

Question 1

a)

Nkem	H	R	W
Elena	W	R	H
Fatima	W	H	R

Whittington (W)	N	F	E
Royal Free (R)	F	N	E
Highgate (H)	F	E	N

Step 1 - Find the Pairs

(N) Nkem	(H) R	W
(E) Elena	N R	H
(F) Fatima	(W) H	R

Whittington (W)	N' (F)	E
Royal Free (R)	F	N (E)
Highgate (H)	F	E (IV)

Step 2 - Find Next Pairs

N	(H)	R	W
E	W	(R)	H
F	(W)	H	R

W	N	(F)	E
R	F	N	(E)
H	F	E	(IV)

Answer: Final Pair is:

NH, ER, FW

Question 1

b) i) Epsilon

ii) ~~aa~~

iii) ~~b~~

iv) ~~a~~

~~aa~~

c) i) String 1: $G \rightarrow X \rightarrow 0X \rightarrow \overline{00V} \rightarrow 00$

String 2: $G \rightarrow V \rightarrow V0 \rightarrow 1V00 \rightarrow 100$

ii) a) 110 (More 1's than 0's)

b) 00111 (More 1's than 0's)

iii) This grammar generates more 0's than 1's
therefore the string "01" cannot be generated as
it has an equal number of 0's and 1's

iv) This grammar generates two 0's for every
1

D) $n = 9$ $k = 0, 2, 4, 6, 8$

~~000000000~~

~~000000000~~ ~~000000000~~ ~~000000000~~ ~~000000000~~ ~~000000000~~

$n \times k = ?$

Answer = ~~5~~ $5 \times 9 = 45$

Question 2

- a) 6 Characters Long
1 Lowercase letter
3 Digits

$$\text{Total Lowercase Possibilities} = 26^3$$

$$\text{Total Digit Possibilities} = 10^3$$

$$\text{Total combinations} = 10^3 \times (26^3) = 17,576,000$$

Digits can come in any order therefore = $6C3$

$$6C3 = 20 \text{ combinations}$$

$$\text{Total Passwords} = 15 \times (10^3) \times (26^3) = 263,640,000$$

B) i) $T(n) = 8T(n/2) + O(n^2)$

Where $a = 8$, $b = 2$, $f(n) = O(n^2)$ and then $c = 2$

$$\begin{aligned} \log_b(a) &= \log_2(8) \\ &= 3 \text{ (Greater than } c) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} T(n) &= O(n^{\log_b(a)}) \\ &= O(n^3) \end{aligned}$$

ii) $T(n) = 3T(n/3) + O(n)$

Where $a = 3$, $b = 3$, $f(n) = O(n)$, and $c = 0$

$$\begin{aligned} \log_b(a) &= \log_3(3) \\ &= 1 \text{ (Greater than } c) \end{aligned} \quad \rightarrow \quad \begin{aligned} T(n) &= O(n^{\log_b(a)}) \\ &= O(n^1) \end{aligned}$$

Question 2

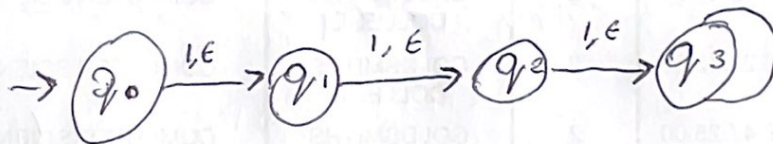
- C) Context-free grammar that accepts the language of all binary strings with at most one occurrence of 11.

$$S \rightarrow \epsilon / AB$$

$$A \rightarrow 11 / \epsilon$$

$$B \rightarrow 0 / 1 / 0B / 1B / \epsilon$$

- D) Finite-automation that ~~accepts~~ ^{all binary strings} ~~the language~~ with at most one occurrence of 111.



• This FA can accept the empty string or 111

• Include 1's to get all binary strings

• At least one occurrence of 111 should be present



- e) Regular expression that accepts the language of all binary strings with no occurrences of 111

$$(0 + 00^*1 + 00^*10^*10^*)^*$$