

Data Analysis with Python

Cheat Sheet: Data Wrangling

Package/Method	Description	Code Example
Replace missing data with frequency	Replace the missing values of the data set attribute with the mode common occurring entry in the column.	1 MostFrequentEntry = df['attribute_name'].value_counts().idxmax() 2 df['attribute_name'].replace(np.nan,MostFrequentEntry,>df['attribute_name'].replace(np.nan,MostFrequentEntry, inplace=n
Replace missing data with mean	Replace the missing values of the data set attribute with the mean of all the entries in the column.	1 AverageValue=df['attribute_name'].astype(<data_type>).mean(axis=0) 2 df['attribute_name'].replace(np.nan, AverageValue, inplace=True)</data_type>
Fix the data types	Fix the data types of the columns in the dataframe.	<pre>df[['attribute1_name', 'attribute2_name',]] = df[['attribute1_name', 'attribute2_name',]].astype('data_type') #data_type is int, float, char, etc.</pre>
Data Normalization	Normalize the data in a column such that the values are restricted between 0 and 1.	<pre>1 df['attribute_name'] = df['attribute_name']/df['attribute_name'].max()</pre>
Binning	Create bins of data for better analysis and visualization.	<pre>bins = np.linspace(min(df['attribute_name']), max(df['attribute_name'],n) # n is the number of bins needed GroupNames = ['Group1', 'Group2', 'Group3,] df['binned_attribute_name'] = pd.cut(df['attribute_name'], bins, labels=GroupNames, include_lowest=True)</pre>
Change column name	Change the label name of a dataframe column.	1 df.rename(columns={'old_name':\'new_name'}, inplace=True)
Indicator Variables	Create indicator variables for categorical data.	<pre>dummy_variable = pd.get_dummies(df['attribute_name']) df = pd.concat([df, dummy_variable],axis = 1)</pre>



