

Draft Solution

Assignment 2

$$\mu = X, \sigma = X$$

D

(a) Given,

$$X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$$

$$P(X \leq 10) = 0.65 \quad P(Z \leq \frac{10-\mu}{\sigma}) = 0.65$$

$$+ 0.80 -$$

$$P(X \geq 15) = 0.10 = P(Z \geq \frac{15-\mu}{\sigma})$$

$$(0.80)9 - (0.05)9 = (0.80 > 5 > 0.05)9$$

We know,

$$P(Z \leq z) = \frac{x-\mu}{\sigma}$$

$$S_0,$$

$$\frac{10-\mu}{\sigma} = 0.385$$

[Z-table]

$$\phi(z_1) = 0.65$$

$$S_0, 10-\mu = 0.385 \sigma \quad \dots (i).$$

$$z_1 = 0.385$$

And

$$P(X \geq 15) = 0.10 \quad \text{on} \quad P(X < 15) = 0.90.$$

$$\therefore P(Z \leq z_1) = 0.90$$

So,

$$\frac{15-\mu}{\sigma} = 1.282 \quad [Z\text{-table}] \rightarrow \phi(z_1) = 0.90$$

$$z_1 = 1.282$$

$$(P(Z \leq 1.282) = 0.90) \quad \dots (ii)$$

Solve,

$$\mu = 7.854 \quad \frac{15-\mu}{\sigma} = 1.282 \quad \therefore \mu = 7.854$$

$$\sigma^2 = 31.07 \quad \underline{\text{Ans}}$$

(b)

$$P(6 < X < 10) = ?$$

Standardise

$$X = 6, X = 10$$

$$\mu = 7.854, \sigma = 5.574 \quad [\text{from } q^2]$$

$$Z_1 = \frac{6 - 7.854}{5.574} = -0.33$$

$$\Phi(-0.333) = 0.65$$

$$Z_2 = \frac{10 - 7.854}{5.574} = 0.39$$

$$= \Phi(0.333) + 1$$

$$= -0.6303 + 1$$

$$P(-0.33 < Z < 0.39) = P(Z < 0.39) - P(Z < -0.33)$$

$$P(Z < 0.39) = \Phi(0.39) = 0.6517$$

$$= 0.6517 - 0.3707$$

$$= 0.281$$

(c)

$$P(X > x) = 0.34$$

$$0.34 = P(Z > z) \quad \therefore P(Z < z) = 0.66$$

$$P(X < x) = 1 - 0.34 = 0.66 \quad [z\text{-score}]$$

$$x = \mu + z\sigma$$

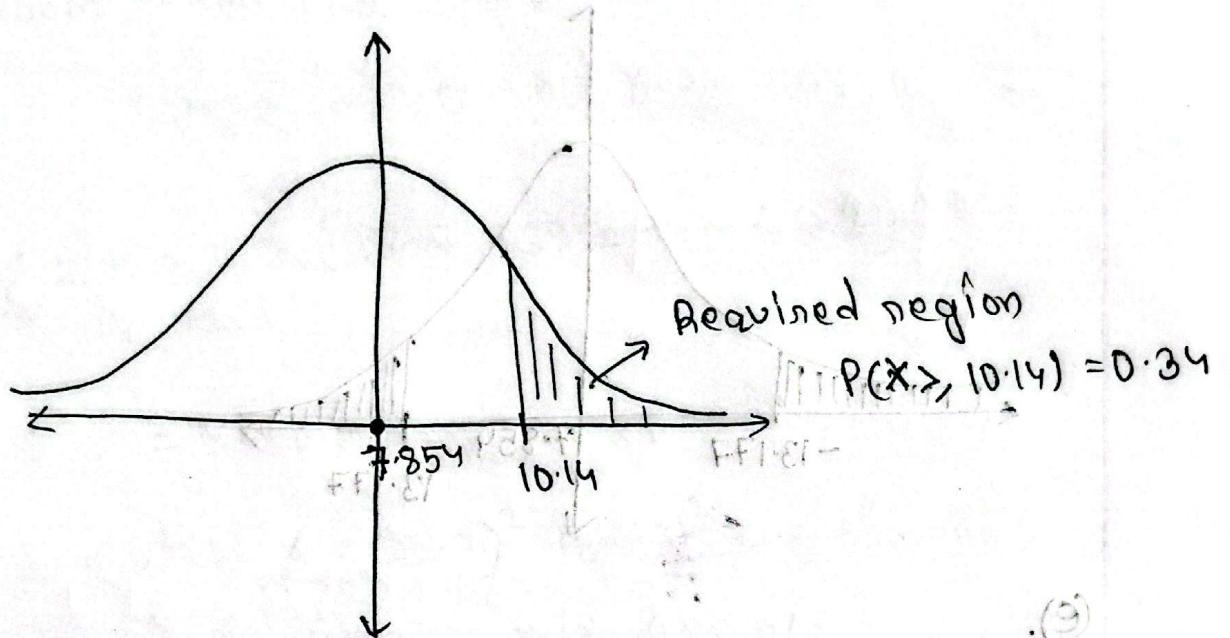
$$= 7.854 + (0.41 \times 5.574)$$

$$= 10.14$$

$$F.O. = 10.14 - 10.18 = -0.04 \quad \underline{\text{Ans}}$$

$$\Phi(z) = 0.66$$

$$z = 0.412$$



Required region

$$P(X > 10.14) = 0.34$$

(d). $P(|X| > x) = 0.34$

$$P(|X| > x) = 0.34$$

$$P(|X| \leq x) = 1 - 0.34 = 0.66$$

$$P(|X| \leq x) = 0.66$$

$$P(-x < X < x) = 0.66$$

$$\Phi\left(\frac{x-\mu}{\sigma}\right) - \Phi\left(\frac{-x-\mu}{\sigma}\right) = 0.66$$

$$\Phi\left(\frac{x-\mu}{\sigma}\right) + \Phi\left(\frac{-x-\mu}{\sigma}\right) = 1$$

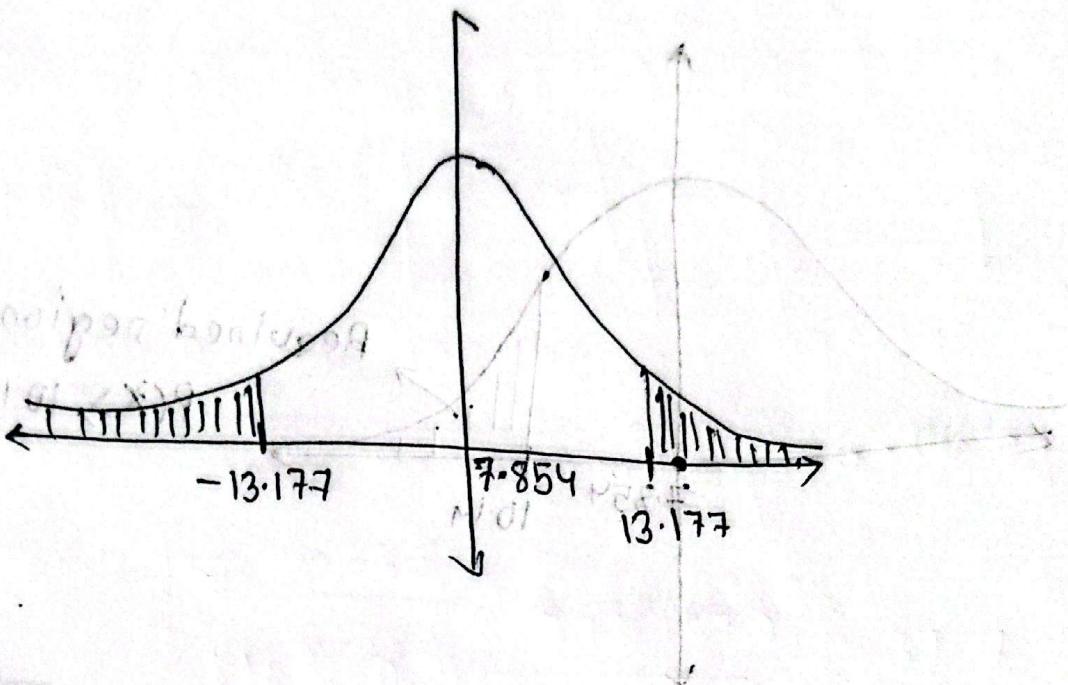
$$2\Phi\left(\frac{x-\mu}{\sigma}\right) - 1 = 0.66$$

$$\Phi\left(\frac{x - 7.854}{5.574}\right) = 0.83$$

$$\Phi^{-1}(0.83) = 0.83$$

$$x = 7.854 + \{ \Phi^{-1}(0.83) \times 5.574 \}$$

$$= 13.177 \text{ Ans}$$



(e).

$$P(Z < z_1) = 0.25$$

$$z_1 = -0.675$$

$$P(Z < z_3) = 0.75 \quad \text{or} \quad P(Z > z_3) = 0.25 \quad (x > X > x_-)$$

$$z_3 = +0.675$$

$$Z = \frac{x - \mu}{\sigma} \quad \text{or} \quad Z = \left(\frac{\mu - x}{\sigma} \right) \Phi = \left(\frac{\mu - x}{\sigma} \right) \Phi$$

$$x = \mu + z\sigma$$

$$Q_1 = -0.675 \times 5.584 + 7.854 \quad \text{or} \quad Q_1 = -0.675 \times 5.584 + 7.854 \Phi$$

$$= 4.092 \quad \text{or} \quad (1 - \Phi) \Phi$$

$$Q_3 = 0.675 \times 5.584 + 7.854$$

$$\{ \text{Inflection point} = 11.616 \} \quad \text{and} \quad 8.5 = x$$

$$IQR = Q_3 - Q_1 = 7.524 \quad \underline{\text{Ans}}$$

②

From given data point,

Sample $n = 30$,

$$\text{a). } \sum x = \sum_{i=1}^{30} (25.7 + 29.3 + \dots + 46.2)$$

~~to expand i.e. add all terms~~

$$= 1122.6 \quad \underline{\text{Ans}}$$

$$\text{b) } \sum x^2 = \sum_{i=1}^n \{(25.7)^2 + (29.3)^2 + \dots + (46.2)^2\}$$

~~F.F.E = 18 x 50~~

$$= 42646.64 \quad \underline{\text{Ans}}$$

$$\text{c) } \sum (x+5) = \sum x + \sum 5$$

~~100 = 18 x 50~~

$$= 1122.6 + (30 \times 5) = 1272.6 \quad \underline{\text{Ans}}$$

$$\bar{x}, \text{ Mean} = \frac{1122.6}{30} = 37.42 \quad \underline{\text{Ans}}$$

$$\text{d) } \sum (x - \bar{x})^2 = \sum x^2 - \frac{(\sum x)^2}{n}$$

~~100 = 18 x 50~~

$$= 42646.64 - \frac{(1122.6)^2}{30}$$

$$\text{Var} = (\text{F.D})^2 \cdot (\text{N}) = 639.188 \quad \underline{\text{Ans}}$$

(b)

Sample mean (\bar{x}): 37.42 [from 'a']

Median,

For $n=30$, median is average of
 5^{th} 16th value after ordering data.

$$\text{Median} = \frac{37.5 + 37.9}{2} = 37.7$$

Ans

20th Percentile:

$$i = p(n+1) = 0.2 \times 31 = 6.2^{\text{th}} \quad [\text{Btw } 6-7^{\text{th}}]$$

$$\therefore P_{20} = 32.8 + 0.2(33.8 - 32.8)$$

$$= 33 \quad \underline{\text{Ans}}$$

77th Percentile:

$$i = p(n+1) = 0.77 \times 31 = 23.87^{\text{th}} \quad [\text{Btw } 23-24^{\text{th}}]$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_{77} &= 40.7 + 0.87(41.1 - 40.7) = 40.7 \\ &= 41.048 \end{aligned}$$

Sorted data:

25.7, 29.3, 29.6, 32.1, 32.6, 32.8, 33.8,
 34.2, 34.4, 35.7, 36.3, 36.3, 36.3, 36.4,
 37.5, 37.9, 39.1, 39.7, 39.8, 40.0, 40.1,
 40.4, 40.7, 41.1, 41.3, 42.1, 42.7, 44.1,
 44.4, 46.2.

$$(c) \text{ Variance } (s^2) = \frac{\sum (x - \bar{x})^2}{n-1} = \frac{639.18}{29} = 22.041$$

$$\text{Standard deviation, } s = \sqrt{22.041} = 4.695$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{IQR} &= Q_3 - Q_1 \\ &= 40.8 - 34.1 \\ &= 6.7 \\ &\quad \underline{\text{Ans}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} CV &= \frac{s}{\bar{x}} \times 100 \\ &= \left(\frac{4.695}{37.42} \right) 100\% \\ &= 12.55\% \end{aligned}$$

Ans

$$Q_3 = 0.75 \times 31 = 23.25^{\text{th}} \text{ term}$$

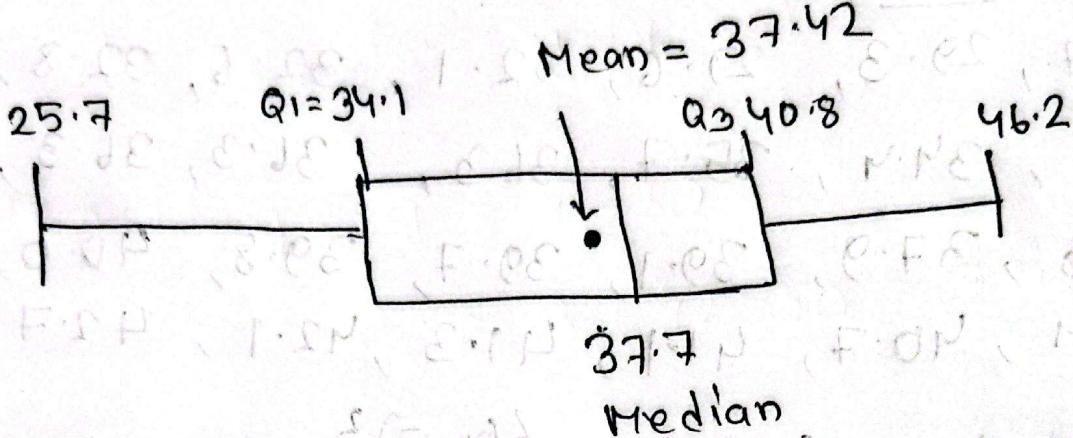
$$\begin{aligned} Q_3 &= 40.7 + (0.25 \times 0.4) \\ &= 40.8 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Q_1^{\text{th term}} &= 0.25 \times 31 \\ &= 7.7^{\text{th term}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Q_1 &= 33.8 + 0.75 \times 0.4 \\ &= 34.1 \end{aligned}$$

Ans

(d).



The ~~high~~ distribution is negatively skewed as the gap between minimum and median (12) is longer than maximum and median (8.5) and mean < median.

(e). Range = $46.2 - 25.7 = 20.5$

Num of class = 5.

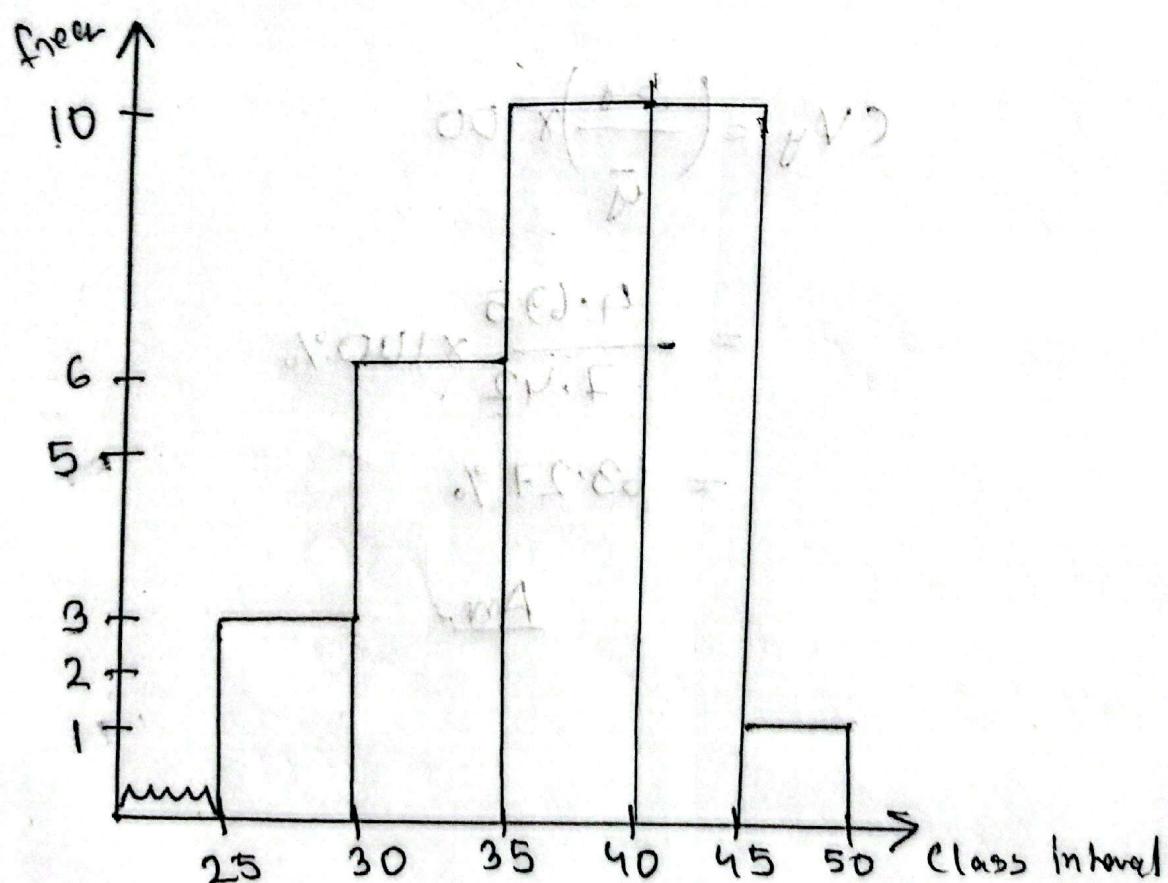
So, class interval = $\frac{20.5}{5} = 4.1 \approx 5$

Frequency distribution table 8.

Class Interval	Frequency
25 - 30	3
30 - 35	6
35 - 40	10
40 - 45	10
45 - 50	1

The histogram shows a peak in the 35-45 range. The distribution is Negatively Skewed (Left Skewed).

Total = 30



(f)

Statistics for $y = (x - 30)$

$$\text{Mean of } y, \bar{y} = \bar{x} - 30$$

$$= 37.42 - 30 = 7.42$$

$$\text{Median of } y, M_y = 37.7 - 30 = 7.7$$

$$\text{Variance of } y, s_y^2 = s_x^2 = 22.041$$

Coefficient of Variation of y ,

$$CV_y = \left(\frac{s_y}{\bar{y}} \right) \times 100$$

$$= \frac{4.695}{7.42} \times 100\%$$

$$= 63.27\%$$

Amp.

