitem__**(self, key)
 - returns data for the key
 - *returns **None** if nothing there*
- def **__len__**(self)
 - returns the number of items currently in the map