#### 1 Constructs

List is any sequence of commands separated by ; or **newline**, which are always interchangeable.

```
if list; then list
[ elif list; then list ] ...
[ else list ]
fi

for name [ in word ... ]
do list
done
for name in word ...; { list }
foreach name (word ...)
```

list end
while list; do list; done
until list; do list; done
repeat word; do list; done
repeat word sublist
case word in [ pattern ) list ;; ] esac
case word { [ pattern ) list ;; ] $\dots$ }
select name [ in word]; do list; done

```
Subshell: ( list )

Current shell: { list }

function word [ () ] ... { list }

word ... () { list }

word ... () sublist

time [ pipeline ]

Condition: [[ exp ]]
```

Other constructs depend on the options
NO\_SHORT\_LOOPS and CSH\_JUNKIE\_LOOPS
and should be avoided in scripts.

### 2 Globbing

See also options GLOB, EXTENDED\_GLOB, KSH\_GLOB, NULL\_GLOB, NOMATCH, SH\_GLOB GLOB\_DOTS. X, Y, ... are any pattern. # and ## require grouping of previous characters; those and ~, ^ require EXTENDED\_GLOB.

*	Any string
?	Any character
[]	Any of the enclosed characters
[[:X:]]	Character classes where X may be:
alnum	Alphanumeric,
alpha	Alphabetic,
blank	Space or tab,
cntrl	Control character,
digit	Decimal digit,
graph	Printable non-whitespace character,
lower	Lowercase character,
print	Printable character,
punct	Printable, not alnum or space,
space	Whitespace character,
upper	Uppercase character,
xdigit	Hexadecimal digit.
	Above use locales, may be combined with
	other characters e.g. [-+[:xdigit:]]
[^]	Any character except those enclosed

```
Any number between x and y inclusive:
<x-y>
        both optional, defaults 0, \infty
        Anything not matching X
ΛX
(X|Y)
        Either X or Y
χ~Υ
        Pattern X, but not Y
(X|Y^Z) Either X or (Y \text{ but not } Z)
         Zero or more occurences of X
Χ#
X##
        One or more occurences of X
         Grouping of (part of) pattern.
(X)
        (As path segment) short for (*/):
**/
        match all subdirectories
        The same, following symbolic links
***/
Globbing flags appear in the form (#X) and require the
EXTENDED_GLOB option. They may appear in groups. X
may be:
i
        Match case insensitively
1
         Lower case matches upper case
```

Case sensitive: cancel i and I Ι Activate backreferences for parentheses. b \$match, \$mbegin, \$mend arrays give matched string, beginning/end indices Deactivate backreferences, negating b В Set \$MATCH, \$MBEGIN, \$MEND for string m М Deactivate m. Allow num errors in matches (0 to turn off) anum Match only at start of string (use in param expn) s Match only at end of string е

Globbing modifiers appear in parentheses after a pattern (usually and'ed):

- / directory
  . plain file
  0 symbolic link
  = socket
- p named pipe (FIFO)

*	executable plain file (0100)	or set <b>\$reply</b> to file array	,	'or' lists of qualifers together
%	device file (character or block)	ddev on device number dev	_	toggle following links (off by default)
%b	block special	1[- +]ct link count $ct$ or less $(+)$ or more $(-)$ than $ct$	M	set MARK_DIRS, this pattern only
%с	character special	U owned by current effective uid	T	set LIST_TYPES, this pattern only
r	readable (0400)	G owned by current effective gid	N	set NULL_GLOB, this pattern only
W	writable (0200)	uuid owned by uid uid; may also take forms	D	set GLOB_DOTS, this pattern only
x	executable (0200)	$.name., !name!, \dots or$	n	set NUMERIC_GLOB_SORT, this pattern only
Α	group-readable (0040)	$(name), \{name\}, \dots$	o[nLlam	ncd]
I	group-writable (0020)	ggid owned by gid, as for uuid.		sort order of resulting files: by name, size,
E	group-executable (0010)	a[Mwhm][- +]n		no. of links, access/modification/inode time,
R	world-readable (0200)	accessed (less than, more than) $n$ days		depth-first order
W	world-writable (0200)	(months, weeks, hours, minutes) ago	o[nLlam	ncd]
X	world-executable (0200)	m[Mwhm][- +]n		same but reversed order; Od depth-last
s	setuid (04000)	modified ditto	$[beg[,\epsilon$	end]]
S	setgid (02000)	c[Mwhm][- +]n		Index of matched file(s) to select
t	files with the sticky bit (01000)	inode changed ditto	<b>:</b>	remainder treated as history
${ t f}spec$	chmod-like access permissions	L[kKmMpP][- +]n		modifiers (each with own:)
	e.g. f70? or f:u+w,go-w:	size in bytes (or kb, mb, blocks) = (or $<$ , $>$ ) n		
${\sf e} str$	eval $str$ , use file (\$REPLY) if status 0	negate following qualifiers		

# 3 Options

†means set by default: these options appear with no in front in option listings; +o turns single-letter option off (shown in parentheses)

ALL_EXPORT ALWAYS_LAST_PROMPT ALWAYS_TO_END APPEND_HISTORY AUTO_CD AUTO_LIST AUTO_MENU AUTO_NAME_DIRS AUTO_PARAM_KEYS AUTO_PARAM_SLASH AUTO_PUSHD AUTO_REMOVE_SLASH AUTO_RESUME BAD_PATTERN† BANC_HIST†	Export all new shell params (-a) Back to prompt after list End of word after completion Append history to file Directory as command does cd (-J) List on ambiguous completion (-9) Menu after second TAB Params with paths become names Clever del after param completion \$path <tab> \rightarrow \$path/\$ Make cd act like pushd (-N) Strip slash after completion cmd can behave like %cmd (-W) Error on bad glob pattern (+2) Lice Thirst on and line (+K)</tab>	BEEP† BG_NICE† BRACE_CCL BSD_ECHO CDABLE_VARS CHASE_DOTS CHASE_LINKS CHECK_JOBS† CLOBBER† COMPLETE_ALIASES COMPLETE_IN_WORD CORRECT CORRECT_ALL CSH_JUNKIE_HISTORY	Beep on errors etc. (+B) Lower priority of bg jobs (-6) foo{ab} → fooa foob Builtin echo works like in BSD cd foo like cd ~foo (-T) Resolve links when in dir Resolve symlinks in directories (-w) Report job status at exit > to existing file needs >   (+C) Completion uses unexpanded aliases Complete at cursor point in word Correct command spelling (-0) Correct spelling of all args (-O) Single ! is last command	CSH_NULL_GLOB DVORAK EQUALS† ERR_EXIT EXEC† EXTENDED_GLOB EXTENDED_HISTORY FLOW_CONTROL† FUNCTION_ARGZERO† GLOB† GLOBAL_EXPORT† GLOBAL_EXPORT† GLOBAL_SSIGN GLOB_COMPLETE	Only one glob must match Use Dvorak keyboard for spelling Perform =cmd expansion Exit shell on error (-e) Execute commands (+n) Use #, ~ and ~ in patterns Save timestamp to history file ~S, ~Q do flow control Set \$0 on function or source Perform globbing (+F) typeset -x applies globally Use /etc startup files scalar=* globs on right Complete globbing with menu
		· · · <del>-</del>	1 0 0 ,		

### 4 PARAMETER EXPANSION

\$name
\${name}
Basic parameter substitution
\${+name}
1 if name set, 0 otherwise
\${name:-word}
\$name if non-null, else word
\${name-word}
\$name if set, else word

(Similar for others with/without colon.)
\${name:=word}
\$name if non-null, else use word
and set name to that
\${name:==word}
Unconditional assignment \${name:?word}

Unconditional assignment \${name:?word} \$name if non-null, else print word and exit \${name:+word} word if \$name non-null, else nothing

\${name#pattern} \${name ##pattern} \$name with shortest (longest) match of pattern removed from head. Patterns as globbing; original parameter unchanged \${name%pattern} \${name%pattern}

As for #, but remove from tail of match \${name/pattern/repl}

capitalise words Substitute longest match of pattern by repl \${(S) name/pattern/repl} make special characters visible Substitute shortest match quote result with \ \${name//pattern/repl} quote result with, qqq quote result with " Substitute all non-overlapping longest matches F. \${name/#pattern/repl} N qqqq Subst if pattern at start of string quote result with \$'...' remove one level of shell quoting \${name/%pattern/repl} Subst if pattern at end of string Expand prompt escapes Expand as prompt with current settings \${name:/pattern/repl} Subst if pattern matches entire string Report parse errors with quotes, patterns X \${#name} counts characters \${#spec} 3 (P) flag Count length of scalar or words of array \${#name} counts words 4 **\$**{^spec} As w, but count empty words \${^^spec} With assoc include keys Turn on (off) RC\_EXPAND\_PARAM With assoc include values **\$**{=spec} Use print escapes in args below \${==spec} Join words with newlines Turn on (off) SH\_WORD\_SPLIT f Split on newlines (e) flag 10 Split using ordinary parsing \${~spec} z Substituted description, not value \${~~spec} Turn on (off) GLOB\_SUBST **\$**{spec:mod} Flags with delimiters; use any pair of chars in place of Apply history modifier mod colon, also matched <>. (), {}, [] \${\${name\dots}...} Perform both sets of modifications on value 1: expr:: string1:: string2:s:string: N.B. does not do extra lookup, see (P) Pad words on left to expr chars using string1 repeated (default space), string2 appears just once f Flags: usage \${(o)name} etc. r:expr::string1::string2: Ditto padded on right  $\{\ldots = \ldots\}$  creates array j:string:... creates associative array Join words using string Split into words in double quotes (occurs before splitting) Use shell expansion on result s:string: Force \$name to be re-used as name i Split words at string sort words in ascending order For assocs match against keys sort words in descending order As I, but last match (all for assocs) Ι Flags applying with  $\{\ldots, \#, \ldots\}$  or  $\{\ldots, \%, \ldots\}$ case-independent with  $\circ$  or 0i n:expr:all letters lower case Use expr'th first/last match b: expr: search substrings too all letters upper case I: expr:r, R, i, I start search at exprth elt.

Search/substitute exprth match Include matched portion Include unmatched portion (Rest) Include index of beginning Include index of end Include length of match Summary of rules for substitution Nested substitution, \$\{\\$\{...\}\} Subscript of parameter by name, \${name[i]} "\${...}" joining Nested subscript,  $\{\{\{\},...\}\}[i]\}$ #, %, /. : modifications (i) flag or space joining (s), (f), (z) or = splitting Shell word splitting (no flags) 11 (1) or (r) padding Flags in indexing: usage \$name [(i) index] etc. Backward compatability only Index by words of scalar Separate words with string Use print escapes in following s Index by lines: same as pws:\n: Reverse index array/substring/word For assocs, match against values As r, but last match (all for assocs) In assoc, keys are patterns; get first In assoc, keys are patterns; get all As r. but return index

## 5 History

See also parameters histchars, HISTFILE, HISTSIZE, SAVEHIST and options APPEND\_HISTORY, CSH\_JUNKIE\_HISTORY, EXTENDED\_HISTORY, HIST\_ALLOW\_CLOBBER, HIST\_IGNORE\_DUPS, HIST\_IGNORE\_SPACE, HIST\_NO\_STORE, HIST\_VERIFY, BANG\_HIST, HIST\_BEEP, HIST\_EXPIRE\_DUPS\_FIRST, HIST\_FIND\_NO\_DUPS, HIST\_IGNORE\_ALL\_DUPS, HIST\_NO\_FUNCTIONS, HIST\_REDUCE\_BLANKS, HIST\_SAVE\_NO\_DUPS, INC\_APPEND\_HISTORY, SHARE\_HISTORY.

T .	
Events:	
L venus.	

! !! !n	start history substitution unless after space, newline, $=$ , ( immediately previous command command line $n$	!-n !str !?str[?] !#	line $n$ before current last line beginning with $str$ last line containing $str$ current command so far	!{} !"	insulate history reference no more expansion this line
Words: sepa	arated from event by ':'				
0 n •	first word on line (command)  nth argument of command  first argument of command  last argument of command	% x-y -y *	word matched by $?s$ range of words same as $0-y$ all arguments	x* x-	same as $x$ - $\$$ same but omit word $\$$
Modifiers: a	also with globbing and parameters				
h r e t & p q	(head) strip last path cpt remove suffix .suf leave only suffix suf (tail) leave only last path cpt repeat last substitution don't execute new command quote words from further subst	Q x 1 u s/old/new[/	remove one level of quotes same but split words at space all letters lower case all letters upper case  [] replace old by new (string) (before s) change every occurrence	f F:expr: W W:sep:	repeat till no further change same but max expr changes (as prefix) apply to each word same but separate words on sep
	ameters: arrays are lower case except status; ed <sup>†</sup> are assignable:  Last bg PID  Pos. param count	@ status ? pipestatus	Same as argv[@]  Last prog status  Array of statuses for pipeline  Last arg of prev cmd	GID <sup>†</sup> HOST LINENO LOGNAME MACHTYPE	Current GID Current host name Input line no. User name Machine type
\$ - argv <sup>†</sup> * <sup>†</sup>	Current PID Shell flags set Pos. params as array	CPUTYPE EGID <sup>†</sup> EUID <sup>†</sup> ERRNO	CPU determined at run time Effective GID Effective UID System error no.	OLDPWD OPTARG OPTIND OSTYPE	Previous working dir.  Value, index of last <b>getopts</b> option OS type

PPID	PID of parent proc.	HISTFILE	Where to save shell history	PROMPT, prompt	
PWD	Current working dir.	HISTSIZE	Max history lines internally	PS1	Prompt used by editor
$\mathtt{RANDOM}^\dagger$	Random integer: assign to seed.	HOME	Default target for <b>cd</b> cmd.	PROMPT2, PS2	Continuation prompt
SECONDS <sup>†</sup>	Seconds since start of shell	IFS	Word seperators for input	PROMPT3, PS3	Prompt used by <b>select</b> cmd.
SHLVL	Incremented for each zsh	KEYTIMEOUT	Time to waits for key in sequence	PROMPT4 PS4	Execution trace prompt
signals	Names of signals	LANG	General locale setting	psvar, PSVAR <sup>†</sup>	Replace %v in prompts
TTY	Name of shell terminal	LC_ALL	Overrides LANG and other LC_*	READNULLCMD	Command used with only input readir.
TTYIDLE	Idle time of tty (secs.) or -1	LC_COLLATE	Determines character ordering	REPORTTIME	Longer commands print usage (secs.)
$\mathtt{UID}^\dagger$	UID	LC_CTYPE	Determines types of characters	RPROMPT	
USERNAME <sup>†</sup>	username	LC_MESSAGES	For messages: not used by zsh	RPS1	Prompt displayed at right of line
VENDOR	Machine manufacturer	LC_NUMERIC	For decimal point, number separator	SAVEHIST	Max no. of lines in history file
ZSH_NAME	Shell invocation name	LC_TIME	Date and time format	SPROMPT	Prompt used for spelling correction
ZSH_VERSION	ID of zsh version	LINES	No. of lines on terminal	STTY	Args. to follow <b>stty</b> ,
		LISTMAX	No. of files to list without asking		export to run before external cmd.
Other parame	ters used by shell (†colon-separated path)	LOGCHECK	How often to check watch (secs.)	TERM	Type of terminal for editing
Other parame	ters used by shen ('colon-separated path)	MAIL	File to check for mail	TIMEFMT	Format of process time reports
ARGVO	Export to change argv[0]	MAILCHECK	How often to check MAIL (secs.)	TMOUT	SIGALRM if idle this long (secs.)
BAUD	Line speed (zero to ignore)	mailpath, MAIL	PATH <sup>†</sup>	TMPPREFIX	Path to temp files $(/tmp/zsh)$
cdpath, CDPAT	TH <sup>†</sup> Directories search for <b>cd</b> command	List of files	to check for new mail. Can follow	$\mathtt{watch}, \mathtt{WATCH}^\dagger$	List of users to watch log in/out
COUMNS	No. of columns on terminal	each with ?	'message to print'		(also <b>all</b> , <b>notme</b> , % tty, @ host)
DIRSTACKSIZE	Max size of dir. stack	manpath, MANPA	ГН <sup>†</sup>	WATCHFMT	Format of watch reports
FCEDIT	Default editor for <b>fc</b> cmd.	Not used by	shell, probably used by <b>man</b> cmd.	WORDCHARS	Non-alphanumeric characters used
fignore, FIGN	IORE† Suffixes ignored for completion	module_path, MC	DULE_PATH <sup>†</sup>		as part of a word by editor
${ t fpath}, { t FPATH}^{\dagger}$	Path to search for autoload fins.	Path for dy	namic modules; not imported	ZBEEP	Sequence to output instead of beeping
histchars	three chars: 1) start of history (!),	NULLCMD	Used for redirs. with no cmd.	ZDOTDIR	Where to find .zshrc etc.
2) quick h	nistory sub (^), 3) comment (#)	$\mathtt{path},\mathtt{PATH}^\dagger$	Where to search for commands		
HISTCHARS	same as histchars	POSTEDIT	Output when line editor exits		

Prompt escape sequences: those with  $\dagger$  can use integer count n, which must immediately follow %. Default is 1 except for %\_.

%%	A '%'	%t %@	Time in 12 hour format		Use strftime to format string
%)	A ')'	%T	Time in 24 hour format	%1	Current tty
%d %/ $^{\dagger}$	\$PWD	<b>%</b> *	Same with seconds	%?	Return status of last command
%~†	\$PWD, but use ~-abbrevs	%n	\$USERNAME	%_ <sup>†</sup>	Parser status, $n$ for max level
%h %!	Current history event no.	%N	Name of script, sourced file, function	%E	Clear to end of line
%L	The current value of \$SHLVL	%i	Line number inside %N	%#	# if root, else %
<b>%</b> M	Full hostname	%w	Date as day-dd	$ ext{\%}  ext{v}^{\dagger}$	n'th elementt of \$psvar
$ m ^{\dagger}$	Host up to n'th dot	%W	Date as mm/dd/yy	<b>%{%</b> }	String which does not move cursor
%S %B %U	Start standout, bold, underline	%D	Date as yy-mm-dd	% <string< td=""><td><pre>&lt;%&gt;string&gt; %[<string] %[="">string]</string]></pre></td></string<>	<pre>&lt;%&gt;string&gt; %[<string] %[="">string]</string]></pre>
%s %b %u	Stop corresponding mode	%D{string	·}		Truncate string on L or R,

	n gives max length.	D	Month is $n (Jan = 0)$	%n	Name of user
%c <sup>†</sup> %. <sup>†</sup>	Component of \$PWD (deprecated)	W	Weekday is $n \text{ (Sun} = 0)$	%a	'logged on' or 'logged off'
%C	Same but don't expand ~'s	?	Last exit status was n	%1	User's tty
		#	Running as uid n	%M	Full remote host name
$\alpha$ 1 $\alpha$		g	Running as gid n	%m	Host to first '.'
Codes for ternary expressions in prompts, format $%(char.true-text.false-text)$ , integer count $n$ may proceded or follow '('. Test is true if:		L	SHLVL >= n	%S %U %B	Start standout, underline, boldface
		S	SECONDS >= n	%s %u %b	Stop corresponding mode
		V	${\rm sqpsyar}>=n$	%t %@	Time in 12-hour format
c . ~	Tilde'd path has $>= n$ elts	_	At least n shell constructs	%Т	Time in 24-hour format
/ C	Ditto for absolute path	!	True if shell is priveleged	%w	Date as day-dd
t	Current minute is n			%W	Date as mm/dd/yy
T	Current hour is n	П	· ALLA MONTHUM	%D	Date as yy-mm-dd
d	Current day of month is $n$	Escape	sequences in \$WATCHFMT:		

Ternary expressions in \$WATCHFMT, format %(char.true-text.false-text), can be used with 1, n, m or M (true if non-empty value for corresponding %), or a (true for login, false for logout).

## 7 Conditions

-w writeable

File tests: followed by a file name	-x executable/dir. readable:	-ot file a older than $b$
Cond true if file -a exists -b block special -c character special	<ul> <li>-L symbolic link</li> <li>-0 owned by UID</li> <li>-G owned by GID</li> <li>-S socket</li> <li>-N access time not newer than mod time</li> </ul>	<pre>-ef names refer to same file = == string matches pattern !=does not match &lt; ASCII before &gt; ASCII after</pre>
<ul> <li>-d directory</li> <li>-e exists</li> <li>-f plain file</li> <li>-g has setgid bit set</li> <li>-h symbolic link</li> <li>-k has sticky bit set</li> <li>-p FIFO/pipe</li> <li>-r readable</li> </ul>	Other tests with single argument:  -n string, length > 0  -o option, is set  -t fd, open to tty  -z string, length zero	-eq Numbers equal -ne Numbers unequal -lt Numeric $a < b$ -gt Numeric $a > b$ -le Numeric $a \le b$ -ge Numeric $a \ge b$
-s has size > 0 -u has setuid bit set -w writeable	Two argument tests ([[ $a$ test $b$ ]]): -nt file $a$ newer than $b$	Also grouping (), negation !, and &&, or   ; special handling of $/\text{dev}/\text{fd}$ .