



Project Final Report

Software Engineering In Practice – ECSE 428

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Team Name: Full Moon

Project Name: Full Moon Trivia Game Application

SCRUM Masters	Riad El Mahmoudy	Juliette Debray	Mohammad Salman Mesam	
SCRUM Objects and Rituals	Sprint 1	Sprint 2	Sprint 3	Improvements for Sprint 4
Done Checklist	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Some checklist tasks were prerequisites of other tasks, but the initial task distribution caused blocks and time wastes.- In the end, some members had to work on the same task together due to dependency issues, but those were not fully shown on the checklists.- Code Re	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Updates from each member were given every week- Tasks were marked In Progress or Done at each update- Members were given autonomy to complete task list under restriction of letting the SCRUM master know	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- We went through the checklist every time a story was finished to mark it as done.- No more code was developed by the team for a story after its status was marked as done..	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Keep updating the done checklist as stories and tasks get completed- Add a column in the done checklist to add remarks and comments about a given task
Product Backlog	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Product backlog was discussed during the brainstorming session for the project idea.- Knowing the time constraints, minimum requirements for the project dictated the features chosen and added to the product backlog.- Product backlog does not necessarily follow a priority	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Features for the sprint were chosen at the planning session- Less features than sprint 1 to avoid leftover tasks- After retrospective meeting and reevaluation of our capabilities and feasibility of our project, new features were added and others were scraped at planning session	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Maintained an excel doc on the Google Drive that has the priority and a status of whether a particular user story is groomed or not.- For every user story that we work on we have a feature file referenced that has all the details.- Only stories that we planned for the sprints have a feature file associated with them.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Keep the same format as the one that was used during the previous sprint- Keep adding feature files in the dedicated folder for every new created feature

	<p>order. The priority was determined at the beginning of our grooming session.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Feature files for each feature were discussed during our grooming session for Sprint 1 and added right after - No changes were made to the product backlog during Sprint 1 - 8 Features were picked and groomed for Sprint 1 which was 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Groomed tasks were marked as such in the product backlog. - Feature files were also discussed and added around the time the features were groomed by the team. - 6 Features were picked this time, with the leftover tasks from Sprint 1. 		
Sprint Backlog	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - No separate sprint backlog was created. - Additional set up tasks were added as this was the first sprint. - The user stories picked for Sprint 1 were color coded as such in the product backlog. - Each user story was broken down into multiple tasks, categorized as Backend, UI, Model, Setup, and Testing. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Leftover tasks from the previous sprint were transferred onto Sprint 2. - User stories were broken down the same way as sprint 1 and categorized the same way as the Sprint 1 features. - The features picked for Sprint 2 were color coded as such in the product backlog 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - We did not maintain a separate Sprint backlog. We kept updating the priority of the stories in the product backlog with the Sprint they were associated with. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Create an additional document dedicated to a single sprint backlog and integrate it to the product backlog at the end of the sprint
Sprint Task List	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Built by the SCRUM master - A proper format was only drawn up at the end of the sprint 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Built by the SCRUM master - Followed same template as Sprint 1 - Built right after the 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The format that was used for Sprint 2 was kept for Sprint 3 as it yielded good results - Added an uncertainty factor to the time estimation to 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Keep the same format as Sprints 2 and 3 - Add a column for an updated time estimation that could be modified right after

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The time estimation for each task was done mainly by the SCRUM master and checked by the other team members, which led to an inaccurate time estimation - The initial tasklist focused on the set up too much and created a large amount of tasks dedicated to the set up - Many modifications were made during the sprint - A task description and acceptance criteria for each task were only added at the end of the sprint. 	<p>preparation meeting, once the features were decided upon</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Added more detailed acceptance criteria at the beginning of the sprint - Added a more thorough description of each task at the beginning of this sprint - The time estimation for each task was done by its assigned developer and checked by the other team members and the SCRUM master which led to a more accurate time estimation 	<p>account for possible future improvements of a given task</p>	<p>a developer has started a task if he/she realizes that it is going to take more or less time</p>
Burn Down Chart	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - No burndown chart was required for sprint 1 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Burndown chart was built in terms of weeks - Weeks were deemed more accurate than days, since member updated their progress to the SCRUM master weekly (and not daily) - The y-axis represented the number of tasks left to complete - Result followed a relatively linearly decreasing curve - Unfinished tasks made it 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Burndown chart updated with number of tasks left at the end of every week of the sprint - Burndown chart visualized in a graph - No tasks were left over at the end of this sprint, which made the burn down chart closer to ideality 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Have a more detailed day-by-day burn down chart - Add another axis for the remaining effort in terms of hours

		imperfect		
Backlog Grooming	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Feature files were written at the start of the sprint but by only one member - Feature files contained alternate flows and error flows. They were fairly extensive - User stories picked were detailed and discussed by all members 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Tasks were chosen by the entire team during the preparation meeting - The feature files were written by multiple members (more than in sprint 1, but not by all) - Feature files were also added to the missing ones from sprint 1 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The team met before the start of sprint 3 and decided which stories we would groom for sprint 3 - Feature Files were drafted for the stories selected for sprint 3 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Keep the same format that was used in Sprint 3 - Have 100% team participation in the decision-making for which stories will be done during the sprint
Sprint Planning	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Too many tasks and stories were included in Sprint 1 - Did not take technology ramp up into account - Too confident in the amount of work we thought we could do - Fairly bad time estimation for the Sprint as a whole - Bad work distribution during the week led to frantic weekends - A few tasks had to be carried over to the next sprint 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Better balance than during Sprint 1 - Fewer tasks and stories were implemented but the result was better as a whole - Quality over quantity approach - Better week-long work and team organization - Very few tasks had to be carried over to the next sprint 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Even better balance and planning than for Sprint 2 - Same amount of work was undertaken as during the last sprint - Same level of successful output - Better organization and time-work distribution - No task had to be carried over to the next sprint 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Keep a reasonable number of tasks and stories in order to prioritize quality over quantity - Keep the same work distribution over the course of a week to avoid last-minute work
Story Estimation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Too many stories were included in Sprint 1, 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Based on resulting efforts from Sprint 1 for repetitive 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Estimations were based on 2 factors: 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Keep the same format as the one that was used for Sprint

	<p>resulting in unrealistic work amounts.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - This led to us having unfinished tasks at the end of the sprint 	<p>tasks such as integration testing and service testing, story estimations became more precise.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - New UI tasks were poorly explained and added to existing stories 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Experience with planning from sprint 2 - Members provided an estimate of how much time they expected based on their skillset/techstack. - Taking into account the integration of the 2 previous sprints 	<p>3 as it focused on the skills of certain developers</p>
Task Estimation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Assigned stories to team members rather than tasks - Poor task estimation and hard to split work evenly or ask for help - Ended up with a non-homogeneous look - Many dependencies between tasks assigned to different people created delays and unnecessary blockers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Multiple team members worked on different tasks within the same story - Better structure allowed us to share our successes and impediments with the team - This created better problem solving and team communication between members assigned similar tasks in different stories 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Improved Sprint 2 format - Multiple members working on different tasks within the same story - Tried to alternate task types between Sprints (team member who worked mostly on the backend during Sprint 2 worked on UI during Sprint 3, for example) - Even better communication than during Sprint 2 - More back-and-forth ideas about how to improve our application as a whole 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Keep using the task estimation and distribution format developed in Sprint 2 - Now that we have seen who is more comfortable with what part of the project, we can have a more efficient task distribution - Keep communication up between members assigned similar tasks in different stories
Scrum Meetings	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2 meetings over the entire sprint - Meetings were too long, a lot of technical aspects were discussed and a lot was necessary to catch everyone 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Switched to a having meetings mid-week: retrospective over the previous week and planning for the rest of the week - Most members were present 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Improved Sprint 2 format - One hour-long meeting with all the team members each week - Even smaller meetings with 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Keep using the Scrum Meeting format developed in Sprint 2 - Keep the weekly meetings to make sure everyone is on the same page and gets a good

	<p>up</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - All members were present 	<p>(all → 6 members → 7 members)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Scrum master would then update the members who could not make it individually or in a separate meeting with all of the missing members 	<p>the scrum master</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - About 3-4 members showed up to each meeting about different topics - More frequent meetings than during Sprint 2 - Scrum master would update the missing team members 	<p>debrief of what has been done during the week</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - More small-scale meetings to promote idea sharing and communication about technical issues or ideas
Sprint Demo	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The following things were included as part of the demo: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Weekly Task List, including the details in task description and requirements. - Selected static UI pages. - A screenshot of tests passing for this sprint. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The following things were included as part of the demo: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Weekly Task List. - UI pages of login, sign up, and account settings. - Screen recording of the working UI components - Database updating simultaneously with frontend. - All feature files - A screenshot of tests passing for this sprint and previous sprint. - Meetings notes - Burndown Chart 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The following things were included as part of the demo: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Video Recording of the End to End work that was done during the sprint. - All feature files corresponding to the user stories that members worked on - A screenshot of test passing for current sprint and passing tests from all previous sprints. - Any meeting notes that were taken down - Product backlog included as well - Burndown Chart 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The following things are planned to be included as part of the demo: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Live demo of how multi-player function works normally, and how the database is updated simultaneously with be frontend. - Burndown Chart - Video Recording of the End to End work that was done during the sprint. - All feature files corresponding to the user stories that members worked on - A screenshot of test passing for current sprint and passing tests from all previous sprints. - Any meeting notes that

				<p>were taken down</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Product backlog included as well
Sprint Retrospective	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Had a very short Sprint retrospective as we were late with some of the tasks - Decided to take on less tasks than we did for Sprint 1 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Discussed how this sprint was a lot more organized than the first one - This was due to the fact that we took on fewer stories - Only 7 members could make it to the meeting we had about the sprint retrospective, so we could not get everyone's feedback 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - This sprint retrospective was very similar to the Sprint 2 retrospective - All of the team members came to that meeting, which led to us having a more thorough feedback of everyone's experience 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Keep the same format as the one that was used for the first three sprints: a meeting in the days following the conclusion of a sprint to talk about what went well and what did not - Include retrospective on entire project, as this should be the final sprint
Team Collaboration	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Poor team collaboration in terms of talking about tasks and the way of implementing them - This led us to having very heterogeneous code at the end of the sprint - Very good communication in terms of technology ramp-up as we helped one another get on the same page about the technology and frameworks we would use for this project 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - More regular communication (meetings and text updates) aided communication and collaboration on coding-related aspects of the project - The scrum master would make sure everyone (even the team members who could not attend the meetings) was on the same page about where the team was on the project 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Scrum Master facilitated collaboration between members by setting up all meetings and coordinating availabilities of members - Scrum Master helped in removing any blockers faced by members on the team by facilitating communication between members. - Use of Facebook Messenger and Zoom was made for all communications. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Keep the same communication format as the one that was used during Sprint 3 - Try to either have more meetings with few team members to promote communication or to have a bit fewer meetings but try to have as many team members attend at a time
Continuous Integration	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Setting up basic gradle and Travis CI, making sure the 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - No change to Continuous Integration in this sprint. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Automated the testing process to be triggered using 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Keep the automated build and testing functionality

	build triggered and Travis ran the build using Gradle.		Travis CI for every push to the master.	- Split up the controller and service automated testing to get a better idea of what is passing and what is failing
Acceptance Test Automation	- No automation yet, the tests were run manually.	- No automation yet, the tests were run manually.	- All tests ran automatically at every build.	- As indicated above, split up the controller and service automated testing to get a better idea of where to check if the automation fails