

Motion Detection Security Camera Using ESP-32 CAMsss

A Project Report Based on: SENSORS AND ACTUATORS

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INTRODUCTION:

Security threats like unauthorized access and vandalism are increasing, and traditional surveillance systems often lack real-time adaptability. This project introduces a motion detection security camera powered by the ESP32-CAM, integrated with the Blynk app to provide an affordable and efficient modern security solution.

Using a PIR sensor, the system detects motion and triggers the ESP32-CAM to capture images or videos. The ESP32 microcontroller processes the sensor data, activating the camera only when needed to conserve power and storage. Through Wi-Fi connectivity, the system can send captured media to cloud storage and alert users through the Blynk app for remote monitoring and management.

With the Blynk app, users can receive real-time notifications, view captured media, and control the security camera from their smartphones, enabling continuous, hands-free surveillance. This smart, cost-effective setup offers an innovative approach to home and business security, delivering both adaptability and convenience.



PROJECT OVERVIEW:

The Motion Detection Security Camera using ESP-32 CAM aims to enhance security by automating surveillance based on real-time motion detection. Using the **ESP-32 CAM** microcontroller along with a **PIR sensor** and **camera module**, the system detects movement and captures images or video only when necessary. Data can be stored remotely or sent to a cloud service for easy access, while users can monitor and control the system via a mobile app. This project offers an efficient, low-cost solution for modern security, leveraging IoT technology to improve safety and provide real-time alerts.



BLOCK DIAGRAM:





INTERFACING DIAGRAM:



HARDWARE DETAILS:

ESP32 cam

Purpose: Acts as the main controller, handling data acquisition and Wi-Fi communication.

PIR Motion Sensor

Purpose: Detects movement by sensing infrared radiation changes, commonly used for security or occupancy detection.

FTDI: it is used for connecting esp32 cam with the computer using the port on the FTDI



SOFTWARE DETAILS:

```
#define BLYNK_TEMPLATE_ID "TMPL6zvqM98WE"
#define BLYNK_TEMPLATE_NAME "Security Camera "
#include <WiFi.h>
#include <BlynkSimpleEsp32.h>
#include "esp_camera.h"
char auth[] = "KfHzIFIkfd05qoxyECTAZ7dwF7-t0UTd";
char ssid[] = "VK306 3731";
char pass[] = "1234567890";
                          32
#define PWDN_GPIO_NUM
                         -1
#define RESET GPIO NUM
#define XCLK_GPIO_NUM
                          0
#define SIOD GPIO NUM
                         26
#define SIOC_GPIO_NUM
                         27
#define Y9_GPIO_NUM
                        35
#define Y8_GPIO_NUM
                        34
#define Y7_GPIO_NUM
                        39
#define Y6 GPIO NUM
                        36
#define Y5 GPIO NUM
                        21
#define Y4_GPIO_NUM
                        19
#define Y3_GPIO_NUM
                        18
#define Y2 GPIO NUM
                        5
#define VSYNC_GPIO_NUM 25
#define HREF_GPIO_NUM
                         23
#define PCLK_GPIO_NUM
                         22
#define PIR PIN 13
```

void setup() {

Serial.begin(115200);

WiFi.begin(ssid, pass);

Blynk.begin(auth, ssid, pass);



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```
camera_config_t config;
 config.ledc_channel = LEDC_CHANNEL_0;
 config.ledc_timer = LEDC_TIMER_0;
 config.pin d0 = Y2 GPIO NUM;
 config.pin d1 = Y3 GPIO NUM;
 config.pin d2 = Y4 GPIO NUM;
 config.pin_d3 = Y5_GPIO_NUM;
 config.pin d4 = Y6 GPIO NUM;
 config.pin_d5 = Y7_GPIO_NUM;
 config.pin d6 = Y8 GPIO NUM;
 config.pin_d7 = Y9_GPIO_NUM;
 config.pin xclk = XCLK GPIO NUM;
 config.pin_pclk = PCLK GPIO NUM;
 config.pin_vsync = VSYNC_GPIO NUM;
 config.pin_href = HREF_GPIO_NUM;
 config.pin sscb sda = SIOD GPIO NUM;
 config.pin_sscb_scl = SIOC_GPIO_NUM;
 config.pin_pwdn = PWDN_GPIO_NUM;
 config.pin reset = RESET GPIO NUM;
 config.xclk freq hz = 20000000;
 config.pixel_format = PIXFORMAT_JPEG;
 if (psramFound()) {
  config.frame_size = FRAMESIZE_UXGA;
  config.jpeg_quality = 10;
  config.fb count = 2;
 } else {
  config.frame size = FRAMESIZE SVGA;
  config.jpeg_quality = 12;
  config.fb_count = 1;
 }
 esp err t err = esp camera init(&config);
 if (err != ESP OK) {
  Serial.printf("Camera init failed with error 0x%x", err);
  return;
 }
 pinMode(PIR PIN, INPUT);
void loop() {
 Blynk.run();
```



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```
if (digitalRead(PIR_PIN) == HIGH) {
   Serial.println("Motion detected!");
```

```
camera_fb_t * fb = esp_camera_fb_get();
if (!fb) {
    Serial.println("Camera capture failed");
    return;
}
```



RESULT:

The Motion Detection Security Camera System using ESP32-CAM automates real-time surveillance by capturing and recording images when motion is detected, enhancing security with minimal human intervention. The system activates the camera only when movement is sensed within a specified range, conserving power and storage while ensuring efficient monitoring. Images and notifications are sent to a mobile app, allowing remote access and alerting users to any suspicious activity. Testing showed improved response time in detecting intruders and a reduction in false alarms. Overall, this system offers a reliable and cost-effective solution for enhanced security in various settings.



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