```
import numpy as np
In [1]:
         from sklearn import svm
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import pandas as pd
In [2]: data_train = pd.read_csv("data_train.csv")
         data_test = pd.read_csv("data_test.csv")
         X = data_train[['intensity','symmetry']]
In [3]: | y2 = np.where(data_train["digit"] ==2, 1 ,-1)
         Clist = [-5, -3, -1, 1, 3]
In [4]: | w = []
         for c in Clist:
             result = svm.SVC(C = 10**c, kernel = "linear").fit(X,y2)
             w = w +[np.linalg.norm(result.coef_)]
In [5]:
         import seaborn as sns; sns.set()
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         df=pd.DataFrame({'log10(C)': Clist, '||w||': w})
         ax = sns.scatterplot(x='log10(C)', y='||w||',data=df)
           0.025
           0.020
           0.015
         ≣ 0.010
           0.005
           0.000
                  -5
                            -3
                                                      2
                                                           3
                                    log10(C)
In [6]:
Out[6]: [1.1763105414828839e-05,
         0.0009147796947899397,
         0.002331791308596588,
         0.000513661010677975,
         0.023067043402405518]
```

Q13: The norm of the weight is not always increasing with C