

# Transmonqubit model

Tobias Rudolph (Mat.Nr.407229)

tobias.rudolph@rwth-aachen.de

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*Abstract—*

## I. INTRODUCTION

**Q**UANTUM Computing is the real shit at the moment. Nothing else like quantum computing bla bla therefore a realization is necessary and these are the qubits a quantum state system.

For this quantum state the Hamiltonian can be described.

The time evolution of a system can be described as :

$$i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial t} |\psi\rangle = H|\psi\rangle$$

describe briefly the problem you are modeling and simulating (write in complete sentences)

$$H_{\text{Model}} = H_{\text{Transmon}} + H_{\text{Drive}}$$

$$\hat{H}_{\text{Transmon}} = \omega \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} + \frac{\alpha}{2} \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} (\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} - I)$$

$$\hat{H}_{\text{Drive}} = \text{Pulse}(t) (\hat{a}^\dagger + \hat{a})$$

$$\hbar\omega \left( \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} + \frac{1}{2} \right) = \hbar\omega \left( \hat{n} + \frac{1}{2} \right)$$

$$\hat{a} |n\rangle := \sqrt{n} |n-1\rangle \quad (1)$$

$$\hat{a}^\dagger |n\rangle := \sqrt{n+1} |n+1\rangle \quad (2)$$

$$\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} |n\rangle := \sqrt{n} |n-1\rangle \quad (3)$$

$$\hat{a} |n\rangle := \sqrt{n} |n-1\rangle \quad (4)$$

$$\hat{a}^\dagger |n\rangle := \sqrt{n+1} |n+1\rangle \quad (5)$$

$$\mathbf{c}(t) = e^{-i\mathbf{H}t/\hbar} \mathbf{c}_0 = \mathbf{U}(t) \mathbf{c}_0$$

$$\mathbf{c}_0 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{H} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & E_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{U}(t) = e^{-i\mathbf{H}t/\hbar} = \begin{pmatrix} e^{-iE_1t/\hbar} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{-iE_2t/\hbar} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\hat{H} = \hbar\omega \left( \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} + \frac{1}{2} \right) = \hbar\omega \left( \hat{n} + \frac{1}{2} \right)$$

## II. SIMULATION MODEL AND METHOD

Use the second order product formula approach to solve the time-dependent Schrodinger equation

The model Hamiltonian has two parts: The first part describes the qubit The second part describes a time-dependent control drive

describe briefly the problem you are modeling, as well as the simulation method.

$$P_i(t) = |c_i(t)|^2$$

## III. SIMULATION RESULTS

show figures (with figure captions) depicting the results Give a brief description of the results

Do not forget to answer specified questions.

answer the posed questions

## IV. DISCUSSION

summarize your findings

## APPENDIX

$$\sin x = \frac{e^{ix} - e^{-ix}}{2i}, \quad \cos x = \frac{e^{ix} + e^{-ix}}{2}$$

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## REFERENCES

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- [2] Prof. K. Michielsen, Computational Physics, *Lecture Notes*