```
In [544]: import numpy as np
          import pandas as pd
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          import seaborn as sns
In [517]: class Node:
              def __init__(self, b, col, value = None, height = 0, Mode = None):
                   self.b = b
                   self.col = col
                   self.value = value
                   self.LNode = None
                   self.RNode = None
                   self.height = height
                   self.Mode = Mode
In [518]: def Gini(y):
              Gini = 1
              try:
                  N = y.shape[0]
              except:
                  return Gini
              for k in [1, -1]:
                   Gini += -(np.sum(y == k)/N)**2
              return Gini
In [519]: def DStump(X, y):
              row, col = X.shape
              X_{sort} = np.sort(X, axis = 0)
              thresList = np.r_{[X_sort[0,:]-1]}, (X_sort[0:-1,:] + X_sort[1:,:])/2, [X_sort[-1]]
              minPurity = y.shape[0]
              DSb = 0
              DScol = 0
              for c in range(col):
                   for i in range(thresList.shape[0]):
                       y0 = y[X[:,c] < thresList[i,c]]
                       y1 = y[ X[:,c] >= thresList[i,c]]
                       Purity = y0.shape[0]*Gini(y0)+y1.shape[0]*Gini(y1)
                       if minPurity > Purity:
                           minPurity = Purity
                           DSb = thresList[i,c]
                           DScol = c
              return DSb, DScol
```

```
In [520]: def DTreeFull(X, y):
              if (np.sum(y!=y[0])==0 or X.shape[0]==1 or np.sum(X!=X[0, :])==0):
                  node = Node(None, None, y[0])
                  return node
              DSb, DScol = DStump(X, y)
              #print(DSb,DScol)
              LX = X[(X[:, DScol] < DSb), :]
              RX = X[(X[:, DScol] >= DSb), :]
              Ly = y[(X[:, DScol] < DSb)]
              Ry = y[(X[:, DScol] >= DSb)]
              if (sum(y == -1) > sum(y == 1)):
                  Mode = -1
              else:
                  Mode = 1
              node = Node(DSb, DScol, Mode = Mode)
              node.LNode = DTree(LX, Ly)
              node.RNode = DTree(RX, Ry)
              return node
 In [ ]:
In [521]: data = pd.read_csv('hw3_train.dat', sep='\s+', header=None)
          X_train = data.iloc[:,0:2].values
          y_train = data.iloc[:,2].values
          data = pd.read_csv('hw3_test.dat', sep='\s+', header=None)
          X_test = data.iloc[:,0:2].values
          y_test = data.iloc[:,2].values
 In [ ]:
```

In []:

```
In [522]: def nodeH(node):
    h = 0
    if node == None:
        return
    if node.LNode == None and node.RNode == None:
        if node.height > h:
            h = node.height
        return h

if node.LNode != None:
    lh = nodeH(node.LNode)
    if node.RNode != None:
        rh = nodeH(node.RNode)

    print('MaxH=',h)
    return max(h,lh,rh)
```

```
In [523]: def internal_node(node):
    if node == None:
        return 0
    if node.LNode == None and node.RNode == None:
        print('==End',node.value, node.height)
        return 0
        l = 0; r = 0
        if node.LNode != None:
        print('L',node.b,node.col, node.height+1,'Mode=',node.Mode,'Value=',node.valuent', node.RNode != None:
        print('R',node.b,node.col,node.height+1,'Mode=',node.Mode,'Value=',node.valuent', node.return 1 + 1 + r
```

```
In [524]: def setNodeH(node):
              if node == None:
                   return 0
              if node.LNode == None and node.RNode == None:
                   return 0
              if node.LNode != None:
                   LH = node.height + 1
                   node.LNode.height = LH
                  setNodeH(node.LNode)
              if node.RNode != None:
                  RH = node.height + 1
                  node.RNode.height = RH
                   setNodeH(node.RNode)
              return node
In [525]: node1 = node0
          setNodeH(node0)
Out[525]: <__main__.Node at 0x1a58e3d4908>
In [526]: def NodePrune(node, MaxH = np.inf):
              if node == None:
              if node.LNode == None and node.RNode == None:
                   return
              if node.LNode != None:
                   if node.LNode.height > MaxH:
                      node.value = node.Mode
                   node.LNode = NodePrune(node.LNode,MaxH-1)
              if node.RNode != None:
                  if node.RNode.height > MaxH:
                       node.value = node.Mode
                   node.RNode = NodePrune(node.RNode,MaxH-1)
              return node
```

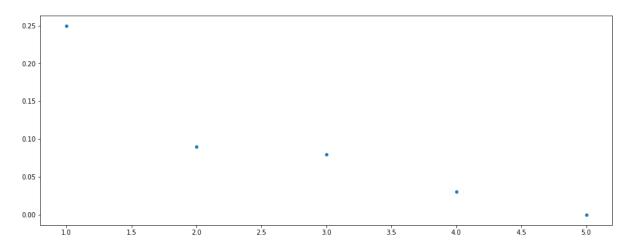
```
In [527]: | node0 = DTree(X_train, y_train)
          nodeH(setNodeH(node0))
          MaxH= 0
          C:\Users\Morris\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel launcher.py:9: RuntimeWarnin
          g: invalid value encountered in long scalars
            if __name__ == '__main__':
Out[527]: 5
In [528]: nodeP = NodePrune(setNodeH(node0),2)
          #internal_node(nodeP)
In [529]: def predictDT(node, X,MaxH=np.inf):
              if node.value is not None:
                   return node.value
              b = node.b
              c = node.col
              if node.height >= MaxH:
                   #print('height' , node.height)
                  return node.Mode
              if X[c] < b:
                   return predictDT(node.LNode,X, MaxH)
                   return predictDT(node.RNode,X, MaxH)
          def predict(node, Xall,MaxH=np.inf):
              row = Xall.shape[0]
              ypred = np.zeros(row)
              for i in range(row):
                  ypred[i] = predictDT(node, Xall[i,:], MaxH)
              return ypred
          def err01(ypred, y):
              return np.sum(ypred != y)/y.shape[0]
In [540]: print('Ein=',err01(predict(node0,X_train),y_train))
          Ein= 0.0
In [541]:
          print('Eout=',err01(predict(node0,X_test),y_test))
          Eout= 0.126
```

```
In [543]: ein = []
    eout = []
    for h in range(5):

        ein = ein + [err01(predict(node0, X_train, h+1), y_train)]
        eout = eout + [err01(predict(node0, X_test, h+1), y_test)]
```

```
In [551]: plt.figure(figsize=(16, 6))
sns.scatterplot(range(1,6),ein)
```

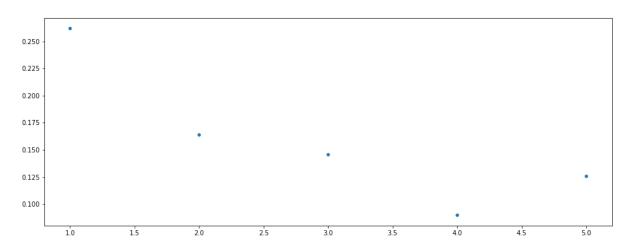
Out[551]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1a58f1a27b8>



Q12: 大致上是高度越高,Ein越小。因為高度越高,可以branch越多次。

```
In [552]: plt.figure(figsize=(16, 6))
sns.scatterplot(range(1,6),eout)
```

Out[552]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1a58f1fbb00>



Q13:不一定是高度越高,Eout越小。反在在H=4時,Eout最低