Implement Serialization of HTM Classifier

Sonia Akter   
[sonia.akter@stud.fra-uas.de](mailto:sonia.akter@stud.fra-uas.de)

Md Toriquzzaman Touqir  
toriquzzaman.touqir@stud.fra-uas.de

*Abstract*—The Hierarchical Temporal Memory (HTM) classifier is a powerful machine learning algorithm inspired by the functioning of the human brain. Serialization is the process of converting an object or data structure into a format that can be easily stored or transmitted over a network. In this project, we implement serialization of the HTM classifier. This allows for the efficient storage and retrieval of trained HTM models and enables their use in distributed computing environments. We demonstrate the effectiveness of our approach by training and serializing an HTM classifier on a large dataset of images, and then using the serialized model to classify new images. Our results show that serialization of the HTM classifier is a useful and practical tool for machine learning practitioners and researchers working with large datasets.

Keywords— Hierarchical temporal memory, Neocortex,spatiotemporal, Spatial Pooler, Sparse DistributedRepresentations, Serialization, Deserialization.

# Introduction

The brain receives a vast amount of information from the environment through sensors that convert light, sound, and touch into electrical signals. These signals are processed by cortical neurons, which establish synaptic connections to other neurons to create an activity pattern that represents the sensory input. The overall activity pattern of groups of neurons influences our perception and behavior. Neuroscience has shown that individual cortical neurons can respond to specific patterns of sensory input, and groups of neurons can represent the characteristics of the stimuli in a flexible, dynamic, and robust manner.

# Methods

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This Part of the text describes results of your works. There can only be mentioned references, MUST point back to Methods and Intro chapter. No more external references.

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# Ease of Use

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*a**b* 

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Text heads organize the topics on a relational, hierarchical basis. For example, the paper title is the primary text head because all subsequent material relates and elaborates on this one topic. If there are two or more sub-topics, the next level head (uppercase Roman numerals) should be used and, conversely, if there are not at least two sub-topics, then no subheads should be introduced. Styles named “Heading 1”, “Heading 2”, “Heading 3”, and “Heading 4” are prescribed.

## Figures and Tables

For adding object other than text (tables, equations, graphs, figures, code…), **there must be at least one cross reference** to it. Figure 1 is an example

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1. Table Type Styles

| Table Head | Table Column Head | | |
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| Table column subhead | Subhead | Subhead |
| copy | More table copya |  |  |

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Figure Example Figure Caption

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## Code References:

Referencing Code in your text should be avoided unless necessary. In such cases it can be inserted as a listing as shown in **Error! Reference source not found.**

Listing Code Reference Example

Console.WriteLine(“Referencing code”, var);

// using tab can be replaced with 4 spaces

Do not pass code as image. When referring to variable in **Error! Reference source not found.**, italics should be used for example *var.* Code flows and logic should be presented better as Graph or Diagram instead of words.

Code Block which is too big to put in the textbox can be reference as Listing 2.

Listing Unit Test [EncodeDateTimeTest](https://github.com/ddobric/neocortexapi/blob/0348ffb99739ddf8c8c3a875f8162a18073938ca/source/UnitTestsProject/EncoderTests/DateTimeEncoderExperimentalTests.cs#L34-L49)

public void EncodeDateTimeTest(int w, double r, …)

{

…

DateTimeEncoderExperimental encoder = new…

var result = encoder.Encode(input);

…

Assert.IsTrue(result.SequenceEqual(expected…

}

##### Acknowledgment *(Heading 5)*

The preferred spelling of the word “acknowledgment” in America is without an “e” after the “g”. Avoid the stilted expression “one of us (R. B. G.) thanks ...”. Instead, try “R. B. G. thanks...”. Put sponsor acknowledgments in the unnumbered footnote on the first page.

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1. G. Eason, B. Noble, and I. N. Sneddon, “On certain integrals of Lipschitz-Hankel type involving products of Bessel functions,” Phil. Trans. Roy. Soc. London, vol. A247, pp. 529–551, April 1955. *(references)*
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5. R. Nicole, “Title of paper with only first word capitalized,” J. Name Stand. Abbrev., in press.
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7. M. Young, The Technical Writer’s Handbook. Mill Valley, CA: University Science, 1989.

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