The Async Nightmare

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DEMO

Callback based

```
getStuff('http://fromhere.com', result => {
}, error => {
}
```

Promise based

```
getStuff('http://fromhere.com')
   .then(result => {
    })
    .catch(error => {
    })
}
```

Async-await

```
async process = () => {
    try {
        let result = await getStuff('http://fromhere.com')
    }
    catch(error){}
}
```

So where is the problem?

Problems

- Is the action done?
- Not done, any chance of knowing when it is being done?
- Any errors?
- What kind of results can be acquired?
- What about timeouts? Ambient cancellations? User cancellations?

DEMO

```
class Demo1 extends Component {
 state = {
   data: []
 handleClick = () => {
   f.simpleDelayedList().then(r => this.setState({ data: r }))
  render() {
    return (
      <div>
        <Button className="primary" role="button" onClick={this.handleClick}>
          Async me!
        </Button>
        <<u>List</u> divided relaxed>
          {this.state.data.map((item, index) => (
            <<u>List.Item</u> key={index}>
             Too lazy to random generate so I got {item}
            </List.Item>
         ))}
        </<u>List</u>>
      </div>
```

```
class Demo5 extends Component {
 state = {
   isFetching: false,
   isFailed: false,
   isFetched: false,
   data: []
 handleClick = () => {
   this.setState({ isFetching: true, isFailed: false })
     randomDo(true)
     .then(r => this.setState({ data: r, isFetched: true, isFetching: false }))
     .catch(e => this.setState({ isFetching: false, isFailed: true }))
  render() {
   return (
     <div>
       <Button
         className="primary"
         role="button"
         onClick={this.handleClick}
         disabled={this.state.isFetching}>
        Guess the future!
       </Button>
       <div className="clearfix" />
       {this.state.isFetching ? (
        "Loading..."
       ) : !this.state.isFetched ? (
         ) : this.state.isFailed ? (
         "Error!"
       ) : this.state.data.length === 0 ? (
        "No results!"
       ) : (
         <List divided relaxed>
           {this.state.data.map((item, index) => (
             <List.Item key={index}>Random number: {item}</List.Item>
           ))}
         </List>
       )}
      -/div>
```

Disable button

```
<Button
  className="primary"
  role="button"
  onClick={this.handleClick}
  disabled={this.state.isFetching}>
  Guess the future!
</Button>
```

Show progress

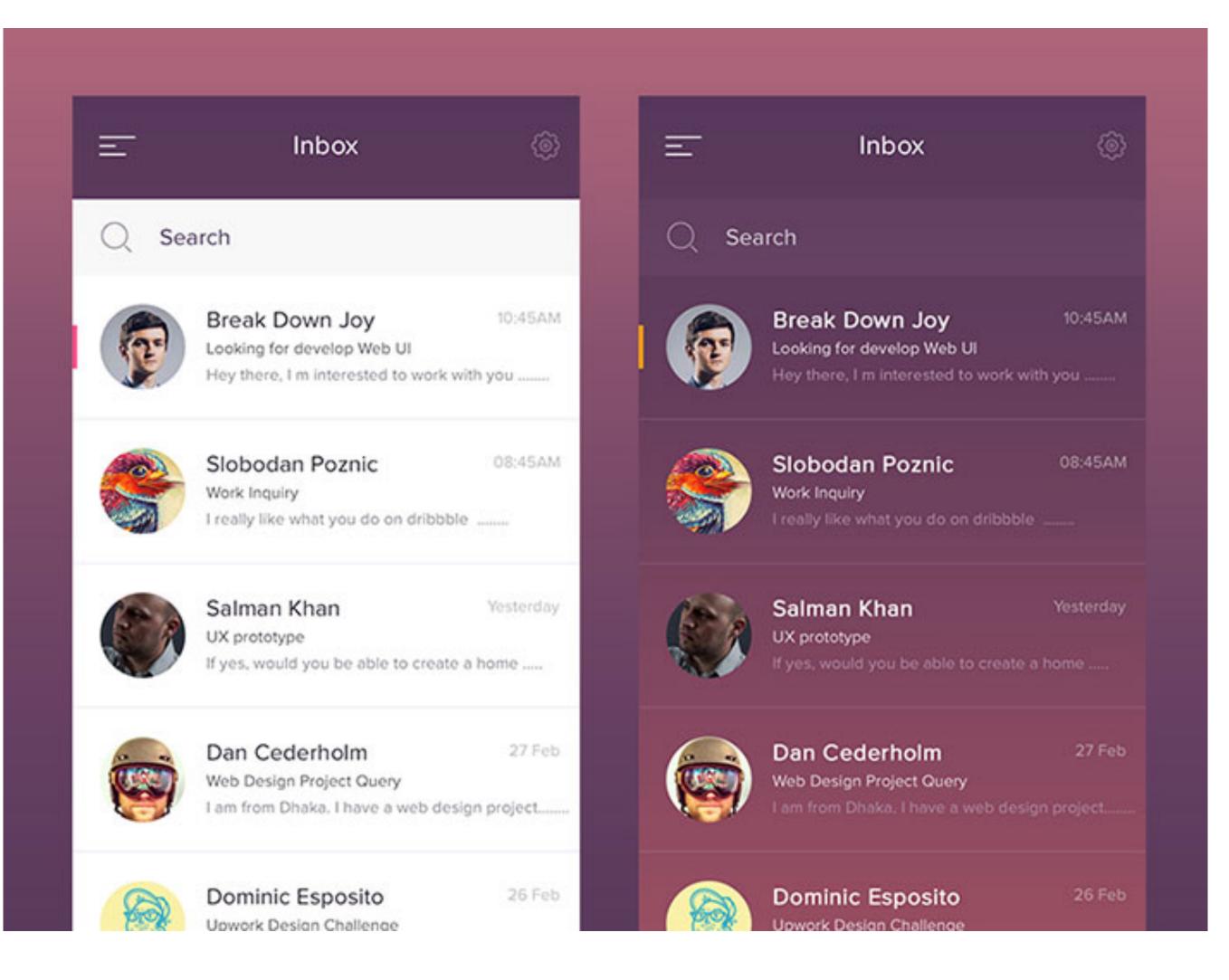
```
this.state.isFetching
? "Loading..."
```

Empty states

```
this.state.data.length === 0
? "No results!"
```

Design app states





```
public class Loginviewhouet . Viewhouetbase
   private string username, password;
   private bool isBusy;
   public string Username
       get { return username; }
           if (Set(ref username, value))
               LoginCommand.RaiseCanExecuteChanged();
   public string Password
       get { return password; }
           if (Set(ref password, value))
               LoginCommand.RaiseCanExecuteChanged();
   public bool IsBusy
       get { return isBusy; }
           if (Set(ref isBusy, value))
               LoginCommand.RaiseCanExecuteChanged();
   public RelayCommand LoginCommand { get; }
   public LoginViewModel(IService service)
       LoginCommand = new RelayCommand(Login, () => !IsBusy &&
                                                      !string.IsNullOrEmpty(Username) &&
                                                      !string.IsNullOrEmpty(Password));
   private async void Login()
       IsBusy = true;
           await Task.Delay(TimeSpan.FromSeconds(3));
       finally
           IsBusy = false;
```

```
await _service.LoginAsync(username, password);
```

```
public bool IsRegistering
   get { return Get<bool>(); }
   private set
        Set(value); RegisterCommand.RaiseCanExecuteChanged();
public bool IsCheckingUsername
   get { return Get<bool>(); }
   private set
       Set(value);
        RegisterCommand.RaiseCanExecuteChanged();
public bool IsUsernameAvailable
   get { return Get<bool>(); }
    private set
       Set(value);
        RegisterCommand.RaiseCanExecuteChanged();
public bool IsUsernameTaken
   get { return Get<bool>(); }
   private set
       Set(value);
        RegisterCommand.RaiseCanExecuteChanged();
public bool CanRegister
        if (string.IsNullOrEmpty(Username) ||
           string.IsNullOrEmpty(Password))
            return false;
        if (IsRegistering || IsCheckingUsername || IsUsernameTaken)
            return false;
        return true;
```

public class RegisterViewModel : ViewModelBase

```
public string Username
   get { return Get<string>(); }
       Set(value);
       RegisterCommand.RaiseCanExecuteChanged();
       CheckUsernameAvailable();
public string Password
   get { return Get<string>(); }
       Set(value);
       RegisterCommand.RaiseCanExecuteChanged();
public string UsernameError { get { return Get<string>(); } set { Set(value); } }
public RelayCommand RegisterCommand { get; }
public RegisterViewModel()
   RegisterCommand = new RelayCommand(Register, () => CanRegister);
private CancellationTokenSource checkingCts;
private async void CheckUsernameAvailable()
   checkingCts?.Cancel();
   checkingCts = new CancellationTokenSource();
   await CheckUsernameAvailable(Username, checkingCts.Token);
   checkingCts = null;
```

```
private async Task CheckUsernameAvailable(string username, CancellationToken token)
    UsernameError = string.Empty;
    await Task.Delay(TimeSpan.FromMilliseconds(250));
    if (token.IsCancellationRequested)
        return;
    IsCheckingUsername = true;
    // simulate actual checking
    await Task.Delay(TimeSpan.FromSeconds(1));
    IsCheckingUsername = false;
    if (token.IsCancellationRequested)
    if (username.Contains("a"))
        IsUsernameAvailable = false;
        IsUsernameTaken = true;
        UsernameError = $"username {username} taken";
        IsUsernameAvailable = true;
        IsUsernameTaken = false;
private async void Register()
    IsRegistering = true;
    try
        await Task.Delay(TimeSpan.FromSeconds(3));
        MessageBox.Show("registered");
    finally
        IsRegistering = false;
```

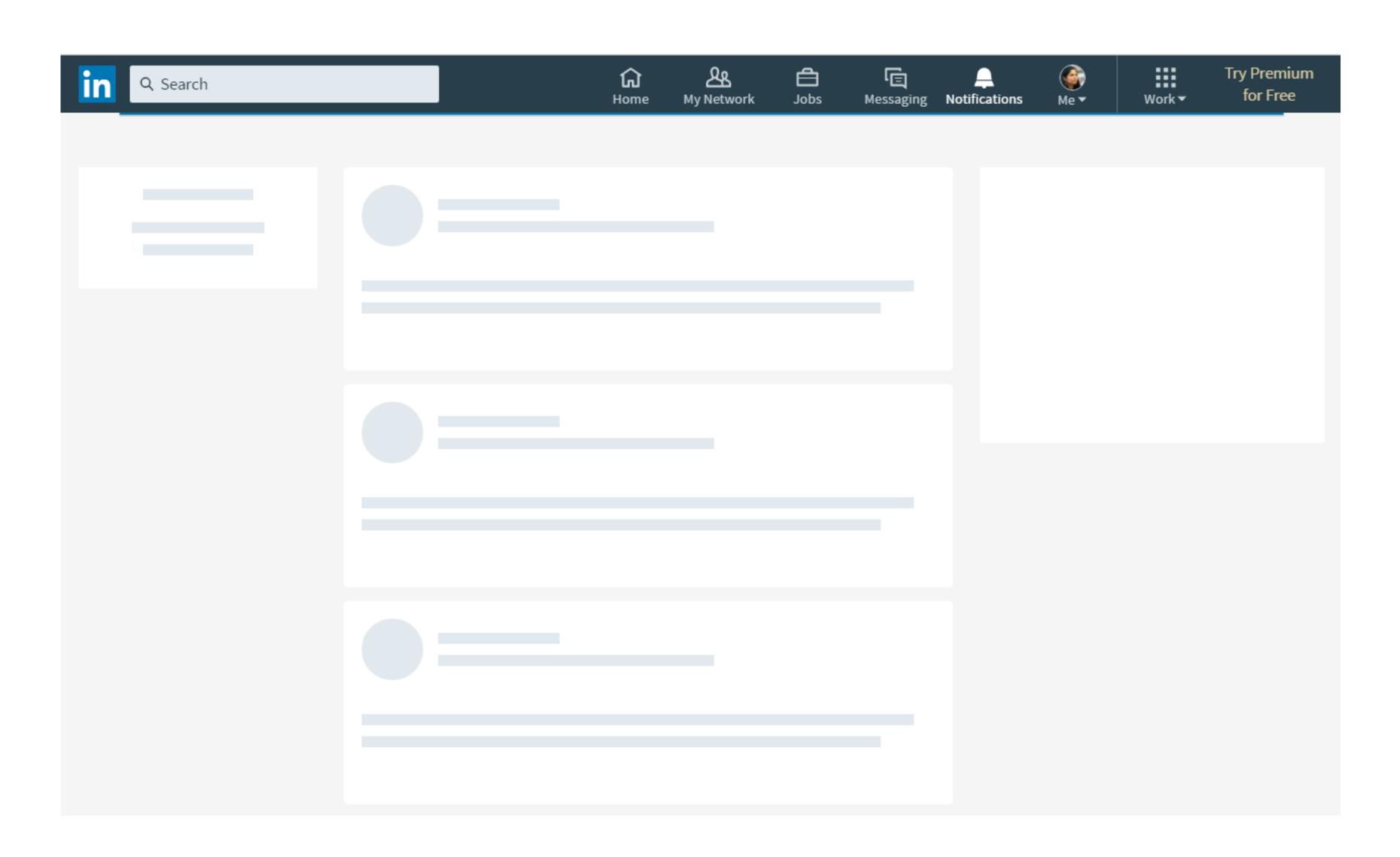
if (await _service.Register(email, password) == false)
 MessageBox.Show("registered");

Progress

- Sometimes you are just waiting...until you are done (e.g. web requests)
- Sometimes you know how much you still have to go (e.g. upload, download, processing)

DEMO

Skeleton screens



"You can't fire me, I quit!"

-Someone

Canceling a promise

```
this tokenSource = f.createTokenSource()
// our promise that can be cancelled!
let promise = f.delay(10000)
  withCancel(promise, this tokenSource token)
  then(() => this.setState({ isWorking: false }))
  catch(() => this.setState({ isWorking: false }))
// cancel!
this tokenSource cancel()
```

Native support

- Some libraries offer native cancelations
- Bluebird, axios
- Fetch will get it too

Ambient cancellations

- Ignoring responses can bring tragedies.
- Can application be in inconsistent state if the promise completes too late?
 - Or if it fails?

DEMO

So how complicated can it get?

- The answer is: "it depends"
- No, the answer is: "a lot!"

Additional considerations

- Losing connectivity how do we verify if started action actually finished
- Optimistic update assume everything went ok, but what if it didn't?

"Thanks?"