

Assignment 8

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Problem Set 1

Question 1

$$f(x) = x^2 \text{ from } -2 \text{ to } 2$$

First, we find a_0 .

$$\begin{aligned} a_0 &= \frac{1}{4} \int_{-2}^2 x^2 dx \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^2 x^2 dx \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \frac{8}{3} \\ &= \frac{4}{3} \end{aligned}$$

Next, we find a_n .

$$\begin{aligned} a_n &= \frac{1}{2} \int_{-2}^2 x^2 \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2}\right) dx \\ &= \int_0^2 x^2 \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2}\right) dx \\ &= \left. \frac{x^2 \sin(\frac{n\pi x}{2})}{\frac{n\pi}{2}} \right|_0^2 - \int_0^2 \frac{2x \sin(\frac{n\pi x}{2})}{\frac{n\pi}{2}} dx \\ &= \frac{2x^2 \sin(\frac{n\pi x}{2})}{n\pi} \Big|_0^2 - \frac{4}{n\pi} \int_0^2 x \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2}\right) dx \\ &= -\frac{4}{n\pi} \left(-\frac{x \cos(\frac{n\pi x}{2})}{\frac{n\pi}{2}} \Big|_0^2 + \frac{2}{n\pi} \int_0^2 \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2}\right) dx \right) \\ &= -\frac{4}{n\pi} \left(-\frac{4(-1)^n}{n\pi} + \frac{2}{n\pi} \left(\frac{2}{n\pi} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2}\right) \Big|_0^2 \right) \right) \\ &= -\frac{4}{n\pi} \left(-\frac{4(-1)^n}{n\pi} \right) \\ &= \frac{16(-1)^n}{(n\pi)^2} \end{aligned}$$

Next, we find b_n .

$$\begin{aligned} b_n &= \frac{1}{2} \int_{-2}^2 x^2 \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2}\right) dx \\ &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

Therefore,

$$f(x) = \frac{4}{3} + \sum_1^{\infty} \frac{16(-1)^n}{(n\pi)^2} \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2}\right)$$

This converges for all x .

Question 2

Assuming $f(x)$ is periodic.

$$f(x) = e^{2x}$$

$$\begin{aligned} c_n &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{2x} e^{-inx} dx \\ &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{(2-in)x} dx \\ &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \frac{e^{(2-in)x}}{2-in} \Big|_{-\pi}^{\pi} \\ &= \frac{1}{2\pi(2-in)} \left(e^{(2-in)\pi} - e^{-(2-in)\pi} \right) \end{aligned}$$

Therefore,

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2\pi(2-in)} \left(e^{(2-in)\pi} - e^{-(2-in)\pi} \right) e^{inx}$$

Problem Set 2

Question 1

Question 2