

Analysis bc510cbf-a39c-4953-8193-cc93a9c112b1

MythX

Started Mon Sep 06 2021 05:59:04 GMT+0000 (Coordinated Universal Time)

Finished Mon Sep 06 2021 06:44:37 GMT+0000 (Coordinated Universal Time)

Mode Deep

Client Tool Remythx

Main Source File Contracts/MasterChef.Sol

DETECTED VULNERABILITIES

(HIGH (MEDIUM (LOW o o 20

ISSUES

LOW Read of persistent state following external call.

The contract account state is accessed after an external call. To prevent reentrancy issues, consider accessing the state only before the call, especially if the callee is untrusted. Alternatively, a reentrancy lock can be used to prevent untrusted callees from re-entering the contract in an intermediate state.

SWC-107

Source file

contracts/MasterChef.sol

Locations

```
UserInfo storage user = userInfo[_pid][msg.sender];

pool.lpToken.safeTransfer(address(msg.sender), user.amount);

emit EmergencyWithdraw(msg.sender, _pid, user amount);

user.amount = 0;

user.rewardDebt = 0;
```

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```
if (_amount > 0) {
    pool.lpToken.safeTransferFrom(address(msg.sender), address(this), _amount);
    user.amount = user amount.add(_amount);
}
user.rewardDebt = user.amount.mul(pool.accXttPerShare).div(1e12);
```

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contracts/MasterChef.sol

```
user.amount = user.amount.add(_amount);

user.rewardDebt = user amount mul pool accXttPerShare div(1e12);

emit Deposit(msg.sender, _pid, _amount);

}
```

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Source file

contracts/MasterChef.sol

Locations

```
pool.lpToken.safeTransfer(address(msg.sender), _amount);

244

245
  user.rewardDebt = user.amount.mul(pool accXttPerShare).div(1e12);

246
  emit Withdraw(msg.sender, _pid, _amount);

247
}
```

LOW

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contracts/MasterChef.sol

Locations

```
pool.lpToken.safeTransfer(address(msg.sender), _amount);

244
245
user.rewardDebt = user amount.mul(pool.accXttPerShare).div(1e12);

246
emit Withdraw(msg.sender, _pid, _amount);

247
}
```

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Source file

contracts/MasterChef.sol

Potential use of "block.number" as source of randonmness.

SWC-120

The environment variable "block.number" looks like it might be used as a source of randomness. Note that the values of variables like coinbase, gaslimit, block number and timestamp are predictable and can be manipulated by a malicious miner. Also keep in mind that attackers know hashes of earlier blocks. Don't use any of those environment variables as sources of randomness and be aware that use of these variables introduces a certain level of trust into miners.

Source file

contracts/MasterChef.sol

Locations

```
massUpdatePools();

106

107

uint256 lastRewardBlock = block number > startBlock ? block.number : startBlock;

108

totalAllocPoint = totalAllocPoint.add(_allocPoint);

109

poolInfo.push(PoolInfo({
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```
massUpdatePools();

106

}

107    uint256 lastRewardBlock = block.number > startBlock ? block number

108    totalAllocPoint = totalAllocPoint.add(_allocPoint);

109    poolInfo.push(PoolInfo({
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Source file

contracts/MasterChef.sol

```
uint256 accXttPerShare = pool.accXttPerShare;
uint256 lpSupply = pool.lpToken.balanceOf(address(this));
if (block number > pool.lastRewardBlock && lpSupply != 0) {
uint256 multiplier = getMultiplier(pool.lastRewardBlock, block.number);
uint256 cakeReward = multiplier.mul(xttPerBlock).mul(pool.allocPoint).div(totalAllocPoint);
```

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if (block.number > pool.lastRewardBlock && lpSupply != 0) {
    uint256 multiplier = getMultiplier(pool.lastRewardBlock, block number);
    uint256 cakeReward = multiplier.mul(xttPerBlock).mul(pool.allocPoint).div(totalAllocPoint);
accXttPerShare = accXttPerShare.add(cakeReward.mul(le12).div(lpSupply));
```

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Source file

contracts/MasterChef.sol

Locations

```
function updatePool(uint256 _pid) public {

PoolInfo storage pool = poolInfo[_pid];

if (block number <= pool.lastRewardBlock) {

return;

}</pre>
```

LOW

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Source file

contracts/MasterChef.sol

```
uint256 lpSupply = pool.lpToken.balanceOf(address(this));

if (lpSupply == 0) {
  pool.lastRewardBlock = block number;
  return;
}
```

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Source file

contracts/MasterChef.sol

Locations

```
return;

199

200

uint256 multiplier = getMultiplier(pool.lastRewardBlock, block number);

uint256 xttReward = multiplier.mul(xttPerBlock).mul(pool.allocPoint),div(totalAllocPoint);

201

202

pool.accXttPerShare = pool.accXttPerShare.add(xttReward.mul(1e12).div(lpSupply));
```

LOW

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uint256 xttReward = multiplier.mul(xttPerBlock).mul(pool.allocPoint).div(totalAllocPoint);

pool.accXttPerShare = pool.accXttPerShare.add(xttReward.mul(1e12).div(lpSupply));

pool.lastRewardBlock = block number;
}
```

LOW Requirement violation.

A requirement was violated in a nested call and the call was reverted as a result. Make sure valid inputs are provided to the nested call (for instance, via passed arguments).

SWC-123

Source file

contracts/MasterChef.sol

Locations

```
return;

194

}

195

uint256 lpSupply = pool lpToken balanceOf(address this);

196

if (lpSupply == 0) {

197

pool.lastRewardBlock = block.number;
```

Source file

contracts/MasterChef.sol

```
18 //
    // Have fun reading it. Hopefully it's bug-free. God bless.
19
20
    contract MasterChef is Ownable {
   using SafeMath for uint256;
21
    using SafeBEP20 for IBEP20;
22
23
    // Info of each user.
24
    struct UserInfo {
25
     uint256 amount. // How many LP tokens the user has provided.
    uint256 rewardDebt; // Reward debt. See explanation below.
28
    // We do some fancy math here. Basically, any point in time, the amount of XTTs
29
    // entitled to a user but is pending to be distributed is:
31
    // pending reward = (user.amount * pool.accXttPerShare) - user.rewar
32
33
    // Whenever a user deposits or withdraws LP tokens to a pool. Here's what happens:
34
    // 1. The pool's 'accXttPerShare' (and 'lastRewardBlock') gets updated.
35
    // 2. User receives the pending reward sent to his/her address.
36
    // 3. User's 'amount' gets updated.
37
    // 4. User's `rewardDebt` gets updated.
38
39
40
    // Info of each pool.
41
42
    IBEP20 lpToken; // Address of LP token contract.
43
    uint256 allocPoint; // How many allocation points assigned to this pool. XTTs to distribute per block.
44
    uint256 lastRewardBlock; // Last block number that XTTs distribution occurs.
    uint256 accXttPerShare; // Accumulated XTTs per share, times 1e12. See below.
46
47
48
    // The XTT TOKEN!
49
    IBEP20 public xtt;
50
51
    // XTT tokens created per block.
52
    uint256 public xttPerBlock;
53
       Bonus muliplier for early xtt makers.
54
    uint256 public BONUS_MULTIPLIER = 1;
55
     // The migrator contract. It has a lot of power. Can only be set through governance (owner).
56
    IMigratorChef public migrator;
57
58
59
    // Info of each pool.
    PoolInfo[] public poolInfo;
60
```

```
Info of each user that stakes LP tokens.
     mapping (uint256 => mapping (address => UserInfo) public userInfo;
     // Total allocation points. Must be the sum of all allocation points in all pools.
64
     uint256 public totalAllocPoint = 0;
65
         The block number when XTT mining starts.
66
     uint256 public startBlock;
67
68
     event Deposit(address indexed user, uint256 indexed pid, uint256 amount);
69
     event Withdraw(address indexed user, uint256 indexed pid, uint256 amount);
event EmergencyWithdraw(address indexed user, uint256 indexed pid, uint256 amount);
70
71
     constructor(
73
     IBEP20 _xtt,
74
     uint256 _xttPerBlock,
     uint256 _startBlock
76
     ) public {
77
     xtt = _xtt;
78
     xttPerBlock = _xttPerBlock;
     startBlock = _startBlock;
80
81
     // staking pool
82
     poolInfo.push(PoolInfo({
83
84
     allocPoint: 1000,
85
     lastRewardBlock: startBlock,
86
     accXttPerShare: 0
87
88
89
     totalAllocPoint = 1000;
90
91
92
93
     function updateMultiplier(uint256 multiplierNumber) public onlyOwner {
94
     BONUS_MULTIPLIER = multiplierNumber;
95
96
97
     function poolLength() external view returns (uint256) {
     return poolInfo.length;
99
100
101
     \ensuremath{\!\!\!\!//} Add a new lp to the pool. Can only be called by the owner.
102
103
     function add(uint256 _allocPoint, IBEP20 _lpToken, bool _withUpdate) public onlyOwner {
104
     if (_withUpdate) {
105
106
107
     uint256 lastRewardBlock = block number > startBlock ? block number : startBlock;
108
     totalAllocPoint = totalAllocPoint.add(_allocPoint);
109
     poolInfo.push(PoolInfo({
110
     lpToken: _lpToken
111
     allocPoint: _allocPoint,
     lastRewardBlock: lastRewardBlock,
113
     accXttPerShare: 0
114
115
     updateStakingPool();
116
117
118
     \slash\hspace{-0.4em} // Update the given pool's XTT allocation point. Can only be called by the owner.
119
     function set(uint256 _pid, uint256 _allocPoint, bool _withUpdate) public onlyOwner {
120
     if (_withUpdate) {
121
122
```

```
124
      uint256 prevAllocPoint = poolInfo[_pid].allocPoint;
125
     poolInfo[_pid] allocPoint = _allocPoint;
126
      if (prevAllocPoint != _allocPoint)
127
      totalAllocPoint = totalAllocPoint.sub(prevAllocPoint).add(_allocPoint);
128
      updateStakingPool();
129
130
131
132
     function updateStakingPool() internal {
133
     uint256 length = poolInfo length;
134
       uint256 points = 0;
135
      for (uint256 pid = 1; pid < length; ++pid) {</pre>
136
     points = points.add(poolInfo[pid].allocPoint);
137
138
     if (points != 0) {
139
     points = points.div(3);
140
     totalAllocPoint = totalAllocPoint.sub(poolInfo[0].allocPoint).add(points);
141
      poolInfo[0].allocPoint = points;
142
143
144
145
      // Set the migrator contract. Can only be called by the owner.
146
      function setMigrator(IMigratorChef _migrator) public onlyOwner {
     migrator = _migrator;
148
149
150
      // Migrate lp token to another lp contract. Can be called by anyone. We trust that migrator contract is good.
151
      function migrate(uint256 _pid) public {
152
       \frac{\text{require}(\text{address}(\text{migrator}) \mid \text{= address}(\emptyset), \text{ "migrate: no migrator"}); }{} 
153
      PoolInfo storage pool = poolInfo[_pid];
154
     IBEP20 lpToken = pool.lpToken;
155
     uint256 bal = lpToken.balanceOf(address(this));
     lpToken.safeApprove(address(migrator), bal);
156
157
     IBEP20 newLpToken = migrator migrate(lpToken);
require(bal == newLpToken balanceOf(address(this)), "migrate: bad");
159
     pool.lpToken = newLpToken;
160
161
162
      // Return reward multiplier over the given _from to _to block.
163
      function getMultiplier(uint256 _from, uint256 _to) public view returns (uint256) {
      return _to.sub(_from).mul(BONUS_MULTIPLIER);
165
167
     // View function to see pending XTTs on frontend.
168
      function pendingCake(uint256 _pid, address _user) external view returns (uint256) {
169
     PoolInfo storage pool = poolInfo[_pid];
170
     UserInfo storage user = userInfo[_pid][_user];
      uint256 accXttPerShare = pool accXttPerShare;
172
       uint256 lpSupply = pool lpToken.balanceOf(address(this));
      if (block.number > pool.lastRewardBlock && lpSupply != 0) {
174
      uint256 multiplier = getMultiplier(pool lastRewardBlock, block number);
175
         nt256 cakeReward = multiplier.mul(xttPerBlock).mul(pool.allocPoint).div(totalAllocPoint):
176
      accXttPerShare = accXttPerShare.add(cakeReward.mul(1e12).div(lpSupply));
177
178
     return_user.amount.mul(accXttPerShare).div(1e12).sub(user.rewardDebt);
179
180
     // Update reward variables for all pools. Be careful of gas spending!
function massUpdatePools() public
182
183
      uint256 length = poolInfo.length;
184
```

```
for (uint256 pid = 0; pid < length; ++pid) =
updatePool(pid);</pre>
186
187
188
190
191
     \ensuremath{//} Update reward variables of the given pool to be up-to-date.
192
     function updatePool(uint256 _pid) public {
193
     PoolInfo storage pool = poolInfo[_pid];
194
     if (block number <= pool lastRewardBlock) {</pre>
195
     uint256 lpSupply = pool.lpToken.balanceOf(address(this));
197
     if (lpSupply == 0) {
199
     pool lastRewardBlock = block number;
201
     uint256 multiplier = getMultiplier(pool.lastRewardBlock, block.number);
     uint256 xttReward = multiplier.mul(xttPerBlock).mul(pool allocPoint).div(totalAllocPoint);
203
     pool.accXttPerShare = pool.accXttPerShare.add(xttReward.mul(1e12).div(lpSupply));
205
     pool lastRewardBlock = block number;
206
207
208
     // Deposit LP tokens to MasterChef for XTT allocation.
209
     function deposit(uint256 _pid, uint256 _amount) public {
210
211
     require (_pid != 0, 'deposit XTT by staking');
213
     PoolInfo storage pool = poolInfo[_pid];
214
     UserInfo storage user = userInfo[_pid][msg_sender];
       odatePool( pid);
     if (user.amount > 0) {
216
217
     uint256 pending = user.amount.mul(pool.accXttPerShare).div(1e12).sub(user.rewardDebt);
218
     safeXttTransfer(msg.sender, pending);
220
221
     if (_amount > 0) {
222
     pool lpToken safeTransferFrom(address(msg sender), address(this), _amount ;
user amount = user amount add(_amount);
223
224
225
     user.rewardDebt = user.amount.mul(pool.accXttPerShare).div(1e12);
226
227
     emit Deposit(msg sender, _pid, _amount);
228
229
230
     // Withdraw LP tokens from MasterChef.
231
     function withdraw(uint256 _pid, uint256 _amount) public {
232
233
     require (_pid != 0, 'withdraw XTT by unstaking');
     PoolInfo storage pool = poolInfo[_pid]
235
     UserInfo storage user = userInfo[_pid][msg.sender];
236
     require(user.amount >= _amount, "withdraw: not good");
237
         latePool(_pid);
     uint256 pending = user amount.mul(pool.accXttPerShare).div(1e12).sub(user.rewardDebt);
239
     if(pending > 0) {
     safeXttTransfer(msg.sender, pending);
241
242
243
     if(_amount > 0) {
244
     245
246
```

```
247
248
     user.rewardDebt = user.amount.mul(pool accXttPerShare).div(1e12);
     emit Withdraw(msg.sender, _pid, _amount);
249
250
251
     // Stake XTT tokens to MasterChef
252
     function enterStaking(uint256 _amount) public {
     PoolInfo storage pool = poolInfo[0];
254
     UserInfo storage user = userInfo[0][msg sender];
255
     updatePool(0);
256
     if (user.amount > 0) {
     uint256 pending = user.amount.mul(pool.accXttPerShare).div(1e12).sub(user.rewardDebt);
258
     if(pending > 0) {
     safeXttTransfer(msg.sender, pending);
260
261
262
     if(_amount > 0) {
263
     {\tt pool.lpToken.safeTransferFrom(address(msg.sender),\ address(this),\ \_amount);}
264
265
266
     user rewardDebt = user amount mul(pool accXttPerShare).div(1e12);
267
268
      // syrup.mint(msg.sender, _amount);
269
     emit Deposit(msg.sender, 0, _amount);
270
     // Withdraw XTT tokens from STAKING.
function leaveStaking(uint256 _amount) public {
274
     PoolInfo storage pool = poolInfo[0];
275
     UserInfo storage user = userInfo[0][msg.sender];
276
     require(user.amount >= _amount, "withdraw: not good");
278
     uint256 pending = user.amount.mul(pool accXttPerShare).div(1e12).sub(user.rewardDebt);
279
280
     safeXttTransfer(msg.sender, pending);
281
282
     if(_amount > 0) {
283
     user.amount = user.amount.sub(_amount);
284
     pool.lpToken safeTransfer(address(msg sender), _amount);
285
286
     user.rewardDebt = user.amount.mul(pool.accXttPerShare).div(1e12);
288
289
     emit Withdraw(msg.sender, 0, _amount);
290
291
292
      // Withdraw without caring about rewards. EMERGENCY ONLY.
293
     function emergencyWithdraw(uint256 _pid) public {
294
      PoolInfo storage pool = poolInfo[_pid];
295
     UserInfo storage user = userInfo[_pid][msg.sender];
296
     {\tt pool.lpToken.safeTransfer(address(msg\ sender),\ user\ amount))},
297
     emit EmergencyWithdraw(msg sender, _pid, user.amount);
298
299
     user rewardDebt = 0;
300
301
     // Safe xtt transfer function, just in case if rounding error causes pool to not have enough XTTs.
function safeXttTransfer(address _to_ uint256 _amount) internal |
xtt.safeTransfer(_to, _amount);
303
```