

寝る
ねる [0]

1. to lie down
2. to go to bed, to lie in bed
3. to sleep (lying down)
4. to sleep (with someone, i.e. have intercourse)
5. to lie idle

最近さいきん寝てるねときにこむらがえりを起こしますおこ。

Recently I get leg cramps when I sleep.

「寝てたね?」「爆睡ばくすい」「そ、そうか?」「なんかうなされてたよ。怖いこわ夢ゆめでも見てたみ?」

"I fell asleep?" "Totally." "Really?" "You were very restless, did you have a scary dream?"

働く
はたらく [0]

1. to work, to labor, to labour
2. to function, to operate, to be effective, to work (i.e. ... works), to come into play
3. to commit (e.g. a crime), to perpetrate, to do, to act, to practise, to practice
4. to be conjugated

そのため、派遣労働者はけんろうどうしゃは劣悪なれつあく労働条件ろうどうじょうけんの下したで働いているはたら。

For that reason, temporary workers are working under inferior conditions.

おもちゃコンサルタントの方々かたがたが甲斐甲斐しくかいがい働くはたら姿すがたがとても印象的いんしょうてきでした。

Seeing the briskly working toy consultants also left a strong impression.

遊ぶ
あそぶ [2]

1. to play (games, sports), to enjoy oneself, to have a good time
2. to mess about (with alcohol, gambling, philandering, etc.)
3. to be idle, to do nothing, to be unused
4. to meet up (with friends), to hang out
5. to give oneself up (to gambling, drinking, etc.)

6. to go to (for pleasure or for study)
7. to tease (somebody), to play (with)
8. to intentionally throw a ball to lower the batter's concentration

子供こどもにお金おかねを残そうのこなんて考えずかんがにパーッと派手にはで遊んであそ使い切ってつかいき下さいくだね。

Don't think about leaving money for your kids, use it all up and enjoy yourself with flair.

遊びあそたいならちゃんとルールを決めてきおきなさい。

If we're going to play, make your mind up about the rules!

始まる
はじまる [0]

1. to begin, to start, to commence
2. to happen (again), to begin (anew)
3. to date (from), to originate (in)

授業じゅぎょうは八はち時じ三十分ふんから始まるはじから。

Class doesn't begin until eight-thirty.

2000 年ねんに日本にほんの医療制度いりょうせいどが世界一せかいいちだが、2003 年ねんに研修医制度けんしゅういせいどが始まってはじ目に見えてめにみ悪くわるなった。

In 2000 Japan's health care system was the best in the world, but since clinical internship was introduced in 2003 it has clearly deteriorated.

終わる
おわる [0]

1. to end, to come to an end, to close, to finish

あんたらの名前なまえなんか興味ないきょうみね。どうせこの仕事しごとが終わるおとお別れおわかだ。

I don't care what your names are. Once this job's over, I'm out of here.

ようやく夜よるが明けてあ長いなが夜よるが終わったお。

Finally dawn broke; the long night had ended.

塵
ごみ [2]

1. rubbish, trash, garbage, refuse

ここにゴミ捨てるすべからず。

No dumping rubbish here!

民生用みんせいよう・産業さんぎょう用ようを含めてふく、ゴミのかさをコンパクト化かする機器ききの今後こんごの市場成長しじょうせいちょう性せいが法ほう制度せいどの動向どうこうと関連かんれんして注目ちゅうもくされる。

Attention is focussed on the potential for growth of the personal and industrial use garbage compactor market in relation to trends in law.

明後日
あさって [2]

1. day after tomorrow

由美はあさって大阪おおさかに旅立つたびだ。

Yumi is leaving for Osaka the day after tomorrow.

明後日あさって野球場やきゅうじょうに野球やきゅうを見に行くみにい予定よていだ。

I plan to watch a game at the baseball field the day after tomorrow.

一昨日
おととい [3]

1. day before yesterday
2. Daytime (astronomy)

「ウィキペディアを引用いんようするな」という主張しゅちょうが昨日きのうだか一昨日おとといだかの朝日新聞あさひしんぶんに乗っていたの。

The exhortation "Don't quote Wikipedia" was included in the Asahi newspaper of yesterday or the day before.

彼女かのじょはおとといアメリカへむかった。

She left for America the day before yesterday.

夕べ
ゆうべ [3]

1. evening
2. last night, yesterday evening

夕べ彼のかれ家いえは泥棒どろぼうに入られたはい。
His house was broken into last night.

夕べ彼のかれお父さんおとうが病氣びょうきで亡くなったな。
Last night his father passed away because of his illness.

今朝

けさ [1]

1. this morning

今までいま使っていたつかものを今朝けさ部屋へやでボール遊びボールあそをしていて、わってしまったのです。
I broke the one I’ve been using till now this morning while playing with a ball in the room.

今朝けさは髪髪の毛のけが撥ねてるはねんだ。せめて手鏡てかがみを貸してかくれ、そこの引き出しひきだにしまってあるだろ。
My hair’s messed up this morning. At least lend me a hand mirror - it should be shut in the drawer there.

週末

しゅうまつ [0]

1. weekend

2. Workweek and weekend

良いよ週末しゅうまつを。
Have a nice weekend!

留美子さん、この週末しゅうまつにボクとデートしてくれませんか。
Would you like to go out with me this weekend, Rumiko?

行く

いく [0]

1. to go, to move (in a direction or towards a specific location), to head (towards), to be transported (towards), to reach

2. to proceed, to take place

3. to pass through, to come and go

4. to walk

5. to die, to pass away

6. to do (in a specific way)

7. to stream, to flow

8. to continue

9. to have an orgasm, to come, to cum

10. to trip, to get high, to have a drug-induced hallucination

私たちわたしがそこへ行くいかどうかを決めるきのは君のきみ責任せきにんだ。
It is up to you to decide whether we will go there or not.

学校がっこうまで10分ふんで歩いてある行けるい。
I can walk to school in ten minutes.

帰る

かえる [1]

1. to return, to come home, to go home, to go back

2. to leave

3. to get home, to get to home plate

家いえに帰るかえましようか。
Why don’t we go home?

「ただいま」「お帰りなさいおかえ」
”I’m back.” ”Welcome home.”

兄

あに [1]

1. older brother, elder brother

ママ〜! あのお姉ちゃんおねえとお兄ちゃんおにい、お手手繋いでつな、すごく仲良しなかよさんだね〜!
Mama! That lady and man are holding hands, they’re great friends aren’t they!

これは兄あにです。かっこいいですね。
This is my brother. Handsome, isn’t he?

来る

くる [1]

1. to come (spatially or temporally), to approach, to arrive

2. to come back, to do ... and come back

3. to come to be, to become, to get, to grow, to continue

4. to come from, to be caused by, to derive from

5. to come to (i.e. ”when it comes to spinach ...”)

彼らのかれコミュニケーションは我々われわれが考えてかんがきたものよりはる

かに複雑ふくざつかもしれません。
Their communication may be much more complex than we thought.

3年ねん前まえに東京とうきょうへ来てき以来いらいここに住んでいるす。
I came to Tokyo three years ago and have been living here ever since.

新嘉坡

シンガポール [4]

1. Singapore

ほぼ赤道せきどう直下ちょっかにあるシンガポールでは、雨季うき・乾季かんきがあまり明瞭めいりょうではない。
In Singapore, practically right on the equator, the rainy and dry seasons aren’t very clear cut.

シンガポールの医師いしは殆どほとんの場合ばあい皆みんなお互いおたがを知っているし、というのが日本にほんと異なりますこと。
What’s different from Japan is that the doctors of Singapore generally all know each other.