

## Assignment 6 Written Questions

1. Give an example of two words that would hash to the same value using `hashFunction1` but would not using `hashFunction2`.

Battle and Cattle. Hash function2 would not work because it accounts for the ordering of the words.

2. Why does the above observation make `hashFunction2` superior to `hashFunction1`?

Hashfunction2 is superior because it allows ordering of the characters and thus in turn less links would be needed in the hash table.

3. When you run your program on the same input file once with `hashFunction1` and once with `hashFunction2`, is it possible for your `hashMapSize` function to return different values?

No, it would not be possible. The hash map size will be constant. The functions just have a different efficiency than the other, but will overall have the same size being used from the same input file.

4. When you run your program on the same input file once with `hashFunction1` and once with `hashFunction2`, is it possible for your `hashMapTableLoad` function to return different values?

Yes, I believe that the load could be different. This would be based on any or the number of collisions. `hashFunction2` is more efficient and in my opinion would have a lower load than the `hashFunction1`. By having less links in a linked list would allow for more constant time in calculation.

5. When you run your program on the same input file once with `hashFunction1` and once with `hashFunction2`, is it possible for your `hashMapEmptyBuckets` function to return different values?

Yes, one function will result in more collisions and thus have more empty buckets than the other. This would make it so that the `hashMapEmptyBuckets` could return different results.

6. Is there any difference in the number of empty buckets when you change the table size from an even number like 1000 to a prime like 997?

A prime number would have a decreased chance in having collisions versus a composite number. The reason being, the index calculation is based on modulus and a prime number can only have two common factors. This would allow for a more direct indexing.