

MATH 5 Lecture Notes

Tejas Patel

Tuesday, 14 January, 2025

Contents

1	Chapter 1	3
1.1	Systems of Equations	3
1.2	Row Reductions and Echelon Form	5
1.3	Vector Equations	5
1.4	The Matrix Equations $Ax=b$	5
1.5	Solution Sets for Linear Systems	5
1.6	Linear Independence	5
1.7	Linear Transformations	5
1.8	The Matrix of a Linear Transformation	5
2	Chapter 2	5
2.1	Matrix Operations	5
2.2	The Inverse of a Matrix	5
2.3	Characterizations of Invertible Matrices	5
3	Chapter 3	5
3.1	Introduction to Determinants	5
3.2	Properties of Determinants	5
3.3	Cramer's Rule and Linear Transformations	5
4	Chapter 4	5
4.1	Vector Spaces and Subspaces	5
4.2	Null Spaces and Column Spaces	5
4.3	Linear Independence	5
4.4	Coordinate Systems	5
4.5	Dimension and Rank	5
4.6	Change of Basis	5
5	Chapter 5	5
5.1	Eigenvectors and Eigenvalues	5
5.2	The Characteristic Equations	5
5.3	Diagonalization	5
5.4	Eigenvectors and Linear Transformations	5
5.5	Complex Eigenvalues	5
5.6	Discrete Dynamical Systems	5
5.7	Applications to Markov Chains	5

6	Chapter 6	5
6.1	Inner Product Spaces	5
6.2	Orthogonal Sets	5
6.3	Orthogonal Projections	5
6.4	The Gram Schmdit Process	5
6.5	Inner Product Spaces	5
7	Example Problems with Solutions	6

1 Chapter 1

1.1 Systems of Equations

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc|c} a & b & c \\ c & d & e \end{array} \right]$$

Linear Equation Example:

$$a_{11}x_1 + a_{12}x_2 + \dots + a_{1n}x_n = b_1$$

$$a_{21}x_1 + a_{22}x_2 + \dots + a_{2n}x_n = b_2$$

a_{ij} = are coefficients

x_i = variables = unknowns

b_i = constants

The set S_1, \dots, S_n is a solution if $a_i S_1 + \dots + a_{in} S_n = b_i$ is True = consistent for all i

3 possible outcomes

One Solution

No Solutions

Infinitely many Solutions

Row Operations

Interchange Rows

Row Multiplication

Row Addition: Add a constant multiple of one row to another row

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 0 & S_1 \\ 0 & 1 & S_2 \end{array} \right]$$

1.2 Row Reductions and Echelon Form

1.3 Vector Equations

1.4 The Matrix Equations $Ax=b$

1.5 Solution Sets for Linear Systems

1.6 Linear Independence

1.7 Linear Transformations

1.8 The Matrix of a Linear Transformation

2 Chapter 2

2.1 Matrix Operations

2.2 The Inverse of a Matrix

2.3 Characterizations of Invertible Matrices

3 Chapter 3

3.1 Introduction to Determinants

3.2 Properties of Determinants

3.3 Cramer's Rule and Linear Transformations

4 Chapter 4

4.1 Vector Spaces and Subspaces

4.2 Null Spaces and Column Spaces

4.3 Linear Independence

4.4 Coordinate Systems

4.5 Dimension and Rank

4.6 Change of Basis

5 Chapter 5

5.1 Eigenvectors and Eigenvalues

5.2 The Characteristic Equations

5.3 Diagonalization

5.4 Eigenvectors and Linear Transformations

5.5 Complex Eigenvalues

5.6 Discrete Dynamical Systems

5.7 Applications to Markov Chains

6 Chapter 6

5

6.1 Inner Product Spaces

6.2 Orthogonal Sets

7 Example Problems with Solutions