• Fie  $f \in C[0,1]$ ,  $w:[0,1] \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}_+$  o pendure si  $P_m(f)$  polinomul le cia mai bună aproximare m medii patratică a funcțiii f. Sa se arate ca:  $\int_{0}^{1} w(x) \mathcal{P}_{m}^{2}(f)(x) dx \leq \int_{0}^{1} w(x) f^{2}(x) dx$ REZOLVARE Pm(f) - este polimomul de ca mai bunā aproximare an medie patratica (2)  $\int_{0}^{1} w(x) \left[f(x) - P_{m}(f)(x)\right]^{2} dx \leq \int_{0}^{1} w(x) \left[f(x) - Q(x)\right]^{2} dx$ ,  $\forall Q \in \mathbb{I}_{m}$  $\int_{0}^{1} w(x) + \int_{0}^{2} x dx = \int_{0}^{1} w(x) \left[ f(x) - P_{m}(f)(x) + P_{m}(f)(x) \right]^{2} dx$  $= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} w(x) \left[ f(x) - f_m(f)(x) \right]^2 + 2 \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} w(x) \left[ f(x) - f_m(f)(x) \right] \cdot f_m(f)(x) dx$  $+ \int_{0}^{1} w(x) \left[ P_{m}(\xi)(x) \right]^{2} dx$ Consideram  $\overline{f}(\lambda) = \int_{-\infty}^{1} w(x) \left[ f(x) - P_m(f)(x) - \lambda P_m(f)(x) \right]^2 dx$ Aver  $T(\lambda) = \int w(x) \left[ f(x) - P_m(f)(x) - \lambda P_m(f)(x) \right]^2 dx =$ (2)  $\alpha = P_m(f) + \lambda P_m(f)$  $\ge \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} w(x) \left[ f(x) - f(x) \right]_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left( f(x) \right]_{-\infty}^{\infty} = F(0)$ 

 $\Rightarrow F(\lambda) \Rightarrow F(0)$ ,  $\forall \lambda \Rightarrow 0$  este PUNCT DE MINIM  $\Rightarrow F'(0) = 0$ 

$$\begin{aligned}
&\text{Dat} \quad \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} F'(\lambda) = \left(\int_{0}^{1} w(x) \left[f(x) - P_{m}(f)(x) - \lambda P_{m}(f)(x)\right]^{2} dx \right)^{2} \\
&= \left(\int_{0}^{1} w(x) \left[f(x) - P_{m}(f)(x)\right]^{2} dx - 2\lambda \int_{0}^{1} w(x) \left[f(x) - P_{m}(f)(x)\right] P_{m}(f)(x) dx \\
&+ \lambda^{2} \int_{0}^{1} w(x) \left[f(x) - P_{m}(f)(x)\right] P_{m}(f)(x) dx + 2\lambda \int_{0}^{1} w(x) \left(P_{m}(f)(x)\right)^{2} dx
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= -2 \int_{0}^{1} w(x) \left[f(x) - P_{m}(f)(x)\right] P_{m}(f)(x) dx + 2\lambda \int_{0}^{1} w(x) \left(P_{m}(f)(x)\right)^{2} dx
\end{aligned}$$

$$F'(0) = 0 \iff -2 \int_{0}^{1} w(x) \left[f(x) - P_{m}(f)(x)\right] P_{m}(f)(x) dx = 0$$

$$The locuism & \text{In } (3) \quad \text{i. obtinum } : \\
&\int_{0}^{1} w(x) f^{2}(x) dx = \int_{0}^{1} w(x) \left[f(x) - P_{m}(f)(x)\right]^{2} dx + \int_{0}^{1} w(x) \left(P_{m}(f)(x)\right)^{2} dx
\end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_{0}^{1} w(x) f^{2}(x) dx \implies \int_{0}^{1} w(x) \left(P_{m}(f)(x)\right)^{2} dx$$