-TITLE-HAZEL ISHII

-I\_DATE-

-SOURCE-HAWAII HOLOCAUST PROJECT

-RESTRICTIONS-

-SOUND\_QUALITY-EXCELLENT

-IMAGE\_QUALITY-EXCELLENT

-DURATION-

-LANGUAGES-

-KEY\_SEGMENT-

-GEOGRAPHIC\_NAME-

-PERSONAL\_NAME-

-CORPORATE\_NAME-

-KEY\_WORDS-

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I was born Dec. 15, 1917. I am a Japanese American, My parents are

Japanese.

On Dec 7, 1941 I was in Mawui. I lived in the country and did not

hear about it until I went to the city to go shopping. I consider

myself American. We speak Japanese at home. I did not experience

prejudice. I heard people say Japs when I went to the city. In my

part of the Island I did not hear anything like that. We lived as

before.

As Japanese we did the manual work. After the war white people did

manual jobs and some educated Japanese Americans had big jobs. The

younger ones of course want more, they think they are just as good.

We were more accepting. When Japanese Americans came home from the

war they had better opportunities for education than before the

war. Times were changing. Many of our better educated citizens got

top jobs.

With regard to relocation camps, priests, reverends of Buddhist

faith, principals of schools were taken away by the FBI to

relocation camps because they were people of Japanese background,

educated in Japan and I presume they were taken because they had

some connection with Japan. In the country, we lived as before. My

sister had a friend in Santa Barbara who wrote us she was in a

relocation camp. After the war she came to Hawaii. She visited me

and then these things came out. Her father had a drycleaning

business. They had to practically give it away or leave it there.

I do not remember what the reaction of my familuy was to this news.

They had worked so hard to get what they had and she had planned to

go to college. I do not remember what happened after that.

I do not think it could happen in Hawaii. Where would they take us.

There were too many of us. It never occurred to me.

From the seventh grade on my daughter Phyllis wanted to study

archeology. The principal told me I have to work very hard because

she will have to go to school for ten years to be an archeologust.

I worked in the school cafeteria.

Archeology meant Israel to her. She studied Hebrew in Hawaii

University and when she graduated went to Hebrew University.

I do not remember anything about the Holocaust until my daughter

started to work with the Jewish Federation. Phyllis is going from

one Kibbutz to another. While at Hebrew University she worked part

time for the Jewish Federation. They offered her a full time job as

a receptionist after she finished college. She was a fine art

major. She left Israel in 1979 and came back in the summer of 1980.

She went to Dachau. I forgot a lot of what she said. She had a

roommate in Israel from Skokie, Ill. whose parents were in the

Holocaust and through her she wanted to visit a concentration camp

on the way from from Israel. She went to Dachau. My husband was

interested in what the people suffered and Phyllis was very

sympathetic to that.

When the children got bigger they asked my husband questions about

his war experiences, and he told them and they were very

interested.

Did he tell them about the relocation camps?

I am not sure.

My second son went to visit one of the relocation camps. He said it

was bleak, cold, desert.

I never saw those camps. My husband did talk about it when they

asked questions.

When Phyllis worked for the Jewish Federation, she attended the

Anniversary of the Holocaust and we went with her for the past 5

years. We try to make it each year to remember the Holocaust

survivors and at the service, the speaker talks about what had been

done and what we should do that that people will not forget. My

daughter was also asked to help out with the Independence Day of

Israel Celebration. She makes posters and helps them. We have gone

with her to Israeli Independence Day Celebrations. My daughter is

in Israel now and we go every year whether she is here or not. I

think it is important for the Jewish people otherwise people will

not understand what happened.

With regard to the extermination of the Jewish it is hard to

believe that such a thing happened. Maybe that is why people do not

believe it. If we do not keep it up I guess in the next generation

or one following that there will be no one who can remember these

things. I believe that because Phyllis had friends whose parents

were survivors, we came to understand what happened. My son was

living is Skokie, Ill, he met survivors.

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